VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2015 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA

Annual Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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To the Honorable Caldwell Flood, Mayor and the Board of Aldermen Village of Waterproof, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Included in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is a write-down of accounts receivable of \$210,561, which is included as an operating expense. This write-down is the result of the Village of Waterproof not being able to reconcile its accounts receivable per its financial statements with its accounts receivable included in its subsidiary ledger. The Village of Waterproof adjusted its financial statements to reflect as its accounts receivable the amount of the accounts receivable in its subsidiary ledger. This expense of \$210,561 represents an amount that has not been accounted for.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the write-down of accounts receivable, as explained in the "Basis of Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 5 and 26 and 27 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Waterproof's basic financial statements. The supplemental information schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of compensation of Aldermen and the schedule of compensation, benefits, and other payments to agency head on Page 37 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

ilas Simmons, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2016, on our consideration of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Waterproof's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

This report is intended for the information of the Mayor, Members of the Board of Aldermen, management of Village of Waterproof, Louisiana, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Natchez, Mississippi March 10, 2016

SECTION I REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

As management of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana, we offer readers of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's financial statements this narrative overview of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Village's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Village's financial performance.

The Village of Waterproof, Louisiana is located on Highway 65 in South Tensas Parish, Louisiana.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements included in this report provide insight into the financial status for the year. Based upon the operations of the year ended June 30, 2015, the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's net position decreased and resulted in ending net position of \$2,243,229 at June 30, 2015. Net position decreased during the year ended June 30, 2014, and resulted in net position of \$2,531,987.

- 1. The cash balance for the Village of Waterproof was \$147,392 at June 30, 2015. The balance was \$228,153 at June 30, 2014.
- 2. The governmental activities had \$151,190 in revenues in 2015 and \$252,150 in 2014. These revenues primarily consisted of fines, sales taxes, ad valorem taxes, operating grants, and occupational licenses. Governmental activities had \$460,049 in expenditures in 2015 and \$451,188 in 2014.

The Village's business activities had \$741,173 in revenues in 2015 and \$754,158 in 2014. Revenues consisted primarily of gas and water sales. Business activities had \$721,072 in expenditures in 2015 and \$703,962 in 2014.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the Village that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 6-7 of this report.

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Financial Statements. A fund is an accountability unit to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Village's most significant funds rather than the Village as a whole.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 8 - 14 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 25 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following is a condensed statement of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Governmental I Activities		J.			Totals				
					2015			2014		
Current assets	\$	63,936	\$	103,094	\$	167,030	\$	293,593		
Restricted assets		-		46,699		46,699		47,334		
Noncurrent assets - capital assets		860,126	_	1,6 <u>44,844</u>		<u>2,504,970</u>		2,690,735		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	924,062	\$	1,794,637	<u>\$</u>	2,718,699	\$	3,031,662		
Current liabilities	\$	7,235	\$	19,353	\$	26,588	\$	56,794		
Noncurrent liabilities			_	448,882		448,882		442,881		
Total liabilities	\$	7 <u>,235</u>	<u>\$</u>	468,235	<u>\$</u>	<u>475,470</u>	\$	499,675		
Net position										
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	860,126	\$	1,205,962	\$	2,066,088	\$	2,230,409		
Restricted for debt service and deposits		-		46,699		46,699		47,334		
Unrestricted		56,701	_	<i>7</i> 3,741		130,442		<u> 254,244</u>		
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	916,827	\$	1,326,402	<u>\$</u>	2,243,229	\$	2,531,987		

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

The following is a summary of the statement of activities:

