Annual Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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## Annual Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and fiduciary funds of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Tensas Parish Police Jury, as of June 30, 2019, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government activities, the major fund information and fiduciary fund information of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report, June 30, 2019

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and notes to required supplementary information, the Schedule of Employer's share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employer Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with managements's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's office basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments to agency head on page 40 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

This schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of compensation, benefits and other payments is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued a report dated December 10, 2019, on my consideration of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report, June 30, 2019

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, I have issued a report, dated December 10, 2019, on the results of my statewide agreed-upon procedures performed in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's statewide agreed-upon procedures, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance.

West Monroe, Louisiana December 10, 2019

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As management of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court, I offer readers of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the clerk's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide Financial Statements) provide information about the financial activities as a whole and illustrate a longer-term view of the Clerk of Court's finances. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund (Fund Financial Statements) tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund Financial Statements also report the operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Financial Statements by providing information about the most significant funds. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Supplemental Information is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section.

*Government-wide financial statements*. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, earned, but unused, sick leave).

*Fund financial statements.* A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Tensas Parish Clerk of Court, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary (agency) funds.

*Governmental funds.* Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Tensas Parish Clerk of Court adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

*Fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary (agency) funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Since these resources are not available to support the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's programs, Fiduciary (agency) funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's performance.

The combining schedules for nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, liabilities of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court exceeded assets by \$269,198. The largest portion of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., equipment). These assets are not available for future spending.

The balance in unrestricted net position is affected by two factors: 1) resources expended, over time, by the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court to acquire capital assets from sources other than internally generated funds (i.e., debt), and 2) required depreciation on assets.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$23,470	\$43,786
Receivables	6,516	12,623
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,404	4,918
TOTAL ASSETS	33,390	61,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related	95,849	103,579
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED		
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$129,239	\$164,906
LIABILITIES	)	
Accounts payable	\$3,916	\$2,252
Due to Clerk	129,794	116,165
Payroll deducts payable	6,550	6,725
Net Pension liability	234,678	186,295
TOTAL LIABILITIES	374,938	311,437
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related	23,499	93,107
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,404	4,918
Unrestricted	(272,602)	(244,556)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(269,198)	(239,638)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$129,239	\$164,906
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
	2019	2018
Judicial:		
Personal services	\$251,138	\$233,278
Operating services	58,508	43,067
Materials and supplies	4,950	23,246
Travel and other charges	7,764	21,278
Depreciation expense	1,514	1,514
Total Program Expenses	323,874	322,383
Program revenues:	. 19 A	005
License and permits - marriage	445	285
LCRAA grant	5,795	22.125
Supreme Court grant	24 500	22,425
Clerk's supplemental compensation	24,500	25,250
Court cost, fees, and charges	114,680	118,512
Fee for recording legal documents	119,085	132,405
Fees for certified copies of documents	13,991	17,347
Total program revenues Net Program Expenses	278,496 (45,378)	316,224 (6,159)
NET Program Expenses	(43.3/8)	(0,159)

General revenues:		
Interest earned	\$53	\$53
Other revenues	15,592	13,328
Change in Net Position	(29,733)	7,222
Net Position - Beginning of year	(239,465)	(246,860)
Net Position - End of year	(\$269,198)	(\$239,638)

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the General Fund unreserved, undesignated fund balance (deficit) of (\$110,274) showed a deficit increase of \$41,541 over June 30, 2018.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The primary difference between revenues of the original budget and the final budget was an increase in fees for recording and other revenues and a decrease in court costs, fees, and charges, fees for certified copies, and use of money and property. The differences between expenditures of the original budget and the final budget were primarily due to increases in personal services, materials and supplies, and travel and other charges and a decrease in operating services.

**Capital assets.** The Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$3,404 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes furniture and equipment. There were no increases or decreases for the year.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, Tensas Parish Clerk of Court had \$234,678 debt outstanding of net pension obligation associated with the Pension Plan at June 30, 2019.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court, P.O. Drawer 78, St. Joseph, LA 71366.

