ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Honorable Friday Ellis Mayor Mr. Carday Marshall Chairman

Prepared by the Department of Administration - Accounting Division

Mrs. Stacey Rowell, CPA Director of Administration This page left intentionally blank.

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY OF CTION	<u>Statement</u>	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Transmittal Letter		1-10
Organizational Chart		11
Principal Officials		12
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report		13-17
Required Supplementary Information		
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)		19-30
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)		31
Statement of Net Position	А	32-33
Statement of Activities	В	34-35
Fund Financial Statements (FFS)		37
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	С	38
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		
to the Statement of Net Position	D	39
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Е	40
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activi	ties F	41
Proprietary Funds:		
Statement of Fund Net Position	G	42
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	Н	43
Statement of Cash Flows	Ι	44
Fiduciary Funds:		
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	J	45
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	ĸ	46
Discretely Presented Component Units:		
Combining Statement of Net Position	L	47
Combining Statement of Activities	M	48
Notes to the Financial Statements		
Index		49
Notes		49 50-102
INDIES		30-102
	(

(continued)

Table of Contents

Required Supplementary Information	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions	1-1 1-2 1-3	104 105 106 107
Budgetary Comparison Information Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund ARPA Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules	2 3	110 111-113 114 115-116
Supplementary Information		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - by Fund Type Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	4 5	117 118
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, and Changes	6 7	119-121 122-127 128-133
in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Fire Department Insurance Community Development Block Grant Fire and Police Capital Tax Emergency Shelter CDBG Home CDBG Loan Bond Forfeiture Dare Program Diversion Program Drug Seizure Local/State Police Salary Sales Tax Fire Salary Sales Tax Justice Assistance Grant Downtown Economic Development Administrative Economic Development Home Program Loans Repairs and Maintenance	8-1 8-2 8-3 8-4 8-5 8-6 8-7 8-8 8-7 8-8 8-9 8-10 8-11 8-12 8-13 8-14 8-15 8-16 8-17	134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150

(continued)

Table of Contents

Supplementary Information (Cont'd)

upplementary Information (Cont'd)		_
	<u>Exhibit</u>	Page
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual	0.10	
Capital	8-18	151
Demolition	8-19	152
Employees' Benefits	8-20	153
MPD K-9 Donations	8-21	154
Southside Economic Development District	8-22	155
Intergovernmental Donations	8-23	156
Brownfields Assessment Grant	8-24	157
Monroe Home Ownership Program	8-25	158
Coronavirus Supplemental Funding	8-26	159
Downtown Economic Development District TIF	8-27	160
MPAC	8-28	161
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		163
Combining Balance Sheet	9	164
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	10	165
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		167
Combining Balance Sheet	11	168-169
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		
(Deficits)	12	170-171
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		173
Combining Statement of Net Position	13	174
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	14	175
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	15	176-177
Internal Service Funds		179
Combining Statement of Net Position	16	180
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	17	180
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	18	181
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	10	162
Pension Trust Funds		183
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	19	184
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	20	185
Custodial Funds		187
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21	188
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22	189
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULES		
Schedule of Long Term Obligations	23	191
Schedule of Compensation Paid Council Members	24	192
*		

(continued)

Table of Contents

Supplementary Information (Cont'd)	Exhibit	Page
Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, and Other Payments to Agency Head or Chief Executive Officer Schedule of Justice System Funding – Collecting/Disbursing Schedule of Justice System Funding – Receiving	25 26 27	193 194 195
STATISTICAL SECTION	<u>Table</u>	Page
Net Position by Component	1	198
Changes in Net Position	2	199-201
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	3	202
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4	203-204
Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source	5	205
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	206
Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies- Direct and Overlapping Governments	7	207
Principal Property Taxpayers	8	208
Property Tax Levies and Collections	9	209
Sales Tax Revenues	10	210
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	11	211
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	12	212
Ration of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	13	213
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	14	214
Legal Debt Margin Information	15	215
Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water and Sewer	16	216
Demographic and Economic Statistics	17	217
Principal Employers	18	218
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	19	219
Operating Indicators by Function	20	220
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	21	221

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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DIVIDER



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October 31, 2022

The Citizens, The Honorable Mayor, And Members of the City Council City of Monroe

> RE: Financial Statement Letter of Transmittal Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2022

Dear Citizens, Mayor, and Council Members:

Pursuant to Louisiana State Statutes, I hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the government of the City of Monroe for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. The Accounting Division of the Administration Department prepared this report in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Monroe as measured by the financial activities of its various funds and the entity-wide presentation; and that disclosures necessary to enable readers to gain an understanding of City of Monroe financial affairs have been included. Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the local government.

The City of Monroe financial statements have been audited by *Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP*, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statement; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Government of the City of Monroe, Louisiana, financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first document of the financial section of this report.

The City of Monroe is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget 2CFR Part 200 (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, and the auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of **Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)**. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF MONROE



The first residents of what is now Monroe were the Ouachita Indians who inhabited the area around 1350 BC. The site later attracted a transitory population of traders, trappers, and hunters, but few permanent inhabitants. The first non-native settlers to Ouachita Parish were likely remnants of LaSalle's 1680 expedition to Louisiana. By the time these settlers arrived in the 17th century, little was left of the Ouachita Indians who had inhabited the area for generations.

In 1782, the Governor of New Orleans sent Don Juan (Jean) Filhiol to establish a post along the Ouachita River. By 1790, this trading post, called Ft. Miro, had evolved into a community of 49 families.

In 1803, the United States purchased the Louisiana Territory from France, and for the first time, Ft. Miro was under U.S. authority. Ouachita Parish was established March 31, 1807, with Ft. Miro as the parish seat. In 1819, the town's name was changed from Ft. Miro to

Monroe. Monroe is the eighth-largest city in the U.S. State of Louisiana. It is the <u>parish seat</u> of <u>Ouachita Parish</u>. In the official <u>2010 census</u>, Monroe had a population of 48,815. The municipal population declined by 8.1 percent over the past decade; it was 53,107 in the 2000 census. After a recheck in 2012, the Census Bureau changed the 2010 population from 48,815 to 49,147.

Monroe is the principal city of the Monroe Metropolitan

Statistical Area (MSA), which includes the parishes of Ouachita



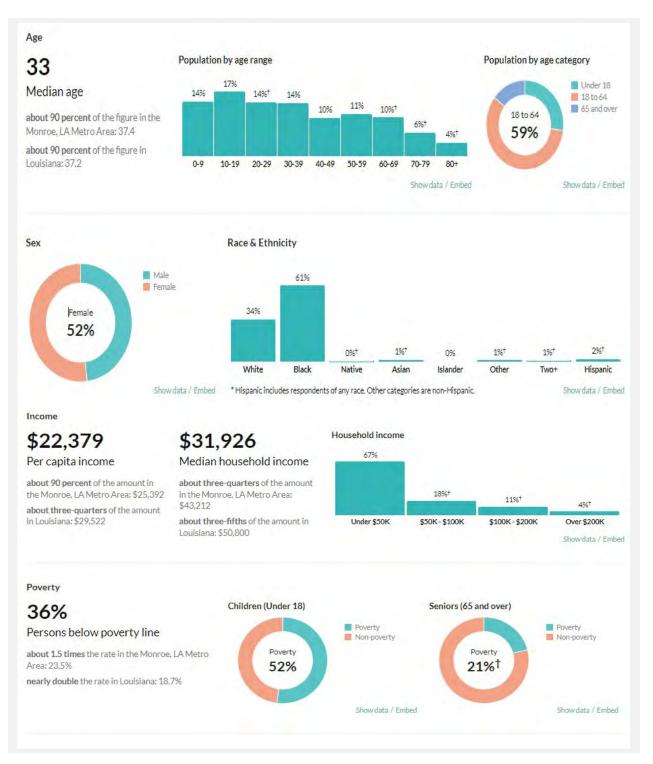
and <u>Union</u>. The two-parish area had a total population of 177,782 in 2010 and a total population estimate of 191,129 in 2020, an increase of 7.5 percent. The larger <u>Monroe-Bastrop Combined Statistical Area</u> (CSA) is composed of both the Monroe Metropolitan Statistical Area and the <u>Bastrop Micropolitan</u> Statistical Area. The CSA had a population of 251,155 in 2010. Monroe and the neighboring city of <u>West Monroe</u> (pop. 12,583), located just across the <u>Ouachita River</u>, are often referred to as the <u>Twin Cities</u> of northeast Louisiana.

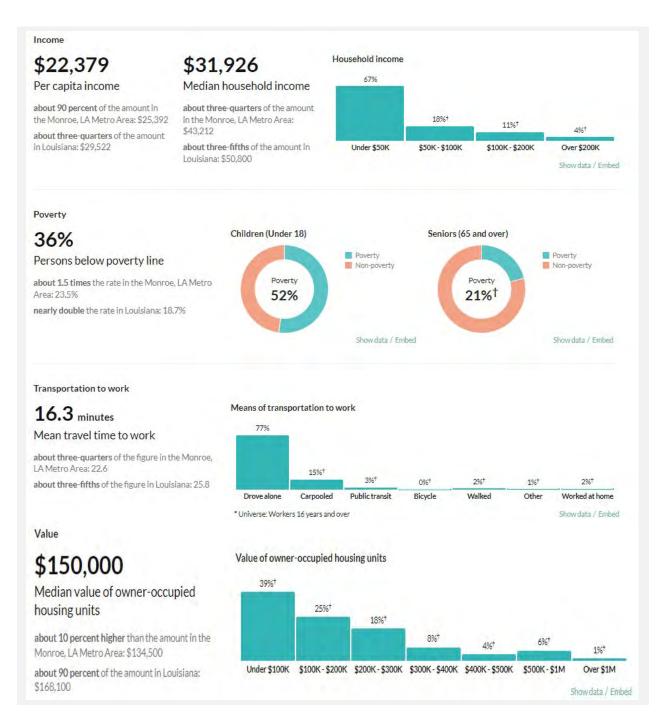
Various sites in the city include Masur Museum, Biedenharn Museum & Garden, the Coca Cola Museum, and the Bry Art Gallery. Masur Museum is the largest art museum in northeast Louisiana and is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. Joseph A. Biedenharn, the first bottler of Coca-Cola, built his home in Monroe, Louisiana, in 1914. Young and old can connect to the gracious life of his daughter Emy-Lou through guided tours of the house. The rooms are exhibited as they were lived in, reflecting the eclectic taste of a well-traveled woman. In the furnishings and accessories, one will see Emy-Lou's love of music, nature, and family. The Biedenharn Museum & Gardens is a favorite place to view the beautiful blooms in Elsong Gardens and take family or



wedding portraits. You can also tour the Biedenharn home which is furnished as it was during the residence of Emy-Lou Biedenharn.

MONROE DEMOGRAPHICS





The City of Monroe provides a full range of services to the public, including police and fire protection, public works, social services, public transportation, planning and zoning, economic development, a garden and zoo, an airport, a convention center, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, courts, general administrative services, sewage collection and treatment, and solid waste collection and disposal.

A determination of the financial reporting entity to be included in this ACFR is made through the application of criteria established by section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* (as revised by GASB Statement No. 61 – The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus).

As the governing authority of the City, for reporting purposes, the City of Monroe is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the City), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statements establish criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be considered part of the City of Monroe for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability, which include:

- Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization and/or; the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the financial statements included in this ACFR are as follows:

Name of Organization

City of Monroe Tower Drive Economic Development Corporation Garrett Road Economic Development Corporation Downtown Economic Development District Southside Economic Development District Monroe City Court Monroe City Marshal

Type of Unit

Primary Government Blended Component Unit Blended Component Unit Blended Component Unit Discrete Component Unit Discrete Component Unit

An explanation of the accounting policies of the City is contained in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The basis of accounting, fund structure, and other significant information on financial policies is explained in detail in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

BUDGETARY CONTROL

Budgetary control is maintained by the encumbrance of appropriations with purchase orders prior to their

BLONTFROLS

release to vendors. Purchase orders that exceed appropriation balances are not released unless additional appropriations are made available. The annual operating budget, or financial plan, is proposed by the Mayor and enacted by the City Council. Management control for the operating budget is maintained at the fund and department level. Additional details on the budget process are explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund. For the General Fund and American Rescue Plan Act Fund, this comparison is presented in Exhibits 2 and 3. For the other governmental funds, the annual budget comparison is presented in the Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual, Exhibits 8-1 through 8-28.

The Administration Department is entrusted with maintaining accounting systems for the City over which the City Council is the governing body, in accordance with the best recognized practices in governmental accounting. It keeps the records for and exercises financial and budgetary control over each City department.

In developing and evaluating the accounting system of the City, the Administration Department considers the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and regarding the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the City government is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in effect. All internal control evaluations occur within the framework described. The Administration Department believes that the internal controls of the City adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Monroe is located at the crossroads of Interstate 20, a major east-west highway in the southern United States and U.S. Route 165 running north-south. It is the principal home to the University of Louisiana at Monroe and the world headquarters of Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink), a fortune 500 company and the third-largest telecommunications company in the United States.

Monroe serves as the retail hub for the Northeast Louisiana region with premier retail shopping destinations such as Pecanland Mall with over 155 shops, restaurants, and department stores. Downtown Monroe is an increasingly growing district anchored by the beautiful Ouachita River. Conveniently located just off Interstate 20, it is the central business district of Monroe. Home to the offices of the City, Parish, State and Federal governments, St. Francis Medical Center, and the Monroe Civic Center just to name a few. It is as rich in history as it is in hospitality. Downtown Monroe is also the home to a variety of award-winning restaurants, a collection of museums, and a variety of art. Monroe is an ideal place to live, work, and grow.

MAJOR INITIATIVES DURING 2021-2022

When Mayor Friday Ellis took office, one of his campaign goals was to work towards bringing industry back to Monroe and discover new ways to revitalize a city that was once described as a "pace-setter."

Over the last year, Mayor Ellis and his administration have taken aggressive steps to support and inspire economic growth in the City. In July of 2021, Mayor Ellis hired northeast Louisiana native Kelsea McCrary as Chief Cultural and Economic Development Officer. In announcing her appointment, Mayor Friday Ellis said, "Kelsea's depth of knowledge and experience is multi-functional. She knows this market, will utilize partnerships with others, and has an eye for recognizing opportunities and projects that create residual income. It's been nearly seven years since we've had a Chief Economic Developer, and it's time we take control of our future. I know Kelsea will help us do exactly that."

In October 2021, Mayor Ellis and the City of Monroe purchased the former Ouachita Candy Company. The buildings are located at 205, 209, 215, and 305 Walnut Street in District 4. The properties will be developed into a mixed-use facility. Mixed-use development incorporates two or more types of land uses (e.g., housing, offices, retail, entertainment, institutions, services, restaurants, etc.). "Monroe's history as a "river city" is both our legacy and our future. It is our responsibility to develop our riverfront to its fullest

potential for all our citizens and our long-term economic well-being. This purchase will be an important step in allowing us to define our riverfront and downtown area as a vibrant destination for visitors and an important part of overall quality of life," said Mayor Ellis.

The City of Monroe just wrapped up Phase 2 of the Strategic Plan for revitalization of Downtown Monroe. The plan focused on highlighting potential areas for redevelopment in the downtown area, as well as increasing activation along the riverfront. The City engaged an architectural firm to complete the Strategic Plan which will identify specific initiatives designed to increase downtown livability, encourage private sector investment, job creation, public interactions, and become a catalyst for continued growth.

As part of the continued renaissance across the City and a focus on quality of life, the City partnered with a professional landscape architect firm and is in the beginning phases of a Parks plan that will highlight investment opportunities for Forsythe, Charles Johnson, and Chennault Parks. Additionally, the City has just kicked off a recreation center revisioning plan, pulling together a guide for strategic investment into these necessary anchors in our community infrastructure. For the Civic Center complex, the City has engaged a global music policy- and creative place-making company to conduct a venue audit & prepare benchmarking strategies, including a citywide music strategy to better understand, support, and grow the creative economy.

Crime reduction is another focus of the Ellis administration. In 2021, we aimed for a 20% reduction in violent crime. Thanks to Chief Zordan's leadership and the dedication of our police force, the City has seen 20.8% reduction in violent crime. MPD's mentorship program is having great success. The Monroe Police Aspiring Change Program (MPAC) has seen positive outcomes with all its participants. Due to the success of the program, the City plans to expand this program in the future. The work continues to bring our police officer staffing up to optimum levels. Chief Zordan is confident, by working together, we can be successful in making our community a safer, more vibrant place to call home.

The City of Monroe has many Community Development projects in various stages. Recently, the City rolled out new permitting software to help facilitate "doing business" with Monroe. This will provide a virtual "one stop" for permitting and licensing for businesses in Monroe. The City is also in the process of restructuring its housing program to better serve our community with affordable homes. The City is aggressively engaged in neighborhood cleanup efforts that address beautification, and minimizing illegal dumping, removing dilapidated houses and litter abatement. Funding for and installation of playground equipment is a high priority.

There are several infrastructure projects in the works. The expansion and renovation of Monroe's Water Treatment Plant is ongoing. The project will renovate the existing plant, built in the 1960's, and add an additional rated capacity of 8 million gallons of water per day. This is essential for both current demand and future growth. The estimated cost of construction is \$47.8 million. The City broke ground on this project in the Summer of 2021 with the new plant on track to be in full service by the end of 2023.

The City of Monroe has 52 capital outlay projects in the works valued at over \$250 million. Those are projects that are currently under construction, in plan review, or in the beginning phases of engineering.

The City has spent countless hours lobbying lawmakers and our local delegation for help and because of that hard work, was able to get final funding for a decades-old project - the Kansas Lane Connector. Thanks to grants and an earmark from Congresswoman Julia Letlow, we are well on our way to fully funding the Texas-Standifer Trunkline project - our largest economic challenge in the city.

The City is also working with community partner, the Downtown Economic Development District, to construct a marina on the Ouachita River. This marina will provide private slips, temporary docking slips and a convenience store with a fueling station, as well as other amenities.

Recently, the City announced plans using state-generated sales tax increment funds to purchase a vital piece of property in the Tower Drive Economic Development District, then lease it to the newly formed not-for-profit Biomedical Research Innovation Park, or BRIP. BRIP plans to build a \$35 million research facility next to the University of Monroe's College of Pharmacy. This project will provide hundreds of high-paying jobs and along with St. Francis expanding, the presence of the Edward Via College of Osteopathic Medicine, and the planned Oschner Cancer Facility will be a catalyst for additional growth in the medical industry in which Monroe.

The Monroe-West Monroe CVB commissioned an Economic/Fiscal Impact study for a potential tennis court expansion project. This feasibility study led to the CVB approving a \$1.8M grant with a local City match of \$2,696,129 for the expansion of the tennis facilities at Forsythe Park. The expansion includes 7 new courts, expanded parking, ADA compliant sidewalks, and a new clubhouse that can be used as an event space as well. The expansion also helps to meet the needs of the LHSAA Governing Board, which will ensure that the LHSAA State Tennis Tournament will remain in Monroe for the foreseeable future. This tournament has a significant economic impact on the City of Monroe.

By far, one of the most significant initiatives for the City of Monroe, is a collaborative effort with the State of Louisiana, Amtrak, the Southern Rail Commission, the I-20 Corridor Council, Transportation for America, and communities along Interstate 20 to bring passenger rail from Dallas, TX to Meridian, MS. This would connect Dallas to Atlanta via passenger rail service. The Louisiana State Legislature dedicated \$10M towards passenger rail along the I-20 Corridor. Having passenger rail will drive economic growth in the City of Monroe and communities along Interstate 20.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In accordance with section 5-05 of the City Charter, the Mayor submitted the year 2022-2026 Capital Improvement Plan to the City Council. There are 14 projects from years 2022 through 2026, which total approximately \$211.5 million. Some projects include:

PROJECT	FUNDING	AMOUNT (IN MILLIONS)
BRIDGE REPLACEMENT/REPAIRS MULTIPLE SITES	1% Sales Tax/FEMA	\$5.6
HWY 165 CONNECTOR-PHASE I	Capital Outlay	3.6
HWY 165 TANK & MAIN	Water Capital Fund-Revenues	4.4
NEW PUMPER TRUCKS	TBD	2.6
SIDEWALK & LIGHTING PROJECTS	Capital Special Revenue Fund	5.4
WATER TREATMENT PLANT EXPANSION & RENOVATION	Water Capital Fund-Bonds	36.0
WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS	Water Capital Fund-Revenues	26.0
FIRE STATION NO. 5	2% Insurance Fund	1.8
AIRPORT RUNWAY EXTENSION	Grants	8.0
AIRPORT TAXIWAY REALIGNMENT	Grants	12.0
I-20 GARRETT-KANSAS CONNECTOR	Multiple	35.0
FRONTAGE ROAD PROJECT	I-20 Bond Fund	13.5

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Awards

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Monroe for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. The City of Monroe is proud to have received this award five years in a row beginning with our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial



report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

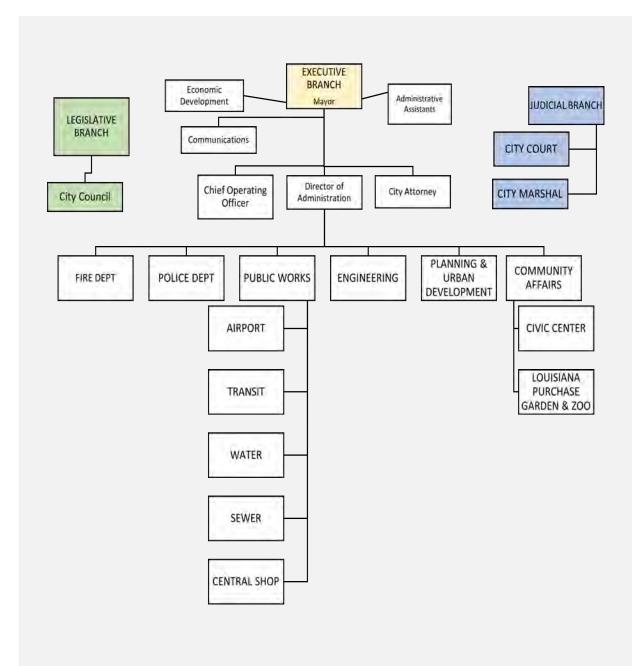
The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Accounting Division. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances. I also acknowledge the thorough, professional, and timely manner in which the audit was conducted by our independent auditors, *Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP*.

Respectfully submitted,

Starey Rowell

Stacey Rowell, CPA Director of Administration

CITY OF MONROE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF MONROE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Mayor and City Council



Mayor Friday Ellis

Appointed Officials				
Angie Sturdivant	City Attorney			
Stacey Rowell	Director of Administration			
Victor Zordan	Police Chief			
Terry Williams	Fire Chief			
Tom Janway (retired Sep-2021Sean Benton (interim)	Director of Public Works			
Kim Golden (resigned Oct-2021) Morgan McCallister	City Engineer			
Ellen Hill	Director of Planning & Urban Development			
Doug Seegers	Director of Community Affairs			
Jimmie Bryant	Chief Operating Officer			
Kelsea McCrary	Chief Cultural & Economic Development Officer			

Council District 1 Douglas "Doug" Harvey

Council District 2 Gretchen Ezernack

Council District 3 Juanita G. Woods

Council District 4 Carday Marshall, Sr.

Council District 5 Kema Dawson



Independent Auditor's Report

GREEN & WILLIAMSON The CPA. Never Underestimate The Value.⁵⁴

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P. O. Box 6075

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Crystal Patterson, CPA Sandra Harper, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Council Members and Honorable Mayor Ellis City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditor, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, Louisiana as of April 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Monroe City Court and Monroe City Marshal, which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of April 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it related to the amounts included for Monroe City Court and Monroe City Marshal, are based solely on the report of the other auditor.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- •exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- •identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- •obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- •evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- •conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matters

As disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the net pension liability for the City was \$48,683,228 at April 30, 2022, as determined by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) and Firefighters' Retirement System (FRS). The related actuarial valuations were performed by MERS's, MPERS's and FRS's actuaries using various assumptions. Because

actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at April 30, 2022, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability for the City was \$74,216,237 at April 30, 2022 related to its participation in a single-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The related actuarial valuations were performed by the City's actuary using various assumptions. Because actual experience may differ from the assumptions used, there is a risk that this amount at April 30, 2022, could be under or overstated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employer Contributions to Pension Plans, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and notes to the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and another auditor have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Monroe's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, dated October 31, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

DIVIDER

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DIVIDER

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Monroe (the City), we offer readers of the City of Monroe's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, identify changes in the City's financial position, and identify material deviations and individual fund issues or concerns. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements which follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis. Amounts are presented in millions unless otherwise noted.

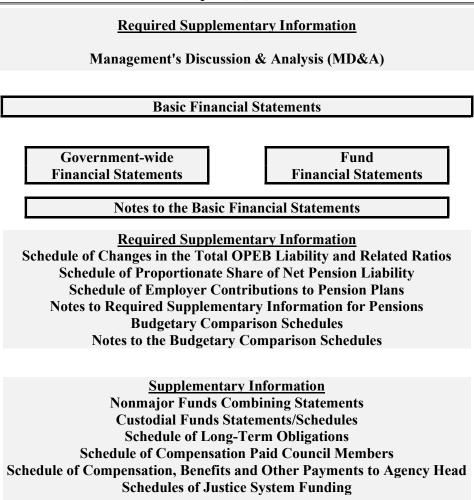
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS The primary resources available to the City are:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$137.8 million. Of this amount, \$62.8 million represents the portion of net position, which is restricted for capital improvements, debt service and other externally imposed restrictions.
- The government's total net position increased by \$23.5 million. This increase is mainly due to sales tax increase of \$5.6 million or 8.1% which can be attributed to the increase in local spending due to the issuance of stimulus checks to the citizens and an increase in inflation.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$100.9 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, approximately \$18.5 million is in unassigned fund balance.
- The General Fund's fund balance was \$19.4 million at the end of the fiscal year, in which \$0.9 million was nonspendable for inventories and prepaid items and the remaining \$18.5 million was unassigned.
- The City's total debt for bonds payable decreased by approximately \$11.4 million during the current fiscal year.