	Governmental		ntal Business-Type		Totals			
		<u>Activities</u>	_	Activities		2015		2014
Revenues and Transfers								
Program revenues	\$	73,638	\$	<i>7</i> 41,1 <i>7</i> 3	\$	814,811	\$	884,815
Operating grants		2,485		-		2,485		42,272
General revenues		75,067		-		75,067		79,221
Transfers		105,456	_	(105,456)	_			
Total revenues and transfers	\$	256,646	<u>\$</u>	635,717	\$	892,363	<u>\$</u>	1,006,308
Expenses								
General government and public safety	\$	460,049	\$	-	\$	460,049	\$	451,188
Interest on debt		-		19,996		19,996		16,804
Combined utility			_	701,076		701,076		687,158
Total expenses	<u>\$</u>	460,049	<u>\$</u>	721,072	<u>\$</u>	1,181,121	\$	1,155,150
Increase in net position	\$	(203,403)	\$	(85,355)	\$	(288,758)	\$	(148,842)
Net position, beginning		1,120,230	_	1,411,757	_	2,531,987		2,680,829
Net position, ending	\$	916,827	\$	1,326,402	\$	2,243,229	\$	2,531,987

COMMENTS ON GENERAL FUND COMPARISONS

The Village's budget was amended once during the last year. The budgeted expenditures were \$366,811, and the budgeted revenues including transfers in were \$366,511.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2015, the Village had \$860,126 invested in capital assets in the general fund and \$1,644,844 in the proprietary fund net of accumulated depreciation.

No capital assets were purchased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions about this report or request for additional information may be directed to Mayor Caldwell Flood at (318) 749-5233.

SECTION II GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

A CCTTTC		ernmental ctivities		siness-Type Activities	-	Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash	\$	59,197	\$	41,496	\$	100,693
Receivables (net of allowance	,	ŕ	,	•		,
for uncollectible amounts)		4,739		57,717		6 2, 456
Inventory		-		3,255		3,255
Other assets		-		626		626
Restricted assets		-		39,908		39,908
Assigned assets		-		6, 7 91		6,791
Capital assets (net)		860,126		1,644,844		2,504,970
Total assets	\$	924,062	\$	1,794,637	<u>\$</u>	2,718,699
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts, salaries, and other payables	\$	7,235	\$	11,880	\$	19,115
Customer deposits		-		7,473		7,473
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		20,016		20,016
Due in more than one year				428,866		<u>428,866</u>
Total liabilities	\$	7,235	\$	468,235	\$	475,470
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	\$	860,126	\$	1,205,962	\$	2,066,088
Restricted for:				27.000		07.000
Debt service		-		27,928		27,928
Customer deposits		-		11,980		11,980
Assigned to: Wastewater Treatment Plant				6,791		6,791
Wastewater Freatment Plant Unrestricted		- 56,701		73,741		130,442
Onesaicted	· - ·	50,701		/3,/41		130,412
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	916,827	<u>\$</u>	1,326,402	<u>\$</u>	2,243,229

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			` .				Net (Expense and Changes i					
			C	harges	C	Operating	Gov	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type		
Activities	Ex	penses		Services		Grants	A	Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental activities			***************************************						-			
General government and public safety	\$	460,049	\$	73,638	\$	2,485	\$	(383,926)	\$	_	\$	(383,926)
Total governmental activities	\$	460,049	\$	73,638	\$	2,485	\$	(383,926)	\$	*	\$	(383,926)
Business-type activities												
Utilities	\$	721,072	\$	741,173	\$	<u></u>	\$	**	<u>\$</u>	20,101	\$	20,101
Total business-type activities	\$	721,072	\$	741,173	\$		\$		\$	20,101	\$	20,101
Total	\$	1,181,121	<u>\$</u>	814,811	\$	2,485	<u>\$</u>	(383,926)	\$	20,101	\$	363,825
General Reve	nues:											
Taxes							\$	63,184	\$	-	\$	63,184
Licenses								11,883		-		11,883
Transfers								105,456		(105,456)		-
Total ger	neral reve	enues and tr	ansfers				\$	180,523	\$	(105,456)	,	75,067
Change	in net pos	sition					\$	(203,403)	\$	(85,355)	\$	(288,758)
Net position,	beginnin	g of year						1,120,230	#*************************************	1,411,757		2,531,987
Net position,	end of ye	ar					<u> </u>	916,827	<u>\$</u>	1,326,402	\$	<u>2,243,229</u>

