TOWN OF ST. JOSEPH, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

.

Jnder provisions of state law, this report is a public document Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date FEB 1 5 2012

DAVID Q. RICHARDSON, CPA P. O. BOX 891 TALLULAH, LA 71284-0891 318-574-0514 .

.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Exhibit	Page
Independent Auditor's Report		1-2
Required Supplemental Information (Part A) Management's Discussion and Analysis		4-11
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Assets	Α	13
Statement of Activities	В	14
Fund Financial Statements		
Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds	С	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	D	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	E	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	18
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	G	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	н	20
Statement of Cash Flows - Propnetary Fund	1	2 1 -2 2
Notes to the Financial Statements		24-36

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Schedule	Page
Required Supplemental Information (Part B)		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule		
Budget Amendment		38
General Fund	1	39
Other Supplemental Information		
Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Combining Balance Sheet	2	41
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	3	42
Schedule of Compensation Paid to Aldermen	4	43
Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards		
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements		
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		45-46
Schedule of Findings and Responses		47-48
Status of Prior Year Findings		49

DAVID Q. RICHARDSON

Certified Public Accountant Post Office Box 891 7ailulah, Louisiana 71284 cpa2912@bellsouth net (318) 574-0514 (318 574-0176

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor Edward Brown and Board of Aldermen Town of St Joseph St Joseph, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of St. Joseph, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of St. Joseph's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Louisiana Government Audit Guide*, issued by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and the Louisiana Society of Certified Public Accountants Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of St. Joseph, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 27, 2011, on my consideration of the Town of St Joseph's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 11 and 39 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United

States of America I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of St Joseph's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and, in my opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole

and flands-

Tallulah, Louisiana December 27, 2011

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

(PART A)

٠

ſ

As management of the Town of St Joseph, we offer readers of the Town of St Joseph's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of St Joseph for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, identify changes in the Town's financial position, and identify material deviations and individual fund issues or concerns.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Government issued June 2001

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of St Joseph exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,072,922 This was a decrease of total net assets of \$57,094 Of this \$3,072,922 of net assets, \$476,378 was unrestricted, \$26,205 was restricted and \$2,570,279 was invested in capital assets
- 2) As of the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$84,416, a decrease of \$54,673 when compared to the fund balance of the prior year
- 3) At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the General Fund's fund balance of \$62,004 was available for spending at the Fown's discretion

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's financial statements As noted above, the Town's adoption of GASB Statement No 34 significantly changed the format and presentation of the Town's financial report. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves

Overview of the Financial Statements (cont.)

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities) The Town's governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, and recreation and culture functions

The business-type activities of the Town include sewer, water, and gas utilities

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town's funds are classified into three categories. governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

נ

Overview of the Financial Statements (cont.)

Governmental funds (cont.)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The Town maintains three governmental funds that are grouped for management purposes into various fund types. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is the only major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance or lack thereof with the budget

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund - Enterprise Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses its Enterprise Funds to account for its sewer, water, and gas utilities

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail

The basic prophetary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government entity For the year ended June 30, 2011, the Town had no fiduciary funds

Overview of the Financial Statements (cont.)

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's compliance with budgets for its major funds. The combining statements for non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of St. Joseph, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,072,922 at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

By far the largest amount of the Town's net assets (\$2,570,279) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following is a companison of the Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the years ended June 30, 2011, and 2010

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010, and 2011

Governmental Activities:			
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 163,762	\$ 186,101	\$ (22,339)
Capital Assets	252,833	279,246	(26,413)
Total Assets	416,595	465,347	(48,752)
Current and Other Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	67,080	47,012	(20,068)
Total Liabilities	67,080	47,012	(20,068)
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	252,833	279,246	(26,413)
Restricted	22,412	-	22,412
Unrestricted	74,270	139,089	(64,819)
Total Net Assets	\$ 349,515	\$ 418,335	\$ (68,820)
Business-Type Activities:			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 513,492	\$ 613,493	\$ (100,001) 75 257
Capital Assets Total Assets	2,699,195	2,623,938	75,257
Total Assets	3,212,687	3,237,431	(24,744)
Current and Other Liabilities	112,513	139,001	26,488
Long-term Liabilities	376,767	386,749	9,982
Total Liabilities	489,280	525,750	36,470
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	2,317,446	2,230,448	86,998
Restricted	3,853	1,226	2,627
Unrestricted	402,108	480,007	(77,899)
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,723,407	\$ 2,711,681	\$ 11,726
Total Activities:			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 677,254	\$ 799,594	\$ (122,340)
Capital Assets	2,952,028_	2,903,184	48,844
Total Assets	3,629,282	3,702,778	(73,496)
Current and Other Liabilities	179,593	186,013	6,420
Long-term Liabilities	376,767	386,749	9,982
Total Liabilities	556,360	572,762	16,402
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets			
Net of Related Debt	2,570,279	2,509,694	60,585
Restricted	26,265	1,226	25,039
Unrestricted	476,378	619,096	(142,718)
Total Net Assets	\$ 3,072,922	\$ 3,130,016	\$ (57,094)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont.)