Using This Report

The City's annual comprehensive financial report consists of a series of sections and a series of financial statements, which are presented in the tables below that show information for the City as a whole, its funds and its fiduciary responsibilities.

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
Introductory Section
Transmittal Letter
Organization Chart
Elected Officials and Selected Administrative Officers
Financial Section
(Details outlined in the next chart)
Statistical Section
Statistical Section
Financial Trends
Revenue Capacity
Debt Capacity
Demographic and Economic Information
Operating Information



Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Not only do the government-wide financial statements include the City itself which is the primary government, but also its component units, Monroe City Court and Monroe City Marshal. Although these component units are legally separated, their operational or financial relationship with the City makes the City financially accountable. The component units' audit reports can be obtained by contacting the City or the respective component unit.

Government-wide financial statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to the private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position provides information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases

or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Monroe is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxed and intergovernmental revenues, (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, planning and urban development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the airport, public transportation system, civic center, zoo, water and sewer systems.

Fund financial statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General fund and the Capital Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements reported in supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and all Special Revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided as Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and the Capital Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The nonmajor special revenue budgetary comparison statements have been provided as Supplementary Information.

Proprietary funds The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. An internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Because the internal service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type

functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The major proprietary funds are the Monroe Regional Airport, Water and Sewer funds.

Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds: accrual basis.

Notes to the financial statements The notes to the financial statements information is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

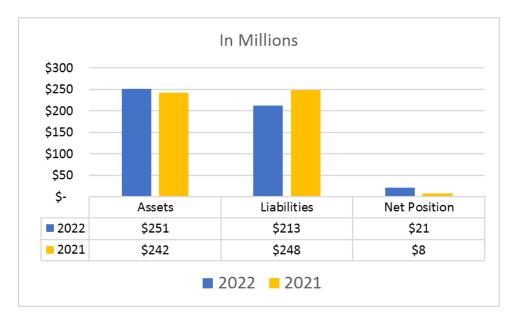
Other information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's compliance with budgets for its major funds. The combining statements for non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE The City's net position was \$137.8 million at April 30, 2022. Of this amount, a deficit of \$112.0 million was reported as unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the City's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis on this page and page 25 focuses on the net position, (Table 1) and the change in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 Net Position April 30, (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 118.2	\$ 107.2	\$ 45.4	\$ 53.9	\$ 163.6	\$ 161.1
Capital assets	132.7	134.7	170.0	151.3	302.7	286.0
Total assets	250.9	241.9	215.4	205.2	466.3	447.1
Deferred outflow of resources	30.6	41.2	3.8	5.3	34.4	46.5
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities	16.4	6.7	10.0	4.3	26.4	11.0
Long-term liabilities	196.2	241.4	88.7	98.9	284.9	340.3
Total liabilities	212.6	248.1	98.7	103.2	311.3	351.3
Deferred inflow of resources	48.0	27.5	3.6	0.5	51.6	28.0
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	83.6	80.6	103.4	100.6	187.0	181.2
Restricted	53.2	54.4	9.6	8.3	62.8	62.7
Unrestricted	(115.9)	(127.5)	3.9	(2.1)	(112.0)	(129.6)
Total net position	\$ 20.9	\$ 7.5	\$ 116.9	\$ 106.8	\$ 137.8	\$ 114.3

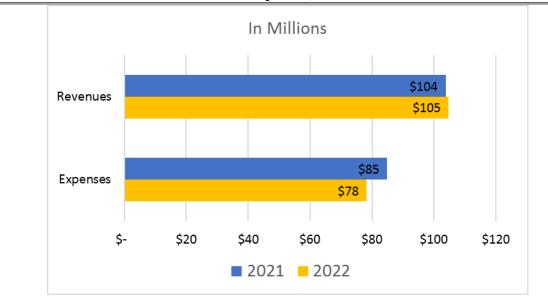
The deficit of \$115.9 million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents accumulated results of all past years' operations. It means that if the City had to pay off all of its bills today including all of its non-capital liabilities such as other post-retirement benefits (OPEB), pension and compensated absences, there would be a shortage of \$115.9 million. The decrease in the deficit for 2022 was mainly due to an increase in sales tax revenue of 8.1%



The results of this year's operations for the City as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 on the following page, takes the information from that statement and rearranges it slightly so that readers can see total revenues for the year.

Table 2Changes in Net PositionFor the Year Ended April 30,(in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 11.7	\$ 11.0	\$ 24.1	\$ 23.0	\$ 35.8	\$ 34.0
Operating grants and contributions	4.5	7.6	3.5	4.2	8.0	11.8
Capital grants and contributions	0.2	2.4	8.6	6.4	8.8	8.8
General Revenues						
Property taxes	9.4	9.3	2.7	2.6	12.1	11.9
Sales taxes	76.7	71.1	-	-	76.7	71.1
Other taxes	2.2	2.0	-	-	2.2	2.0
Other general revenues	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	1.5	0.6
Total revenues	106.1	103.9	39.0	36.3	145.1	140.2
Expenses:						
General government	17.9	18.0	-	-	17.9	18.0
Public safety	32.0	36.2	-	-	32.0	36.2
Public works	20.4	21.5	-	-	20.4	21.5
Culture and recreation	5.4	5.1	-	-	5.4	5.1
Planning and urban development	2.2	2.1	-	-	2.2	2.1
Economic development	0.1	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.2
Interest in debt	1.6	1.8	-	-	1.6	1.8
Airport	-	-	7.2	6.4	7.2	6.4
Transit	-	-	5.7	4.8	5.7	4.8
Civic center	-	-	3.1	2.4	3.1	2.4
Water	-	-	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
Sewer	-	-	11.6	11.5	11.6	11.5
Zoo	-	-	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.6
Total expenses	79.6	84.9	42.0	39.2	121.6	124.1
Increase (decrease) in net position	26.5	19.0	(3.0)	(2.9)	23.5	16.1
before transfers and special items						
Transfers	(13.1)	(7.4)	13.1	7.4	-	-
Change in net position	13.4	11.6	10.1	4.5	23.5	16.1
Net position - beginning	7.5	(4.1)	106.8	102.3	114.3	98.2
Net position- ending	\$ 20.9	\$ 7.5	\$ 116.9	\$ 106.8	\$ 137.8	\$ 114.3



Governmental Activities Expenses are classified by functions/programs. Public safety accounts for approximately \$32.0 million for fiscal year 2022. Other functions such as general government, public works, planning and urban development, culture and recreation and economic development totaled approximately \$46 million. The remaining cost represents payments for interest on long term debt totaling approximately \$1.6 million.

The related program revenues for fiscal year 2022 directly related to these expenses totaled \$16.4 million, which resulted in net program expenses of \$63.2 million. The remaining balance of expenses represents the cost to the taxpayers. The costs of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and federal grants are paid primarily from the following sources:

- Sales tax revenues are the largest and most significant source of revenue for the City. It provides approximately \$76.7 million of general revenues.
- Property taxes are the second largest revenue source to the City, generating approximately \$9.4 million of general revenues.

Business-type activities Business-type activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$10.1 million. The key element of this increase is due to an increase in the amount of grant revenue received in both the Airport and Transit funds.

THE CITY'S FUNDS As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows/outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$100.9 million, a decrease of \$1.5 million in comparison with the prior year. The reason for this decrease is due to increased spending on major projects in both the Capital Infrastructure and the I-20 Corridor Improvements Capital Project Funds. Approximately \$72.3 million of this total amount is restricted or non-spendable fund balance and is not available for new spending. The remainder of fund balance, approximately \$28.6 million is committed, assigned or unassigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At fiscal year end, fund balance of the General Fund was approximately \$19.4 million of which approximately \$0.9 million was nonspendable because it is for inventories and prepaid items.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund had an increase of approximately \$.7 million.

The Capital Infrastructure Fund, a major capital project fund, has a fund balance of \$24.2 million, which is a decrease of \$2.7 million from prior year. As mentioned above, this decrease is due to greater spending for ongoing capital projects.

The I-20 Corridor Improvements fund, a major capital project fund, has a fund balance of \$17.7 million, which is a decrease of \$4.7 million from prior year. This fund decrease is primarily due to increased spending on projects in the district including approximately \$3.6 million on construction of the I-20 frontage road from Nutland to Lowes and \$1 million on the I-20 north frontage road project.

The nonmajor special revenue funds have a total fund balance of \$10.9 million. The nonmajor special revenue funds had an increase of \$.9 million.

The debt service funds have a total fund balance of \$16.4 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. These funds had an increase of \$1.3 million.

The capital project funds have a fund balance of approximately \$12.3 million which is restricted and assigned for capital improvements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statues Title 39, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LA-RS 39:1301 et seq.), the City must adopt a budget for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds prior to April 30. The original budget of the City went into effect on May 1, 2021 and the final budget amendment was adopted on March 22, 2022.

The City had an increase in the total amounts available for appropriations of \$4.5 million. The actual amounts available for appropriations were \$86.5 million, which was \$2.7 million more than final budget. The net increase was mainly due to increases in sales tax revenue.

The City had increased the final budgeted charges to appropriations by \$5.4 million from the original budget. However, the actual amount of charges for appropriations was more than the final budget amount by \$1.1 million. This increase of actual charges in comparison to the final budget was mainly due to a transfer out to a capital project fund for planned future projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets At April 30, 2022, the City had \$302.7 million invested in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$16.7 million or 5.8% from last year. See Note 6 in the notes to the financial statements for more information.

Capital Assets April 30, (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		ivities	Business-Type			be	Total				
	2022		2021		2	2022		021	2022		2021	
Land	\$	27.3	\$	27.1	\$	5.9	\$	5.9		\$ 33.2	\$	33.0
Construction in progress		18.0		17.7		42.8		14.0		60.8		31.7
Buildings and improvements		47.8		45.3		82.4		82.4		130.2		127.7
Furniture and equipment		41.3		40.8		23.9		22.2		65.2		63.0
Infrastructure		203.8		198.5		222.8		222.3		426.5		420.8
Totals		338.1		329.4		377.6		346.8		715.9		676.3
Less: accumulated depreciation		(205.3)	(194.7)	(207.6)	(195.5)	_	(412.9)	(390.2)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	132.7	\$	134.7	\$	170.0	\$	151.3		\$ 302.7	\$	286.0

Major Capital asset events during the fiscal year include the following:

- Kansas Lane Connector
- Runway 14-32 Extension
- Airport Drainage Improvements
- Water Treatment Plant Renovation and Expansion
- I-20 Frontage Road Nutland to Lowe's
- Texas Standifer Trunk Line Sewer Repairs
- Zoo Parking Lot Improvements

Debt Administration At April 30, 2022, the City had \$162 million outstanding in long-term debt versus \$174.8 million at April 30, 2021 which is a decrease of 7.3%. See Notes 11 and 12 in the notes to the financial statements for more information. At April 30, 2022, the City's outstanding debt consisted of:

Outstanding Debt April 30 (in millions)

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business	s-Type	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Tax increment bonds	\$ 38.8	\$ 41.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38.8	\$ 41.7		
Sales tax bonds	-	-	11.7	13.1	11.7	13.1		
Sales tax refunding bonds	25.7	29.9	18.6	20.4	44.3	50.3		
Water revenue bonds	-	-	33.4	34.0	33.4	34.0		
Airport revenue bonds	-	-	13.4	13.9	13.4	13.9		
Bond premium	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.9		
Claims and judgments	6.8	6.9	-	-	6.8	6.9		
Capital leases	5.1	6.5	-	-	5.1	6.5		
Compensated absences	6.5	6.3	1.3	1.2	7.8	7.5		
Total	\$ 83.0	\$ 91.4	\$ 79.0	\$ 83.4	\$ 162.0	\$ 174.8		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES The following are currently known economic factors to be considered for the 2022-2023 fiscal year:

For fiscal year 2022, the City has seen an increase in sales taxes of approximately \$8.4 million or 13.4% over fiscal year 2021. This increase is primarily attributed to both the issuance of COVID-19 related stimulus checks as well as the extension and expansion of unemployment benefits which provided our citizens with more disposable income. This combination of events resulted in increased spending in our local economy. The first half of fiscal year 2023 has now seen a downturn in sales taxes but the City does not have enough data to predict the long-term effect on future revenues.

The City's Mayor is committed to pursuing multiple economic development projects and strategies for longterm sustainable revenue growth. In continued response to the COVID-19 pandemic and to assist the United States (US) with economic recovery, Congress passed the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Act) on January 3, 2021. The Act allocated direct funding to governmental entities throughout the US including the City of Monroe. The total amount allocated to the City is \$18.3 million. The first half of this allotment was received in June 2021 and the second half was received in June 2022. Using these funds, the City will be able to make a one-time substantial investments in various projects throughout the city.

The City budgeted for salary increases in every department in fiscal year 2022. Those raises are now fully in effect. This is the first raise in six years for most employees.

The City has also recently seen a significant reduction in our health care costs. These savings have allowed the City to maintain our current premiums for our employees.

For fiscal year 2021-2022, City management continues to monitor revenue and expenditures in an effort to find operational savings to ensure long-term financial stability.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any information should be addressed to the Director of Administration, The City of Monroe, 400 Lea Joyner Memorial Expressway, Monroe, Louisiana 71201.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

Statement A

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2022

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	COMPONENT UNITS	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,590,810	\$	12,511,760	\$	105,102,570	\$	2,481,785
Investments		1,511,884		-		1,511,884		3,816
Restricted assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		27,559,304		27,559,304		-
Receivables, net		19,064,277		8,210,942		27,275,219		53,950
Internal balances		4,006,837		(4,006,837)		-		-
Inventories		298,028		605,463		903,491		-
Prepaid expenses		795,677		467,252		1,262,929		20,298
Capital assets								
Land and construction in progress		45,303,420		48,588,476		93,891,896		-
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation		87,375,760		121,451,352		208,827,112		63,608
TOTAL ASSETS		250,946,693		215,387,712		466,334,405		2,623,457
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pensions		11,348,542		2,191,786		13,540,328		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		19,239,722		-		19,239,722		-
Deferred outflows related to refunding		-		1,623,939		1,623,939		-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		30,588,264		3,815,725		34,403,989		-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts and retainage payable		4,224,252		7,242,946		11,467,198		78,834
Accrued liabilities		2,609,508		79,915		2,689,423		10,462
Unearned revenues		9,189,603		800		9,190,403		-
Due to others		74,782		3,135		77,917		-
Deposits due others		-		1,622,870		1,622,870		-
Accrued interest payable		329,066		1,082,665		1,411,731		-
Long term liabilities:								
Long-term debt due within on year								
Bonds, claims, compensated absences		13,868,039		6,352,366		20,220,405		950
Long-term debt due in more than one year						-		
Bonds, claims, compensated absences		69,158,553		72,594,946		141,753,499		-
Net pension liability		38,963,392		9,719,836		48,683,228		-
OPEB liability		74,216,237		-		74,216,237		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		212,633,432		98,699,479		311,332,911		90,246
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions		23,805,247		3,611,484		27,416,731		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		24,158,279		<u> </u>		24,158,279		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$	47,963,526	\$	3,611,484	\$	51,575,010	\$	_
			-				-	

(Continued)

Monroe, Louisiana

Statement A

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2022

	 PR	IMAF	Y GOVERNME	NT			
	 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		MPONENT UNITS
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 83,627,471	\$	103,437,997	\$	187,065,468	\$	62,658
Restricted for							
Debt service	20,961,125		8,191,755		29,152,880		-
Capital improvements	8,610,753		-		8,610,753		-
Public safety	3,944,939		-		3,944,939		50,532
Public works	19,232,133		-		19,232,133		-
Planning and urban development	333,983		-		333,983		-
Judicial	127,107		-		127,107		1,739,387
Revenue producing activity for airport	-		345,806		345,806		-
Passenger facility charges	-		1,039,814		1,039,814		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (115,899,512)		3,877,102		(112,022,410)		680,634
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 20,937,999	\$	116,892,474	\$	137,830,473	\$	2,533,211

(Concluded)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

					PROG	RAM REVENU	ES				
							0				
		EXPENSES		ARGES FOR		RANTS AND		RANTS AND			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		LAFENSES		SERVICES							
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$	17,672,792	\$	10,257,873	\$	461,806	\$	-			
Public safety		32,045,415		262,548		2,516,500		-			
Public works		20,404,494		64,771		-		184,347			
Culture and recreation		5,419,040		649,141		3,900		, _			
Planning and urban development		2,188,572		463,019		1,503,833		-			
Economic development and assistance		141,648		-		-		-			
Interest on long-term debt		1,746,643		-		-		-			
Total Governmental Activities	_	79,618,604		11,697,352	_	4,486,039		184,347			
Business-Type Activitites:											
Airport		7,206,122		3,225,433		791,171		6,781,423			
Transit		5,494,539		350,576		2,639,023		1,590,817			
Civic Center		3,058,927		554,211		65,625		-			
Water		12,650,946		12,590,338		-		4,061			
Sewer		11,624,413		6,829,252		-		99,989			
Zoo		1,806,942		556,746		-		-			
Total Business-Type Activities		41,841,889		24,106,556		3,495,819		8,476,290			
Total Primary Government	\$	121,460,493	\$	35,803,908	\$	7,981,858	\$	8,660,637			
Component units											
City Court	\$	2,347,782	\$	700,857	\$	19,045					
City Marshal		1,476,209		215,866		-					
Total Component Units	\$	3,823,991	\$	916,723	\$	19,045					
	E	Ad valorem tax Sales tax Other taxes Farnings on inve Miscellaneous Insfers Total general m Changes in	stme	ues and trans	fers						
	Ne	t position beginr	ning								
	Prior period adjustment, implementation of GASB 84										
	Ne	t position beginr	ning,	as restated							
	Ne	t position ending)								

Statement B

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
G	overnmental		usiness-Type				OMPONENT				
0	Activities	2	Activities		TOTAL	Ŭ	UNITS				
	1001100		rearrade		101712						
\$	(6,953,113)	\$	-	\$	(6,953,113)						
	(29,266,367)		-		(29,266,367)						
	(20,155,376)		-		(20,155,376)						
	(4,765,999)		-		(4,765,999)						
	(221,720)		-		(221,720)						
	(141,648)		-		(141,648)						
	(1,746,643)		-		(1,746,643)						
	(63,250,866)		-		(63,250,866)						
	-		3,591,905		3,591,905						
	-		(914,123)		(914,123)						
	-		(2,439,091)		(2,439,091)						
	-		(56,547)		(56,547)						
	-		(4,695,172)		(4,695,172)						
	-	1	(1,250,196)		(1,250,196)						
	-		(5,763,224)		(5,763,224)						
	(63,250,866)		(5,763,224)		(69,014,090)						
						\$	(1,627,880)				
						Ψ	(1,260,343)				
							(2,888,223)				
	9,351,320		2,667,126		12,018,446		-				
	76,724,493		-		76,724,493		-				
	2,240,604		-		2,240,604		-				
	56,126		11,299		67,425		13,124				
	1,403,377		75,050		1,478,427		2,676,691				
	(13,075,543)		13,075,543		-		-				
	76,700,377		15,829,018		92,529,395		2,689,815				
_	13,449,511		10,065,794		23,515,305		(198,408)				
	7,488,488		106,826,680		114,315,168		987,287				
	_		-		-		1,744,332				
	7,488,488	1	106,826,680		114,315,168		2,731,619				
\$	20,937,999	\$	116,892,474	\$	137,830,473	\$	2,533,211				
\$	20,937,999	\$	116,892,474	\$	137,830,473	\$	2,533,211				

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

Statement C

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

	GENERAL	AMERICAN RESCUE Plan Act	CAPITAL PROJECT CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE	CAPITAL PROJECT I-20 CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Interfund receivables Inventories	\$ 6,716,852 1,511,884 9,802,269 5,926,204 258,452	\$ 9,163,829 - - - -	\$ 22,371,241 - 3,260,898 95,477	\$ 17,481,670 - 904,996 82,591	\$ 36,089,619 - 4,602,238 768,509	\$ 91,823,211 1,511,884 18,570,401 6,872,781 258,452
Prepaid items and other assets	614,052				181,625	795,677
TOTAL ASSETS	24,829,713	9,163,829	25,727,616	18,469,257	41,641,991	119,832,406
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:						
Accounts and retainage payable	1,343,724	-	1,573,204	634,019	467,333	4,018,280
Accrued liabilities	1,993,453	-	-	-	55	1,993,508
Interfund payables	2,022,858	-	-	153,020	1,489,100	3,664,978
Unearned revenue	17,725	9,163,829	-	-	8,049	9,189,603
Due to others	33,644				41,138	74,782
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,411,404	9,163,829	1,573,204	787,039	2,005,675	18,941,151
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable						
Prepaid items and other assets	614,052	-	-	-	181,625	795,677
Inventories	258,452	-	-	-	-	258,452
Spendable						
Restricted	-	-	24,154,412	17,682,218	29,384,694	71,221,324
Committed	-	-	-	-	2,431,921	2,431,921
Assigned	-	-	-	-	7,668,347	7,668,347
Unassigned (deficit)	18,545,805				(30,271)	18,515,534
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	19,418,309		24,154,412	17,682,218	39,636,316	100,891,255
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 24,829,713	\$ 9,163,829	\$ 25,727,616	\$ 18,469,257	\$ 41,641,991	\$ 119,832,406

Monroe,	Louisia	na			
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the S April				Ş	Statement D
Total fund balances - governmental funds				\$	100,891,255
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipme or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental fu includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as deprecia programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in	nds. The whole. Th ation expended of Activitie	Statement of Net F ne cost of those ca nse) to the various s. Because depres	Position pital S		
Costs of capital assets - land and construction in p Costs of capital assets - depreciable assets Depreciation expense to date	rogress	\$	45,258,420 288,996,854 (203,068,745)		
					131,186,529
Some revenues were collected more than sixty days after year-er	nd and, th	erefore, are not av	ailable		
soon enough to pay for current-period expenditures.					
Receivable - Sales tax increment - I-20 Corridor			368,294		
Receivable - Sales tax increment - Tower Drive			125,582		
					493,876
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current pe	eriod expe	nditures and there	fore		
are not reported in the governmental funds.					
Deferred outflows related to pensions					11,348,542
Deferred outflows related to OPEB					19,239,722
in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund lia current and long term - are reported in the Statement of Net Pos Balances at April 30, 2022 are: Accrued interest payable					(329,066)
Bonds payable			(64,535,280)		
Bond premium			(82,169)		
Claims and judgments payable Obligation under capital leases			(6,783,069)		
Compensated absences payable			(5,080,961) (6,545,113)		
Other post employment benefits			(74,216,237)		
Net pension obligation			(38,963,392)		
					(196,206,221)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the curr not reported in the governmental funds.	ent period	and accordingly a	are		
Deferred inflows related to pensions					(23,805,247)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB					(24,158,279)
Internal service funds are used by management to account for the repair and maintenance services and motor fuels to various City. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are include governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	departme				
Cash and cash equivalents			767,599		
Interfund Receivables			1,808,384		
Inventories			39,576		
Capital assets cost	\$	3,717,285			
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,224,634)	4 400 054		
Total capital assets, net			1,492,651		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses			(1,831,322)		2 276 200
Total net position - governmental activities				\$	<u>2,276,888</u> 20,937,999
				<u> </u>	

Statement E

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	GENERAL	AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT	CAPITAL PROJECT CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE	CAPITAL PROJECT I-20 CORRIDOR IMPROVEMENTS	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
REVENUES	OENENAL					TOTAL
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$ 8,006,654	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,344,666	\$ 9,351,320
Sales	43,167,949	· _	. 18,532,350	· _	15,024,194	76,724,493
Other taxes, penalties and interest	2,240,604	-	-	-		2,240,604
Licenses, permits and assessments	3,294,331	-	-	-	-	3,294,331
Intergovernmental revenues	2,286,784	-	148,243	-	2,252,038	4,687,065
Fees, charges and commissions for services	6,769,035	-		-	866,358	7,635,393
Fines and forfeitures	528,480	-	-	-	33,382	561,862
Use of money and property	108,462	-	19,390	2,287	16,166	146,305
Miscellaneous revenues	120,644	-		904,996	234,413	1,260,053
Total revenues	66,522,943		18,699,983	907,283	19,771,217	105,901,426
	00,022,040		10,000,000		13,771,217	100,001,420
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative	554,804	-	-	-	-	554,804
Judicial	2,675,507	-	-	-	-	2,675,507
Executive	938,291	-	871,683	-	-	1,809,974
Financial administration	11,804,374	-	-	299,500	40,457	12,144,331
Other general government	938,551	-	-	-	63,136	1,001,687
Public Safety						
Police	12,252,079	-	-	-	4,815,189	17,067,268
Fire	12,980,345	-	-	-	4,860,600	17,840,945
Public Works	10,623,908	-	123,722	-	4,131	10,751,761
Culture and recreation	4,993,899	-	-	-	126,377	5,120,276
Planning and urban development	909,992	-	-	-	1,380,861	2,290,853
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	294,160	294,160
Capital outlay	280,681	-	8,133,430	5,287,880	1,599,499	15,301,490
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	427,608	-	-	-	8,197,095	8,624,703
Interest and bank charges	32,238	-	-	-	1,761,559	1,793,797
Bond issuance costs					170,036	170,036
Total expenditures	59,412,277		9,128,835	5,587,380	23,313,100	97,441,592
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	7,110,666	-	9,571,148	(4,680,097)	(3,541,883)	8,459,834
		·		(1,000,001)	(0,011,000)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,176,690	-	58,414	-	8,521,859	9,756,963
Transfers out	(7,617,288)	-	(12,290,844)	-	(273,933)	(20,182,065)
Insurance proceeds	99,375	-	-	-	233,600	332,975
Sale of assets	(47,415)	-	-	-	-	(47,415)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	10,405,000	10,405,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					(10,233,991)	(10,233,991)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(6,388,638)		(12,232,430)		8,652,535	(9,968,533)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	722,028	-	(2,661,282)	(4,680,097)	5,110,652	(1,508,699)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	18,696,281		26,815,694	22,362,315	34,525,664	102,399,954
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 19,418,309	\$	\$ 24,154,412	\$ 17,682,218	\$ 39,636,316	\$ 100,891,255