December 10, 2019

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$23,470
Receivables	6,516
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,404
TOTAL ASSETS	33,390
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	95,849
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$129,239
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$3,916
Due to Clerk	129,794
Payroll deducts payable	6,550
Net pension liability	234,678
TOTAL LIABILITIES	374,938
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	23,499
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,404
Unrestricted	(272,602)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(269,198)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$129,239

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2019

Judicial:	
Personal services	\$251,138
Operating services	58,508
Materials and supplies	4,950
Travel and other charges	7,764
Depreciation expense	1,514
Total Program Expenses	323,874
Program revenues:	
License and permits - marriage	445
LCRAA grant	5,795
Supplemental pay	24,500
Court cost, fees, and charges	114,680
Fees for recording legal documents	119,085
Fees for certified copies of documents	13,991
Total program revenues	278,496
Net Program Expenses	(45,378)
General revenues:	
Interest earned	53
Other revenues	15,592
Change in Net Position	(29,733)
Net Position - Beginning of year	(239,465)
Net Position - End of year	(\$269,198)

#### TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet, June 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$23,470
Receivables	6,516
TOTAL ASSETS	\$29,986
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$3,916
Due to Clerk	129,794
Payroll deducts payable	6,550
Fund Equity - fund balances - unassigned	_(110,274)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$29,986

#### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Statement C)		(\$110,274)
Deferred outflows of resources		95,849
Cost of capital assets	\$7,570	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,166)	3,404
Long term liabilities -		
Net pension liability		(234,678)
Deferred inflows of resources		(23,499)
Net Position (Statement A)		(\$269,198)

#### TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	
Licenses and permits - marriage	\$445
Intergovernmental:	
LCRAA grant	5,795
Supplemental pay	24,500
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Court costs, fees, and charges	114,680
Fees for recording legal documents	119,085
Fees for certified copies of documents	13,991
Use of money and property - interest earnings	53
Other revenues	115
Total revenues	278,664
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General government - judicial:	
Personal services	248,983
Operating services	58,508
Materials and supplies	4,950
Travel and other charges	7,764
Total expenditures	320,205
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	(41,541)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	(68,733)
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	(\$110,274)

#### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (Statement D)	(\$41,541)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the period.	(1,514)
Non-employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plan	15,477
Pension expense associated with cost-sharing pension plan	(2,155)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	(\$29,733)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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## Statement E

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## TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds

June 30, 2019

	ADVANCE DEPOSIT	REGISTRY OF COURT	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$61,250	\$60,808	\$122,058
LIABILITIES	\$61,250	\$60,808	\$122,058
Due to:			
Others TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$61,250</u> \$61,250	\$60,808 \$60,808	\$122,058 \$122,058

## TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the clerk of court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages and other acts, and shall have other duties and powers provided by law. The clerk of court is elected for a term of four years.

The accompanying financial statements of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, issued in June 1999.

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Tensas Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Tensas Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Tensas Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial responsibility. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
  - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the police jury maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which the clerk of court's office is located and provides partial funding for equipment, furniture and supplies of the clerk of court's office, the clerk of court was determined to be a component unit of the Tensas Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the clerk of court and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the Tensas Parish financial reporting entity.

### B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The clerk of court's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the clerk of court as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the clerk's major fund). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All activities of the clerk are classified as governmental.

The Statement of Net Position (Statement A) and the Statement of Activities (Statement B) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the clerk, except for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

In the Statement of Net Position, governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term obligations. Net position is reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of any related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The clerk first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

**Program Revenues** - Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from parties outside the clerk's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the clerk's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses - The clerk reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function. Depreciation on buildings is assigned to the "general administration" function due to the fact that buildings serve multiple purposes. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

### C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the clerk are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the clerk. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The clerk of court's current operations require the use of only governmental and fiduciary funds. The governmental and fiduciary fund types used by the clerk are described as follows:

#### **Governmental Fund Type**

**General Fund** - The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the clerk of court and is used to account for the operations of the clerk's office. The various fees and

charges due to the clerk's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

#### Fiduciary Fund Type - Agency Funds

The Advance Deposit, and Registry of Court agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### 1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

### 2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental funds and the fiduciary type agency funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the

current period. The clerk considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Intergovernmental revenue, recordings, cancellations, court attendance, criminal costs, and other fees, charges, and commissions for services are recorded in the year in which they are earned.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured and the income is available.

Substantially all other revenues are recognized when received by the clerk of court.

Based on the above criteria, intergovernmental revenue, recordings, cancellations, court attendance, criminal costs, and other fees, charges, and commissions for services are treated as susceptible to accrual.

### Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

## E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the clerk may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2019, the clerk has cash and equivalents (book balances) totaling \$145,528 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$145,294	
Petty cash	234	
Total	\$145,528	

*Custodial Credit Risk:* Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover its deposits. Under state law, the deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal or exceed the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Clerk that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Further, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1224 states that securities held by a third party shall be deemed to be held in the Clerk's name. The Clerk does not have a policy concerning custodial risk.

Cash and cash equivalents (bank balances) of \$175,341 at June 30, 2019, are fully secured with FDIC insurance.

### F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The clerk maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but not in the fund financial statements. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes by the clerk, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years

### G. ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE

Employees of the clerk of court's office earn two weeks of non-cumulative annual leave each year, depending on length of service. Sick leave is granted on a case by case basis, at the

discretion of the Clerk. Since no leave time is time is cumulative, the Clerk does not have any liability for compensated absences.

## H. RISK MANAGEMENT

The clerk is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the clerk maintains commercial insurance policies covering his automobile, professional liability and surety bond coverage. In addition to the above policies, the clerk also maintains an errors and omissions claims paid policy with the Louisiana Clerks of Court Risk Management Agency. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2019.

## I. PENSION PLANS

The Tensas Parish Clerk's Office is a participating employer in a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan as described in Note 4. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each of the plans, and additions to/deductions for the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments have been reported at fair value within the plan.

### J. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors,

contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When an expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, management applies unrestricted resources first, unless a determination is made to use restricted resources. The policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use and legal requirements. This decision is typically made by management at the incurrence of the expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

*Nonspendable* - represents amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* - represents balances where constraints have been established by parties outside the Clerk's office or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* - represents balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - represents balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - represents balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The General Fund has an unassigned fund deficit of (\$110,274). If applicable, the Clerk would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of these other classified funds.

## K. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. RECEIVABLES

The receivables of \$6,516 at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Class of receivables:	General Fund
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:	
Non support fees	\$561
Computer receivables	5,955
Total	\$6,516

#### 3. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in office furnishings and equipment follows:

Balance, June 30, 2018	\$7,570
Additions	NONE
Deletions	NONE
Balance, June 30, 2019	7,570
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,166)
Net Capital Assets	\$3,404

#### 4. NOTE DISCLOSURES AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR A COST-SHARING EMPLOYER

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement Fund (Fund) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Revised Statute 11:1501 to provide retirement, disability and survivor benefits to clerks of court, their deputies and other employees, and the beneficiaries of such clerks of court, their deputies, and other employees.

Substantially all employees of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court are members of the Louisiana Clerks of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund prepared its employer schedules in accordance with Governmental Accounting Statement No. 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No. 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. It provides methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. It also provides methods to calculate participating employer's proportionate share of net pension liability, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, pension expense and amortization periods for deferred inflows and deferred outflows.

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund employer schedules were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Members' earnable compensation, for which the employer allocations are based, is recognized in the period in which the employee is compensated for services performed. The member's earnable compensation is attributed to the employer for which the member is employed as of June 30, 2018.

### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Plan fiduciary net position is a significant component of the Fund's collective net pension liability. The Fund's plan fiduciary net position was determined using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund's assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses were recorded with the use of estimates and assumptions in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements and estimates over the determination of the fair market value of the Fund's investments. Accordingly, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

### Pension Amount Netting

The deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources attributable to differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments recorded in different years are netted to report only a deferred outflow or a deferred inflow on the schedule of pension amounts. The remaining categories of deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not presented on a net basis.

## Plan Description.

The Fund was established for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as stated under the provisions of R.S. Title 11:1501 for eligible employees of the clerk of the supreme court, each of the district courts, each of the courts of appeal, each of the city and traffic courts in cities having a population in excess of four hundred thousand at the time of entrance into the Fund, the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Association, the Louisiana Clerks of Court Insurance Fund, and the employees of the Fund. The projection of benefit payments in the calculation of the total pension liability includes all benefits to be provided to current active and inactive employees through the Fund in accordance with the benefit terms and any additional legal agreements to provide benefits that are in force at the measurement date.

The Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund of Louisiana has issued a stand-alone audit report on their financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. Access to the report can be found on the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website, www.lla.la.gov.