The \$74,270 of unrestricted net assets in the governmental funds is comprised mostly of cash. This represents approximately two months operating capital

Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the Town of St. Joseph's net assets by \$68,820. The following reflects the condensed Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Town of St. Joseph's Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	ness-Type	Total
Rovonues:					
Program Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	111,538	\$	600,574	\$ 712,112
Operating grants and contributions		528,526		141,931	670,457
General Revenue				-	
Ad valorem taxes		35,678		~	35,678
Sales and other taxes		90,969		-	90,969
License and permits		95,881		-	95,881
Other general revenue		61,511		9,919	71,430
Total Revenue		924,103		752,424	 1,676,527
Expenses:					
General government		192,803		-	192,803
Public safety		111,843		-	111,843
Public works		649,281		-	649,281
Culture and recreation		31,358		-	31,358
Health and welfare		7,638		-	7,638
Utility fund		-		740,698	740,698
Total Expenses		992,923		740,698	 1,733,621
Net Increase (decrease) in Assets	\$	(68,820)	<u>\$</u>	11,726	 (57,094)

Expenses are classified by functions General government accounted for approximately \$192,803 in expenses or 19% of total governmental expenses. Public safety, public works, and health and welfare accounted for 11%, 65%, and 3% of the governmental expenses respectfully.

License and permits, which provided \$95,881 of revenue, was the largest source of general revenue for the Town Sales and other tax revenue was second at \$90,969

Governmental activities (cont.)

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the Town of St Joseph's net assets by \$11,726 Following are the key elements of this increase

During the current year fixed assets increased \$75,257 This increase consisted of \$239,590 of purchases of fixed assets, and \$239 increase in interest in the joint gas line, and \$164,572 of depreciation and amortization expense

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of St Joseph uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of St Joseph's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$84,416, decrease of \$54,673, when compared with the prior year \$62,004 of this total fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion and the rest (\$22,412) is assigned to specific purposes

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of St Joseph. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$62,004, all of which is unassigned

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA - R S 39 1301 et seq), the Town must adopt a budget for the General Fund and all Special Revenue funds prior to June 30 The original budget for the Town was adopted on June 14, 2010 The general fund was amended June 13, 2011

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The Town of St. Joseph's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011, amounted to \$2,852,816 (net of accumulated depreciation) This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment

The following is a summary of the Town's capital assets

	Gov	emmental	Bu	siness-Type		Total
Nondepreciable assets	-					
Land	\$	43,915	\$	7,886	\$	51,80 1
Depreciable assets						
Buildings		458,544		-		458,544
Equipment		607,503		-		607,503
Water system		-		2,669,417	2	,669,417
Gas system		-		730,463		730,463
Sewer system		-		1,959,189	1	959,189
Service equipment		-		328,741		328,741
Office equipment		-		24,138		24,138
Wireless communication equipment		-		16,077		16,077
Amphitheatre		-		308,317		308,317
Total Capital Assets		1,109,962		6,044,228	7	,154,190
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(857,129)		(3,444,245)	(4	,301,374)
Net Capital Assets	\$	252,833	\$	2,599,983	\$2	,852,816

Capital asset events during the current fiscal year are as follows

The purchase of equipment and major repairs by the Enterprise fund of \$239,590 and \$0 by the General fund

Long-term Debt

The Town of St. Joseph had one long-term debt at June 30, 2011 This was a \$423,000 revenue bond dated January 26, 2004, due in monthly installments of \$1,599 through January 26, 2044, with interest at 3 25% The proceeds of these bonds were used to construct a new water treatment plant.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of St Joseph's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to Mayor Edward Brown, Town of St Joseph, P.O. Box 217, St Joseph, LA 71366

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

.