SECTION III FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund
ASSETS Cash Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts)	\$ 59,197 4,739
Total assets	\$ 63,936
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts, salaries, and other payables	<u>\$ 7,235</u>
Fund balance: Unassigned	<u>\$ 56,701</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 63,936</u>

916,827

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Fund balance, total governmental funds (Statement C)	\$ 56,701
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Statement A) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,569,779
Less depreciation expense recorded during the year	 (709,653)

Net position of governmental activities (Statement A)

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	
REVENUES	•	40.404
Taxes	\$	63,184
Licenses and permits		11,883
Intergovernmental:		2,485
State grant Fines		48,558
Charges for services		25,080
Total revenues	\$	151,190
TOTAL TO VOLUMED	Ψ	101/170
EXPENDITURES		
Current	Φ.	044400
General government and public safety	\$	364,120
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	364,120
Excess of revenues under expenditures	\$	(212,930)
Other financing sources:		
Transfers in	\$	105,456
Total other financing sources	<u>\$</u>	105,456
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(107,474)
Fund balances, beginning of year		164,175
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	56,70 <u>1</u>

(203.403)

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

\$ Net change in fund balance, total governmental funds, (Statement E) (107,474)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, used in governmental funds, income is not recognized until available to liquidate current liabilities and expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, assets, liabilities, income, and expenses are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by a combination of the following items: Change in receivables for restitution, which was transferred to the proprietary fund. (11,889)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the amount that depreciation of \$84,070 exceeded capital outlays of \$0. (84,040)

Change in net position of governmental activities, (Statement B)

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Utility Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	10 An 40.5
Cash	\$ 41,496
Accounts receivable, utility sales (net of allowance	E77 774 77
for doubtful accounts of (\$235,000)	57,717
Inventory Other	3 ,255
Total current assets	626 \$ 103,094
1 Otal Cultent assets	<u> </u>
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Bond reserve fund	\$ 14,000
Bond contingency fund	13,928
Customer deposits	11,980
Total restricted assets	\$ 39,908
Assigned assets:	
Wastewater contingency fund	<u>\$ 6,791</u>
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 46,699
Capital assets:	
Property, plant, and equipment	\$ 5,587,353
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,942,509)
Net capital assets	\$ 1,644,844
Total assets	\$ <u>1,794,637</u>
TIADIYITIE	
Current liabilities (navable from surrent escate):	
Current liabilities (payable from current assets): Accounts payable	€ 11 00A
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	\$ 11,880 \$ 11,880
Total cuttent habilities payable from cuttent assets	<u>a 11,000</u>
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):	
Customer deposits	\$ 7,473
Current portion of long-term debt	20,016
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ 27,489
Long-term liabilities	\$ 42 8,866
ŭ	
Total liabilities	\$ 468,235
	177777777777
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,205,962
Restricted for debt service	27,928
Restricted for customer deposits	11,980
Assigned to Wastewater Treatment Plant	6,791
Unrestricted	73,741
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,326,402</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Utility Fund
Operating revenue:	·	
Charges for services		
Gas sales	\$	454,836
Water sales		187,977
Sewer service sales		50,215
Garbage sales		22,483
Other income		25,662
Total operating revenue	\$	741,173
Operating expenses:		
Gas purchases	\$	106,998
Water purchases		65,321
Salaries		65,069
Provision for bad debts		227,064
Depreciation		101,725
Utilities		6,574
Plant supplies		3,700
Payroll taxes		5,197
Repairs		12,121
Testing and outside services		41,393
Office supplies		2,355
Dues and subscriptions		3,136
Automobile expenses		21,125
Professional fees		11,383
Insurance		8,794
Other expenses		19,121
Total operating expenses	\$	701,076
Operating income	\$	40,097
Nonoperating expenses		
Interest expense	<u>\$</u>	(19,996)
Total nonoperating expenses		(19,996)
Operating transfers		
Transfers (out)	\$	(105,456)
Total operating transfers	<u>\$</u>	(105,456)
Net changes in net position	\$	(85,355)
Net position, beginning of year		1,411,757
Net position, end of year	\$	1,326,402