## Plan Benefits

A member or former member shall be eligible for regular retirement benefits upon attaining 12 or more years of credited service, attaining the age of 55 years (age 65 if hired on or after January1, 2011) or more and terminating employment. Regular retirement benefits, payable monthly for life, equal 3% percent of the members monthly average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service, not to exceed 100% of the monthly average final compensation. The retirement benefit accrual rate is increased to 3 and 1/3 percent for all service credit accrued after June 30, 1999 (for members hired prior to January 1, 2011). For members hired before July 1, 2006 and who retire prior to January 1, 2011, monthly average final compensated on the highest 36 consecutive months, with a limit of increase of 10% in each of the last three years of measurement. For those members hired on or after July 1, 2006, compensation is based on the highest consecutive months with a limit of 10% increase in each of the last five years of measurement. For members who were employed prior to July 1, 2006 and who retire after December 31, 2010, the period of final average compensation is 36 months plus the number of whole months elapsed since January 1, 2011, not to exceed 60 months.

According to the state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ending June 30, 2018, the actual employer contribution rate was 19.0%, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance any unfunded accrued liability. In accordance with state statute, the Fund receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Clerk reported a liability of \$234,678 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Clerks' proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Clerks' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating clerks' actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the Clerks' proportion was 0.141 percent, which was an increase of .018 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Clerk recognized pension expense of \$41,912 At June 30, 2019, the Clerk reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected actual experience	\$6,228	\$2,317
Changes in Assumptions	24,382	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	4,480	
Changes in employer's proportion of beginning NPL	33,153	21,171
Differences between employer and proportionate share of contributions	879	11
Subsequent measurement contributions	26,727	
Total	\$95,849	\$23,499

\$26,727 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Clerks' contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$7,650
2020	21,076
2021	5,888
2022	11,009
Total	45,623

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018			
Actuarial cost Method	Entry Age Normal Method			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of investment expense			
Projected salary increases	5.0%			
Inflation rate	2.5%			
Mortality rates	<ul> <li>RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females)</li> <li>RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table (set forward 1 year for males) and projected to 2030 using scale AA for males and females</li> <li>RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females)</li> </ul>			
Expected remaining service lives	2014 - 5 years, 2015 - 5 years, 2016 - 5 years, 2017 - 5 years, 2018 - 5 years			
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the fund and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees as they were deemed not to be substantively automatic.			

The actuarial assumptions used are based on the assumptions used in the 2018 actuarial funding valuation which (with the exception of mortality) were based on results of an actuarial experience study performed over the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2014 unless otherwise specified.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to product the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return was 7.10%, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The discounted rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the

current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PRSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the Fund's actuary. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Clerks' proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, or one percentage point higher than the current rate as of June 30, 2018.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
Clerks' proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$358,771	\$234,678	\$131,816

### 5. CHANGES IN AGENCY FUND BALANCES

A summary of changes in agency fund balances deposits due others follows:

	Advance Deposit Fund	Registry of Court Fund	Total
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$56,975	\$60,077	\$117,052
Additions	88,229	731	88,960
Deletions	(83,954)	NONE	(83,954)
Balance June 30, 2019	\$61,250	\$60,808	\$122,058

### 6. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

The Tensas Parish Clerk of Court is not involved in any litigation at June 30, 2019, nor is she aware of any unasserted claims.

## 7. EXPENDITURES OF THE CLERK OF COURT PAID BY THE POLICE JURY

The Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's office is located in the parish courthouse. The cost of maintaining and operating the courthouse, as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 33:4715, is paid by the Tensas Parish Police Jury.

## 8. FUND DEFICIT

At June 30, 2019, the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's general fund has a deficit fund balance of \$110,274. The deficit will be reduced by making immediate personnel changes as well as monitoring expenditures. The clerk has met with the Sheriff and the Police Jury to discuss increasing revenues generated by court collections and anticipates that those revenues will be increased in the near future.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PART II