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

,

•

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,393	\$	430,079	\$	505,472
Receivables		31,121		52,828		83,949
Due from other governmental units		34,836		(34,836)		-
Restricted Assets						
Cash		22,412		65,421		87,833
Capital assets, net		252,833		2,599,983		2,852,816
Bond issuance cost, net		•		7,803		7,803
Investment in jointly owned gas operation and				04 (00		o
maintenance fund				91,409	<u> </u>	91,409
Total Assets		416,595		3,212,687		3,629,282
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		52,309		47,863		100,172
Accrued payroll and benefits		14,771		2,775		17,546
Deposits held		-		54,893		54,893
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year		-		6,982		6,982
Due in more than one year				376,767		376,767
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	67,080		489,280		556,360
Net Assets						
invested in capital assets, net of related debt		252,833		2,317,446		2,570,279
Restricted		22,412		3,853		26,265
Unrestricted		74,270		402,108		476,378
Total Net Assets	\$	349,515	\$	2,723,407	\$	3,072,922

	TOWN C STA FOR Y	TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011	UISIANA Ities 30, 2011					Exhibit B
		Program	Program Reventes		Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nue ssets	
	Expenses	Charge for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	iental Jes	Business-type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs Pmmary government Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 192,803	, %	•	\$		ب ب	¥9	(192,803)
Public safety	111,843		10,800	E,	(101,043)	1		(101,043)
Public works	649,281	111,538	512,726 5.00	35	(Z5,017) (76,558)	•		(10,25,017)
Curue and restance Health and welfare	7,638			<u> </u>	(1,638) (7,638)			(7,638)
Total governmental activities	992,923	111,538	528,526	(<u>1</u>)	(352,859)	•		(352,859)
Business-type activity Utility fund	740,698	600,574	141,931		•	1,807	ļ	1,807
Total Primary government	\$ 1,733,621	\$ 712,112	\$ 670,457	2	(352,859)	\$ 1,807	\$	(351,052)
General revenues Taxes								
Ad valorem taxes					35,678	٠		35,678
Sales and other taxes					90,969 Ar 201	•		90,969 Of 004
Lucense and permits Fines and forfeitures				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,802	• •		2,802 2,802
Use of money and property				·	17,940	360		18,600
Ofher revenues				Ţ	40,769	9,020		49,789
Income from jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund				['	239		239
Total general revenues				22	284,039	9,919]	293,958
Change in net assets				E	(68,820)	11,726		(57,094)
Net Assets at beginning of year				4	418,335	2,711,681		3,130,016
Net Assets at end of year				й Ф	349,515	\$ 2,723,407	∽∥	3,072,922
	7 1	the second of the second	of the Factorial ato	tramet				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement 14

Exhibit B

,

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2011

Assets		Seneral Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from other funds	\$	75,393 18,855 34, <u>836</u>	\$	22,412 - -	\$	97,805 18,855 34,836
Total Assets	<u> </u>	129,084	\$	22,412	<u> </u>	151,496
Liabilities and Fund Equity						
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Total Liabilities	\$	52,309 14,771 67,080		-	\$	52,309 14,771 67,080
Fund Equity Fund balance Assigned Unassigned		62,004		22,412		22,412 62,004
Total Fund Balance		<u>62,004</u>		22,412		84,416
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	129,084	\$	22,412	\$	151,496

Exhibi	t C	ļ
--------	-----	---

.

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 84,416
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources, and are not reported in the governmental funds Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	1,109,962 (857,129)	252,833
Receivables collected more than 60 days after the close of the accounting period are not record on the fund financial statements, but they are included on the Statement of Net Assets		12,266
Net assets of governmental funds		\$ 349,515

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Other General Governmental Fund Funds		Total	
Revenues				
Taxes		_		
Ad valorem	\$ 35,678	\$ -	\$ 35,678	
Sales	90,969	-	90,969	
Charges for services	111,538	-	111,538	
License, permits, and commission			AZ AA (
for services	95,881	-	95,881	
Intergovernmental				
State	528,526	-	528,526	
Fines and forfeitures	2,802	-	2,802	
Use of money and property	17,895	45	17,940	
Other revenues	26,441	2,062	28,503	
Total Revenues	909,730	2,107	911,837	
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	187,340	-	187,340	
Public safety	103,293	-	103,293	
Public works	644,519	-	644,519	
Culture and recreation	31,358	<u> </u>	31,358	
Total Expenditures	966,510		966,510	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over Expenditures	(56,780)	2,107	(54,673)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u>118,784</u>	20,305	139,089	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 62,004	<u>\$ 22,412</u>	<u>\$ 84,416</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

٠

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITUR AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011	₹ES	Exhibit F
Net change in fund balances- governmental funds		\$(54,673)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense Capital outlay	-	
Depreciation expense (2	6,413)	(26,413)
Governmental funds do not report funds received more than 60 days after the end of the year as revenues in the current year, but the Statements of Activities reports all receivables regardless of when collected This is the net change resulting from recording all receivables		
on the Statement of Activities		12,266
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$(68,820)