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	726,991
Cash paid to employees		(65,069)
Cash paid to suppliers		(546,196)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	115,726
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Transfers to other funds	\$	(105,456)
Increase in customer deposits		2,415
Net cash (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	(103,041)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Cash borrowed on notes payable	\$	8,000
Principal paid on notes payable		(19,444)
Interest paid on notes payable		(19,996)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u>\$</u>	(31,440)
Net (decrease) in cash	\$	(18,755)
Cash at beginning of year		106,950
Cash at end of year	\$	<u>88,195</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by:		
Operating income	\$	40,097
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		101,725
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(14,182)
(Decrease) in accounts payable	················	(11,914)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	115,726



INTRODUCTION

The Village of Waterproof is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor.

- The Village of Waterproof, Louisiana was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act as a Village in 1862.
- 2. The purpose of the municipality is to provide utility services, public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, and general administrative services.
- The Board of Aldermen consists of three elected members that were each paid \$500 per month. During 2014, there were five aldermen.
- 4. The Village of Waterproof is located in the southern portion of Tensas Parish, Louisiana. Tensas Parish is located in northeast Louisiana.
- 5. The population of the municipality is approximately 1,000 people.
- 6. The Village of Waterproof has approximately 9 full time employees.
- 7. The Village of Waterproof has approximately 230 utility customers.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the municipality is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes, set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue in the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The municipality reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The municipality reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for operations where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. In the case of the Village of Waterproof, this includes the operation of the Village's gas, water, garbage, and sewer systems.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal on-going operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are the sales of water, gas, garbage, and sewer services to both residential and commercial customers. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the municipality's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The municipality's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the municipality's investment policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificates of deposit, government-backed securities, commercial paper, the state-sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government-backed securities.

D. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Receivables and Payables (continued)

All fines and utility charges receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Village provides for uncollectibles based upon analysis of the receivables portfolio and historical collection statistics.

Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis and become due on January 1 of each year. The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
Taxes due for:	_		
General fund	13.03	13.03	Permanent
Corporate purposes	24.29	24.29	2015

E. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the business-type activities fund of the Village have been restricted for debt service, grant expenditures, and customers' deposits.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There were no major projects capitalized during the current fiscal year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Capital Assets (continued)

All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Gas lines, sewer lines, and water plant	50 years
Vehicles and equipment	3-10 years

H. Compensated Absences

The municipality has the following policy relating to vacation and sick leave:

The Village grants one week vacation after one year of service and two weeks' vacation after two years of service. Each employee is entitled to ten sick days per year. Vacation or sick pay does not accumulate. The Village's policy concerning compensation for unpaid vacation pay or sick pay is that upon termination of an employee, vacation days and sick days not previously used by the employee are not reimbursed.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

J. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2014, the Village implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as
 grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by
 enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself using its
 highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for
 any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change
 the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
 authority;

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Equity (continued)

• Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Village establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Aldermen through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the Village strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The page labeled Statement of Net Position (Statement A) and the page labeled Statement of Activities (Statement B) display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the Village. Information contained in these statements reflect the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program Revenues – Program revenues included in the column labeled Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from users as a fee for services; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues.

K. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGET INFORMATION The municipality uses the following budget practices:

1. The Village prepares a proposed budget and submits it to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Village approves a budget for the general fund only.