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
License and permits-marriage			\$445	\$445
Intergovernmental:				
Clerk's supplemental compensation			24,500	24,500
LCRAA Grant	\$6,000	\$5,800	5,795	(5)
Fees, charges, and commissions for services:				
Court costs, fees, and charges	215,000	62,000	114,680	52,680
Fees for recording legal documents	65,000	217,000	119,085	(97,915)
Fees for certified copies of documents	3,000		13,991	13,991
Use of money and property - interest earnings	50		53	53
Other revenues	100	2,820	115	(2,705)
Total revenues	289,150	287,620	278,664	(8,956)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government - judicial				
Personal services and related benefits	230,930	256,700	248,983	7,717
Operating services	49,640	39,025	58,508	(19,483)
Materials and supplies	1,500	7,250	4,950	2,300
Travel and other charges	1,850	4,050	7,764	(3,714)
Total expenditures	283,920	307,025	320,205	(13,180)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	5,230	(19,405)	(41,541)	(22,136)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF				
YEAR	NONE	45,000	(68,733)	113,733
FUND BALANCE (Deficit) AT				
END OF YEAR	\$5,230	\$25,595	(\$110,274)	\$91,597
				3

See accompanying note to budgetary comparison schedule.

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#### NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

A proposed budget, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is published in the official journal at least ten days prior to the public hearing. A public hearing is held at the Tensas Parish Clerk's office during the month of June for comments from taxpayers. The budget is then legally adopted by the clerk and amended during the year, as necessary. The budget is established and controlled by the clerk at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule include the original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments.

#### Schedule 2

# Tensas Parish Clerk of Court Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year *	Employer Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.172962%	\$233,302	\$118,470	196.93%	79.37%
2015	0.105566%	\$158,352	\$118,470	133.66%	78.13%
2016	0.114761%	\$212,305	\$104,746	202.69%	74.17%
2017	0.123135%	\$186,295	\$111,084	167.71%	79.69%
2018	0.141092%	\$234,678	\$131,000	179.14%	79.08%

\* Amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date (previous fiscal year end).

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### Schedule 3

## Tensas Parish Clerk of Court Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year *	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relations to Contractual Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$21,917	\$21,917	\$0	\$118,470	18.50%
2015	\$22,509	\$22,509	\$0	\$118,470	19.00%
2016	\$19,902	\$19,902	\$0	\$104,746	19.00%
2017	\$21,106	\$21,106	\$0	\$111,084	19.00%
2018	\$24,890	\$24,890	\$0	\$131,000	19.00%

\* Amounts presented were determined as of the end of the fiscal year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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PART III

# Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# CHRISTINA 'CHRISTY' LEE

PURPOSE	AMOUNT
Salary	\$102,000
Salary - Due to Clerk	8,154
Benefits-retirement	17,860
Benefits-insurance	17,117
Housing and lodging	290
Registration fees	525
Membership dues-Clerk's Association	1,320

# FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS

### ADVANCE DEPOSIT FUND

The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

### **REGISTRY OF COURT FUND**

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgement has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon order of the court.

## TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - AGENCY FUNDS

# Combining Schedule of Changes in Unsettled Balances Due to Taxing Bodies and Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ADVANCE DEPOSIT FUND	REGISTRY OF COURT FUND	TOTAL
UNSETTLED DEPOSITS AT			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$56,975	\$60,077	\$117,052
ADDITIONS			
Suits and successions	87,295		87,295
Interest earned on investments	934	731	1,665
Total additions	88,229	731	88,960
Total	145,204	60,808	206,012
REDUCTIONS			
Clerk's costs to General Fund	57,998		57,998
Deposits settled to:			
Litigants	2,041		2,041
Sheriff's fees	4,685		4,685
Judicial Expense Fund	2,449		2,449
Other reductions	16,781		16,781
Total reductions	83,954	NONE	83,954
UNSETTLED DEPOSITS AT			
END OF YEAR	\$61,250	\$60,808	\$122,058

# REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS PART IV

## Independent Auditor's Report Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

The following independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting is presented in compliance with the requirements of *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, issued by the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

# MARY JO FINLEY, CPA, INC.

A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING CORPORATION 116 Professional Drive - West Monroe, LA 71291 Phone (318) 329-8880 - Fax (318) 329-8883 Practice Limited to Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

# TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT

St. Joseph, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court, a component unit of the Tensas Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 10, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting(internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exist when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

TENSAS PARISH CLERK OF COURT St. Joseph, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance And Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, etc. June 30, 2019

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

West Monroe, Louisiana December 10, 2019

# Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court.
- 2. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Tensas Parish Clerk of Court were disclosed during the audit.
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control.

# **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT**

None

# Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no findings reported in the audit report for the year ended June 30, 2018.