Exhibit G

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Utility Fund
Assets	,
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 430,079
Accounts receivable - net	52,828
Total Current Assets	482,907
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	65,421
Capital assets	
Depreciable	
Property, plant and equipment - net	2,592,097
Land	7,886
Bond issuance cost - net	7,803
Invested in jointly owned gas operations and	
maintenance fund	91,409
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,7 <u>64,616</u>
Total Assets	3,247,523
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	42,188
Accrued payroll and benefits	2,775
Due to other funds	34,836
Total Current Liabilities	79,799
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	
Customer deposits	54,89 3
Revenue bonds payable	6,982
Ublity payments	5,675
Total Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	67,550
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Revenue bonds payable	376,767
Total Liabilities	524,116
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,317,446
Restricted	3,853
Unrestricted	402,108
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,723,407

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY - ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Utility Fund
Operating Revenues	
Water sales	\$ 168,064
Gas sales	323,410
Sewerage fees	108,620
Penalties	480
Intergovernmental - State grants	141,931
Other operating revenues	9,020
Total Operating Revenues	751,525
Operating Expenses	
Water expense	287,682
Gas expense	158,460
Sewer expense	81,961
Depreciation	164,339
Salaries and related benefits	10,530
Bad debts and returned checks	28,045
Total Operating Expenses	731,017
Operating Income	20,508
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income	660
Income from jointly owned gas line	239
Amortization of bond issuance cost	(233)
Interest expense	(9,448)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(8,782)
Net Income	11,726
Net Assets - beginning of year	2,711,681
Net Assets - end of year	\$ 2,723,407

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY - ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	589,006
Cash received from grants		14 1, 931
Cash paid for employee services		(102,430)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(4 <u>47,1</u> 76)
Net cash provided by operating activities		181, <u>3</u> 31
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition of capital assets		(239,590)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		(239,590)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payment on revenue bonds		(19,189)
Interest received on investments		660
Distribution from jointly owned gas line		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		(18,529)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(76,788)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		572,288
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	495,500
Shown on the accompanying balance sheet as	-	
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	430,079
Restricted assets		
Cash	<u> </u>	65,421
Total	\$	495,500
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital investing activities:		
Increase in the investment of the jointly owned gas		
operations and maintenance fund	\$	239

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY - ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating income	\$	20,508
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Depreciation		164,339
Decrease in accounts receivable		7,652
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expense		(24,267)
Decrease in accrued payroll and benefits		(2,267)
Decrease in customer deposits		(788)
Net change in due to/from general fund		15,561
Increase in liability for utility payments for others	·····	593
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	181,331

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

÷.

7

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Town of St Joseph, Louisiana (the Town) The accompanying financial statements of the Town have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Town consists of an executive branch of government headed by a mayor and a legislative branch of government consisting of five aldermen. The Town's major operations include police and fire protection, street and drainage maintenance, garbage and trash collection, and administrative services. The Town also operates a Utilities Enterprise Fund to provide gas, sewerage and water services.

As the governing authority for the municipality, the Town is the reporting entity for the municipality. The financial reporting consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete

GASB Statement No 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is accountability. These criteria include

- 1 Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town
- 2 Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town
- 3 Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature and significance of the relationship

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Town does not have any component units to be reported

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices

B. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all activities of the government and the fund statements (individual major funds and combined non-major funds). The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units.

B. Basis of Presentation (cont.)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities for all activities of the government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Governmental Activities represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues

Business-type Activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. This includes dedicated resources such as a restricted property tax

Fund Financial Statements

The Town uses funds, both major and non-major, to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate

Emphasis of fund reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund types are summarized into a single column in the basic financial statements.

Funds are classified into three categories, governmental, propnetary, and fiduciary Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the provision of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The Town's current operations require the use of the governmental and propnetary categories. The fund types used by the Town are described as follows.

B. Basis of Presentation (cont)

Governmental activities presented as Governmental Funds in the fund financial statements

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the Town It is used to account for all financial resources of the Town except for those required to be accounted in another fund

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes

Business-type activities as Enterprise Funds in the fund financial statements

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for operations (a) that financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that penodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriated for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Enterprise funds are presented in the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and the major funds section of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements (cont)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No 20, the Town has elected not to apply FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to proprietary activities unless they are adopted by the GASB

Revenues:

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October of each year and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on December 31. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed to the extent of collections expected. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Tensas Parish.