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VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for the hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is adopted through the passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- Budgetary amendments involving the transfer to funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated, require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 6. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 7. Budgets are adopted on a cash basis.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2015, the municipality has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$147,392. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At June 30, 2015, the municipality has \$151,724 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$151,724 of federal deposit insurance.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

The receivables for June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Ge		Utinty		
Class of Receivables	F	Fund			
Fines	\$	3,431	\$	-	
Property taxes		1,308		-	
Utility fees		-		292,717	
Less allowance for uncollectibles				(235,000)	
Total	\$	4,739	\$	<u>57,717</u>	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, for the primary government, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance		• •		Decrease		Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being									
depreciated									
Land	<u>\$</u>	23,308	\$		<u>\$</u>	-	\$	23,308	
Total capital assets									
not being depreciated	\$	23,308	<u>\$</u>		\$	=	<u>\$</u>	23,308	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings	\$	340,190	\$		\$	_	\$	340,190	
Machinery and equipment	Ψ	658,563	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	658,563	
Streets		547,718		-		_		547,718	
		547,710		_	·			347,710	
Total capital assets	\$	1 547 471	\$		\$		¢	1 547 471	
being depreciated	<u> </u>	1,546,47 <u>1</u>	⊅	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1,546,471	
Less accumulated depreciation fo	r:								
Buildings	\$	(144,244)	\$	(8,708)	\$	-	\$	(152,952)	
Machinery and equipment		(399,211)		(38,817)		-		(438,028)	
Streets		(82,158)		(36,515)		-		(118,673)	
Total accumulated		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•			,	
depreciation	\$	(625,613)	\$	(84,040)	\$		<u>\$</u>	(709,653)	
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$	944,166	\$	(84,040)	\$		\$	860,126	

Depreciation expense of \$84,040 for the year ended June 30, 2015, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Police and fire \$ 84,040

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

		Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:		- 		•				
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated								
Land	\$	38,860	\$	_ _	\$_		<u>\$</u>	38,860
Capital assets being depreciated								
Water system lines and								
equipment	\$	3,179,312	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,179,312
Gas system lines and								
equipment		812,157		-		-		812,157
Sewer system lines and								
equipment		1,417,244		-		-		1,417,244
Garbage vehicles and								
equipment		139,781		<u>-</u>				139,781
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	<u>\$</u>	5,548,494	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	5,548,494
Less accumulated depreciation for	r:							
Water system lines and								
equipment	\$	(2,069,455)	\$	(76,823)	\$	-	\$	(2,146,278)
Gas system lines and				•				
equipment		(812,156)		-		· `		(812,156)
Sewer system lines and		, ,						
equipment		(824,073)		(24,902)		-		(848,975)
Garbage vehicles and		,		,				
equipment		(135,101)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(135,101)
Total accumulated		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	•		
depreciation	\$	(3,840,785)	\$	(101,725)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(3,942,510)
- 1	•			,				
Business-type activities,								
capital assets, net	\$_	1,746,569	\$_	(101,725)	\$	_	\$	1,644,844
1,					_			

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers between the general fund and the utility fund as follows:

Transfers in	Transfers out	
Governmental fund	Proprietary fund	<u>\$ 105,456</u>

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Ce	rtificates			
	Of			Revenue	
	<u> Indebtedness</u>			Bonds	 Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year	\$	42,000	\$	418,326	\$ 460,326
Additions		8,000		-	8,000
Deductions		(7,000)		(12,444)	 (19,444)
Long-term obligations at end of year	<u>\$</u>	43,000	<u>\$</u>	405,882	\$ 448,882

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of June 30, 2015:

	Certifi	icates		
	Of		Revenue	
	<u>Indebte</u>	edness_	Bonds	Total
Current portion	\$	7,000	\$ 13,016	\$ 20,016
Long-term portion		36,000	 392,866	 428,866
Long-term obligations at end of year	\$	43,000	\$ 405,882	\$ 448,882
Long-term debt at June 30, 2015, consists of the following:				

Long-term debt at June 30, 2015, consists of the following:

Certificates of indebtedness - \$50,000 in certificates of indebtedness due in semiannual installments of \$6,810 to \$8,240, through June 2021, bearing interest at 3%. \$ 43,000

Water Revenue Bonds - \$534,881 in revenue bonds due in annual installments of \$31,181 through July 2035, bearing interest at a rate of 4.5%. 405,882 448,882