Monroe, Louisiana		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2022	Balances	Statement F
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (1,508,699)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because	:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period: Capital outlays Depreciation		(524,974)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets, such as sales and trade-ins:		
Basis of capital assets sold and traded in		(1,391,468)
Some revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds; whereas other revenues may be reported in prior periods statement of activities but are reported as current years financial resources in the governmental funds. Capital Infrastructure Sales tax increment - I-20 Corridor	(24,699)	
Sales tax increment - Tower Drive	(5,416)	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net position. Also, gover funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whe these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Amortization of bond premium	nmental preas 40,725	(30,115)
Bonds principal payments Capital leases	7,055,720 1,397,975	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest payable Claims and judgments payable Accrued vacation and sick pay		8,494,420
The recognition of pension expense in the Statement of Activities is based on projected benefit payments discounted to actuarial present value and attributed to periods of employee service.		(108,145)
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are the amounts actually paid.		9,034,450
Other post-employment benefits are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures when paid. The unfunded annual contribution is reported in the Statement of Activities as it accrues.		(3,271,356)
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service funds is reported with governmental activities.		2,755,398
Total net change in net position - governmental activities.		\$ 13,449,511
THE NOTES TO THE EINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL DART OF THIS STATEM		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Fund Net Position April 30, 2022

		BUSINESS - TYP	E ACTIVITIES - ENT	ERPRISE FUNDS		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES -
		Major Funds				
	MONROE REGIONAL AIRPORT	WATER	SEWER FUND	NONMAJOR	TOTAL ENTERPRISE	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,881	\$ 8,590,947	\$ 3,892,632	\$ 12,300	\$ 12,511,760	\$ 767,599
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,816,248	18,003,931	7,739,125	-	27,559,304	-
Receivables, net	4,113,276	2,034,157	1,252,964	810,545	8,210,942	-
Interfund receivables	28,746	847,611	38	58,119	934,514	1,808,384
Inventories	-	383,374	52,701	169,388	605,463	39,576
Prepaid expenses and other assets	26,825	1,470		438,957	467,252	
Total Current Assets	6,000,976	29,861,490	12,937,460	1,489,309	50,289,235	2,615,559
Negeringet Assets						
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets	40,000,000	22 202 500	E 20E 020	4 070 707	40 500 470	45.000
Land and construction in progress	18,699,230	23,303,589	5,305,920	1,279,737	48,588,476	45,000
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets	44,426,985	19,697,913	52,931,828	4,394,626	121,451,352	1,447,651
Total Noncurrent Assets	63,126,215	43,001,502	58,237,748	5,674,363	170,039,828	1,492,651
TOTAL ASSETS	69,127,191	72,862,992	71,175,208	7,163,672	220,329,063	4,108,210
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						-
Deferred outflows related to pensions	333,669	824,304	372,148	661,665	2,191,786	-
Deferred outflows related to refunding	1,498,717	125,222	-	-	1,623,939	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1,832,386	949,526	372,148	661,665	3,815,725	
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts and retainage payables	2,491,377	4,042,939	387,874	320,756	7,242,946	205,972
Accrued liabilities	-	79,915	-	-	79,915	616,000
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	800	800	-
Interfund payables	1,339,959	346,483	3,254,909	-	4,941,351	1,009,350
Due to others	3,135	-	-	-	3,135	-
Customer deposits, net	-	1,619,916	454	2,500	1,622,870	-
Accrued interest	123,426	752,214	207,025	-	1,082,665	-
Current portion of long term debt	521,913	1,297,658	4,261,097	271,698	6,352,366	
Total Current Liabilities	4,479,810	8,139,125	8,111,359	595,754	21,326,048	1,831,322
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Compensated absences	51,883	140,727	240.831	151,771	585,212	_
Revenue bonds, notes payable, net	12.829.014	35,054,200	24,126,520	101,771	72,009,734	_
Net pension liability	1,144,503	3,804,214	1,717,491	3,053,628	9,719,836	_
	i					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,025,400	38,999,141	26,084,842	3,205,399	82,314,782	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,505,210	47,138,266	34,196,201	3,801,153	103,640,830	1,831,322
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	631,512	1,321,984	596,837	1,061,151	3,611,484	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	48,943,631	18,856,897	29,963,106	5,674,363	103,437,997	1,492,651
Restricted						
Debt service	384,470	275,176	7,532,109	-	8,191,755	-
Revenue producing activity for airport	345,806	-	-	-	345,806	-
Passenger facility charges	1,039,814	-	-	-	1,039,814	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,109,134	6,220,195	(740,897)	(2,711,330)	3,877,102	784,237
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 51,822,855	\$ 25,352,268	\$ 36,754,318	\$ 2,963,033	\$ 116,892,474	\$ 2,276,888

THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

Statement G

Statement H

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

						GOVERNMENTAL
			E ACTIVITIES - ENTE	RPRISE FUNDS		ACTIVITIES
	MONROE REGIONAL AIRPORT	Major Funds WATER FUND	SEWER FUND	NONMAJOR	TOTAL ENTERPRISE	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 11,636,135
Rents and fees	2,410,767	-	-	468,342	2,879,109	-
Fares	-	-	-	295,004	295,004	-
Passenger facility fee	347,563	-	-	-	347,563	-
Advertising	7,200	-	-	32,010	39,210	-
Admissions	-	-	-	343,401	343,401	-
Concessions and rides	-	-	-	372,382	372,382	-
Water sales	-	12,590,338	-	-	12,590,338	-
Sewerage fees	-	-	6,829,252	-	6,829,252	-
Other operating revenue	197,524	595	-	16,429	214,548	-
Air Industrial Park rent	284,647			-	284,647	
Total operating revenues	3,247,701	12,590,933	6,829,252	1,527,568	24,195,454	11,636,135
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Benefits paid to participants	-	-	-	-	-	8,992,213
Salaries, wages, and benefits	1,799,167	4,202,140	1,941,368	4,365,285	12,307,960	922,255
Materials, repairs and supplies	747,261	2,483,686	2,007,000	1,368,651	6,606,598	87,267
Utilities and communications	378,509	978,951	1,028,693	872,588	3,258,741	51,455
Shop expenses	-	-	-	-	-	548,467
Insurance	-	-	-	682,676	682,676	-
Promoter's expenses	6,000	-	-	183,469	189,469	-
Other operating expenses	491,028	1,258,253	801,547	1,180,253	3,731,081	49,222
Depreciation and amortization	3,192,204	2,383,409	5,045,948	1,707,486	12,329,047	85,156
Total operating expenses	6,614,169	11,306,439	10,824,556	10,360,408	39,105,572	10,736,035
OPERATING INCOME (Loss)	(3,366,468)	1,284,494	(3,995,304)	(8,832,840)	(14,910,118)	900,100
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovernmental grants	7,572,594	4,061	99,989	4,380,090	12,056,734	-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	7,150	65,472	(15,231)	-	57,391	-
Interest income	1,331	3,938	366	5,664	11,299	106
Property taxes	448,496	-	-	2,218,630	2,667,126	-
Interest expense	(597,567)	(1,344,507)	(555,472)		(2,497,546)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,432,004	(1,271,036)	(470,348)	6,604,384	12,295,004	106
Income(Loss) before capital contributions and transfers	4,065,536	13,458	(4,465,652)	(2,228,456)	(2,615,114)	900,206
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital contributions	-	-	3,979,290	131,708	4,110,998	-
Transfers in		392,332	4,815,480	3,362,098	8,569,910	1,855,192
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers		392,332	8,794,770	3,493,806	12,680,908	1,855,192
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,065,536	405,790	4,329,118	1,265,350	10,065,794	2,755,398
NET POSITION (Deficit) - BEGINNING	47,757,319	24,946,478	32,425,200	1,697,683	106,826,680	(478,510)
NET POSITION (Deficit) - ENDING	\$ 51,822,855	\$ 25,352,268	\$ 36,754,318	\$ 2,963,033	\$ 116,892,474	\$ 2,276,888

Statement I

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL

											00	
					PE A	CTIVITIES - ENTE	ERP	RISE FUNDS				ACTIVITIES
	F	MONROE REGIONAL AIRPORT		Major Funds WATER FUND		SEWER FUND	-	NON-MAJOR	E	TOTAL		INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		570.070	_	10 501 010	<u> </u>	0.004.550	_	1 10 1 705	_	04 470 040	_	
Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	572,679	\$	12,591,913	\$	6,884,556	\$	1,424,765	\$	21,473,913	\$	- 10,084,364
Benefit payments to participants		-		-		-		-		-		(10,137,139
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		365,559		(1,458,048)		(3,654,731)		(4,417,209)		(9,164,429)		(749,152
Payments to employees for services and benefits		(1,125,711)		(2,490,419)		(1,065,458)		(3,035,956)		(7,717,544)		(922,255
Net cash provided (used) for operating activities		(187,473)		8,643,446		2,164,367		(6,028,400)		4,591,940		(1,724,182
CASH FLOWS (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Operating grants		791,171		-		-		4,380,090		5,171,261		
Property taxes		448,496		-		-		2,218,630		2,667,126		
Net increase (decrease) in interfund receivables/payables Transfers ins (outs)		299,391		(182,837) 392,332		618,857 4,815,480		(898,554) 3,362,098		(163,143) 8,569,910		1,855,192
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital financing activities		1,539,058		209,495		5,434,337		9,062,264		16,245,154		1,855,192
		,,.	·			., . ,		.,				
ASH FLOWS (USES) FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Capital grants		6,781,423		4,061		4,079,279		-		10,864,763		
Acquisition of capital assets		(6,916,389)		(17,700,962)		(4,435,287)		(1,533,668)		(30,586,306)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets, net of expenses		7,150		65,472		(15,231)		-		57,391		
Other increases (decreases) in long term liabilities Deferred outflows related to refunding		(650,443) 88,160		(830,897) 6,957		43,104		(1,684,215)		(3,122,451) 95,117		
Principal paid on debt		(460,000)		(2,332,080)		(4,387,200)		-		(7,179,280)		
Interest paid on debt		(601,017)		(1,375,250)		(587,238)		-		(2,563,505)		
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing												
activities		(1,751,116)		(22,162,699)		(5,302,573)		(3,217,883)		(32,434,271)		
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Earnings on investments		1,331		3,938		366		5,664		11,299		10
Net cash provided (used) for investing activities		1,331	_	3,938		366		5,664		11,299	_	106
et increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		(398,200) 2,230,329		(13,305,820) 39,900,698		2,296,497 9,335,260		(178,355) 190,655		(11,585,878) 51,656,942		131,116 636,483
ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	1,832,129	\$	26,594,878	\$	11,631,757	\$		\$	40,071,064	\$	767,599
	<u> </u>	1,002,120	Ψ	20,004,010	<u> </u>	11,001,707		12,000	<u> </u>	40,011,004		101,000
econciliation to balance sheet Cash	\$	15,881	\$	8,590,947	\$	3,892,632	\$	12,300	\$	12,511,760	\$	767,59
Restricted assets - cash	Ŷ	1,816,248	Ψ	18,003,931	Ψ	7,739,125	Ŷ	-	Ψ	27,559,304	Ψ	101,000
	\$	1,832,129	\$	26,594,878	\$	11,631,757	\$	12,300	\$	40,071,064	\$	767,599
econciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Dperating income (loss)	\$	(3,366,468)	\$	1,284,494	\$	(3,995,304)	\$	(8,832,840)	\$	(14,910,118)	\$	900,100
Adjustments to reconcile operating income												
to net cash provided (used) for operating activities:												
Depreciation		3,192,204		2,383,409		5,045,948		1,707,486		12,329,047		85,15
Pension expense related to change in net pension liability		621,573		1,694,108		820,376		1,360,196		4,496,253		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,675,022)		(20,364)		55,959		(101,067)		(2,740,494)		
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivable		-		-		-		-		-		(1,551,77
(Increase) decrease in inventories		-		41,860		22,976		(57,317)		7,519		1,430
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets		(26,189)		(1,470)		-		(147,782)		(175,441)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,014,487		3,162,126		159,533		75,527		5,411,673		(24,097
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-		60,326		-		-		60,326		(135,000
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		-		-		-		(1,736)		(1,736)		(1 000 000
Increase (decrease) in interfund payable Increase (decrease) in due to others		- 59		-		-		-		- 59		(1,000,000
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits				- 21,344		(655)		-		20,689		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		51,883		17,613		55,534		(30,867)		94,163		
let cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(187,473)	\$	8,643,446	\$	2,164,367	\$	(6,028,400)	\$	4,591,940	\$	(1,724,182

Statement J

FIDUCIARY FUNDS Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2022

	-	Pension Trust Funds	CUSTODIAL FUNDS		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	101,888	\$	24,039,583	
Receivables				19,134,565	
Total assets		101,888		43,174,148	
				0.400	
Accounts payable Due to local governments		-		2,482 42,896,554	
Total liabilities				42,899,036	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for: Retirement benefits		101 000			
Evidence return		101,888		- 261,917	
Bid bond return		-		13,090	
Other governments		-		105	
Total net position	\$	101,888	\$	275,112	

Statement K

FIDUCIARY FUNDS Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	т	NSION RUST JNDS	 USTODIAL FUNDS
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Seized evidence	\$	-	\$ 78,542
Property tax		-	1,611
Vendor sales tax		-	233,353,018
Employer		10,000	
Total contributions		10,000	233,433,171
Investment earnings:			
Interest		13	2,196
Less investment expense		(792)	(26,860)
Net investment earnings		(779)	 (24,664)
		· · ·	<u> </u>
Total additions		9,221	233,408,507
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits		4,972	-
Distribution to government agencies	·	-	 233,339,585
Total deductions		4,972	233,339,585
		7,372	 200,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		4,249	68,922
		07.000	000 400
Net Position, beginning		97,639	 206,190
Net Position, ending	\$	101,888	\$ 275,112

Statement L

Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position April 30, 2022

	CITY COURT OF MONROE		MONROE CITY MARSHAL		 TOTAL
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,417,996	\$	63,789	\$ 2,481,785
Investment		-		3,816	3,816
Receivables		32,136		21,814	53,950
Prepaid expenses		19,106		1,192	 20,298
Total current assets		2,469,238		90,611	2,559,849
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation		55,062		8,546	 63,608
Total assets		2,524,300		99,157	 2,623,457
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable		70,118		8,716	78,834
Accrued expenses		-		10,462	10,462
Noncurrent liabilities					
Obligation under capital lease Due within one year				950	950
Due within one year				950	 950
Total liabilities		70,118		20,128	 90,246
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		55,062		7,596	62,658
Restricted		1,739,387		50,532	1,789,919
Unrestricted		659,733		20,901	 680,634
Total net position	\$	2,454,182	\$	79,029	\$ 2,533,211

Statement M

Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	CITY COURT OF MONROE	MONROE CITY MARSHAL	TOTAL
EXPENSES			
Judiciary			
Personal services	\$ 1,475,188	\$ 1,271,130	\$ 2,746,318
Operating services	751,828	155,178	907,006
Materials and supplies	37,432	45,344	82,776
Travel and other	59,303	40	59,343
Depreciation	24,031	3,662	27,693
Interest		855	855
Total expenses	2,347,782	1,476,209	3,823,991
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Fees, charges, and court costs			
Marshal's fees	-	1,213,516	1,213,516
Court costs	97,856	215,866	313,722
Civil fees	492,260	-	492,260
Agency fees	6,518	-	6,518
Probation fees	64,340	-	64,340
Reinstatement fees	5,525	-	5,525
Bond forfeitures	6,901	6,971	13,872
Other charges for services	27,457	5,004	32,461
Total program revenues	700,857	1,441,357	2,142,214
Net program expense	(1,646,925)	(34,852)	(1,681,777)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Intergovernmental - City of Monroe	1,463,175	-	1,463,175
Grant income - State	19,045	-	19,045
Investment earnings	1,149		1,149
Total general revenues	1,483,369	<u> </u>	1,483,369
Changes in net position	(163,556)	(34,852)	(198,408)
NET POSITION			
Beginning of year	873,406	113,881	987,287
Prior period adjustment, implementation of GASB 84	1,744,332	-	
Beginning of year, restated	2,617,738	113,881	2,731,619
End of year	\$ 2,454,182	\$ 79,029	\$ 2,533,211

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DIVIDER

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DIVIDER

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

INDEX

NOT	TE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	50
A.	FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY	50
B.	BASIS OF PRESENTATION	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	52
	Fund Financial Statements	53
C.	BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
	Fund Financial Statements	55
D.	BUDGET PRACTICES	
E.	ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY.	58
F.	INTERFUND ACTIVITIES	
G.	ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES	
H.	DEDICATED REVENUES	
I.	PROPERTY TAXES	
	TE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY	
NOT	TE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	68
	TE 4 - INVESTMENTS	
NOT	TE 5 - RECEIVABLES	69
NOT	TE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS	70
	TE 7 - ACCRUED LIABILITIES	
NOT	TE 8 - ELECTRICAL SYSTEM OPERATING AGREEMENT	72
	FE 9 - PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS	
NOT	TE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS	83
	TE 11 - CAPITAL LEASES	
NOT	TE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	87
	TE 13 - PLEDGED REVENUES	
	TE 14 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES	
	TE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS	
NOT	TE 16 - COMMITMENTS, LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES	93
	TE 17 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS	
	TE 18 - RISK FINANCING ACTIVITIES	95
NOT	TE 19 - SALES TAX COLLECTIONS REMITTED TO OTHER TAXING AUTHORITES	
	(CASH BASIS)	
	TE 20 - NONSPENDABLE, RESTRICTED, COMMITTED AND ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES	
	TE 21 - PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE – MONROE REGIONAL AIRPORT	
NOT	TE 22 - NEW GASB STANDARDS	. 100
NOT	TE 23 - TAX ABATEMENTS	. 100
	TE 24 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	
NOT	TE 25 - CHANGE IN PRESENTATION	. 102

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Monroe, Louisiana (the City) operates under a Home Rule Charter approved by the voters in 1979. This charter provides for an executive branch of government headed by a mayor and a legislative branch of government consisting of five council members. The City's combined balance sheet includes the accounts of all City operations. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, garbage and trash collection, economic development, parks and recreation, other cultural activities, and general administration services. In addition, the City owns and operates six significant enterprise activities: airport, water distribution, sanitary sewerage systems, mass transit system, civic center, and gardens and zoo.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) promulgates generally accepted accounting principles and reporting standards with respect to activities and transactions of state and local government entities. The GASB has issued a codification of governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local government. The financial reporting practices of the City comply with the financial reporting standards established by the GASB.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the City, for reporting purposes, the City of Monroe is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the City), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statements establish criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be considered part of the City of Monroe for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability, which include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
 - a. The ability of the City to impose its will on that organization and/or;
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 2. Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the City has determined that the following component units should be considered as part of the City reporting entity.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Discretely Presented Component Units

City Court of Monroe - The City Court of Monroe is a legally separate entity. The City appoints none of the governing board (Judges) of the court. Judges of the court are independently elected officials. The City Council can, to a limited degree, impose its will on the court through City Council ordinances. Also, the City provides office space, court facilities and some furnishings, and compensation to the court. The City provides 82% of the City Court operating expenses. The court functions entirely within the City of Monroe, and it enforces and processes traffic citations issued by the City. The court pays the City for citation collections, net of the court's fees and expenses.

The City Court of Monroe issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by contacting Judge Tammy Lee, Judge Jefferson Joyce, or Judge Aisha Clark at (318) 329-2580.

Monroe City Marshal - The Monroe City Marshal's office is a legally separate entity. The City does not appoint the governing board (Marshal) of the marshal's office. The City Marshal is an independently elected official. Although the City cannot impose its will on the City Marshal, it does provide a substantial portion of his compensation, facilities, and furnishings. Although the City Marshal functions entirely within the City of Monroe, he provides no direct service to the City, but is rather an officer of the City Court.

The Monroe City Marshal's office issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by contacting Marshal Robert Cherry, Jr. at (318) 329-2585.

Based on criteria 3 above, management of the City considers these two component units to be financially integrated with the City and meet the "misleading to exclude" criterion of GASB Statement No. 61. Accordingly, management believes the two component units are significant enough that if the information was omitted it would make these statements misleading.

Blended Component Units

Economic Development - Two not-for-profit entities perform administrative functions for the City's incremental sales tax economic development districts. These entities are the Tower Drive Economic Development Corporation and the Garrett Road Economic Development Corporation.

There are also two other special districts within the City - The Downtown Economic Development District and the Southside Economic Development District. These two districts are charged with planning and delivery of public improvements, facilities, and services in their respective districts.

For financial reporting purposes, all of these entities are considered an integral part of the City. This decision is due to the City keeping the books and records for these entities, the City as a whole reaping the benefits from the use of the proceeds of the incremental tax bonds issued by the not-for-profits, and that the districts and the separate not-for-profits are ministerial and structural in nature, as disbursement of funds is subject to the control of the City through the plan of government. As such, they are presented as separate Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project funds within those categories of the City's general-purpose financial statements.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Other Potential Component Units

Included in the evaluation of potential component units of the City of Monroe were the Monroe City School Board, the Ouachita Council of Governments, the Monroe Housing Authority, the City of Monroe Employees Credit Union, the Monroe/West Monroe Public Trust Financing Authority, and the Ouachita Parish Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness Agency. None of these entities were determined to be component units of the City of Monroe reporting entity.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The City's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units and the fund financial statements. The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities for all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and the total for its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to the general rule are payments between the enterprise funds to other various functions of government for charges such as sewer fees and contributions between the primary government and its component units which are reported as external transactions. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Governmental Activities represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Business-Type Activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units as detailed in section (A) of this note.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are not allocated by function for financial reporting in this statement; however, certain indirect costs have been directly allocated as administrative fees to grants and special fund programs. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. This includes internally dedicated resources such as a restricted property tax.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The City uses funds, both major and non-major, to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Emphasis of fund reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column in the basic financial statements.

Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the provision of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The City's current operations require the use of the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The fund types used by the City are described as follows:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Project Funds - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, improvements and other major projects, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General</u> fund accounts for all financial resources of the City except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is the general operating fund of the City.

The <u>American Rescue Plan Act</u> fund accounts for grant funding from the Coronavirus State Local Fiscal Recovery Fund authorized by American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

The <u>Capital Infrastructure</u> fund accounts for the collection of a 1% sales tax to be used for various infrastructure projects as recommended by the Capital Infrastructure Commission, established after the tax renewal of 2004. The tax can be used to pay debt incurred for long-term projects. The tax call requires that 25% of the collections be dedicated to actual street maintenance.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The <u>I-20 Corridor Improvements</u> fund accounts for the infrastructure improvement projects within the defined I-20 District that are funded from the issuance of incremental sales tax bonds.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds - These funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The <u>Monroe Regional Airport</u> fund accounts for the operations of the Monroe Regional Airport, such as administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

The <u>Water Fund</u> accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution services to the residents of the City, such as administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

The <u>Sewer Fund</u> accounts for the provision of sewer services and sewerage treatment services to the residents of the City, such as administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City operates two internal service funds.

The <u>Employees' Group Insurance</u> fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of employee health insurance claims, administration costs for processing medical claims and the cost of excess insurance premiums.

The <u>Central Shop</u> fund provides inventory storage, repair and maintenance, and fueling services solely to other City user departments (with the exception of the Monroe Transit System) at rates designed to cover the costs of operations, including depreciation and debt service.

Since the principal users of the internal service fund are the City's governmental activities, financial statements of the internal service fund are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented at the government-wide level. To the extent possible, the costs of these services are reflected in the appropriate functional activity.

Fiduciary Funds:

Trust and Custodial Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include custodial funds and pension trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report activities carried out exclusively for the benefit of those outside of the government. Pension trust funds account for pension funds established for classified employees of various departments and is accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical. The City operates the following four funds.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Pension Trust Funds:

Bus Drivers 'Pension Fund'

Police Pension Fund

Custodial Funds:

<u>Police Department Evidence</u> - The fund accounts for the assets seized by the Monroe Police Department.

<u>Property Tax Collection</u> - The fund accounts for the collection and distribution of property taxes for the City.

<u>Bid Bond Custodial</u> - The fund accounts for the collection/return of deposits for bids or permits to contractors.

<u>Sales Tax Collection Agency</u> - The fund accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes assessed by the various taxing bodies within Ouachita Parish.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for reporting all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Ad valorem taxes, grants, and fees, charges, and commissions for services have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

The City uses the following practices in recognizing and reporting revenues and expenditures in the governmental fund types:

Revenues:

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the City in October or November and are billed to taxpayers in December. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year; however, by precedent, this is normally extended until February 1. Property taxes are billed and collected by the Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Office using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Ouachita Parish. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed to the extent collections are expected.

Sales taxes are recorded in the month sales are incurred by the vendor.

Federal and state grants are normally "expenditure driven", which means that the City does not earn, or is not entitled to, the grant funds until a liability for the expenditure has been incurred. Amounts received in excess of actual expenditures at year end are reflected as unearned revenue on the fund's balance sheet.

Interest earnings on time deposits are recognized as revenue when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. Substantially all other revenues are recognized when actually received by the City.

Expenditures:

Expenditures in the governmental funds are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when leave is actually taken or when employees, or their heirs, are paid for accrued leave upon retirement or death. Compensated absences are reported in the Statement of Net position as a long-term liability and expensed in the Statement of Activities.