Sales taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of the intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenues at that time

Interest earnings on time deposits are recognized as revenue when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. Substantially all other revenues are recognized when actually received by the Town

B. Basis of Presentation (cont.)

Expenditures:

Expenditures in the governmental funds are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred

Proprietary Funds:

The Propnetary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred

The Town charged the following rates for water, sewer, and gas during the year

Water rates

- a Customers inside the city limits of St. Joseph, Louisiana are charged \$10.50 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$2.00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof
- b Customers outside the city limits of St. Joseph, Louisiana are charged \$21 00 for the first 2,000 gallons and \$4 00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof

Sewer rates are based on water usage

Gas rate charged to customers at June 30, 2011, was \$15 00 for each 1,000 cubic feet of gas used or fraction thereof

Garbage rate - \$5 00 per month

Trash pick-up - \$5 00 per month

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements

- 1 The proposed budget is submitted by the Town Clerk and the Mayor to the Board of Aldermen prior to July of the ensuing year Notice of the location and availability of the proposed budget for the public inspection and the date of the public hearing to be conducted on the budget is then advertised in the official journal of the Town at least 15 days prior to the date of the hearing
- 2 After the public hearing, the budget is adopted by passing an ordinance approving the budget at the selected June board meeting

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (cont.)

- 3 Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen
- 4 All legally adopted budgets of the Town are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP A budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds, encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term cash loans between funds are considered temporary in nature These amounts are reported as "due from/due to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

E. Capital Assets

Under GASB Statement No 34, capital assets, which include buildings, other improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and furniture and fixtures, are reported and depreciated in the applicable government or business-type activities column of the governmental-wide financial statements. No long-term capital assets or depreciation are shown in the governmental fund statements

As permitted by GASB Statement No 34, the Town has elected not to capitalize infrastructure assets retroactively such as streets, sidewalks, drainage and street lighting

All purchased capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated cost where no historical records are available. Donated capital assets are valued at fair market value at date of gift. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense. Interest is capitalized on funds used during construction of projects acquired with bond funds.

Capital assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method Estimated useful lives are as follows (in years)

Buildings
Water System
Sewerage System
Gas Transmission and Distribution System
Office Equipment
Equipment
Vehicles

26 to 40 years 30 to 40 years 40 years 3 to 10 years 3 to 20 years 5 years

F. Debt issuance Cost

Debt issuance cost in the amount of \$7,803 is included in noncurrent assets. Debt issuance cost is amortized over the life of the related debt issuance using the straight-line method.

G. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide statement of net assets and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities

H. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions " This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints

Nonspendable Fund Balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact

Restricted Fund Balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provision, or by enabling legislation

Committed Fund Balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Town itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Mayor/Board of Aldermen). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance - amounts the Town intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent is expressed by the Mayor/Board of Aldermen

Unassigned Fund Balance - amounts that are available for any purpose These amounts are reported only in the general fund

Beginning fund balances for the Town's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications

The Town establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Mayor/Board of Aldermen through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

I. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts for ad valorem taxes are generally not significant. As a result, the direct write-off method for recognizing bad debts is used. Under this method, the receivable is charged to expense when the account is deemed to be uncollectible. The Town uses the allowance method for recognizing bad debts for customers' utility receivables.

J Compensated Absences

Vacation time is accrued based on the number of years in service. It must be used before the end of the year and cannot be carried over. Sick time is accrued at an annual rate of 80 hours per year and cannot be carried over from year to year. Employees are not paid overtime but are given compensatory time equal to the amount that would have been due for the overtime worked and will be paid for any unused compensation at the time of termination.

K Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use by external parties such as creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates

Note 2 - Cash, Cash Equivalents, and investments

Under state law, the Town may deposit in demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana In addition, local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in the LAMP, a non-profit corporation formed by an initiative of the State Treasurer and organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, which operates as a local government investment pool

NOTE 2- Cash, Cash Equivalents, and investments (cont.)

At June 30, 2011, the Town had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$593,305 as follows

Petty Cash	\$ 55	ю
Demand Deposits	290,98	5
LAMP Deposits		0
Total	\$593,30	5

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market value Under state law, these deposits (or resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or pledged securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of pledged securities plus federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Cash and cash equivalents (bank balances other than these backed by the U.S. government) at June 30, 2011, are secured as follows

Bank Balances	 313,785
Federal deposit insurance Pledged secunties	\$ 313,785
Total	\$ 313,785

Because the pledged securities are held by the Town's agent in the Town's name they are considered collateralized (Category 1) under the provisions of GASB Codification C20 106

In accordance with GASB Codification I50 165 the investment in LAMP at June 30, 2011, is not categorized in the three risk categories provided by the GASB I50 164 because the investment is in a pool of funds and, therefore, not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Only local governments that have contracted to participate have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high-quality investments. The portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments are authorized to invest. Accordingly, investments are restricted to securities issued, guaranteed, or backed by the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government, or one of its agencies, enterprises, or instrumentalities, as well as repurchase agreements collateralized by those securities. The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables of \$83,949 as of June 30, 2011, are comprised of the following