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Certificates of Indebtedness					Revenu	onds	Total				
	Princ	ipal_	Inte	erest	_ Pı	rincipal_	_	Interest	_P	rincipal_		Interest
Year ending June 30,												
2016	\$	7,000	\$	1,110	\$	13,016	\$	18,165	\$	20,016	\$	19,275
2017		7,000		960		13,614		17 , 567		20,614		18,527
2018		7,000		810		14,234		16,947		21,234		17 <i>,</i> 757
2019		7,000		660		14,894		16,287		21,894		16,947
2020		7,000		450		15,578		15,603		22,578		16,053
2021-2025		8,000		240		89,308		66,597		97,308		66,837
2026-2030		-		-		111,994		43,911		111,994		43,911
2031-2035						133,244		<u>15,953</u>	_	133,244		<u>15,953</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>13,000</u>	\$	4,230	<u>\$</u>	405,882	\$	211,030	\$	448,882	\$	215,260

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The Water Revenue Bonds contain the following bond indenture restrictions:

- 1. The Village shall maintain a reserve fund into which monthly deposits of \$130 will be made. The reserve fund balance was \$14,000 at June 30, 2015. Deposits shall be made into the fund until a balance of \$31,180 has been accumulated into the fund. At June 30, 2015, the Village was in compliance with this covenant.
- 2. The Village shall maintain a contingency fund into which monthly deposits of \$129 will be made. The depreciation fund balance was \$13,928 at June 30, 2015. At June 30, 2015, the Village was in compliance with this covenant.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Employees of the Village of Waterproof are members of the Federal social security system. The employer portion of the social security payroll tax is reflected in payroll taxes in the various statements of income. A 401(k) was established, but we were unable to determine any information about the plan, the participants, or the contributions.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Litigation</u> - At June 30, 2015, the Village of Waterproof was involved in one or more lawsuits for various claims totaling unknown amounts. Management does not expect an adverse result from any of these lawsuits that is material to these financial statements.

SECTION IV ADDITIONAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Budgeted Amounts				al Amounts	Differences		
	_	Original	_	<u>Final</u>	Bu	dget Basis	Ove	<u>r/(Under)</u>	
Revenue:									
Taxes	\$	53,909	\$	55,000	\$	63,184	\$	8,184	
Licenses and permits		10,516		11,000		11,883		883	
Intergovernmental – grants		27,485		28,000		2, 485		(25,515)	
Fines		52,808		53,000		43,819		(9,181)	
Charges for services		25,080		25,080		25,080		<u> </u>	
Total revenues	\$	169,798	\$	172,080	\$	146,451	\$	(25,629)	
<u>.0</u>									
Expenditures:									
General government and									
public safety	\$	333,979	\$	358,811	\$	313,913	\$	44,898	
Capital outlays		7,752		8,000		·		8,000	
Total expenditures	\$	341,731	\$	366,811	\$	313,913	\$	52,898	
1						<u> </u>			
EXCESS OF REVENUES									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(171,933)	\$	(194,731)	\$	(167,462)	\$	(27,269)	
(<u>-T</u>	(== = / = = = /		(=//-		,		/	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers in	\$	67,083	\$	194,431	\$	105,456	\$	(88,975)	
Total other financing	Ψ	0.7000	4	172,202	7	100,100	3	(00/5.0)	
sources	\$	67,083	\$	194,431	\$	105,456	\$	(88,975)	
boarces	Ψ	07/000	2	171/101	9	100/100	4	(00/2.0)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(104,850)	\$	(300)	\$	(62,006)	\$ [′]	(61,706)	
Tyer change in rund bulances	Ψ	(101,000)	Ψ	(000)	Ψ	(02,000)	Ψ	(01), 00)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		121,203		121,203		121,203		_	
Tund balance, beginning of year		121,200		121,200	-	121,200			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	16,353	<u>\$</u>	120,903	<u>\$</u>	59,197	<u>\$</u>	(61,706)	

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

1. Basis of Presentation

The budgetary comparison schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the actual data on the cash basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

2. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles net change in fund balances on the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the general fund:

	Gene	eneral Fund		
Net change in fund balance – budget basis	\$	(62,006)		
Increase (decrease)				
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		(48,730)		
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		3,262		
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis	<u>\$</u>	<u>(107,474</u>)		

SECTION V REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Caldwell Flood, Mayor and the Board of Aldermen Village of Waterproof, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings as 2015-1, 2015-2, and 2015-3 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2015-4.

Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's Response to Findings

Silas Simmans, LLP

The Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The Village of Waterproof, Louisiana's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Natchez, Mississippi March 10, 2016 SECTION VI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements:				
2.	. Internal control over financial reporting:				
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes			
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No			
3.	Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements? Yes				

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reference No. Section I – Internal	Fiscal Year Finding Initially <u>Occurred</u> I Control and Comp	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken (Yes, No, Partially)	Planned Corrective Action/Partial Corrective Action Taken
2014-1	6-30-2007	Reconciliation of Utility Accounts Receivable to Subsidiary Ledge As reported in finding 2013-1 last year, the utility accounts receivable does not agree with the general ledger and does not appear to represent the accounts receivable of the Village. The subsidiary balance is \$982,520, and one customer is listed as owing \$840,588. The subsidiary is apparently not being reviewed on a monthly basis and is not being corrected for posting errors. Also, obvious bad debts are not being written off during the year. The general ledger balance was adjusted to \$263,536 at year End, and the reserve for bad debts was adjusted to \$220,00. The net accounts receivable is a reasonable balance considering subsequent collections. The net of the adjustments is debited to bad debts of \$114,901. These adjustments are the basis for the qualified opinion rendered on these financial statements. Recommendation We recommend that the Village perform the following tasks: 1. Review the subsidiary ledger and adjust and/or write-off all the customers' balances that are incorrect or bad debts. 2. On a monthly basis, reconcile the accounts receivable per the subsidiary ledger of the customers' balance. 3. Continue to evaluate the collectability of the accounts	g <u>er</u> No	This finding is reported in the current year as Finding 2015-1.
		Receivable, and adjust the reserve for bad debts accordingly.		

VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reference No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken (Yes, No, Partially)	Planned Corrective Action/Partial Corrective Action Taken
Section I – Interna	l Control and Com	pliance Material to the Financial Statements: (continued)		
2014-2	6-30-2007	Reconcilement of Utility Deposits The meter deposit balance in the utility system general ledger was not reconciled with the balance in the general ledger during the year.	No	This finding is reported in the current year as Finding 2015-2.
		Recommendation We recommend that the Village of Waterproof reconcile its utility deposits in the subsidiary ledger to its general ledger each month.		
2014-3	6-30-2014	Late Filing of Audit Reports The Village is required to submit an audit of its financial statements of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor within six months of its fiscal year end. This June 30, 2014, audit was due to be filed by December 31, 2014; however, the general ledger was not available until March 2015.	No	This finding is reported in the current year as Finding 2015-4.
		Recommendation We recommend that the Village provide information needed to the auditor in a timely manner to assure that all subsequent audits are filed with the Louisiana Legislative Auditor in a timely manner.		

Ref. No. Description of Finding

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

2015-1 Reconcilement of Utility Accounts Receivable to Subsidiary Ledger (Internal Control Finding)

Condition: As reported in Finding 2014-1 last year, the utility fund accounts receivable subsidiary ledger (Customer Balance Report) is not being reconciled to the accounts receivable account in the general ledger.

Criteria: Basic internal controls require that general ledger accounts reflect the correct balances of assets, liabilities, funds, revenues, and expenses.

Cause of Condition: The Village has attempted to have the general ledger and subsidiary ledger reconciled by an outside bookkeeper, but so far the right person who can do this job has not been located. The Village of Waterproof is located in an unpopulated area of the State, and few people are available who can do this work.

Effect of Condition: The general ledger and subsidiary ledger are both needing attention and correcting. The balance of the amounts owed to the Village by the customers totals \$292,717, according to the customer balance report. The cash collections in the subsequent month was \$50,379. At the same time, the general ledger indicated the accounts receivable was \$503,278, before an adjustment recommended by the auditor was made.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Village continue to attempt to engage someone outside of the accounting department to help resolve this problem, and train the accounting staff in procedures to correct this problem.