Principal and interest on long-term debt is recognized when due.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Proceeds from issuing long-term debt, capital leases, insurance recoveries, sales of assets and transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources (uses) and are recognized when the underlying events occur.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues. The principal operating revenues of the Monroe Regional Airport, Monroe Transit System, Monroe Civic Center, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Louisiana Purchase Gardens & Zoo are charges to customers for sales and services. The Monroe Regional Airport also recognizes passenger facility fee. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include trust and custodial funds. Trust and custodial fund assets and liabilities are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

D. BUDGET PRACTICES

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. At least ninety days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the Mayor submits to the City Council an operating and capital budget for the succeeding year.
- 2. A public hearing is scheduled by the City Council after allowing for at least ten days' notice to the public at the time the budget is initially submitted to the City Council. The budget for the succeeding year must be finally adopted by the Council no later than the second-to-last regular meeting of the fiscal year.
- 3. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Mayor may authorize transfers of budgetary amounts within departments. However, any revisions requiring alteration of levels of expenditures or transfers between departments must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Operating appropriations, to the extent not expended, lapse at year end even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations. Capital appropriations continue in force until the project is completed or deemed abandoned after three years of no activity.

- 5. All legally adopted budgets of the City are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City adopted a budget for the General Fund and all Special Revenue funds.

E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUITY

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS:

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and shortterm investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the City's investment policy allow the City to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

The City's investment policy limits investments to investment property, fully insured and/or fully collateralized certificates of deposit and direct and indirect obligations of U.S. government agencies.

The City participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc., (LAMP) which is an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Because the LAMP is an arrangement sponsored by a type of governmental entity, it is exempt by statute from regulation by the SEC. LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the State Treasurer and the Board of Directors. Lamp is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana has full access to the records of the LAMP. LAMP issues financial reports which can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA 70130.

Deposits with original maturity dates exceeding 90 days are classified as investments. Investments are reported at fair value.

RESTRICTED ASSETS:

Certain proceeds of the enterprise fund general obligation bond, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The Water fund is required to hold monies aside paid for utility deposits. Additionally, proceeds related to Passenger Facilities Charges and the Air Industrial Park- Land Sales are reported as restricted on the statement of net position for the enterprise fund. Proceeds related to Passenger Facilities Charges are restricted in use based on the Record of Decision (ROD) approved by the FAA. Proceeds related to the Air Industrial Park- Land Sales are restricted for use by the airport. The amounts restricted for each are listed below:

General Obligation Bonds	\$ 9,274,424
Capital Improvements	15,416,180
Passenger Facilities Charges	1,003,982
Air Industrial Park	304,370
Utility Deposits	<u>1,560,348</u>
Total	<u>\$27,559,304</u>

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles in business-type activities. Uncollectible amounts for customers' utility fees receivable are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

Short-term cash loans between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as interfund receivables/payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATION:

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS:

Inventories are valued at average cost using the first in, first out cost less write-downs for obsolete items. Inventories consist of expendable supplies and repair and maintenance items held for consumption. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, other improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure assets (streets, roads, bridges, drainage canals, and water and sewer systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The capitalization threshold for all movable capital assets is \$5,000 per unit and land is capitalized at a zero dollar threshold. The capitalization threshold for infrastructure is \$100,000.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated cost where no historical records are available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized at completion of construction projects.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on enterprise fund balance sheets. Depreciation on all capital assets, excluding land and improvements, has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Type of Capital Assets	Number of Years
Buildings	10-50
Improvements	7-50
Furniture and Fixtures	1-10
Vehicles	5
Equipment	2-20
Infrastructure-Water System	30-50
Infrastructure-Sewer System	10-30
Infrastructure-Drainage Systems	25
Infrastructure-Streets and Roads	20-50

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. One item is deferred charges on refundings, which results from difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its requisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In the statement of Net Position, the net of investment in capital assets of the business-type activities includes the \$1,623,939 balance of deferred outflows of resources which will be recognized as an expense over the next 17 years. The City also has deferred outflows related to OPEB liability and net pension liability. Refer to Notes 9 and 10 for additional information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City does have deferred inflows related to OPEB liability and net pension liability. Refer to Notes 9 and 10 for additional information.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

In the government-wide statement of net position and in the proprietary fund types' financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums, discounts, and gains (losses) on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current financial period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as "other financing sources." Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as "other financing sources" and discounts on debt are reported as "other financing uses."

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from the retirements systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

ACCUMULATED VACATION, SICK PAY, AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type financial statements, the total compensated absences liability is recorded as an expense and a long-term obligation and allocated on a functional basis. In accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements*, (issued in March 2000), no compensated absences liability is recorded at April 30, 2022, in the governmental fund-type financial statements.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Full time employees may earn up to 31 working days of vacation time per year, depending upon length of service. At the end of each year, employees may carry forward up to 120 days of vacation time. Subject to the above conditions, unused vacation is paid to an employee upon retirement, separation, or death at hourly rates being earned by that employee upon separation.

The City also maintains a short term disability compensation plan through CIGNA which allows employees to draw up to 22 weeks of disability leave at 60 percent of their regular pay after a 30 day waiting period. During the waiting period employees are required to use their available sick or vacation accruals. If approved, individuals with long-term disability are then eligible for additional disability leave at 60 percent of their regular pay. Such amounts are not accrued in governmental funds, nor are they reflected in the long-term liabilities due to the inability to estimate such liabilities, and the fact that any unused disability leave does not carry forward to the subsequent year.

Firemen and policemen may receive up to one year's sick leave per illness as prescribed under Louisiana law. For all other City employees, sick leave is accumulated at varying rates ranging up to 12 days per year. A maximum of 120 days of unused sick leave may be carried forward. Subject to the above limitations, employees shall be compensated in cash for any accumulated unused sick leave when they are permanently separated from employment as a result of voluntary resignation, discharge, retirement or death. In the event of death, payment is made to the estate of the employee. The amount of payment for all unused sick leave is calculated at the employee's rate of pay in effect on the payday immediately preceding the employee's separation.

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE:

In the Statement of Net Position, the difference between a government's assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources is recorded as net position. The components of net position are as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of debt issued to finance the acquisition, improvement, or construction of those assets. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - Consists of net position less related liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position that are subject to constraints on their use by creditors, grantors, contributors or legislature.

The following net positions are considered restricted through enabling legislation:

- Debt service resources from sales and use taxes levied specifically to meet the principal and interest payments of various revenue bond issues via an approved public referendum in accordance with state law and bond covenants with investors. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$20,961,125.
- Available resources from ad valorem taxes specifically dedicated by taxing propositions approved by voters for the payment of capital improvements for the fire and police departments. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$2,137,470.
- Available resources from sales taxes specifically dedicated by taxing propositions approved by voters for the payment of salaries and benefits to fire and police departments. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$2,791,271.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

• Available resources from sales taxes specifically dedicated by taxing propositions approved by voters for the payment of public works infrastructures. The total amount restricted for this purpose was \$19,232,133.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in Capital Assets".

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes of which both restricted and unrestricted are available.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the state or federal laws, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. These amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Committed fund balance is the result of resolutions that were passed at a Council meeting committing the funds.

Assigned - Amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes as established by the City's Administration designated for that purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Mayor has the authority to assign unrestricted fund balance amounts.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. Unassigned fund balances are the residual classification for the City's General fund. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City reduces committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

F. INTERFUND ACTIVITIES:

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

G. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. Those estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. They may also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses of proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

H. DEDICATED REVENUES:

Sales taxes:

A one-half per cent city sales tax is dedicated to the General Fund for payment of salaries of city employees and capital improvements. The sales tax, which began on March 1, 1968, is for an indefinite period.

A one per cent city sales tax is dedicated to the General Fund for any lawful purpose of the City, including payment of operating expenses. The sales tax, which began on January 1, 1975, is for an indefinite period.

A one per cent city sales tax is dedicated to the General Fund for constructing, acquiring, extending, improving, maintaining, and operating capital improvements and facilities of the City and paying general operating expenses of the City. The sales tax, which began on February 1, 1983, is for an indefinite period.

A ten year one per cent sales tax passed by the voters on November 8, 1994 which was for the street program was extended by twenty-five years and its uses expanded by the voters on May 5, 2001. The proceeds can be utilized for all infrastructures including but not limited to streets, water, sewer and drainage and other related capital expenditures. The tax will expire in 2029.

A 0.49 per cent city sales tax is dedicated to the General Fund for payment of salary increases of city firemen and policemen. The sales tax, which began March 1, 2005, is for an indefinite period.

A two per cent hotel/motel occupancy tax passed by the voters on November 18, 2017 is dedicated to the Southside Economic Development District for constructing, acquiring, extending, improving capital improvements and for other authorized purposes in enhancing the district. The sales tax, which began on January 1, 2018, is for a period of 30 years.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Property taxes:

Recreation (1.88 mills), public safety (1.06 mills) and drainage (1.31 mills) millages were renewed by the voters in 2013, levied in 2014 and will expire with the 2023 tax roll.

For both the Civic Center and the Louisiana Purchase Gardens and Zoo, 2.51 mills was renewed by the voters in 2017, levied in fiscal 2019, and will expire with the 2028 tax roll.

For both the police and fire departments, 1.51 mills was renewed by the voters in 2017, levied in fiscal 2019, and will expire with the 2028 tax roll.

For capital improvements, 3.27 mills was renewed by the voters in 2017, levied in fiscal 2019, and will expire with the 2028 tax roll.

For airport improvements, 1.01 mills was passed by the voters in 2017, levied in fiscal 2019, and will expire with the 2028 tax roll.

I. PROPERTY TAXES:

All taxable property in Louisiana is required by law to be assessed annually at a percentage of its fair market value by the parish assessor, except for public utility property, which is assessed by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The 1974 Louisiana Constitution provides that land and residential property are to be assessed at 10% of fair market value; however, agricultural, horticultural, marsh lands, timber lands, and certain historic buildings are to be assessed at 15% of fair market value. Fair market values are determined by the elected assessor of the parish and are subject to review and final certification by the Louisiana Tax Commission. The assessor is required to reappraise all property every four years. Based on the reappraised value, the assessor will "roll forward" or "roll back" the tax millage to equal the prior year taxable amount. If the assessor "rolls back" the tax millage, the City has the option to "roll forward" the millage rate to the prior year's maximum rate. The City did not "roll forward" the 2020 millage rate for the new reassessment period.

The Ouachita Parish Sheriff's Office bills and collects property taxes for the City. Collections are remitted to the City monthly.

Property Tax Calendar

Millage rates adopted	May 25, 2021
Tax bills mailed	November 2021
Taxes due date	December 31, 2021
Lien date	January 1, 2022
Penalties and interest are added	January 1, 2022
Collection dates	November 2021 thru February 2022
Tax sale – 2020 delinquent property	March 2022

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Assessed values are established by the Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor each year on a uniform basis at the following ratios of assessed value to fair market value.

10% land	15% machinery
10% residential improvements	15% commercial improvements
15% industrial improvements	25% public service properties, excluding land

A revaluation of all property is required after 1978 to be completed no less than every four years. The last revaluation was completed for the roll of January 1, 2020. Total assessed value for the City of Monroe was \$435,189,975 for the 2021 calendar year. Louisiana state law generally exempts the first \$75,000 of assessed value of a taxpayer's primary residence from parish property taxes. The homestead exemption applies to property taxes levied in all political subdivisions other than taxes levied by municipalities, except it does apply to municipal taxes levied in Orleans Parish. Accordingly, this homestead exemption did not apply to the City of Monroe for the calendar year 2021, and accordingly, all assessed property within the boundaries of the City of Monroe was subject to the millages levied by the City.

State law requires the Sheriff to collect property taxes in the calendar year in which the assessment is made. Property taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. If taxes are not paid by the due date, taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.25% per month until the taxes are paid. After notice is given to the delinquent taxpayers, the Sheriff is required by the *Constitution of the State of Louisiana* to sell the least quantity of property necessary to settle the taxes and interest owed.

The tax roll is prepared by the tax assessor and approved by the State Tax Commission in November of each year. The amount of 2021 property taxes to be collected occurs in December 2021 and January and February 2022. All property taxes are recorded in the funds identified in the chart below on the basis explained in Note 1.H. The City considers the lien date (January 1, 2022) as the date an enforceable legal claim occurs for 2021 property taxes. Property tax revenue is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied (budgeted). Accordingly, the 2021 property taxes are budgeted in the 2021-2022 fiscal year of the City.

Estimated uncollectible taxes are those taxes based on past experience which will not be collected in the subsequent year and are primarily due to subsequent adjustments to the tax roll. Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property. Therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible taxes.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied (tax rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value) ad valorem taxes:

City-wide taxes:	Reported in Fund	Date Passed By Voters	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
General Fund	General Fund	Statutory	12.41	10.49	Statutory
Recreation Facilities	General Fund	2013	1.88	1.88	2023
Safety Services	General Fund	2013	1.06	1.07	2023
Drainage Facilities	General Fund	2013	1.31	1.31	2023
Civic Center	Civic Center Enterprise	2017	2.51	2.50	2028
	Fund				
LA Purchase Garden	LA Purchase Garden &	2017	2.51	2.50	2028

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

		Date Passed	Authorized	Levied	Expiration
City-wide taxes:	Reported in Fund	By Voters	<u>Millage</u>	<u>Millage</u>	Date
& Zoo	Zoo Enterprise Fund				
Capital Improvements	Capital Improvement	2017	3.27	3.26	2028
	Capital Project Fund				
Police Department	Fire & Police Capital	2017	1.51	1.50	2028
	Tax Special Revenue				
	Fund				
Fire Department	Fire & Police Capital	2017	1.51	1.50	2028
	Tax Special Revenue				
	Fund				
Airport Improvements	Airport Enterprise Fund	2017	1.01	1.01	2028

Differences noted between authorized and levied millages are the result of the reassessment of taxable property required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits: The City of Monroe has deficit fund balances in three governmental funds at April 30, 2022. The DARE special revenue fund has a deficit fund balance of \$19,173 and Intergovernmental donations special revenue fund has a deficit fund balance of \$18,208. The Marina capital project fund has a deficit fund balance of \$43,195. All of these deficits will be cleared by future program funding. The Louisiana Purchase Gardens and Zoo fund has a deficit net position of \$651,095. This deficit will be cleared by an increase in revenue due to increase in attendance at the zoo.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds: The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2022:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Unfavorable Variance
General Fund	\$ 65,968,297	\$ 67,029,565	\$ (1,061,268)
Community Development Block Grant	741,664	929,432	(187,768)
CDBG Loan	8,500	10,000	(1,500)
Dare Program	31,208	41,251	(10,043)
Diversion Program	61,599	63,136	(1,537)
Police Salary Sales Tax	4,635,191	4,638,841	(3,650)
Fire Salary Sales Tax	4,602,504	4,616,689	(14,185)
Justice Assistance Grant	45,000	51,365	(6,365)
Administrative Economic Development	202,045	209,744	(7,699)
Home Program Loans	-	9,142	(9,142)
Capital	654,883	727,514	(72,631)
Intergovernmental Donations	96,621	273,834	(177,213)
Coronavirus Supplement Funding	91,701	152,817	(61,116)
Downtown Economic Dev District TIF	-	6,500	(6,500)

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At April 30, 2022, the City has cash and cash equivalents, totaling \$156,803,345, (including \$24,141,471 in fiduciary funds and excluding discretely presented component units) as follows:

Petty cash	\$ 17,860
Demand deposits	84,533,592
Money market funds	47,781,331
LAMP	 24,470,562
Total	\$ 156,803,345

Credit Risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's rating. The money market funds are rated Aaa-mf by Moody's rating.

Interest Rate Risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days or 762 days for U.S. Government floating/variable rate investments. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 19 days as of April 30, 2022.

Custodial credit risk: The custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's policy to ensure there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its' own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the City that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

LAMP participant's investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not in securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.

The money market funds are invested in U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds and other U.S. governmental obligations that are exempt from state and local income tax.

For deposits, these are stated at cost, which approximates market. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Cash and cash equivalents (bank balances other than these backed by the U.S. government) at April 30, 2022, are secured, as follows:

Federal deposit insurance	\$ 939,441
Collateralized with pledged securities, not in the City's name	 129,994,532
Total Bank Balance	\$ 130,933,973

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

4. INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels.

- Level 1 inputs the valuation is based on quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets;
- Level 2 inputs the valuation is based on quoted market prices for similar instruments traded in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- Level 3 inputs the valuation is determined by using the best information available under the circumstances and might include the government's own data. In developing unobservable inputs, a government may begin with its own data but should adjust those data if (a) reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or (b) there is something particular to the government that is not available to other market

In December 2021, the City purchased riverfront properties totaling \$1,511,884 for economic development. The fair market value of the properties as of April 30, 2022 was valued at the initial purchase price. The investment is valued using Level 3 inputs.

5. **RECEIVABLES**

Accounts receivable of \$27,275,219 at April 30, 2022, are comprised of the following:

	Taxes - Ad Valorem	Taxes - Sales	Grants	Customer Accounts	Other	For Fund Financial Statements Total	Wi	Government de Financial tatements Total
Governmental Funds								
General	\$ 213,585	\$ 8,052,459	\$ 235,593	\$ 618,779	\$ 681,853	\$ 9,802,269	\$	9,802,269
Capital Infrastructure	-	3,260,898	-	-	-	3,260,898		3,260,898
I-20 Corridor Improvements	-	-	-	-	904,996	904,996		904,996
Nonmajor Governmental	35,755	3,430,538	1,054,912	-	81,033	4,602,238		4,602,238
Total Governmental	249,340	14,743,895	1,290,505	618,779	1,667,882			
Long-term receivables reported in government	al activities							493,876
Total Governmental Activities						18,570,401		19,064,277
Proprietary Funds								
Monroe Regional Airport	11,958	-	3,761,619	239,599	100,100	4,113,276		4,113,276
Water Fund	-	-	-	2,034,157	-	2,034,157		2,034,157
Sewer Fund	-	-	16,665	1,222,447	13,852	1,252,964		1,252,964
Nonmajor Enterprise	59,434	<u> </u>	749,765		1,346.00	810,545		810,545
Total Proprietary	\$ 71,392	\$ -	\$ 4,528,049	\$ 3,496,203	\$ 115,298	\$ 8,210,942	\$	8,210,942

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The receivables shown above are net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,274,786 as of April 30, 2022. The allowance for doubtful accounts was reported for the following customer accounts receivables:

Fund	Type of Sale	Amount	
General	Garbage Collections	\$	151,702
Water	Water Sales		643,353
Sewer	Sewer Fees		479,731
		\$	1,274,786

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule presents changes in capital assets for the year ended April 30, 2022:

	Balance April 30, 2021			Balance April 30, 2022	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 27,087,339	\$ 155,520	\$ -	\$ 27,242,859	
Land - internal service	45,000	-	-	45,000	
Construction in progress	17,720,542	9,624,146	(9,329,127)	18,015,561	
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	44,852,881	9,779,666	(9,329,127)	45,303,420	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	41,825,607	2,476,174	-	44,301,781	
Buildings and improvements - internal service	3,406,242	-	-	3,406,242	
Equipment and Furniture	40,483,702	1,295,782	(838,407)	40,941,077	
Equipment and Furniture - internal service	266,043	-	-	266,043	
Infrastructure	198,505,425	5,248,571		203,753,996	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	284,487,019	9,020,527	(838,407)	292,669,139	
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(30,047,758)	(849,552)	-	(30,897,310)	
Buildings and improvements-internal service	(1,873,434)	(85,156)	-	(1,958,590)	
Equipment and furniture	(34,308,653)	(2,101,613)	811,158	(35,599,108)	
Equipment and furniture-internal service	(266,044)	-	-	(266,044)	
Infrastructure	(128,163,233)	(8,409,094)		(136,572,327)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(194,659,122)	(11,445,415)	811,158	(205,293,379)	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	89,827,897	(2,424,888)	(27,249)	87,375,760	
Total governmental funds					
capital assets, net	\$ 134,680,778	\$ 7,354,778	\$ (9,356,376)	\$ 132,679,180	

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Balance April 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2022
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 5,903,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,903,301
Construction in progress	13,946,593	29,438,508	(699,926)	42,685,175
Total capital assets not being depreciated	19,849,894	29,438,508	(699,926)	48,588,476
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings/Improvements	82,427,641	10,512	-	82,438,153
Equipment	22,210,329	1,891,948	(243,789)	23,858,488
Infrastructure	222,332,667	423,686	<u> </u>	222,756,353
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	326,970,637	2,326,146	(243,789)	329,052,994
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(42,775,016)	(2,685,331)	-	(45,460,347)
Equipment and furniture	(17,655,555)	(1,857,623)	220,269	(19,292,909)
Infrastructure	(135,062,293)	(7,786,093)		(142,848,386)
Total accumulated depreciation	(195,492,864)	(12,329,047)	220,269	(207,601,642)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	131,477,773	(10,002,901)	(23,520)	121,451,352
Total business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 151,327,667	\$ 19,435,607	\$ (723,446)	\$ 170,039,828

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 1,487,376
Public Safety	1,564,987
Public Works	7,704,255
Public Works - internal service	85,156
Culture and Recreation	577,165
Planning and Urban Development	 26,476
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 11,445,415
Business-Type Activities:	
Airport	\$ 3,192,204
Transit	1,432,571
Civic Center	243,676
Water	2,383,409
Sewer	5,045,948
Zoo	 31,239
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 12,329,047

In keeping with customary practice, any expense associated with the acquisition of animals at the Louisiana Purchase Gardens and Zoo is expensed in the period the expense occurs.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

7. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities as of April 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Fund	 laries and Benefits	Claims ayable	Drinking ater Fee	Total
General	\$ 1,993,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,993,453
Nonmajor governmental	55	-	-	55
Water	-	-	79,915	79,915
Internal Service	 -	 616,000	 -	616,000
TOTAL	\$ 1,993,508	\$ 616,000	\$ 79,915	\$ 2,689,423

8. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM OPERATING AGREEMENT

On July 9, 1977, the voters of the City of Monroe authorized a 50 year operating agreement between the City of Monroe and Entergy (formerly Louisiana Power & Light) for the operation by Entergy of the City's electric system. The agreement provided that Entergy would pay to the City a percentage of total revenue collected from the sale of electric service to residential and commercial customers within the City, such payments not to be less than \$700,000 annually. The aforementioned base increased by one per cent of sales of electric services to residential and commercial customers in excess of \$10,000,000 in a calendar year. Revenues under this agreement totaled \$1,723,981 for the year ended April 30, 2022.

9. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

City of Monroe Sponsored Pension Plans:

The City has two single-employer defined benefit plans, the Bus Drivers' Pension and Relief Fund and the Monroe Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund. These plans are closed to new entrants and has five inactive employees that are receiving benefits. No other employees will receive benefits under these plans.

The City contributes 7.25% and Bus Department administrative employees contribute 9.25% of their salary to the Bus Drivers' Pension and Relief Fund. The City also reimburses 4% of the bus operators' contributions. The City contributed \$10,000 to the Bus Driver's Pension and Relief Fund for the year ended April 30, 2022.

The Monroe Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund covers those employees who were members of the fund at September 1, 1983, and who retire prior to the age of 50. Upon reaching their 50th birthday, they will no longer receive benefits under the Monroe Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund, but will begin receiving benefits under the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System (MPERS). The City made no contributions to the Monroe Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund for the year ended April 30, 2022.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Data concerning the actuarial status of the Policemen's and Bus Drivers' Pension and Relief Funds is not available. The City of Monroe has never required the services of an actuary for these plans nor felt the need to determine the actuarial liability of the plans because state law requires that the plans be funded at minimum reserve requirements rather than an actuarially computed reserve based on future benefits payable. The two funds had net position at April 30, 2022 as follows: Policemen's, \$94,947 and Bus Drivers', \$6,941. The Policemen's and Bus Drivers' Pension and Relief Funds do not issue a standalone report.

State Sponsored Plans:

The City is a participating employer in three statewide, public employee retirement systems, Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS), Municipal Police Employees Retirement System (MPERS), and the Firefighter's Retirement System (FRS). All of these plans have separate boards of trustees and administer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, including classes of employees with different benefits and contributions rates (sub-plans). Article X, Section 29(F) of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of all sub-plans administered by these systems to the State Legislature. Each plan issues a public report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of these reports for MERS, MPERS, and FRS may be obtained at <u>www.mersla.com</u>, <u>www.lampers.org</u>, and <u>www.ffret.com</u>, respectively.

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions/Benefits Provided:

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement System</u>: MERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to employees of all incorporated villages, towns, and cities within the state which do not have their own retirement plan and which elect to become members of the Plan.

Membership in MERS is mandatory for any permanent employee working at least 35 hours per week. Those individuals paid jointly by a participating employer and the parish are not eligible for membership in the Plan with exceptions as outlined in the statutes. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 356 of the 1954 regular session and amended by LRS 11:1756-11:1785.

<u>Membership Prior to January 1, 2013</u>: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he/she has been a member of MERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 10 years of creditable service and is age 60. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three percent of the member's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service.

<u>Membership Commencing January 1, 2013</u>: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he/she has been a member of MERS and has 7 years of creditable service at age 67, 10 years of creditable service at age 62, or has 30 years of creditable service at age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he/she has been a member of the Plan for 25 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service. Final average compensation is the average monthly earnings during the highest sixty consecutive months, or joined months if service was interrupted. Any city marshal or deputy city marshal receives an additional regular retirement benefit.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Upon death of an active contributing member with five or more years of creditable service, not eligible for retirement, the plan provides for benefits for the surviving spouse and minor children as outlined in the statutes.

<u>Change in Plan Provisions</u>: Act 36 of the 2021 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature provides for the purchase of service credit for any period of involuntary furlough due to a reduction-in-force of his/her employer or was involuntary furloughed or placed on leave without pay due to the COVID-19 pandemic is such service was not credited to his/her account. The purchase requires a payment to the system of the employee and employer contribution which would have been remitted to the system by his employer if not for the involuntary furlough or leave without pay.