	Sales				i	nter-			
Fund Type	Tax		Accounts Governi		nmental	Other	Total		
General	\$	8,708	\$	7,969	\$	1,235	\$ 27,103	\$ 45,015	
Propnetary		-	3	70,162		-	75,665	445,827	
Less Allowance for Doubtful									
Accounts		-	(3	17,334)	_	-	(89,559)	(406,893)	
Total	\$	8,708	\$	60,797	\$	1,235	\$ 13,209	\$ 83,949	

The Town has 554 water and sewer customers They also serve 405 gas customers. An aging of the utility receivables as of June 30, 2011 is as follows

	Water	Gas	Sewer	Trash	Garbage	Other	Total	
0-30 days	\$ 26,448	\$ 3,845	\$ 3,037	\$ 1,106	\$ 1,292	\$ 514	\$ 36,242	
31-60 days	3,231	2,568	1,447	569	544	464	8,823	
61-90 days	766	2,405	964	378	373	468	5,354	
91-120 days	-	239	57	17	17	150	480	
Over 120 days	176,427	98,001	21,748	6,928	8,269	7,890	319,263	
Total	\$206,872	<u>\$ 107,058</u>	<u>\$ 27,253</u>	<u>\$ 8,998</u>	\$ 10,495	<u>\$ 9,486</u>	\$ 370,162	

Note 4 - Ad Valorem Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the Town in September or October each year and are actually billed to the taxpayers in November Property taxes become due and are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31 Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes are due

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed value as determined by the tax assessor of Tensas Parish

The ad valorem tax mileage is as follows

Mills

General Ad Valorem Tax

6 **88** 6

Note 5 - Changes in Capital Assets

The changes in capital assets are as follows

		Balance /30/2010	Additions		Retirements Additions and Transfers		Balance 6/30/2011	
Governmental activities								
Nondepreciable assets								
Land	\$	43,915	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43, 9 15
Depreciable assets								
Buildings		458,544		-		-		458,544
Equipment		607 503		<u> </u>				607,503
Total capital assets		1,109,962		-		-		109,962
Less accumulated depreciation		(830,716)		(26,413)				<u>(857,129)</u>
Total governmental activities								
capital assets, net	¢	279,246	\$	(26,413)		_	\$	252,833
capital assets, het		219,240	<u>_</u>	(20,413)				202,000
Business-type activities								
Nondepreciable assets								
Land	\$	7,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,886
Depreciable assets								
Water system	2	2,669,417		-		-	2	2,669,417
Gas system		730,463		-		-		730,463
Sewer system		1,959,189	-		-			1,959,189
Service equipment		328,741	•		-			328,741
Office equipment		24,138	~		-			24,138
Wireless communication								
equipment		16,077		-		-		16,077
Amphitheatre		-		308,317		-		308,317
Work in progress - amphitheatre		68,727		239,591		308,318		
Total capital assets	(5,804,638		547,908		(308,318)	(5,044,228
Less accumulated depreciation	(3	3,279,906)	(164,339)		-		(;	3,444,245)
Total business-type capital								
assets, net	\$ 2	2,524,732	\$	383,569	_\$	(308,318)	\$2	2 <u>,599,983</u>

The Town, in accordance with their policy of not capitalizing infrastructure assets retroactively, has eliminated \$664,800 of street improvements reported in the current and prior years

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Note 6 - Changes in Capital Assets (cont.)

Depreciation of \$26,413 as of June 30, 2011 was charged to expense in the utility fund Depreciation charged to governmental activities is as follows

General government	\$ 5,463
Public safety	8,550
Public works	4,762
Health and welfare	7,638
Total	<u>\$ 26,413</u>

Note 7 - Pension and Retirement Plans

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Substantially all Town employees, except policemen, are members of the MERS, a multiple-employer, cost-shanng, public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The MERS is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All participants of the Town are covered by Plan A.

All full-time Town employees and elected officials are eligible to participate in the system. Under the plan provisions, a member who retires at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service is entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service

Funding Policy Contributions to the system include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of the parish These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of members on which contributions were made for the previous fiscal year State statute requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries to the system. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11 103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town's contributions to the MERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$5,312, \$7,106, and \$12,289, respectively, equal to the statutority required contributions for each year.

The MERS issues an annual, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement system. The report may be obtained by writing the Municipal Employees' Retirement System, 6750 Van Gogh, Baton Rouge, LA 70806 or by calling (225) 925-4810

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

.