Client Response and Corrective Action: The Village of Waterproof will try again to find a person to correct the accounts receivable problem and train the staff of the Village.

Contact Person: Mayor Caldwell Flood

Anticipated Completion Date: As soon as possible.

Ref. No.

Description of Finding

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

2015-2 Reconcilement of Utility Deposit (Internal Control Finding)

Condition: As reported in Finding 2014-2 last year, the meter deposit subsidiary is not being reconciled to the meter deposit account in the general ledger.

Criteria: Basic internal controls require that general ledger accounts reflect the correct balances of assets, liabilities, funds, revenues, and expenses.

Cause of Condition: The Village has attempted to have the general ledger and subsidiary ledger reconciled by an outside bookkeeper, but so far, the right person who can do this job has not been located. The Village of Waterproof is located in an unpopulated area of the State and few people are available who can do this work.

Effect of Condition: The general ledger of customer meter deposits is not being reconciled to the subsidiary ledger (Deposit Report). The general ledger's balance was \$5,971, and the Deposit Report's balance was \$7,473.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Village continue to attempt to engage someone outside of the accounting department to help resolve this problem and train the accounting staff in procedures to correct this problem.

Client Response and Corrective Action: The Village of Waterproof will try again to find a person to correct the accounts receivable problem and train the staff of the Village.

Contact Person: Mayor Caldwell Flood

Anticipated Completion Date: As soon as possible.

Ref. No. Description of Finding

Section I – Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

2015-3 <u>Segregation of Duties (Internal Control Finding)</u>

Condition: Because of the small size of the Village and the small number of employees, many of the important elements of good internal controls cannot always be achieved to ensure adequate protection of the Village's cash.

Criteria: Important elements of good internal controls often require that the same employee does not handle the functions of accounting, collections, billing, receiving, and check writing.

Cause of Condition: Small size of entity and lack of employees.

Effect of Condition: Material weakness in internal controls.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Mayor continue to provide the necessary oversight in its current internal control procedures, specifically in the areas of cash receipts, collection receipt activities, recordation of those receipts, depositing of funds collected, and review of checks written.

Client Response and Corrective Action: Management will continue to provide the necessary oversight in its current internal control procedures, specifically in the areas of cash receipts, collection receipt activities, recordation of those receipts, depositing of funds collected, and review of checks written.

Contact Person: Mayor Caldwell Flood

Anticipated Completion Date: N/A

Ref. No. Description of Finding

Section I - Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements:

2015-4

Late Filing of Audit Report (Compliance Finding)

Condition: The Village's audited financial statements were not submitted to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor by the statutory due date of December 31, 2015.

Criteria: To be in good standing with the State of Louisiana, the audited financial statements must be submitted to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor by December 31, 2015.

Cause of Condition: The financial statements were due on December 31, 2015, but the books and records were not available until January of 2016. This did not allow enough time to complete the audit.

Effect of Condition: The Village is on the noncompliance list with the State of Louisiana.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Village of Waterproof have its books and records available no later than November 30 of each year.

Client Response and Corrective Action: The Village of Waterproof will have the books and record complete, in future years, timely.

Contact Person: Mayor Caldwell Flood

Anticipated Completion Date: As soon as possible.



VILLAGE OF WATERPROOF, LOUISIANA COMPENSATION OF THE GOVERNING BOARD AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Compensation of Aldermen

Elizabeth Cooper	\$	3,000
George Taylor		3,000
Lionel Travers, Jr.		3,000
Bobby Wilkerson, Sr.		3,000
Johnnie Raymo		3,000
Henry Jenkins		3,000
Robert Clarke		3,000
Veronica Stacker	Newstate	3,000
	\$	24.000

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer

Agency Head Name: Caldwell Flood, Mayor

Salary <u>\$ 12,500</u>