Cost of Living Adjustments

MERS is authorized under state law to grant a cost of living increase to members who have been retired for at least one year. The adjustment cannot exceed 2% of the retiree's original benefit for each full calendar year since retirement and may only be granted if sufficient funds are available from investment income in excess of normal requirements. State law allows the Plan to grant an additional cost of living increase to all retirees and beneficiaries who are age sixty-five and above equal to 2% of the benefit being received on October 1, 1977, or the original benefit, if retirement commenced after that date.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member who is eligible to retire may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) for up to three years and defer the receipt of benefits. During participation in the plan, employer contributions are payable but employee contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefits that would be payable, had the person elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the DROP fund. Upon termination of employment prior to or at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the DROP may receive, at his/her option, a lump sum from the account equal to the payments into the account, a true annuity based upon his/her account balance in that fund, or any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. If employment is not terminated at the end of the three years, payments into the DROP fund cease and the person resumes active contributing membership in the Plan.

Disability Benefits

A member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he/she has at least five years of creditable service, is not eligible for normal retirement and has been officially certified as disabled by the state medical disability board. Upon retirement caused by disability, a member shall be paid a disability benefit equal to the lesser of forty-five percent of his/her final average compensation or three percent of his/her final average compensation multiplied by his/her years of creditable service whichever is greater or an amount equal to three percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service projected to his earliest normal retirement age.

<u>Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System</u>: MPERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to municipal police officers.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Membership in MPERS is mandatory for any full-time police officer employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 189 of 1973 and amended by LRS 11:2211-11:2233.

<u>Membership Prior to January 1, 2013</u>: A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of MPERS and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50 or has 12 years creditable service and is age 55. A member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of MPERS for 20 years of creditable service at any age with an actuarially reduced benefit. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children.

<u>Membership Commencing January 1, 2013</u>: A member's eligibility for regular retirement, early retirement, disability and survivor benefits are based on hazardous duty and nonhazardous sub duty plans. Under the hazardous duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he/she has been a member of the Plan and has 25 years of creditable service at any age or has 12 years of creditable service at age 55. Under the non-hazardous duty sub-plan, a member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of the Plan and has 30 years of creditable service at any age, 25 years of creditable service at age 55, or 10 years of creditable service at age 60. Under both sub-plans, a member is eligible for early retirement after he has been a member of the Plan for 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55. Under hazardous and non-hazardous duty sub-plans, the benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Upon death of an active contributing member, or disability retiree, the Plan provides for surviving spouses and minor children.

Cost of Living Adjustments

MPERS's Board of Trustees are authorized by State statutes to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

MPERS members are eligible to elect to enter the deferred retirement option plan (DROP) when he/she is eligible for regular retirement based on the member's plan participation. At the entry date into the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The amount to be deposited into the DROP account is equal to the benefit computed under the retirement plan elected by the participant at date of application. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership in the retirement plan shall resume and upon later termination, the member shall receive additional retirement benefit based on the additional service.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized MPERS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, plus a reduced monthly benefit for life. Interest is computed on the balance based on the same criteria as DROP.

Firefighters Retirement System: FRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor's benefits to full-time firefighters.

Membership in FRS is a condition for employment for any full-time firefighters who earn at least \$375 per month and are employed by any municipality, parish, or fire protection district of the State of Louisiana. Benefit provisions are authorized within Act 434 of 1979 and amended by LRS 11:2251-11:2272.

A member is eligible for regular retirement after he has been a member of FRS and has 20 years of creditable service and is age 50, has 12 years creditable service and is age 55, or 25 years of service at any age. Benefit rates are three and one-third percent of average final compensation based on 36 consecutive months of highest pay multiplied by their total years of service, not to exceed 100%. Employees may elect to receive their pension benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity. Upon death of an active contributing member, the plan provides for eligible spouse or designated beneficiary.

Cost of Living Adjustments

FRS's Board of Trustees are authorized by State statutes to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments computed on the amount of the current regular retirement, disability, beneficiary or survivor's benefit, not to exceed 3% in any given year. The Board is authorized to provide an additional 2% COLA, computed on the member's original benefit, to all regular retirees, disability, survivors and beneficiaries who are 65 years of age or older on the cut-off date which determines eligibility.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

After completing 20 years of creditable service and age 50 or 25 years at any age, a member may elect to participate in the DROP for up to 36 months. Upon commencement of participation in the DROP, the employee and employer contributions cease. The monthly retirement benefit that would have been payable is paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. The duration of participation in the DROP is thirty six months or less. If employment is terminated after the three-year period the participant may receive benefits by lump sum payment or a true annuity. If employment is not terminated, active contributing membership in the retirement plan shall resume. No payments may be made from the DROP account until the participant retires.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Initial Benefit Option Plan

In 1999, the State Legislature authorized FRS to establish an Initial Benefit Option program. Initial Benefit Option is available to members who are eligible for regular retirement and have not participated in DROP. The Initial Benefit Option program provides both a one-time single sum payment of up to 36 months of regular monthly retirement benefit, with an actuarial reduction of their future benefits. Such amounts may be withdrawn or remain in the IBO account earning interest at the same rate as a DROP account.

Disability Benefits

A member shall be eligible to retire and receive a disability benefit if he/she has been officially certified as disabled by the state medical disability board. Any member totally disabled from injury received in the line of duty, shall be paid, on a monthly basis, an annual pension of 60% of the average final compensation being received at the time of disability. Any member who has become disabled or incapacitated because of continued illness or as a result of any injury received, even though not in the line of duty, and who has five years of creditable service, but is not eligible for retirement under the provisions of LRS. 11:2256 may apply for retirement under the provisions of LRS 11:2258 and shall be retired on 75% of the retirement salary to which he/she would be entitled under LRS 11:2256 if he/she were otherwise eligible thereunder or 25% of the member's average salary, whichever is greater.

Employer Contributions

Each year the Louisiana Public Employee Retirement System Actuary Committee approves the contribution rates for employees and employers needed to fund 100% of the annual required contribution for both the current and unfunded portions of the net pension liability as required by state law for each state-sponsored retirement system plan. The City pays 100% of the required annual contribution, as determined by eligible active employee wages, and contributions are funded from the same sources the related salaries are paid.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by state statute. According to state statute, contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City and retirement plans have different fiscal year ends and the following is a synopsis based on the City and plans' fiscal years.

The City's employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

May 1, 2021 to June 30, 2021		July 1, 2021 to April 30, 20	
Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer
10.00%	29.50%	10.00%	29.50%
10.00%	33.75%	10.00%	29.75%
10.00%	33.75%	10.00%	29.75%
8.00%	33.75%	8.00%	29.75%
7.50%	36.25%	7.50%	32.25%
10.00%	32.25%	10.00%	33.75%
8.00%	34.25%	8.00%	35.75%
	Employee 10.00% 10.00% 10.00% 8.00% 7.50% 10.00%	Employee Employer 10.00% 29.50% 10.00% 33.75% 10.00% 33.75% 8.00% 33.75% 7.50% 36.25% 10.00% 32.25%	Employee Employer Employee 10.00% 29.50% 10.00% 10.00% 33.75% 10.00% 10.00% 33.75% 10.00% 8.00% 33.75% 8.00% 7.50% 36.25% 7.50% 10.00% 32.25% 10.00%

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Contributions to the plans based on the City's and plan's fiscal year are as follows:

	Employer Contributions							
	City's Fiscal Year	Plan's Fiscal Year						
	May 1, 2021 to April 30, 2022	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021						
MERS	\$ 5,124,587	\$ 5,070,033						
MPERS	2,274,960	2,514,329						
FRS	2,655,197	2,633,857						

Non-employer Contributions

MERS receives ¹/₄ of 1% of ad valorem taxes collected within the respective parishes except for Orleans, per state statute. The Plan also receives revenue sharing funds each year as appropriated by the Legislature. These additional sources of income of \$647,521 are used as additional employer contributions and considered support from non-employer contributing entities.

MPERS and FRS receive insurance premium tax monies as additional employer contributions. The tax is considered support from a non-contributing entity and appropriated by the legislature each year based on an actuarial study. Non-employer contributions of \$545,319 for MPERS and \$930,169 for FRS were recognized as revenue during the fiscal year.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At April 30, 2022, the City reported liabilities of \$24,136,823, \$13,007,595 and \$11,538,810 for its proportionate share of the MERS, MPERS, and FRS, respectively, Net Pension Liability (NPL). This liability will be liquidated by the General fund, special revenue funds and proprietary funds with recorded salaries. The NPL was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the NPL was determined by actuarial valuations as of that date. The City's proportions of the NPL were based on an allocation method based on employer's contribution to the respective retirement plans during the plan year ended 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the most recent measurement date, the City's proportions and the changes in proportion from the prior measurement date were as follows:

System	City's Proportion	Change in Proportion
MERS	8.67762%	-0.43596%
MPERS	2.44020%	-0.11881%
FRS	3.25601%	-0.22141%

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City recognized a total pension expense for state sponsored plans of \$1,925,256 or \$1,604,234 for MERS, \$(204,199) for MPERS and \$525,221 for FRS. The City recognized pension expense for the City sponsored plans of \$3,300 for the Bus Driver's Pension plan and \$1,672 for the Policeman's Pension plan. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as components of unrestricted net position from the following sources:

Governmental Activities (Primary Government):

	Deferred Outflows				Deferred Inflows			
	MERS	MPERS	FRS	Total	MERS	MPERS	FRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,338	\$ -	\$ 159,019	\$ 164,357	\$ 169,387	\$ 400,594	\$ 1,000,669	\$ 1,570,650
Changes of assumptions	541,317	1,440,522	2,414,614	4,396,453	-	371,052	-	371,052
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-		4,173,514	6,073,522	6,762,242	17,009,278
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,117	100,967	102,084	804,613	1,358,027	2,691,627	4,854,267
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,663,001	1,870,597	2,152,050	6,685,648				<u> </u>
Total	\$ 3,209,656	\$ 3,312,236	\$ 4,826,650	\$11,348,542	\$ 5,147,514	\$ 8,203,195	\$ 10,454,538	\$23,805,247

Business-Type Activities (Primary Government):

	Deferred Outflows				Deferred Inflows			
	MERS	MPERS	FRS	Total	MERS MPERS FRS Total			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,360	\$ -	\$ 5,648	\$ 9,008	\$ 106,622 \$ - \$ 35,542 \$ 142,164			
Changes of assumptions	340,738	-	85,763	426,501				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	-	-	2,627,063 - 240,183 2,867,246			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-	3,586	3,586	506,472 - 95,602 602,074			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,676,254	-	76,437	1,752,691	<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 2,020,352	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 171,434	\$ 2,191,786	<u>\$ 3,240,157</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 371,327</u> <u>\$ 3,611,484</u>			
		Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows			
	MERS	MPERS	FRS	Total	MERS MPERS FRS Total			
Total for Primary Government	\$ 5,230,008	\$ 3,312,236	\$ 4,998,084	\$13,540,328	<u>\$ 8,387,671</u> <u>\$ 8,203,195</u> <u>\$ 10,825,865</u> <u>\$ 27,416,731</u>			

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of each plan's NPL in the year ended April 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Governmental Activities (Primary Government):							
	MERS		MPERS		FRS		Total
2023	\$ (995,923)	\$	(1,682,514)	\$	(1,625,797)	\$	(4,304,234)
2024	(1,116,227)		(1,575,058)		(1,711,934)		(4,403,219)
2025	(1,075,965)		(1,411,515)		(1,923,011)		(4,410,491)
2026	(1,412,744)		(2,092,469)		(2,407,734)		(5,912,947)
2027	-		-		(88,418)		(88,418)
2028	-		-		(23,044)		(23,044)
Total	\$ (4,600,859)	\$	(6,761,556)	\$	(7,779,938)	\$	(19,142,353)

Business-Type Activities (Primary Government):

JI -	MERS	MPERS)-	<u>FRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023 \$	(626,894)	\$	- \$	(57,745) \$	(684,639)
2024	(702,621)		-	(60,805)	(763,426)
2025	(677,277)		-	(68,302)	(745,579)
2026	(889,267)		-	(85,519)	(974,786)
2027	-		-	(3,140)	(3,140)
2028	-		-	(819)	(819)
Total \$	(2,896,059)	\$	- \$	(276,330) \$	(3,172,389)

Total for Primary Government:

	MERS	MPERS	<u>FRS</u>	Total
2023	\$ (1,622,817)	\$ (1,682,514) \$	(1,683,542) \$	(4,988,873)
2024	\$ (1,818,848)	\$ (1,575,058) \$	(1,772,739)	(5,166,645)
2025	\$ (1,753,242)	\$ (1,411,515) \$	(1,991,313)	(5,156,070)
2026	\$ (2,302,011)	\$ (2,092,469) \$	(2,493,253)	(6,887,733)
2027	-	\$ - \$	(91,558)	(91,558)
2028		\$ - \$	(23,863)	(23,863)
Total	\$ (7,496,918)	\$ (6,761,556) \$	(8,056,268) \$	(22,314,742)

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The NPL was measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net pension. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

	MERS	MPERS	FRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Expected Remaining Service Lives	3 years	4 years	7 years, closed period
Investment Rate of Return	6.85%, net of investment exp.	6.75%, net of investment exp.	6.90%, net of investment exp.
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum
Mortality - Non-disabled	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales. PubG-2010(B) EmployeeTable set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales.	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Employees (base table multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Employees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)
Mortality - Disabled	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females with the full generational MP2018 scale	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)
Termination, Disability, Retirement	2013-2018 experience study	2014-2019 experience study	2014-2019 experience study
Salary Increases	l to 4 years of service - 6.4%, more than 4 years of service - 4.5%	1 to 2 years of service - 12.30%, Above 2 years - 4.70%	14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases
Cost of Living Adjustments	Not substantively automatic	Not substantively automatic	Not substantively automatic

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The forecasted long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized for each plan in the following table:

	Target Allocation	LT Expected Real Rate of Return
MERS (arithmetic)	Target Anocation	Ketulli
	52.000/	2 2 10/
Public equity	53.00%	2.31%
Public fixed income	38.00%	1.65%
Alternatives	9.00%	0.39%
Total	100.00%	4.35%
Inflation		2.60%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		6.95%
MPERS (arithmetic)		
Equity	55.50%	3.47%
Fixed Income	30.50%	0.59%
Alternative	14.00%	1.01%
Total	100.00%	5.08%
Inflation		2.22%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.30%
FRS (arithmetic)		
Equity	56.00%	6.42%
Fixed Income	26.00%	1.25%
Alternatives *	18.00%	6.54%
Total	100.00%	14.21%

* Subsequent to the actuary's calculation of the long term expected real rate of return in January 2021, the Board voted to amend the target asset allocation (which included a target weight in private real assets).

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85% for MERS, 6.75% for MPERS and 6.9% for FRS. The discount rate for MERS decreased .10%, MPERS decreased .20%, and FRS decreased .10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates approved by PERSAC taking into consideration the recommendation of the each plan's actuary. Based on those assumptions, each plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the NPL to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the NPL for all plans using the current discount rate as well as what the City's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1.0	% Decrease	Curre	nt Discount Rate	1.	.0% Increase
MERS	\$	35,747,866	\$	24,136,823	\$	14,329,687
MPERS		22,670,182		13,007,595		4,942,595
FRS		22,136,358		11,538,810		2,700,570

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about each plan's fiduciary net position are available in the separately issued financial report referenced above.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At April 30, 2022, the City had \$779,021, \$263,169, and \$276,479 in payables to MERS, MPERS, and FRS, respectively, for the April 2022 employee and employer legally required contributions.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - The City of Monroe provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The City of Monroe's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to establish and/or amend the obligation of the employer, employees and retirees rests with the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section P52 *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions—Reporting For Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria—Defined Benefit.*

Benefits Provided and Funding Policy - The City of Monroe's medical benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement. The employees are covered by several retirement systems whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are similar. We have used the following as representative of that eligibility: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; or, age 60 and 10 years of service. The City pays approximately 52% of the blended retirees' premiums before Medicare eligibility (age 65).

Benefit Changes – Effective January 1, 2022 the City added a medical benefit option for pre-Medicare retirees. The prior plan is now referred to as the "Buy-Up" plan and a new "Base" plan was introduced.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At April 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	271
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	855
Total	1,126

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Total OPEB Liability - The City's total OPEB liability of \$74,216,237 was measured as of April 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The other post-employment benefit obligation will be liquidated by the General Fund.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial method	Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay method
Discount rate	3.21%
Healthcare trend	Ranged from 6.50% in 2021 to 4.50% in 2029
Mortality	PubGH-2010 Employee, Healthy Retiree, and Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables, generational mortality improvement with Scale MP-2021.
Turnover	Ranged from 34.5% for 0 years of service to .8% for 29+ years of service
Retirement rates	Based on a combination of the retirement rates, DROP entry rates, and DROP participation periods assumed in the pension plan valuations for MERS, MPERS, and FRS. A factor or .75 was applied to the pension rates to account for recent experience.
Salary increase	3.50% including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers' 20 Year General Obligation municipal bond index on the applicable measurement dates. The discount rate changed from 2.27% used in 2021 measurement to 3.21%. The mortality improvement scale was updated from MP-2020 to MP-2021.

The OPEB plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed. Utilizing the "pay-as-you-go" method, the City contributed \$1,147,404 in benefit payments.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - The City's changes in total OPEB Liability for April 30, 2022 is as follows:

	1	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at April 30, 2021	\$	78,260,896		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		2,330,611		
Interest		1,816,404		
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		1,859,127		
Changes in assumptions		(8,903,397)		
Benefit payments		(1,147,404)		
Net changes		(4,044,659)		
Balance at April 30, 2022	\$	74,216,237		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	87,146,975	\$	74,216,237	\$	63,947,371	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Trend				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Rate				
Total OPEB liability	\$ 61,904,792	\$ 74,216,237	\$ 90,216,745			

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$4,418,760. At April 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as components of unrestricted net position from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,558,338	\$ 2,384,770	
Changes in assumptions	11,681,384	21,773,509	
Total	\$ 19,239,722	\$ 24,158,279	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ended April 30:	
2023	\$ 271,745
2024	271,745
2025	271,743
2026	(3,975,626)
2027	(1,290,866)
Thereafter	(467,298)
	\$ (4,918,557)

11. CAPITAL LEASES

In 2013, the City entered into a lease for police communication software and equipment with an original obligation amount of \$1,178,708 which bears interest at 3.49%.

In March 2019, the City had entered into a lease for various John Deere equipment to be used for maintaining the grounds at Chennault Park. The original amount of the obligation was \$534,630 and bears an interest rate of 5.5%.

In August 2019, the City entered into a lease for garbage and trash trucks and police equipment. The original amount of the obligation was \$2,500,000 and bears an interest rate of 2.03%. As of April 30, 2022 only \$1,786,205 has been spent on equipment.

In October 2019, the City entered into a lease to purchase computers for the municipal employees. The original amount of the obligation was \$176,545 and bears an interest rate of 2.76%. The City also entered into a lease to purchase computers for the fire department in January 2020. The original amount of this obligation was \$36,730 and bears an interest rate of 7.44%. The computers purchased with these leases were not capitalized because they fell below the City's capitalization threshold.

In November 2019, the City entered into a lease to purchase 17 golf carts for the Johnny Myers' Golf Course. The original amount of the obligation was \$81,480 and bears an interest rate of 4.75%. The golf carts acquired with this lease were not capitalized because they fell below the City's capitalization threshold.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

In October 2020, the City entered into a lease to purchase 65 golf carts for the Chennault Golf Course. The original amount of the obligation was \$289,932 and bears an interest rate of 3.25%. The golf carts acquired with this lease were not capitalized because they fell below the City's capitalization threshold.

In March 2020, the City entered into a lease to purchase various fire trucks. The original amount of the obligation was \$3,500,599 and bears an interest rate of 1.36%. As of April 30, 2022 only \$3,159,733 has been spent on the trucks.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

			Cur	rent Year	A	ccumulated	Final Maturity
<u>Asset:</u>	Original Cost		Depreciation		Depreciation		(Fiscal Year)
Police communication Equipment	\$	1,178,708	\$	117,871	\$	1,119,772	2023
Chennault equipment		534,630		106,926		338,599	2023
Garbage/Trash trucks & police equipment		1,786,205		357,241		740,191	2025
Fire trucks		3,159,733		631,947		795,450	2028

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Years Ended April 30:	Future Minimum Lease Payments		
2023	\$	1,443,058	
2024		1,148,984	
2025		1,128,897	
2026		527,658	
2027		527,658	
2028		527,656	
	\$	5,303,911	
Less: Amounts representing Interest		(222,950)	
Present Value of Future Minimum			
Lease Payments	\$	5,080,961	

12. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the governmental activities of the City of Monroe for the year ended April 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities:	Balance April 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement					
Tax increment bonds	\$ 41,710,000	\$ -	\$ (2,950,000)	\$ 38,760,000	\$ 3,025,000
Sales tax revenue bonds	29,881,000	10,405,000	(14,510,720)	25,775,280	4,357,040
Premium	122,894	-	(40,725)	82,169	-
Total bonds payable, net	71,713,894	10,405,000	(17,501,445)	64,617,449	7,382,040
Claims and judgments	6,946,528	1,338,513	(1,501,972)	6,783,069	1,501,972
Capital leases	6,478,936	-	(1,397,975)	5,080,961	1,357,719
Accrued vacation and sick pay	6,262,103	3,909,318	(3,626,308)	6,545,113	3,626,308
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 91,401,461	\$ 15,652,831	\$ (24,027,700)	\$ 83,026,592	\$ 13,868,039

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The following is a summary of long term obligation transactions for the business-type activities of the City of Monroe for the year ended April 30, 2022:

Balance Balance Balance Balance Business-type Activities: April 30, 2021 Additions Deletions April 30, 2	
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement	
Sales tax revenue bonds - Water \$ 2,230,800 \$ 1,505,000 \$ (1,722,080) \$ 2,013,	720 \$ 354,160
Sales tax revenue bonds - Sewer 31,362,522 1,299,319 (4,387,200) 28,274,	641 4,148,122
Water revenue bonds 34,045,000 - (610,000) 33,435,	000 640,000
Premium 799,520 - (199,880) 599,	- 640
Public Offering	
General obligation bonds - Airport 13,880,000 - (460,000) 13,420,	000 500,000
Discount - Airport (96,338) - 5,352 (90,	986) -
Total bonds payable, net 82,221,504 2,804,319 (7,373,808) 77,652,	015 5,642,282
Accrued vacation and sick pay 1,219,071 786,310 (710,084) 1,295,	297 710,084
Total Long-Term Debt \$ 83,440,575 \$ 3,590,629 \$ (8,083,892) \$ 78,947,	312 \$ 6,352,366

Payments of claims and judgments payable are recognized in the General Fund when paid and are related to outstanding worker's compensation claims at year-end. Payments of accrued vacation and sick pay, as well as capital leases, are paid from the general revenues of the General Fund. Only those expenditures which are included in the City's legally adopted budget will be paid from the General Fund and any special revenue funds.

The governmental activities debt service payments were paid from the three debt service funds of the City. The business-type activities debt payments were paid from either the Water, Sewer, or Airport Enterprise Funds.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Individual bond issuances are comprised of the following:

individual bond issuances are con	Issue Dates	Original <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity <u>(Fiscal year)</u>	Balance April 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within A Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement Bonds:						
Tax Increment Bonds:						
Tower Drive Series 2019	2019	\$ 11,000,000	2.21%	2034	\$ 9,975,000	\$ 735,000
I-20 Development Series 2012	2012	20,530,000	2.71%	2025	5,765,000	1,870,000
I-20 Development Series 2019	2019	23,500,000	2.21%	2034	23,020,000	420,000
Total Tax Increment Bonds		55,030,000			38,760,000	3,025,000
Sales Tax Bonds:						
Series 2011A Refunding	2011	14,690,000	3.190%	2028	9,835,000	1,505,000
Series 2017 Refunding	2017	12,535,800	2.10%	2027	5,780,000	1,139,000
Series 2021 Refunding	2021	10,405,000	1.08%	2033	10,160,280	1,713,040
Total Sales Tax Bonds		37,630,800	1.0070	2000	25,775,280	4,357,040
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 92,660,800			\$ 64,535,280	\$ 7,382,040
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Public Offering:						
General Obligation Bonds - Airport:						
Series 2017 LCDA Taxable Revenue Refunding	2017	\$ 15,625,000	2.00% - 4.10%	2039	\$ 13,420,000	\$ 500,000
Total Airport Revenue Bonds		15,625,000			13,420,000	500,000
Direct Borrowing and Private Placement Bonds: Sales Tax Bonds - Water:						
Series 2017 Refunding	2017	1,179,840	2.10%	2027	544,000	107,200
Series 2021 Refunding	2021	1,505,000	1.08%	2027	1,469,720	246,960
Total Sales Tax Bonds - Water		2,684,840			2,013,720	354,160
Water Revenue Bonds						
Series 2018	2018	35,295,000	3.00% - 5.00%	2049	33,435,000	640,000
Total Water Revenue Bonds		35,295,000			33,435,000	640,000
Sales Tax Bonds - Sewer:						
Series 2008 - DEQ #5	2008	14,000,000	0.95%	2030	5,707,274	710,000
Series 2012A Refunding	2012	32,000,000	2.89%	2028	14,390,000	2,230,000
Series 2013 - DEQ #6	2013	11,700,000	0.95%	2030	6,001,367	779,322
Series 2017 Refunding	2017	4,719,360	2.10%	2027	2,176,000	428,800
Total Sales Tax Bonds - Sewer		62,419,360			28,274,641	4,148,122
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES		\$ 116,024,200			\$ 77,143,361	\$ 5,642,282

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Direct Bo	rrowings/Private	Placement	Public Offerings Direct Borrowings/Private Place							
Year Ended	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Bu	siness-Type Activit	ties	Business-Type Activities				
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 7,382,040	\$ 1,698,049	\$ 9,080,089	\$ 500,000	\$ 493,705	\$ 993,705	\$ 5,142,282	\$ 2,004,629	\$ 7,146,911		
2024	7,547,830	1,464,839	9,012,669	535,000	478,705	1,013,705	5,254,170	1,888,510	7,142,680		
2025	7,729,250	1,224,493	8,953,743	575,000	462,655	1,037,655	5,369,750	1,766,762	7,136,512		
2026	5,766,130	988,101	6,754,231	620,000	444,830	1,064,830	5,480,870	1,632,894	7,113,764		
2027	7,762,470	790,652	8,553,122	665,000	424,990	1,089,990	5,586,530	1,499,443	7,085,973		
2028-2032	20,826,900	1,875,777	22,702,677	4,065,000	1,750,308	5,815,308	11,345,419	6,174,479	17,519,898		
2033-2037	7,520,660	167,243	7,687,903	5,120,000	876,010	5,996,010	5,635,000	4,846,125	10,481,125		
2038-2042	-	-	-	1,340,000	83,435	1,423,435	7,150,000	3,318,575	10,468,575		
2043-2047	-	-	-			-	8,745,000	1,703,900	10,448,900		
2048-2049	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,014,340	162,000	4,176,340		
Total	\$ 64,535,280	\$ 8,209,154	\$ 72,744,434	\$ 13,420,000	\$ 5,014,638	\$ 18,434,638	\$ 63,723,361	\$ 24,997,317	\$ 88,720,678		

The debt service requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at April 30, 2022, are as follows:

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds are secured by pledged income derived from the assets acquired or constructed with bond funds. Certificates of indebtedness are secured by a pledge of the general credit of the City. The Tax Increment bonds are secured solely from the incremental tax revenues from the respective economic development districts.