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011

Balance beginning of year	\$393,490
Additions Retirements	(9,741)
Balance end of year	\$383,749

Bonds payable at June 30, 2011, is comprised of the following issue

Utilities Enterprise Fund

Revenue Bonds

\$423,000 revenue bonds dated January 26, 2004, due in monthly installments of \$1,599 through January 26, 2044, interest at 3 25%

\$ 383,749

Maturities of long-term obligations of the Town including interest of \$250,874 are as follows

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30,	Amount
2012	\$ 19,187
2013	19,187
2014	19,187
2015	19,187
2016	19,187
2017-2021	95,935
2022-2026	95,935
2027-2031	95,935
2032-2036	95,935
2037-2041	95,935
2042-2044	49,567
	\$ 625,177

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Note 9 - Intergovernmental Agreement - Gas Transmission and Distribution Operations

The Town of St Joseph, Louisiana owns jointly with the Town of Newellton, Louisiana a gas pipeline, which transports natural gas to the Towns. The jointly owned line is operated independently of the Towns. The carrying value of the investment is recorded on the equity method. The annual net income is added to the investment and cash withdrawals, and net losses are deducted from the investment value. A summary of the balance sheet of the Town of Newellton and St Joseph, Louisiana Jointly Owned Gas Line as of June 30, 2011, is as follows.

Assets	
Cash	\$ 148,907
Accounts receivable	44,768
Total Assets	\$ 193,675
Liabilities and Fund Equity	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,695
Customer deposits	163
Total Liabilities	10,858
Fund Equity	
Towns' Equity	182,817
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	<u>\$ 193,675</u>

Audited financial statements of this joint venture are available at the Town of St. Joseph, Louisiana Town Hall

Note 10 - Related Party Transactions

The Town purchases its natural gas from the Towns of Newellton and St. Joseph Jointly Owned Gas Operations and Maintenance Fund (The Joint Line) of which the Town is a fifty percent owner During the current year, the Town made \$123,334 of gas purchases and owed the Joint Line \$37,377 at June 30, 2011

Note11 - Risk Financing Activities

The Town is a participating member in the Louisiana Risk Management Agency's Group Self-Insurance Fund for Municipal Liability Risk Sharing and Group Self-Insurance Fund for Workman's Compensation and Employer Liability (the Agency) The Agency functions as a Public Entity Risk Pool formed to pool the risk of public liability exposure to its members. The Town insures its law enforcement officers' comprehensive liability and errors and omissions risk through its participation in the Agency pools. The coverage provided by the pools is subject to \$1,000 deductibles for certain coverage's and provides coverage's up to \$500,000 for each type of insured risk. Premiums for coverage are retroactively rated based on experience and premiums are catculated based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the pool participants.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

,

÷

(PART B)

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH BUDGET AMENDMENT FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2011

	Original		<u> </u>	mended	Difference	
Revenue						
Taxes & licenses	\$2	46,607	\$	249,334	\$	2,727
Intergovernmental revenue		85,360		85,360		-
State and federal grants		35,000		1 6,000		(19,000)
Other revenue		26,096		78,900		52,804
Total revenue	3	93,063		429,594		36,531
Expenses						
General government	1	53,056		201,643		(48,587)
Police department	1	04,725		104,725		-
Fire department		1,740		1,740		-
Culture & recreation		-	*	-		-
Street & sanitation		95,672		112,590		(16,918)
Garbage		29,094		23,995		5,099
Total expenses	3	84,287		444,693		(60,406)
Net income (Loss)	<u></u>	8,776	\$	(15,099)	<u>\$</u>	(23,875)

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (GAAP BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Vanance Favorable		
		Budget		Budget	<u> </u>	mounts	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)
Revenues			_			_		
Taxes, Licenses, etc	\$	246,607	\$	249,334	\$	209,038	\$	(40,296)
Intergovernmental Revenue		35,000		16,000		542,016		526,016
Other Revenues	<u> </u>	111,456		164,260		<u>158,676</u>		(5,584)
Total Revenues		393,063		429,594		909,730	<u></u>	480,136
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government		153,056		201,643		187,340		14,303
Public Safety		_						
Police Department		104,725		104,725		101,295		3,430
Fire Department		1,740		1,740		1,998		(258)
Culture & recreation		-		-		31,358		(31,358)
Public Works								
Streets and Sanitation		95,672		112,590		599,687		(487,097)
Garbage Department		29,094		23,995		44,832		(20,837)
Capital outlay		-		-	_			
Total Expenditures		384,287		444,693		966,510		(521,817)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures (GAAP Basis)		8,776		(15,099)		(56,780)		(41,681)
Fund Balance - Beginning		<u>118,784</u>		118,784		118,784		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	127,560		103,685	\$	62,004	\$	(41,681)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule 2

-

.