<u>*Refunding:*</u> During the fiscal year, the City issued \$11,900,000 in sales tax revenue bonds to current refund \$1,450,000 in sales tax revenue bonds Series 2006 and \$10,055,000 in sales tax revenue bonds Series 2012. The refunding reduced its total debt service payments by \$802,640 to obtain an economic savings of \$770,998. The refunding bonds were issued at an interest rate of 1.076% and will be paid through fiscal year 2027.

13. PLEDGED REVENUES

Tower Drive Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2019

The City has pledged and dedicated and will irrevocably pledge and dedicate an amount to be determined but in no event to exceed sixty percent (60%) of its local Sales Tax Increment collected within the boundaries of the Economic Development Areas for use by the City for the purposes set forth in the Act for payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

The original bond issuance was for \$11,000,000. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the purpose of the acquisition, engineering, construction, reconstruction or relocation of certain roads, streets, highways, drainage, sewers and other public infrastructure within the Tower Drive Economic Development Area. The bonds are payable through 2034. The City has a balance of \$1,805,994 in a debt service fund for the payment of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$9,975,000 and \$1,380,090, respectively. For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City received \$1,145,629 from the collection of the incremental sales tax and paid \$720,000 in bond principal and \$228,404 in debt service interest. The annual required principal and interest payments are estimated to be 81% of the pledged tax revenues over the next 12 years.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

I-20 Development Sales Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 and Sales Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019

The City has pledged and dedicated and will irrevocably pledge and dedicate an amount to be determined but in no event to exceed sixty percent (60%) of its local Sales Tax Increment collected within the boundaries of the Economic Development Areas for use by the City for the purposes set forth in the Act for payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

The original bond issuance was \$20,530,000 for 2012 and \$23,500,000 for the 2019 issuance. Proceeds from the bonds provided for the financing or refinancing of economic development projects within the economic development area including the repair, construction, reconstruction or relocation of public streets. The Series 2012 bonds are payable through 2025 and the Series 2019 bonds are payable through 2034. The City has a balance of \$9,009,246 in a debt service fund for the payment of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$28,785,000 and \$4,209,771, respectively. For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City received \$4,164,770 from the collection of the incremental sales tax and paid \$2,230,000 in bond principal and \$718,826 in debt service interest. The annual required principal and interest payments are estimated to be 60% of pledged tax revenues over the next 12 years.

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Sales Tax Bonds are payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge and dedication of the avails or proceeds of the special one percent (1%) sales and use tax now being levied and collected by the City, pursuant to Article VI, Section 29 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana of 1974, and other constitutional and statutory authority, and in compliance with elections held therein on November 8, 1994 and May 5, 2001, subject only to the prior payment of the reasonable and necessary costs and expenses of collecting and administering the Tax.

Proceeds from the bonds provided for capital infrastructure projects such as fire improvements, streets and drainage, as well as water and sewer infrastructure upgrades.

The City has a balance of \$5,552,672 in a debt service fund for payment of the bonds. The original amount of the bonds as well as the remaining principal and interest and final year payment is as follows:

	Original Amount	Remaining Principal	Remaining Interest	Final Fiscal Year Payment
Series 2008 DEQ #5	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 5,707,274	\$ 114,288	2030
Series 2011A Refunding	14,690,000	9,835,000	971,594	2028
Series 2012A Refunding	32,000,000	14,390,000	1,282,438	2028
Series 2013 DEQ #6	11,700,000	6,001,367	220,191	2030
Series 2017 Refunding	18,435,000	8,500,000	448,458	2027
Series 2021 Refunding	11,910,000	11,630,000	369,767	2028
Total	\$ 102,735,000	\$ 56,063,641	\$ 3,406,736	

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

For the year ended, April 30, 2022, the City received \$18,532,350 from the collection of the 1% sales and use tax and paid \$10,759,752 in bond principal and \$1,576,724 in debt service interest. The annual required principal and interest payments are estimated to be 40% of the tax revenues over the next 8 years.

Water Revenue Bonds

In the 2019 fiscal year, the City pledged and dedicated and will irrevocably pledge and dedicate the net revenues from water system revenues each year, after paying all reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the water system, at least equal to 125% of the principal and interest payable on the bonds in such fiscal year and on any additional parity bonds hereafter.

For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City paid \$610,000 in bond principal and \$1,501,550 in debt service interest payments. The City's net revenues for 2022 meets the 125% requirement of the next year's principal and interest payments, \$640,000 and \$1,473,500, respectively.

14. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	Interfund Receivable																
		General		Capital astructure		Corridor ovements		onmajor ernmental	R	Ionroe egional lirport		Water	Sewer	onmajor nterprise		Internal Service	Total
Interfund Payable													 	 			
General	\$	-	\$	31,022	\$	-	\$	26,340	\$	22,484	\$	76,484	\$ 38	\$ 58,119	\$	1,808,371	\$ 2,022,858
I-20 Corridor Improvements		153,020				-							-			-	153,020
Nonmajor Governmental		781,071		62,815		-		109,030		6,262		529,909	-			13	1,489,100
Monroe Regional Airport		705,226				82,591		310,924		-		241,218	-	-		-	1,339,959
Water Fund		252,571		1,225		-		92,687		-		-	-	-		-	346,483
Sewer Fund		3,253,966		415		-		528					-			-	3,254,909
Internal Service		780,350		-		-		229,000			_	-	 -	 -	_	-	 1,009,350
Total	\$	5,926,204	\$	95,477	\$	82,591	\$	768,509	\$	28,746	\$	847,611	\$ 38	\$ 58,119	\$	1,808,384	\$ 9,615,679

Individual fund balances due from/to other funds at April 30, 2022, are as follows:

These balances result from interfund transactions for cash loans among funds and to cover negative cash balances.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

15. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following transfers were made between the various funds of the City during the year ended April 30, 2022:

	Transfers Out										
	General	It	Capital nfrastructure		Nonmajor vernmental		Total				
Transfers In	_										
General	\$ -	\$	1,176,258	\$	432	\$	1,176,690				
Capital Infrastructure	-		-		58,414		58,414				
Nonmajor Governmental	2,399,998		5,906,774		215,087		8,521,859				
Water Fund	-		392,332		-		392,332				
Sewer Fund	-		4,815,480		-		4,815,480				
Nonmajor Enterprise	3,362,098		-		-		3,362,098				
Internal Service	1,855,192				-		1,855,192				
Total	\$ 7,617,288	\$	12,290,844	\$	273,933	\$	20,182,065				

These transfers resulted from transactions for goods and services among funds, debt service transfers, amounts needed to support operations in various enterprise funds and for capital improvements. Government wide transfer of \$4,505,633 of capital assets from governmental funds to business-type funds.

16. COMMITMENTS, LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

Various lawsuits are pending against the City of Monroe. Except as noted below, attorneys of the City are of the opinion that any judgment rendered in favor of the plaintiff will not materially affect the financial position of the City at April 30, 2022.

The City is a party to a variety of suits involving sales taxes assessed on different businesses, city employee/employer relations, and a suit involving sewer collections. The City is unable to make an estimate of the possible liability, if any, of these matters at the current time.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

<u>Construction Commitments.</u> The City has active construction projects as of April 30, 2022. The projects include street construction, sewer treatment improvements, water system upgrades and airport projects. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

. .

		Remaining
Project	Spent-to-Date	Commitment
Airport Runway 14/32 Extension	\$ 10,490,223	\$ 1,149,050
Airport Drainage Improvements	2,014,459	9,626,117
I-20 South Frontage Road - Nutland Road to Lowe's	5,347,477	2,501,456
Water Treatment Plant Renovation & Expansion	15,872,230	31,339,472
Texas-Standifer Emergency Sewer Repair	2,391,043	916,729
I-20 North Frontage Road Project - Phase II	607,629	1,859,560
Pedestrian Bridge Hwy 165 at Renwick	441,466	344,311
Deborah Drive Cross Drain	361,745	305,486
Forsythe Pool Demolition	134,000	25,135
Youngs Bayou Retention Phase 1	460,685	669,065
Broadmoor-Magellan Emergency Repair	-	1,288,262
Kansas Lane Drainage Construction Avenue	-	165,690
Lee Avenue Street Improvements	-	3,745,338
South Grande Street	-	3,924,820
WPCC Clarifier No. 3 (Emergency)	-	486,000
City Striping Phase V	-	752,895

The City also has outstanding commitments for architect and engineering services related to the City's ongoing construction projects.

<u>Encumbrances</u>. As discussed in Note 1. D. Budget Practices, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General Fund	\$ 602,462
Nonmajor Governmental	515,535
Airport	53,785
Water	1,443
Sewer	96,082
Nonmajor Enterprise	 55,685
	\$ 1,324,992

<u>**Tax Arbitrage Rebate**</u> Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

17. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Certain City employees in the City Marshal's office, the Monroe Police Department and the Monroe Fire Department receive supplemental pay from the State of Louisiana. In accordance with GASB

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Statement No. 24, the City has recorded revenues and expenditures for these payments in the General Fund. Revenues under this arrangement totaled \$1,731,870 and the related expenditures are as follows:

Marshal/Deputy Marshal	\$ 101,617
Monroe Police Department	703,569
Monroe Fire Department	 926,684
Total	\$ 1,731,870

18. RISK FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. There were no major changes in insurance coverage for the year ended April 30, 2022. Certain risks of loss, such as surety bonding, transit liability and indemnity, cybersecurity, and activities relating to the operations of Chennault Park, Selman Field Golf Course, the Monroe Civic Center, Louisiana Purchase Gardens and Zoo and Monroe Regional Airport are insured through purchase of commercial insurance with deductibles from \$0 to \$100,000 and coverage limits from \$50,000 (surety bonds) to \$127,933,154 (buildings and contents). Other risks of loss, including fleet comprehensive and liability, long-term disability and comprehensive general liability, are entirely self-insured. Workers compensation losses are self-insured up to \$2,000,000 per occurrence, with excess loss policies in force for claims in excess of the self-insured retention. There were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

The City also administers its own health insurance plan for its employees with a combination of selfinsurance and stop-loss coverage. Claims are paid from charges to the City's other funds and its plan members and is based on 3rd party administrations recommendation. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In fiscal year 2022 the City retained specific stop-loss coverage which provides excess coverage for claims in excess of \$250,000.

The following are the changes in the claims liability for health care benefits during the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 751,000	\$ 658,591	\$ 738,631
Current year claims and changes in estimates	8,454,295	10,872,519	12,172,876
Claims paid	(8,589,295)	(10,780,110)	(12,252,916)
Ending balance	\$ 616,000	\$ 751,000	\$ 658,591

All of the foregoing risk-financing activities are accounted for in the governmental and proprietary fund types. Long-term liabilities that are covered by structured settlements which are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources in the governmental funds have been recorded in the long term liabilities at estimated present value. Other long-term claims and judgments payable recorded in the long term liabilities, primarily disability and workers' compensation claims, are recorded using actuarial methods. Changes in the claims liability during the past three fiscal years are as follows:

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 6,946,528	\$ 7,987,043	\$ 8,950,312
Current year claims and changes in estimates	1,338,513	39,658	680,550
Claims paid	(1,501,972)	(1,080,173)	(1,643,819)
Ending balance	\$ 6,783,069	\$ 6,946,528	\$ 7,987,043

Included in current year claims and changes in estimates are amounts related to workers' compensation claims for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). IBNR claims include known loss events which are expected to be presented as claims, unknown loss events that are expected to become claims and expected future developments on claims already reported. Actuarial methods were employed to determine the IBNR reserve at April 30, 2022, which was calculated to be approximately \$2.3 million and covers claim years since April 30, 1979. The estimate of claims also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims.

The Employees' Group Insurance fund had a fund balance (deficit) of \$776,843 at April 30, 2022.

19. SALES TAX COLLECTIONS REMITTED TO OTHER TAXING AUTHORITIES (CASH BASIS)

Act 711 of the 2010 Louisiana legislative session amended LRS 24:51 (B) to provide required footnote disclosure in the financial statements for local governments that collect tax for other taxing jurisdictions. Listed below are sales tax collections and distributions to other parish governmental agencies during fiscal year ended April 30, 2022.

		Deductions						
	Total				Protested		Actual	
		Collections		Cost		Taxes		istribution
City of West Monroe	\$	27,652,619	\$	(52,838)	\$	(5,440)	\$	27,594,340
Town of Sterlington		2,053,537		(12,176)				2,041,362
Town of Richwood		378,993		(165)				378,828
Monroe City School Board		33,560,440		(219,540)		(19,769)		33,321,131
Ouachita Parish School Board		57,786,364		(345,902)		(9,542)		57,430,919
Ouachita Parish Police Jury		28,939,850		(37,800)				28,902,050
Ouachita Parish Sheriff Office		5,952,487		(29,865)				5,922,622
Monroe/W Monroe Convention & Visitor's								
Bureau		2,096,096		(4,000)				2,092,096
Subtotal		158,420,387		(702,287)		(34,751)		157,683,349
City of Monroe		72,164,785		-		(47,099)		72,117,686
Total	\$	230,585,172	\$	(702,287)	\$	(81,850)	\$	229,801,035

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

20. NONSPENDABLE, RESTRICTED, COMMITTED AND ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

The following Governmental Funds' fund balances are nonspendable, legally restricted, Council committed or assigned by management for the following purposes:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Fund	Nonspendable	Amount
Major Funds:		
General Fund	Prepaid items and other assets	\$ 614,052
General Fund	Inventories	 258,452
Total Major Funds		 872,504
Non-major Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
CDBG Loan	Prepaid items and other assets	47,579
HOME Program Loans	Prepaid items and other assets	91,613
Capital	Prepaid items and other assets	40,855
Southside Economic Dev District	Prepaid items and other assets	 1,578
Total Non-major Funds		 181,625
Total Nonspendable		\$ 1,054,129

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Restricted Fund Balance

Fund	Restricted For	Amount
Major Funds		
Capital project-Capital Infrastructure	Debt	\$ 4,922,279
	Public works	19,232,133
Capital project-I-20 Corridor Improvements	Capital improvements	17,682,218
Total Major Funds		41,836,630
Non-Major Funds Special Revenue Funds		
Fire Department Insurance	Public safety	760,514
Fire and Police Capital Tax	Capital improvements	2,137,470
Emergency Shelter	Planning and urban development	44,649
CDBG Home	Planning and urban development	5,300
Bond Forfeiture	Judicial	127,107
Police Salary Sales Tax	Public safety	1,547,557
Fire Salary Sales Tax	Public safety	1,243,714
HOME Program Loans	Planning and urban development	265,484
Capital	Public safety	345,654
MPD K-9/Donations	Public safety	46,163
Brownfields Assessment Grant	Planning and urban development	50
Monroe Home Ownership Program	Planning and urban development	18,500
Coronavirus Supplemental Funding	Planning and urban development	340
Downtown Economic Dev District TIF	Economic Development	493,500
MPAC	Public safety	997
Debt-Service Funds		
I-20 Economic District	Debt	9,009,246
Tower Drive Economic District	Debt	1,805,994
Sales Tax Debt	Debt	5,552,672
Capital Projects Funds		
Tower Drive	Capital improvements	5,979,783
Total Non-Major Funds		29,384,694
Total Restricted		\$ 71,221,324

Committed Fund Balance

Fund	Fund Committed For		Amount
Non-Major Funds			
Special Revenue Funds Employees' Benefits	Employees' honofite	¢	2 2 2 2 5 9 1
Southside Economic Dev. District	Employees' benefits Economic Development	2	2,228,581 203,340
Total Committed	Economic Development	\$	2,431,921
Total Committee		Ψ	2,131,721

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

Assigned Fund Balance

Fund	Assigned For		Amount		
Non-Major Funds					
Special Revenue Funds					
Diversion Program	Judicial	\$	184,703		
Drug Seizure Local/State	Public safety		74,782		
Downtown Economic Development	Economic development		7,658		
Administrative Economic Development	Economic development		303,987		
Repairs & Maintenance	Repairs and capital improvements		722,599		
Demolition	Public works		32,096		
Capital Project Funds					
Capital Equipment Purchases	Capital improvements		6,342,522		
Total Assigned		\$	7,668,347		

21. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE - MONROE REGIONAL AIRPORT

On January 23, 2003, the Monroe Regional Airport (Airport) received approval from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to impose a \$4.50 passenger facility charge (PFC) in accordance with Section 158.29 of the FAA Regulations (Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 158). On September 8, 2008, approval was given by the FAA to collect the charge commencing November 1, 2008 through June 1, 2036.

FAA regulations require that PFC revenues be recognized and reported as non-operating revenues in the year the fees are remitted by the air carriers (cash basis of accounting). Likewise, payments to vendors are also reported when disbursed, not when incurred. However, for financial reporting purposes, GAAP requires that these revenues and expenses be recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

FAA regulations also require certain financial statement disclosures with regard to passenger facility charges. Any PFC revenue received, but not yet spent, along with interest income, is classified as restricted net position on the Statement of Net position.

The FAA approved a total collection of \$1,134,672, from April 1, 2003 until January 31, 2006 for three approved projects. On December 20, 2005, the FAA approved collections of \$720,000 for one additional project. Two additional projects were approved September 8, 2008 totaling \$16,400,000. These projects as well as the amounts disbursed and the remaining dollars available are as follows:

		Project				
Description	Amount		Dis	bursements	Available	
Aircraft loading equipment improvement	\$	504,334	\$	504,334	\$	-
PFC application professional fees		40,700		40,700		-
Rehabilitate airfield lighting		401,025		401,025		-
Passenger terminal scoping and planning study		413,444		413,444		-
New Passenger Terminal Building		16,200,000		5,170,582	11	1,029,418
Administrative Costs (Professional Fees)		200,000		48,361		151,639
Total	\$	17,759,503	\$	6,578,446	\$ 11	1,181,057

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

On September 15, 2009 the Application 08-03-C-00-MLU charge effective date was changed to July 1, 2006 and charge expiration date was changed to January 1, 2035.

Since the inception of the PFC, the Airport has recorded the following revenues / receipts and expenses / disbursements through fiscal year 2022 resulting in a restriction of net position from passenger facility charges as follows:

	Accrual Basis	Cash Basis
PFC revenues / receipts	\$ 7,618,112	\$ 7,519,727
Interest earnings	99	62,702
Total revenues / receipts	7,618,211	7,582,429
Expenses / disbursements for PFC projects	(6,578,397)	(6,578,446)
Net PFC cash, April 30, 2022		\$ 1,003,983
Net position restricted for PFC, April 30, 2022	\$ 1,039,814	

Any remaining funds after the completion of the projects will require a plan for the use of this revenue be submitted to the FAA for review and concurrence.

22. NEW GASB STANDARDS

In fiscal year 2022, the City adopted the following new statement of financial accounting issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.

This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

The adoption of this standard had no impact on the City's financial statements.

23. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City is subject to two property tax abatement programs granted by the Louisiana Department of Economic Development, Office of Commerce and Industry: Industrial Tax Exemption Program (ITEP) and Restoration Tax Abatement Program (RTA).

Louisiana's ITEP program provides that any manufacturing establishment entering Louisiana, or any manufacturing establishment expanding its Louisiana facilities, is eligible to receive exemption on buildings and equipment from state, parish and local property taxes for a period of ten years.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

The exemption is for the "contract" value of buildings or equipment used by the business. The initial term of the abatement is up to five years and the option to renew is for an additional five years. When the exemption expires, the property is to be placed on the tax roll at 15% of its current market value.

Louisiana's RTA program provides commercial property owners and homeowners who expand, restore, improve or develop an existing structure in the downtown development districts, economic development districts and historic districts the right for five years after completion of the work, to pay ad valorem taxes based on the assessed valuation of the property for the year prior to the commencement of the project. The contract under the exemption law provides for a five-year abatement of ad valorem taxes on the increased value of the property, with an option to renew for an additional five years. If the property is sold, the contract may be transferred, subject to local government and board approval.

The amount of tax abatement under these programs during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022 by authorized millage are as follows:

Distrct	Millage	Assessed Valuation Lost to ITEP & RTA	Estimated Tax Dollar Lost to ITEP & RTA		
Monroe City General Fund	0.01049	\$ 10,173,778	\$ 106,723		
Monroe Rec Facilities	0.00188	10,173,778	19,127		
Monroe Safety Services	0.00107	10,173,778	10,886		
Monroe Drainage Facilities	0.00131	10,173,778	13,328		
Monroe Civic Center	0.00250	10,173,778	25,434		
La. Purchase Gardens and Zoo	0.00250	10,173,778	25,434		
Monroe Capital Improvements	0.00326	10,173,778	33,167		
Monroe Police Department	0.00150	10,173,778	15,261		
Monroe Fire Department	0.00150	10,173,778	15,261		
Monroe Airport	0.00101	10,173,778	10,276		
			\$ 274,895		

The City is subject to one sales tax abatement granted by the State of Louisiana Department of Revenue, with City Council's approval, under the Enterprise Zone Program. The tax abatement is in the form of a claim for rebate of sales and use tax paid on construction materials, machinery, and equipment purchased during the construction period to be used on the approved site of the project indicated on the Enterprise Zone contract. The City has one vendor under this program; however the City's sales tax revenue was not reduced during the fiscal year as a result of the rebate due to the extension request submitted by the vendor. The rebate amount is not yet determined.

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City remains in negotiations with the Southside Economic Development District to enter into a cooperative endeavor agreement to finance economic development projects within the District through ad valorem property tax and sales tax increments in excess of an agreed upon tax base for each tax. The distribution of the ad valorem and sales tax increments are not to exceed \$500,000 each for any fiscal year.

Notes To The Financial Statements As of And For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

In June 2022, the City hired a new City Engineer. The City had been utilizing outside engineering firms to facilitate needs since the departure of the previous engineer in October of 2021.

In continued response to the COVID-19 pandemic and to assist the United States (US) with economic Recovery, Congress passed the American Rescue Plan of 2021 (ARPA) on January 3, 2021. The Act allocated direct funding to governmental entities throughout the US including the City of Monroe by way of the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund established under the Act. The total amount allocated to the City is \$18,327,658. The City received its first half of \$9,163,829 on June 10, 2021, and the second half of \$9,163,829 was received on June 16, 2022. As of the date of this report, the City has not expended any of the funds.

25. CHANGE IN PRESENTATION

For current fiscal year, the ARPA fund is reported as a major fund. This fund originated in the current fiscal year and met the threshold requirement to be reported as a major fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), PENSION AND BUDGETARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Exhibit 1-1

Total OPEB Liability	2019	2020	2021	2022
Service costs	\$ 956,630	\$ 959,695	\$ 998,083	\$ 2,330,611
Interest	2,596,598	2,485,116	2,202,925	1,816,404
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,444,670)	4,788,145	5,422,488	1,859,127
Changes of assumptions	1,925,944	20,696,079	(21,531,018)	(8,903,397)
Benefit payments	(1,788,546)	(1,950,741)	(2,355,588)	(1,147,404)
Net change in total OPEB liability	245,956	26,978,294	(15,263,110)	(4,044,659)
Total OPEB liability - Beginning	66,299,756	66,545,712	93,524,006	78,260,896
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$ 66,545,712	\$ 93,524,006	\$ 78,260,896	\$ 74,216,237
Covered employee payroll	\$ 30,826,348	\$ 32,059,402	\$ 34,234,409	\$ 34,078,155
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	215.87%	291.72%	228.60%	217.78%

Changes of Benefit Terms:

2022 Effective January 1, 2022, the City added a second benefit option for pre-Medicare retirees.

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period. The following is the discount rate used:

2019	3.79%
2020	2.36%
2021	2.27%
2022	3.21%

Mortality rates:

2019-2020 RP-2000 Combined Mortality table - No mortality improvement

- 2021 PubG.H-2010 Employee, Healthy Retiree, and Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables, generational mortality improvement with Scale MP-2020
- 2022 PubG.H-2010 Employee, Healthy Retiree, and Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables, generational mortality improvement with Scale MP-2021

Notes:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Exhibit 1-2

Fiscal Year	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Pr Sha	mployer's oportionate re of the Net sion Liability	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Municipal Employees' Re	etirement System (M	ERS)				
2022	8.678%	\$	24,136,823	\$ 17,183,111	140%	77.82%
2021	9.114%		39,401,711	17,420,168	226%	64.52%
2020	9.223%		38,539,995	17,078,043	226%	64.68%
2019	9.565%		39,607,463	17,362,227	228%	63.94%
2018	10.217%		42,742,500	18,555,620	230%	62.49%
2017	10.804%		44,284,268	19,310,513	229%	62.11%
2016	10.799%		38,576,519	21,647,291	178%	66.18%
Municipal Police Employ	yees' Retirement Syst	em (M	IPERS)			
2022	2.440199%	\$	13,007,595	\$ 7,473,122	174%	84.09%
2021	2.559010%		23,651,216	7,904,454	299%	70.94%
2020	2.633900%		23,920,232	8,226,214	291%	71.01%
2019	2.779837%		23,500,912	8,203,664	286%	71.89%
2018	2.894085%		25,266,586	8,638,064	293%	70.08%
2017	3.148973%		29,514,749	8,820,039	335%	66.04%
2016	3.09061%		24,211,694	9,939,381	244%	70.73%
Firefighters' Retirement S	System (FRS)					
2022	3.256008%	\$	11,538,810	\$ 8,166,303	141%	86.78%
2021	3.477413%		24,103,860	8,666,377	278%	72.61%
2020	3.628220%		22,719,613	8,768,953	259%	73.96%
2019	3.862684%		22,218,460	9,196,430	242%	74.76%
2018	3.830554%		21,956,157	8,944,203	245%	73.55%
2017	4.034794%		26,391,200	9,103,533	290%	68.16%
2016	3.990974%		21,539,736	12,112,347	178%	72.45%
Natar						

Notes:

The amounts presented have a measurement date of June 30th of the previous fiscal year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLANS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Exhibit 1-3

<u>Fiscal Year</u> Municipal Employees' R	Contractually Required Contribution etirement System (M	C	ntributions in Relation to contractually Required contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
in the regime)				
2022	\$ 5,124,587	\$	5,124,587		\$17,388,041	29.47%
2021	5,252,215		5,252,215	-	17,804,120	29.50%
2020	4,788,131		4,788,131	-	17,464,175	27.42%
2019	4,368,939		4,368,939	-	16,957,617	25.76%
2018	4,300,186		4,300,186	-	17,657,168	24.35%
2017	4,126,107		4,126,107	-	18,605,867	22.18%
2016	3,674,106		3,674,106	-	18,603,068	19.75%
Municipal Police Employ	yees' Retirement Sys	tem (l	MPERS)			
2022	\$ 2,274,960	\$	2,274,960		\$ 7,509,096	30.30%
2021	2,534,696		2,534,696	-	7,510,210	33.75%
2020	2,589,265		2,589,265	-	7,977,211	32.46%
2019	2,634,696		2,634,696	-	8,231,779	32.01%
2018	2,557,245		2,557,245	-	8,270,593	30.92%
2017	2,729,307		2,729,307	-	8,700,663	31.37%
2016	2,605,884		2,605,884	-	8,739,551	29.82%
Firefighters' Retirement	System (FRS)					
2022	\$ 2,655,197	\$	2,655,197	\$ -	\$ 7,926,054	33.50%
2021	2,639,774		2,639,774	-	8,185,345	32.25%
2020	2,409,419		2,409,419	-	8,746,667	27.55%
2019	2,340,407		2,340,407	-	8,831,660	26.50%
2018	2,406,351		2,406,351	-	9,148,362	26.30%
2017	2,300,055		2,300,055	-	8,991,546	25.58%
2016	2,473,793		2,473,793	-	8,978,375	27.55%

Notes:

The amounts presented were determined as of the fiscal year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2022

Changes in Benefit Terms No changes noted for any of the plans.

Changes in Assumptions

The following schedule provides changes in actuarial assumptions for Municipal Employee's Retirement System (MERS):

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Investment Rate of Return	6.85%, net of investment exp.	6.95%, net of investment exp.	7.00%, net of investment exp.	7.275%, net of investment exp.	7.40%, net of investment exp.	7.50%, net of investment exp.	7.50%, net of investment exp.
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.60% per annum	2.775% per annum	2.875% per annum	2.875% per annum
Mortality- Non-Disabled	females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales. PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted	females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales. PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted	PubG-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales. PubG-2010(B) Employee Table set equal to 120% for males & females, each adjusted using their respective male & female MP2018 scales	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Mortality Table (set forward 2 years for males & 1 year for females) projected to 2028 using Scale AA; RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Table (set back 2 years for both males and females)	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Mortality Table (set forward 2 years for males & 1 year for females) projected to 2028 using Scale AA; RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Table (set back 2 years for both males and females)	males & 1 year for females) projected to 2028 using Scale AA; RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Table (set back	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Sex Distinct Mortality Table (set forward 2 years for males & 1 year for females) projected to 2028 using Scale AA; RP-2000 Employee Sex Distinct Table (set back 2 years for both males and females)
Mortality- Disabled Termination, Disability,	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females with the full generational MP2018 scale	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females with the full generational MP2018 scale 2013-2018 experience	PubNS-2010(B) Disabled Retiree Table set equal to 120% for males & females with the full generational MP2018 scale 2013-2018 experience	5 years for males and 3	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females) 2009-2014 experience		RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females) 2009-2014 experience
Retirement	study	study	study	study	study	study	study
Salary Increases	, ,	1 to 4 years of service - 6.4%, more than 4 years of service - 4.5%	1 to 4 years of service - 6.4%, more than 4 years of service - 4.5%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2022

The following schedule provides changes in actuarial assumptions for Municipal Police Employee's Retirement System (MPERS):

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of investment exp.	6.95%, net of investment exp.	7.125%, net of investment exp.	7.20%, net of investment exp.	7.325%, net of investment exp.	7.5%, net of investment exp.	7.50%, net of investment exp.
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.60% per annum	2.70% per annum	2.875% per annum	2.875% per annum
Mortality- Non-Disabled	Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Employees (base table multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries and employees	Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees (base table multiplied by 115% for males and 125% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries and employees	Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2020 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries. RP-2000 Employee Table set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members	Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2020 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries. RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members	Tables projected to 2020 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries. RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members	Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2020 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries. RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members	Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2020 by Scale AA (set back 1 year for females) for healthy annuitants & beneficiaries. RP-2000 Employee Table (set back 4 years for males and 3 years for females for active members
Mortality- Disabled	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)		RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females)	Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for	Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Table (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for females)	Table (set back 5 years
Termination, Disability, Retirement	2014-2019 experience study	2014-2019 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study
	Suuy	Suuy	1 to 2 years of service -	1 to 2 years of service -	1 to 2 years of service -	1 to 2 years of service -	1 to 2 years of service -
Salary Increases	1 to 2 years of service - 12.30%, Above 2 years - 4.70%	12 30% Above 2 years -	9.75%, 3 to 23 years of service - 4.75%, Over 23	9.75%, 3 to 23 years of service - 4.75%, Over 23	9.75%, 3 to 23 years of service - 4.75%, Over 23	9.75%, 3 to 23 years of service - 4.75%, Over 23	9.75%, 3 to 23 years of

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pensions For Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2022

The following schedule provides changes in actuarial assumptions for Firefighter's Retirement System (FRS):

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Investment Rate of Return	6.90%, net of investment exp.	7.00%, net of investment exp.	7.15%, net of investment exp.	7.30%, net of investment exp.	7.40%, net of investment exp.	7.50%, net of investment exp.	7.50%, net of investment exp.
Inflation Rate	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.50% per annum	2.70% per annum	2.775% per annum	2.880% per annum	2.880% per annum
Mortality- Non-Disabled	Healthy Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Employees for employees & Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Below-Median Healthy Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)	Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employee, annuitant and beneficiary	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employee, annuitant and beneficiary mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employee, annuitant and beneficiary mortality	U	RP-2000 Combined Healthy with Blue Collar Adjustment Sex Distinct Tables projected to 2031 using Scale AA for employee, annuitant and beneficiary mortality
Mortality- Disabled	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Table for Safety Disabled Retirees (base table multiplied by 105% for males and 115% for females using the full generational MP2019 scale)	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females)	Table (set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females)	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females)	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Table (set back 5 years for males and set back 3 years for females)
Termination, Disability, Retirement	2014-2019 experience study	2014-2019 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study	2009-2014 experience study
Salary Increases	14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases	14.10% in the first two years of service and 5.20% with 3 or more years of service; includes inflation and merit increases	Vary from 14.75% in the first 2 years of service to 4.5% after 25 years	Vary from 15% in the first 2 years of service to 4.75% after 25 years	Vary from 15% in the first 2 years of service to 4.75% after 25 years	Vary from 15% in the first 2 years of service to 4.75% after 25 years	Vary from 15% in the first 2 years of service to 4.75% after 25 years

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund and Major Funds with Legally Adopted Annual Budgets

<u>General Fund</u> The general fund accounts for all activities of the City except those that are accounted for in other funds.

<u>American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)</u> The ARPA fund accounts for grant funding from the Coronavirus State Local Fiscal Recovery Fund authorized by American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

Exhibit 2

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

For tr	ie Year Ended April	30, 2022		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETE	D AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Resources (Inflows) Local sources:	\$ 14,216,641	\$ 18,696,281	\$ 18,696,281	\$ -
Ad valorem tax revenue General property taxes 1974 Recreation maintenance tax 1974 Public safety tax 1974 Drainage maintenance tax Capital improvement tax Adjudicated property	4,618,967 827,803 471,143 576,821 1,435,446 12,000	4,618,967 827,803 471,143 576,821 1,435,446 12,000	4,655,286 834,674 474,882 581,644 1,447,462 12,706	36,319 6,871 3,739 4,823 12,016 706
Total Ad valorem tax revenue	7,942,180	7,942,180	8,006,654	64,474
Sales and use tax revenue General sales and use tax	37,362,500	42,000,000	43,167,949	1,167,949
Total sales and use tax revenue	37,362,500	42,000,000	43,167,949	1,167,949
Other tax revenue Franchise fees Beer tax	1,929,993 54,437	1,929,993 54,437	2,185,879 54,725	255,886
Total other tax revenue	1,984,430	1,984,430	2,240,604	256,174
Licenses and permits Liquor licenses Occupational licenses Video bingo licenses Building permits Sewer permits and inspections Plumbing permits and inspections Electrical permits and inspections Gas permits and inspections Heating and air conditioning permits Off premise sign permits Culvert and drain project permits Other engineering permits Storm water permits	83,900 2,655,989 1,000 263,000 40,145 58,000 61,068 5,360 27,846 453 3,200 13,403 3,898	83,900 2,655,989 1,000 200,000 - 58,000 61,068 5,360 27,846 453 3,200 13,403 3,898	81,350 2,823,979 - 237,081 - 58,455 50,411 5,387 18,017 215 4,875 11,001 3,560	(2,550) 167,990 (1,000) 37,081 - 455 (10,657) 27 (9,829) (238) 1,675 (2,402) (338)
Total license and permits	3,217,262	3,114,117	3,294,331	180,214
Local grants Intergovernmental revenues Total local grants and intergovernmental revenues	2,081,005	2,081,005 \$ 2,081,005	22,458 2,264,326 \$ 2,286,784	22,458
			,	

(Continued)

Monroe, Louisiana

Exhibit 2

VARIANCE WITH

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

				-	ACTUAL	FIN/ F		
		ORIGINAL		FINAL	-	AMOUNTS	(N	EGATIVE)
Resources (Inflows)								
Fees, charges and commissions Sales tax commission	\$	755,000	\$	864,340	\$	879,156	\$	14,816
Signal light reimbursement	φ	187,880	φ	187,880	φ	93,940	φ	(93,940)
		300,000		174,000		171,479		· · · ·
City court civil fees		3,039,209		3,039,209		3,108,934		(2,521) 69,725
City sanitation service		3,039,209 18,258		18,258				1,817
Cemetery Lots		-				20,075		-
Grass cutting fees		122,000		81,000		74,490		(6,510)
Ticket review fees		443		443		415		(28)
Copy charges		466		466		338		(128)
NSF fees		8,904		8,904		6,805		(2,099)
Royalty income		1,611		1,611		599		(1,012)
Commissions		581		581		492		(89)
Legal and other professional		40,000		40,000		7,523		(32,477)
Entergy franchise fees		928,773		928,773		1,515,993		587,220
Resource officer reimbursements		150,000		150,000		157,392		7,392
Appearance and surrender fees		28,630		28,630		17,150		(11,480)
Tuition income		3,500		3,500		-		(3,500)
Fire reports		40		40		60		20
Zoning income		62,356		62,356		63,797		1,441
Recreation department revenue		39,196		39,496		40,646		1,150
Golf course fees		434,066		479,066		572,224		93,158
Street cut reimbursement		44,646		44,646		37,527		(7,119)
Total fees, charges and commissions		6,165,559		6,153,199		6,769,035		615,836
Fines and forfeitures								
City court fines		489,113		440,000		494,881		54,881
Environmental court fines		15,134		15,134		2,228		(12,906)
Overparking fines		32,380		32,380		27,480		(4,900)
DWI Probation fines		205		205		766		561
False alarm fees		4,275		4,275		3,125		(1,150)
Total fines and forfeitures		541,107		491,994		528,480		36,486
Use of Money and property								
Rental income-usage fees		101,046		101,046		83,685		(17,361)
Interest income		80,000		80,000		24,777		(55,223)
Total use of property and money		181,046		181,046		108,462		(72,584)
Miscellaneous revenues								
Sale of scrap		-		-		233		233
Cash shortage/overage		-		-		(81)		(81)
Vending commissions		1,041		1,041		1,413		372
Police miscellaneous		59,195		59,195		37,222		(21,973)
Contributions and donations - private		-				3,600		3,600
Tuition income		-		-		-		-,
Miscellaneous income		-		-		78,257		78,257
Total other income	\$	60,236	\$	60,236	\$	120,644	\$	60,408
					_			

(Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

		BUDGETED				ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FIN	RIANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE)
Resources (Inflows)	•		•		•		•	
Transfers from other funds	\$	1,008,869	\$	1,008,869	\$	1,176,690	\$	167,821
Insurance proceeds		-		-		99,375		99,375
Sale of assets		-		-		(47,415)		(47,415)
Capital lease proceeds		-		-		-		
Amounts available for appropriations		74,761,135		83,713,357		86,447,874		2,734,517
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Current:								
Legislative division - Council and staff		672,497		672,497		554,804		117,693
Judicial division		2,957,918		2,957,918		2,675,507		282,411
Executive division - Chief executive and staff		987,351		987,351		938,291		49,060
Administration division		10,213,286		11,186,955		11,804,374		(617,419)
Other general government		1,039,017		1,039,017		938,551		100,466
Police division		12,936,551		12,946,551		12,252,079		694,472
Fire division		13,420,152		13,420,152		12,980,345		439,807
Public Works division		7,952,942		8,590,892		9,437,198		(846,306)
Engineering		988,600		1,178,600		1,186,710		(8,110)
Culture and recreation		4,853,728		5,341,375		4,993,899		347,476
Planning and urban development division		1,062,199		1,062,199		909,992		152,207
Capital expenditures		231,189		1,941,844		280,681		1,661,163
Debt Service:								
Capital leases		-		-		427,608		(427,608)
General interest expense		-		-		32,238		(32,238)
Transfers to other funds		3,235,323		4,642,946		7,617,288		(2,974,342)
Total charges to appropriations		60,550,753		65,968,297		67,029,565		(1,061,268)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	14,210,382	\$	17,745,060	\$	19,418,309	\$	1,673,249

(Concluded)

Exhibit 2

Exhibit 3

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGETI	ED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Intergovernmental revenues	\$	- \$ - 9,163,829	\$ - _	\$- (9,163,829)
Amounts available for appropriations		9,163,829		(9,163,829)
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Capital outlay		. <u> </u>		
Total charges to appropriations				
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	- \$ 9,163,829	\$	\$ (9,163,829)

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Note A. Budgets

General Budget Practices

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements.

- 1. At least ninety days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the Mayor submits to the City Council an operating and capital budget for the succeeding year.
- A public hearing is scheduled by the City Council after allowing for at least ten days notice to the public at the time the budget is initially submitted to the City Council. The budget for the succeeding year must be finally adopted by the Council no later than the second-to-last regular meeting of the fiscal year.
- 3. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Mayor may authorize transfers of budgetary amounts within departments. However, any revisions requiring alteration of levels of expenditures or transfers between departments must be approved by the City Council.
- 4. Operating appropriations, to the extent not expended, lapse at year end even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services, (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are reappropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations. Capital appropriations continue in force until the project is completed or deemed abandoned after three years of no activity.
- 5. For the year ended April 30, 2022, the City adopted budgets for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. All budgets are controlled at the department level. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered significant by the Council. All budget revisions are approved by the Council.

Budget Basis of Accounting

All governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Council. Legally, the Council must adopt a balanced budget; that is, total budgeted revenues and other financing sources including fund balance must equal or exceed total budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. State statutes require the Council to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to be less than budgeted expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more and/or expenditures within a fund are expected to exceed budgeted expenditures by five percent or more. The City approves budgets at the department level.

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Note B. Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures.

	GENERAL FUND
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 86,447,874
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(18,696,281)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(1,176,690)
Proceeds from insurance are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(99,375)
Sale of capital assets and capital lease proceeds are inflows of budgetary	
resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	 <u>47,415</u> 66,522,943
<u>Uses/outflows of resources:</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations" from	
the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	67,029,565
Transfers to other funds and other uses are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	 (7,617,288)
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 59,412,277

Note C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>
General Fund	\$ 65,968,297	\$67,029,565

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY TYPES STATEMENTS

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type April 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE		DEBT SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		 TOTAL
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,907,889	\$	15,168,527	\$	12,013,203	\$ 36,089,619
Receivables		2,788,728		1,196,584		616,926	4,602,238
Interfund receivables		364,370		5,607		398,532	768,509
Prepaid items and other assets		181,625		-		-	 181,625
TOTAL ASSETS		12,242,612		16,370,718		13,028,661	 41,641,991
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:		440.000				40.047	467 000
Accounts and retainage payable		449,086 55		-		18,247	467,333
Accrued liabilities				-		-	55
Interfund payables Unearned revenue		824,775 8,049		2,806		661,519	1,489,100
Due to others		,		-		-	8,049
Due to others		41,138		-		-	 41,138
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,323,103		2,806		679,766	 2,005,675
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items and other assets		181,625		-		-	181,625
Spendable							
Restricted		7,036,999		16,367,912		5,979,783	29,384,694
Committed		2,431,921		-		-	2,431,921
Assigned		1,325,825		-		6,342,522	7,668,347
Unassigned (deficit)		(56,861)				26,590	 (30,271)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		10,919,509		16,367,912		12,348,895	 39,636,316
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$	12,242,612	\$	16,370,718	\$	13,028,661	\$ 41,641,991

Exhibit 4

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022						
	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	Exhibit 5 TOTAL		
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$ 1,344,666	6 \$ -	\$-	\$ 1,344,666		
Sales	9,713,79	5 5,310,399	-	15,024,194		
Intergovernmental revenues	2,215,934		36,104	2,252,038		
Fees, charges and commissions for						
services	866,358	- 3	-	866,358		
Fines and forfeitures	33,382	- 2	-	33,382		
Use of money and property	13,564	4 1,960	642	16,166		
Miscellaneous revenues	234,413	3		234,413		
Total revenues	14,422,112	2 5,312,359	36,746	19,771,217		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Financial administration	23,956		5,000	40,457		
Other general government	63,136	- 6	-	63,136		
Public safety						
Police	4,815,189	9 -	-	4,815,189		
Fire	4,860,600) -	-	4,860,600		
Public works	4,131	1 -	-	4,131		
Culture and recreation			126,377	126,377		
Planning and urban development	1,380,861		-	1,380,861		
Economic development and assistance	294,160		-	294,160		
Capital outlay	1,318,113	- 3	281,386	1,599,499		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	970,366		-	8,197,095		
Interest and bank charges	85,782		-	1,761,559		
Bond issuance costs		- 170,036	-	170,036		
Total expenditures	13,816,294	9,084,043	412,763	23,313,100		
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	605,818	3 (3,771,684)	(376,017)	(3,541,883)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	215,084	4,906,775	3,400,000	8,521,859		
Transfers out	(189,919		(84,014)	(273,933)		
Insurance proceeds	233,600		-	233,600		
Refunding bonds issued		- 10,405,000	-	10,405,000		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		- (10,233,991)		(10,233,991)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	258,76	5 5,077,784	3,315,986	8,652,535		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	864,583	3 1,306,100	2,939,969	5,110,652		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	10,054,926	5 15,061,812	9,408,926	34,525,664		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 10,919,509	9 \$ 16,367,912	\$ 12,348,895	\$ 39,636,316		

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>Fire Department Insurance</u> - The fund receives an annual share of property insurance commissions from the State of Louisiana. The monies are dedicated for fire department maintenance and supplies.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)</u> - The fund accounts for federal Community Development Block Grant funds, which are used for various community development projects.

Fire & Police Capital Tax - The fund receives dedicated ad valorem taxes for fire and police capital expenditures.

Emergency Shelter - The fund accounts for the federal funding from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development passed through the LA Office of Community Services to assist the homeless through sub-awards to non-profit organizations that assist with rehabilitation, essential services and operations for homeless prevention.

<u>CDBG Home</u> - The fund accounts for federal funds to aid in rehabilitation and new construction of low-income housing.

<u>CDBG Loan</u> - The fund accounts for revolving loans made for substantial rehabilitation to owner-occupied dwellings.

Bond Forfeiture - The fund accounts for the prosecuting attorney's share of bond forfeitures from bonding companies and cash bond forfeitures.

DARE Program - The fund accounts for a grant received from the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice to provide for the salaries and supplies of officers who work in the Drug Abuse Resistance Education program in the City.

Diversion Program - The fund accounts for fees paid by first-time crime offenders to be used for the operation of the program and victim's assistance.

Drug Seizure-Local/State - The fund accounts for monies obtained during drug seizure operations at the local and state level.

<u>Police Salary Sales Tax</u> - The fund receives dedicated sales tax monies for raises above the general fund base salary. The tax is .49% shared equally between police & fire departments.

<u>Fire Salary Sales Tax</u> - The fund receives dedicated sales tax monies for raises above the general fund base salary. The tax is .49% shared equally between police & fire departments.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>Justice Assistance Grant</u> - The fund accounts for the federal grant from the Justice Department for law enforcement expenses. Parish applies for the funds agreed to be split between OP Sheriff's office and the Monroe Police Department.

<u>Downtown Economic Development</u> - The fund accounts for the activities sponsored by the Downtown Economic Development District.

<u>Administrative Economic Development</u> - The fund accounts for monies allocated for projects which spur economic development in the northeastern area of the state. Funds are derived from a dedicated portion of the settlement with Entergy.

<u>HOME Program Loans</u> - The fund accounts for revolving loans made for substantial rehabilitation to owneroccupied dwellings.

<u>Repairs & Maintenance</u> - The fund accounts for various unplanned major repairs and maintenance at city facilities. Funds are derived from various land and surplus asset sales.

<u>**Capital</u>** - The fund accounts for various major capital purchases and projects for which individual departments are unable to fund through their operations budget. The funds are derived from 1/2 of the video bingo commissions received and a portion of the settlement with Entergy.</u>

Demolition - The fund accounts for the various demolition activities, usually performed by the City's Public Works Department. Expenses incurred are billed back to the homeowner, funds through the CDBG program or allocations made by the City Council.

Employees' Benefits - The fund receives revenue from one-half of the video bingo and proceeds are used to pay for the City's expense of employees' benefits, such as insurance and pension.

<u>MPD K-9/Donations</u> - The fund accounts for the donations for and purchases of K-9 dogs used by the Monroe Police Department.

<u>Southside Economic Dev. District</u> - The fund receives its funding from City budget allocations from general or special revenue funds. The funds are used to promote economic development in the south part of Monroe.

<u>Intergovernmental Donations</u> - The fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of various grants and donations.

Brownfields Assessment Grant - The fund receives grant revenue from the EPA and accounts for various activities related to transitioning contaminated sites into community assets.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>Monroe Home Ownership Program</u> - The fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures used to provide low/moderate-income families with financial assistance to purchase a home in Monroe. The funds are available to qualified applicants as a match for savings toward down payment, closing costs, and or move-in assistance when they purchase a home. The maximum award applicants can receive is \$1,000.

<u>Coronavirus Supplemental Funding</u> - The fund accounts for federal funding from the Department of Justice to assist local governments in preventing, preparing for, and responding to the coronavirus.

Downtown Economic Development District TIF - The fund accounts for the sales tax increment monies received by the Downtown Economic Development District through a cooperative endeavor agreement with the City to be used for economic development within the boundaries of the district.