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2011

.

	S	pecial Rev	enue	Funds		Total n-major
Assets	Downtown Revitalization			Lake Bruin	Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,320	\$	18,092	\$	22,412
Total Assets	\$	4,320		18,092		22,412
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund Balance Assigned		4,320		18,092		22,412
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,320	_\$	<u>18,092</u>		22,412

Schedule 3

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds Downtown Lake Revitalization Bruin				Total Non-major Governmental Funds		
Revenues	Revita					unus	
Use of Property and Money	\$	45	\$	-	\$	45	
Other Income		2,062		-		2,062	
Total Revenue		2,107				2,107	
Expenditures							
General Government	.	-					
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		2,107		-		2,107	
Fund Balance, beginning of year		2,213		18,092		20,305	
Fund Balance, end of year		4,320	\$	18,092		22,412	

Schedule 4

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION PAID TO ALDERMEN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

,

Jimmy S Clark	\$ 6,000
Ed Dandridge	6,000
Evelyn L. Guy	6,000
Theodore Jackson	6,000
John Lewis	2,000
Ivan Webb	4,500
Total	\$30,500

REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

DAVID Q. RICHARDSON

Certified Public Accountant Post Office Box 891 Tallulah, Louisiana 71284 cpa2912@bellsouth net (318) 574-0514 (318 574-0176

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor Edward Brown and Board of Alderman Town of St Joseph St Joseph, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Town of St. Joseph, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued my report thereon dated December 27, 2011. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Town of St Joseph's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of St Joseph's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of St Joseph's internal control over financial reporting reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A matenal weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a matenal misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses, as defined above. However, I identified one deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs as item 11-1 that I consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of St Joseph's financial statements are free of material misstatement, i performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 11-2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town of St. Joseph, management, others within the organization, and applicable State Auditors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24 513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

1 Real

Tallulah, Louisiana December 27, 2011

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2011

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Reports

- 1 The auditor's report expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements
- 2 One significant deficiency in internal control that is not considered to be a material weakness was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements
- 3 One instance on noncompliance material to the financial statements was disclosed during the audit

Part II Findings Related to an Audit in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

11-1 - Segregation of Duties

Finding:

A good system of internal control provides for a proper segregation of the accounting functions. Due to limited personnel the Town does not have the proper segregation of duties over cash receipts and disbursements, accounts receivable, and accounts payable. This lack of separation of duties increases the potential for material misstatements and/or misappropriation of assets to occur and not be detected in a timely manner. Proper segregation is not always possible in a small organization, but limited segregation to the extent possible can and should be implemented to reduce the risk of errors or fraud

Recommendation:

The Town should segregate its accounting functions as much as possible with its limited staff. Use of town council members is also recommended

Management's Corrective Action Plan:

We have segregated accounting functions as much as possible with three administrative employees Currently all checks require two signatures and at least one of those signatures is a council member We do not believe the benefits of hining additional employees would be greater than the related costs

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2011

11-2 - Failure to Comply with the Local Government Budget Act (LGBA)

Finding:

The LGBA requires budget amendments when total actual expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures by 5% or more

The Town's original general fund budget plus amendments to it provided for \$444,693 of expenditures and the actual expenditures were \$966,510 This budget variance exceeds the 5% allowed by the LGBA

Recommendation:

The Town should monitor its budget closely and make amendments as necessary

Management's corrective Action Plan:

The 2011 budget was amended but the amendment did not include expenditures resulting from grant proceeds. This was the reason for the current year variance and the information used to amend budget expenditures in the future will include expenditures resulting from grant proceeds.

TOWN OF ST JOSEPH, LOUISIANA STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2011

The following is a summary of the status of the prior year findings included in the auditor's report dated March 4, 2011, covering the examination of the financial statements of the Town of St Joseph as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010

<u>10-1</u>

Finding:

Inadequate segregation of duties Adequate segregation of duties is essential to a proper internal control structure

Status[.]

This finding was not resolved by June 30, 2011, and is a repeat finding for the current year

<u>10-2</u>

Finding:

Failure to report on a timely manner

Louisiana Revised Statute 24 513 requires all audit engagements to be completed and transmitted to the Legislative Auditor within six months of the close of the Town's fiscal year end Accordingly, the Town's audit report for the year ended June 30, 2010, was due to the Legislative Auditor by December 31, 2010

Status.

This finding has been resolved

<u>10-3</u>

Finding:

The LGBA requires budget amendments when total actual expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures by 5% or more

Status:

This finding was not resolved by June 30, 2011, and is a repeat finding for the current year