<u>MPAC - Monroe Police Affecting Change</u> – The fund accounts for donations to be used by the Monroe Police Department to impact youth through preventative measures and powerful partnerships with law enforcement, families, schools, businesses, community and faith-based organizations.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

	FIRE DEPARTMENT INSURANCE		COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT		FIRE AND POLICE CAPITAL TAX		EMERGENCY SHELTER	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Interfund receivables Prepaid items and other assets	\$	358,180 397,633 4,701 -	\$	75,489 378,720 - -	\$	2,262,502 36,054 25,428 -	\$	32,197 82,396 - -
TOTAL ASSETS		760,514		454,209		2,323,984		114,593
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:								
Accounts and retainage payable		-		152,044		186,514		69,944
Accrued liabilities Interfund payables		-		- 293,366		-		-
Unearned revenue		_		8,049		-		_
Due to others				750		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES				454,209		186,514		69,944
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Nonspendable								
Prepaid items and other assets		-		-		-		-
Spendable Restricted		760,514		-		2,137,470		44,649
Committed		-		-		_,,		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-				-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		760,514				2,137,470		44,649
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	760,514	\$	454,209	\$	2,323,984	\$	114,593

Exhibit 6

CDBG HOME		 CDBG LOAN	F0	BOND RFEITURE	Pi	DARE ROGRAM	VERSION ROGRAM	DRUG SEIZURE LOCAL/STATE		
\$	14,326 63,654 5,346	\$ 7,801 - - 47,579	\$	127,157 150 - -	\$	- 20,628 - -	\$ 185,883 - - -	\$	74,782 - -	
	83,326	 55,380		127,307		20,628	 185,883		74,782	
	10,892	-		200		-	-		-	
	66,808	6,659		-		39,801	1,180		-	
	- 326	 - 20,622		-		-	-		-	
	78,026	 27,281		200		39,801	1,180		-	
	-	47,579		-		-	-		-	
	5,300	-		127,107		-	-		-	
		 - - (19,480)		-		- - (19,173)	- 184,703 -		- 74,782 -	
	5,300	 28,099		127,107		(19,173)	 184,703		74,782	
\$	83,326	\$ 55,380	\$	127,307	\$	20,628	\$ 185,883	\$	74,782	

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

	5	POLICE SALARY ALES TAX	S	FIRE SALARY SALES TAX	ASS	JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT		VNTOWN DNOMIC LOPMENT
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Interfund receivables Prepaid items and other assets TOTAL ASSETS	\$	878,249 798,914 - 1,677,163	\$	593,206 798,914 - - 1,392,120	\$	40,562 26,341 	\$	7,658 - - - 7,658
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts and retainage payable Accrued liabilities Interfund payables Unearned revenue Due to others		- - 129,606 - -		- - 148,406 - -		- - 66,903 - -		- - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):		129,606		148,406		66,903		
Nonspendable Prepaid items and other assets Spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)		- 1,547,557 - - -		- 1,243,714 - -		- - - -		- - 7,658 -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		1,547,557		1,243,714				7,658
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	1,677,163	\$	1,392,120	\$	66,903	\$	7,658

Exhibit 6

ADMINISTRATIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		P	HOME ROGRAM LOANS	REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE		 CAPITAL	DEN	NOLITION	EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS	
\$	278,821 - 25,166	\$	244,383 - 48,388	\$	722,599 - -	\$ 311,372 34,282 -	\$	23,009 9,276 -	\$	1,965,299 34,282 229,000
			91,613 384,384			 40,855 386,509				
	000,001		001,001		122,000	 000,000		02,200		2,220,001
	_		2,500		-	_		189		_
	-		- 5,347		-	-		-		-
	-		- 19,440		-	 -		-		-
	-		27,287		-	 		189		
	-		91,613		-	40,855		-		-
	- - 303,987		265,484 - -		- - 722,599	345,654 - -		- - 32,096		۔ 2,228,581 -
	303,987		357,097		722,599	 386,509		32,096		2,228,581
\$	303,987	\$	384,384	\$	722,599	\$ 386,509	\$	32,285	\$	2,228,581
										• • •

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

	IPD K-9 NATIONS	ECO	OUTHSIDE NOMIC DEV DISTRICT	м	RGOVERN- ENTAL NATIONS	ASS	WNFIELDS ESSMENT GRANT
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Interfund receivables	\$ 46,163 - -	\$	188,316 19,200 -	\$	-	\$	- 20,806 -
Prepaid items and other assets	 		1,578				
TOTAL ASSETS	 46,163		209,094				20,806
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:							
Accounts and retainage payable Accrued liabilities	-		4,121 55		175		18,053
Interfund payables Unearned revenue	-		- 55		18,033		2,703
Due to others	 -		-	1	-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 		4,176		18,208		20,756
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Nonspendable							
Prepaid items and other assets Spendable	-		1,578		-		-
Restricted Committed	46,163 -		- 203,340		-		50 -
Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	 -		-		- (18,208)		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 46,163		204,918		(18,208)		50
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 46,163	\$	209,094	\$	-	\$	20,806

Exhibit 6

ow	ROE HOME NERSHIP ROGRAM	SUPPI	DNAVIRUS _EMENTAL INDING	ECO	WNTOWN NOMIC DEV		MPAC		TOTAL
\$	16,000	\$	_	\$	493,500	\$	997	\$	8,907,889
Ψ	2,500	Ŷ	50,757	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ψ	2,788,728
	-		-		-		-		364,370
	-		-				-		181,625
	18,500		50,757		493,500		997		12,242,612
	10,000		00,101		100,000				12,212,012
	_		4,454		_		-		449,086
	-		-		-		-		55
	-		45,963		-		-		824,775
	-		-		-		-		8,049
	-		-				-		41,138
	-		50,417						1,323,103
	-		-		-		-		181,625
	18,500		340		493,500		997		7,036,999
	-		-		-		-		2,431,921
	-		-		-		-		1,325,825
1	-		-				-		(56,861)
	18,500		340		493,500		997		10,919,509
\$	18,500	\$	50,757	\$	493,500	\$	997	\$	12,242,612

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

REVENUES Intervenues S S S Istaction Taxes: Ad valorem \$			FIRE PARTMENT SURANCE	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT	FIRE AND POLICE APITAL TAX	ERGENCY HELTER
Taxes: S S S S 1,344,666 S Sales 397,633 929,432 - 120,935 Frees, charges and commissions for services -	REVENUES					
Ad valorem \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,344,666 \$ - Intergovernmental revenues 397,633 929,432 - 120,935 Fees, charges and commissions for services - </td <td>Local sources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Local sources:					
Sales - <td>Taxes:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Taxes:					
Sales - <td>Ad valorem</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$-</td> <td>\$ 1,344,666</td> <td>\$ -</td>	Ad valorem	\$	-	\$-	\$ 1,344,666	\$ -
Fees, charges and commissions for services - - - - Fines and forfeitures - - - - Use of money and property - 10,011 - Miscellaneous revenues 397,633 929,432 1,354,677 120,935 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current: General government - <	Sales		-	-	-	-
Fees, charges and commissions for services - - - - Fines and forfeitures - - - - Use of money and property - 10,011 - Miscellaneous revenues 397,633 929,432 1,354,677 120,935 EXPENDITURES - - - - - Current: General government - <	Intergovernmental revenues		397,633	929,432	-	120,935
services -<			,	,		,
Use of money and property - - 10,011 - Miscellaneous revenues 397,633 929,432 1,354,677 120,935 EXPENDITURES General government -	-		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues - - - -	Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues - - - -	Use of money and property		-	-	10,011	-
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Financial administrationOther general governmentOther general governmentPublic safety Police4,641-Fire7,845-Public worksPlanning and urban development-779,182123,248Economic development and assistanceCapital outlay-150,2501,008,464-Debt service:Principal retirement480,050-Interest and bank charges480,050-Total expenditures-929,4321,548,608123,248EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers in Transfers outTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING362,881-2,331,40146,962			-	-	-	-
Current: General government - <td>Total revenues</td> <td></td> <td>397,633</td> <td>929,432</td> <td> 1,354,677</td> <td> 120,935</td>	Total revenues		397,633	929,432	 1,354,677	 120,935
Financial administration - </td <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:					
Other general government - - - - Public safety - - 4,641 - Police - - 7,845 - Public works - - - - Public works - - - - Public works - - - - Public development - 779,182 - 123,248 Economic development and assistance - - - - Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - - - - Principal retirement - - 480,050 - - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers in - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	-		_	_	-	-
Public safety - - 4,641 - Fire - - 7,845 - Public works - - - - Planning and urban development - 779,182 123,248 Economic development and assistance - - - Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - - - - Principal retirement - - 480,050 - - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 - - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - - - - - OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers out - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALAN			_	_	-	-
Police - - 4,641 - Fire - - 7,845 - Public works - - - 7,845 - Planning and urban development - 779,182 - 123,248 Economic development and assistance - - - - Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - - - - Principal retirement - - 480,050 - - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 - - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - - - - - OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers out - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - -						
Fire - - 7,845 - Public works - - - - - Planning and urban development - 779,182 - 123,248 Economic development and assistance - - - - Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - 480,050 - Principal retirement - - 480,050 - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - - - - OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - Transfers out - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - - -			_	-	4 641	-
Public works - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			_	_		-
Planning and urban development - 779,182 - 123,248 Economic development and assistance - - - - Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - 480,050 - Principal retirement - - 47,608 - Interest and bank charges - - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - Transfers out - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,33			_	_		-
Economic development and assistanceCapital outlay-150,2501,008,464-Debt service:480,050-Principal retirement47,608-Interest and bank charges929,4321,548,608123,248EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)Transfers inInsurance proceedsTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING362,881-2,331,40146,962			_	779 182	-	123 248
Capital outlay - 150,250 1,008,464 - Debt service: - - 480,050 - Principal retirement - - 47,608 - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - Transfers in - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962			_	-	-	
Debt service: Principal retirement - - 480,050 - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 397,633 - - - Transfers in - - - - Transfers out - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962			_	150 250	1 008 464	-
Principal retirement - - 480,050 - Interest and bank charges - - 47,608 - Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 397,633 - - - - Transfers in - - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962				100,200	1,000,101	
Interest and bank charges-47,608-Total expenditures-929,4321,548,608123,248EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Insurance proceedsTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING362,881-2,331,40146,962			_	-	480 050	-
Total expenditures - 929,432 1,548,608 123,248 EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out - - - - Insurance proceeds - - - - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962			_	-		-
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Insurance proceedsTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING362,881-2,331,40146,962		1		929 432		 123,248
OVER EXPENDITURES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -				020,102	 1,010,000	 120,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Insurance proceedsTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES397,633-(193,931)(2,313)FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING362,881-2,331,40146,962						
Transfers in - <t< td=""><td>OVER EXPENDITURES</td><td></td><td>397,633</td><td></td><td> (193,931)</td><td> (2,313)</td></t<>	OVER EXPENDITURES		397,633		 (193,931)	 (2,313)
Transfers in - <t< td=""><td>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out - <			-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -			-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -	Insurance proceeds		-	-	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 397,633 - (193,931) (2,313) FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962						
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING 362,881 - 2,331,401 46,962	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		 -	 -
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		397,633	-	(193,931)	(2,313)
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - ENDING \$ 760,514 \$ - \$ 2,137,470 \$ 44,649	FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING		362,881		 2,331,401	 46,962
	FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - ENDING	\$	760,514	\$-	\$ 2,137,470	\$ 44,649

Exhibit 7

 CDBG HOME		CDBG LOAN				DARE COGRAM	ERSION OGRAM	DRUG SEIZURE LOCAL/STATE		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-		
- 137,587		-		-	- 20,628	-		-		
10,215 -		-		6,851 -	-	45,270		- 33,382		
-		1,080 5		-	-	-		13		
 147,802		1,085		6,851	 20,628	 45,270		33,395		
-		-		-	-	- 63,136		-		
-		-		-	41,251	-		22,667		
-		-		-	-	-		-		
- 153,149		- 10,000		-	-	-		-		
-		-		-	-	-		-		
-		-		-	-	-		-		
 153,149		10,000		-	 41,251	63,136		22,667		
 (5,347)		(8,915)		6,851	 (20,623)	 (17,866)		10,728		
5,346 (100,000) -		84,572 - -		- -	- -	- -		- -		
 (94,654)		84,572			 _	 -		-		
 (100,001)		75,657		6,851	 (20,623)	(17,866)		10,728		
 105,301		(47,558)		120,256	 1,450	 202,569		64,054		
\$ 5,300	\$	28,099	\$	127,107	\$ (19,173)	\$ 184,703	\$	74,782		

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	ę	POLICE SALARY SALES TAX	s	FIRE SALARY SALES TAX	JUS ⁻ ASSIS ⁻ GR/	TANCE	DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	
REVENUES								
Local sources: Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales		4,540,391		4,540,391		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		51,365		-
Fees, charges and commissions for services		_		_		_		_
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		178		125		-		-
Miscellaneous revenues		-		4,540,516		-		-
Total revenues		4,540,569		4,540,510		51,365		
EXPENDITURES								
Current: General government								
Financial administration		-		-		-		-
Other general government		-		-		-		-
Public safety Police		4,638,841				51,365		
Fire		4,030,041		4,616,689				-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Planning and urban development		-		-		-		-
Economic development and assistance Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and bank charges Total expenditures		4,638,841		4,616,689		- 51,365		<u> </u>
		4,000,041		4,010,000		01,000		
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES		(00.070)		(70.470)				
OVER EXPENDITURES		(98,272)		(76,173)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Insurance proceeds		-		-		_		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				_		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(98,272)		(76,173)		-		-
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING		1,645,829		1,319,887				7,658
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - ENDING	\$	1,547,557	\$	1,243,714	\$	-	\$	7,658
			_					

Exhibit 7

ADMINISTRATIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	HOME PROGRAM LOANS	REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	CAPITAL	DEMOLITION	EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS
\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
-	-	-	- 388,389 -	- 27,244 -	- 388,389 -
- 103,994	1,885 56	134	- 103,994	-	138
103,994	1,941	134	492,383	27,244	388,527
-	-	10,360 -	-	-	4,423 -
-	-	-	49,024	-	-
-	-	-	-	- 4,131	-
- 209,744	6,642	-	-	-	-
-	2,500	-	150,000	-	-
-	-	-	490,316 38,174	-	-
209,744	9,142	10,360	727,514	4,131	4,423
(105,750)	(7,201)	(10,226)	(235,131)	23,113	384,104
25,166 - -	100,000 (89,919) -	- 	- - -	- -	- - -
25,166	10,081	233,600			
(80,584)	2,880	223,374	(235,131)	23,113	384,104
384,571	354,217	499,225	621,640	8,983	1,844,477
\$ 303,987	\$ 357,097	\$ 722,599	\$ 386,509	\$ 32,096	\$ 2,228,581

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	SOUTHSIDE INTERGOVE MPD K-9 ECONOMIC DEV MENTAL DONATIONS DISTRICT DONATION		IENTAL	- BROWNFIELDS ASSESSMENT GRANT			
REVENUES			 				
Local sources:							
Taxes:							
Ad valorem	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Sales		-	133,013		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		235,975		162,722
Fees, charges and commissions for							
services		-	-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-		-
Use of money and property		-	-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenues		25,367	-		-		-
Total revenues		25,367	133,013		235,975		162,722
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Financial administration		-	2,673		-		-
Other general government Public safety		-	-		-		-
Police		7,400	-		-		-
Fire		-	-		236,066		-
Public works		-	-		-		-
Planning and urban development		-	-		-		162,722
Economic development and assistance		-	46,648		37,768		-
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	-		-		-
Interest and bank charges		-	 -		-		-
Total expenditures		7,400	49,321		273,834		162,722
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		17,967	 83,692		(37,859)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		-	-		-		-
Insurance proceeds			 				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			 				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		17,967	83,692		(37,859)		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING		28,196	 121,226		19,651		50
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$	46,163	\$ 204,918	\$	(18,208)	\$	50

Exhibit 7

OWI	ROE HOME NERSHIP OGRAM	CORONAVIRUS SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING	DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEV DISTRICT TIF	MPAC	TOTAL
\$	- - 6,500	\$- - 153,157	\$- 500,000 -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,344,666 9,713,795 2,215,934
	- - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - 500,000	- - - - 997 997	866,358 33,382 13,564 234,413 14,422,112
			i		
	-	-	6,500	-	23,956 63,136
	- - -	- - 145,918 -	- - - -	- - - -	4,815,189 4,860,600 4,131 1,380,861 294,160
	- - - -	6,899 - 	- - 	- - - 	1,318,113 970,366 85,782 13,816,294
	6,500	340	493,500	997	605,818
	- - -	- -	- -	- - 	215,084 (189,919) 233,600
	-				258,765
	6,500	340	493,500	997	864,583
	12,000				10,054,926
\$	18,500	\$ 340	\$ 493,500	\$ 997	\$ 10,919,509

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FIRE DEPARTMENT INSURANCE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	ACTUAL	 ARIANCE OVER UNDER)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	188,206	\$	397,633	\$ 209,427
Total Revenues		188,206		397,633	209,427
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total Expenditures		188,206 188,206		-	 188,206 188,206
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		397,633	 397,633
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		362,881		362,881	 -
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	362,881	\$	760,514	\$ 397,633

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	<u> </u>	BUDGET ACTUAL			VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	741,664	\$	929,432	\$	187,768	
Total Revenues		741,664		929,432		187,768	
EXPENDITURES Current: Planning and urban development Capital outlay Total Expenditures		741,664 - 741,664		779,182 150,250 929,432		(37,518) (150,250) (187,768)	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$		\$		\$	-	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FIRE AND POLICE CAPITAL TAX Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

BUDGET ACTUAL		VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)			
•		•		•	~~ ~~~
\$		\$		\$	23,702
					7,712
	1,323,263		1,354,677		31,414
	50,000		4,641		45,359
	-		7,845		(7,845)
	1,685,591		1,008,464		677,127
	480,050		480,050		-
	47,608		47,608		-
	2,263,249		1,548,608		714,641
	(939,986)		(193,931)		746,055
	2,331,401		2,331,401		-
\$	1,391,415	\$	2,137,470	\$	746,055
	\$	\$ 1,320,964 2,299 1,323,263 50,000 1,685,591 480,050 47,608 2,263,249 (939,986) 2,331,401	\$ 1,320,964 2,299 1,323,263 50,000 1,685,591 480,050 47,608 2,263,249 (939,986) 2,331,401	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	BUDGET ACTUAL (L \$ 1,320,964 \$ 1,344,666 \$ 2,299 10,011 \$ 1,323,263 1,354,677 \$ 50,000 4,641 \$ - 7,845 \$ 1,685,591 1,008,464 \$ 480,050 480,050 \$ 47,608 47,608 \$ 2,263,249 1,548,608 \$ (939,986) (193,931) \$ 2,331,401 2,331,401 \$

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS EMERGENCY SHELTER Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET ACTUAL			VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	131,771	\$	120,935	\$	(10,836)
Total Revenues		131,771		120,935		(10,836)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Planning and urban development		131,771		123,248		8,523
Total Expenditures		131,771		123,248		8,523
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(2,313)		(2,313)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		46,962		46,962		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	46,962	\$	44,649	\$	(2,313)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CDBG HOME Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	E		A	CTUAL	 ARIANCE OVER UNDER)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	320,301	\$	137,587	\$ (182,714)
Fees, charges and commissions for services		-		10,215	10,215
Total Revenues		320,301		147,802	(172,499)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Planning and urban development		162,923		153,149	9,774
Capital outlay		157,378		-	157,378
Total Expenditures		320,301		153,149	167,152
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(5,347)	(5,347)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-		5,346	5,346
Transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(100,000)		(94,654)	 5,346
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(100,000)		(100,001)	(1)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING				105,301	 105,301
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	(100,000)	\$	5,300	\$ 105,300

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CDBG LOAN Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	(RIANCE DVER NDER)
REVENUES Fees, charges and commissions for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenues Total Revenues	\$	3,500 - - 3,500	\$	- 1,080 5 1,085	\$	(3,500) 1,080 5 (2,415)
EXPENDITURES Current: Planning and urban development Total Expenditures		8,500 8,500		10,000 10,000		(1,500) (1,500)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(5,000)		(8,915)		(3,915)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		84,572		84,572		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		84,572		84,572		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		79,572		75,657		(3,915)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING		(47,558)		(47,558)		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$	32,014	\$	28,099	\$	(3,915)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS BOND FORFEITURE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	(RIANCE DVER NDER)
REVENUES	<u> </u>	10.050	•	0.054	<u>,</u>	(4,407)
Fees, charges and commissions for services Total Revenues	\$	10,958 10,958	\$	6,851 6,851	\$	(4,107) (4,107)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Other general government Total Expenditures		10,958 10,958		-		10,958 10,958
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		6,851		6,851
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		120,256		120,256		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	120,256	\$	127,107	\$	6,851

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DARE PROGRAM Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET ACTUAL			CTUAL	VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES	¢	24 200	¢	20,020	¢	(40,500)	
Intergovernmental revenues Total Revenues	\$	31,208 31,208	\$	20,628 20,628	\$	(10,580) (10,580)	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Police Total Expenditures		31,208 31,208		41,251 41,251		(10,043) (10,043)	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(20,623)		(20,623)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		1,450		1,450			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	1,450	\$	(19,173)	\$	(20,623)	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DIVERSION PROGRAM Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES Fees, charges and commissions for services	\$	68,700	\$	45,270	\$ (23,430)
Total Revenues		68,700		45,270	 (23,430)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Other general government Total Expenditures		61,599 61,599		63,136 63,136	 (1,537) (1,537)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		7,101		(17,866)	(24,967)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		202,569		202,569	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	209,670	\$	184,703	\$ (24,967)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DRUG SEIZURE LOCAL/STATE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		C	RIANCE IVER NDER)
REVENUES						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	32,792	\$	33,382	\$	590
Use of money and property		-		13		13
Total Revenues		32,792		33,395		603
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Police Total Expenditures		25,000 25,000		22,667 22,667		2,333 2,333
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		7,792		10,728		2,936
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		64,054		64,054		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	71,846	\$	74,782	\$	2,936

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS POLICE SALARY SALES TAX Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	(RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 4,485,400	\$ 4,540,391	\$	54,991
Use of money and property	 132	 178		46
Total Revenues	4,485,532	 4,540,569		55,037
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Police	4,635,191	4,638,841		(3,650)
Total Expenditures	4,635,191	 4,638,841		(3,650)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (149,659)	 (98,272)		51,387
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 1,645,829	 1,645,829		_
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,496,170	\$ 1,547,557	\$	51,387

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FIRE SALARY SALES TAX Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	(RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 4,485,400	\$ 4,540,391	\$	54,991
Use of money and property	 92	 125		33
Total Revenues	 4,485,492	 4,540,516		55,024
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Fire Total Expenditures	 4,602,504 4,602,504	 4,616,689 4,616,689		(14,185) (14,185)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(117,012)	(76,173)		40,839
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 1,319,887	 1,319,887		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,202,875	\$ 1,243,714	\$	40,839

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUSTICE ASSISTANCE GRANT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET ACTUAL			VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	45,000	\$	51,365	\$	6,365
Total Revenues		45,000		51,365		6,365
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety						
Police Total Expenditures		45,000 45,000		51,365 51,365		(6,365) (6,365)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING						-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BL	JDGET	A(CTUAL	VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic development and assistance Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		7,658		7,658				
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	7,658	\$	7,658	\$	-		

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ADMINISTRATIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL	(RIANCE OVER NDER)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	98,000	\$	103,994	\$	5,994
Total Revenues		98,000		103,994		5,994
EXPENDITURES Current: Economic development and assistance Total Expenditures		202,045 202,045		209,744 209,744		(7,699) (7,699)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(104,045)		(105,750)		(1,705)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in				25,166		25,166
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		-		25,166		25,166
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(104,045)		(80,584)		23,461
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		384,571		384,571		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	280,526	\$	303,987	\$	23,461

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HOME PROGRAM LOANS Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	E	UDGET	A	CTUAL	(RIANCE DVER NDER)
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Fees, charges and commissions for services	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	(5,000)
Use of money and property	·	-	·	1,885		1,885
Miscellaneous revenues		-		56		56
Total Revenues		5,000		1,941		(3,059)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Planning and urban development		-		6,642		(6,642)
Capital outlay		-		2,500		(2,500)
Total Expenditures		-		9,142		(9,142)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		5,000		(7,201)		(12,201)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		100,000		100,000		-
Transfers out		(84,572)		(89,919)		(5,347)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		15,428		10,081		(5,347)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		20,428		2,880		(17,548)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		354,217		354,217		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	374,645	\$	357,097	\$	(17,548)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	E	BUDGET	A	CTUAL		NRIANCE OVER JNDER)
REVENUES	•		<u> </u>	404	•	70
Use of money and property	\$	62	\$	134	\$	72
Total Revenues		62		134		72
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government						
Financial administration		-		10,360		(10,360)
Capital outlay		23,994		-		23,994
Total Expenditures		23,994		10,360		13,634
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(23,932)		(10,226)		13,706
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Insurance proceeds		128,300		233,600		105,300
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		128,300		233,600		105,300
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		104,368		223,374		119,006
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		499,225		499,225		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	603,593	\$	722,599	\$	119,006

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CAPITAL Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	E	BUDGET	А	CTUAL	VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES							
Fees, charges and commissions for services	\$	360,000	\$	388,389	\$	28,389	
Miscellaneous revenues		98,000		103,994		5,994	
Total Revenues		458,000		492,383		34,383	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety							
Police		49,025		49,024		1	
Capital outlay		75,000		150,000		(75,000)	
Debt service:		10,000		100,000		(10,000)	
Principal retirement		489,854		490,316		(462)	
Interest and bank charges		41,004		38,174		2,830	
Total Expenditures		654,883		727,514		(72,631)	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(196,883)		(235,131)		(38,248)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		621,640		621,640		_	
		021,040		021,040			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	424,757	\$	386,509	\$	(38,248)	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DEMOLITION Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		(RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES						
Fees, charges and commissions for services	\$	10,000	\$	27,244	\$	17,244
Total Revenues		10,000		27,244		17,244
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public works		10,000		4,131		5,869
Total Expenditures	1	10,000		4,131		5,869
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				.,		
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		23,113		23,113
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		8,983		8,983		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	8,983	\$	32,096	\$	23,113

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	 BUDGET	 ACTUAL	(RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES				
Fees, charges and commissions for services	\$ 360,000	\$ 388,389	\$	28,389
Use of money and property	64	138		74
Total Revenues	360,064	388,527		28,463
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Financial administration Total Expenditures	 55,000 55,000	 4,423 4,423		50,577 50,577
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	305,064	384,104		79,040
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 1,844,477	 1,844,477		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 2,149,541	\$ 2,228,581	\$	79,040

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS MPD K-9 DONATIONS Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		c	RIANCE)VER NDER)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	16,637	\$	25,367	\$	8,730
Total Revenues		16,637		25,367		8,730
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Police Total Expenditures		7,400 7,400		7,400		<u> </u>
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		9,237		17,967		8,730
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		28,196		28,196		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	37,433	\$	46,163	\$	8,730

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SOUTHSIDE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES							
Local sources:							
Taxes:							
Sales	\$	114,000	\$	133,013	\$	19,013	
Total Revenues		114,000		133,013		19,013	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government							
Financial administration		10,000		2,673		7,327	
Economic development and assistance		104,000		46,648		57,352	
Total Expenditures		114,000		49,321		64,679	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		83,692		83,692	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		121,226		121,226			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	121,226	\$	204,918	\$	83,692	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS INTERGOVERNMENTAL DONATIONS Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET		ACTUAL		 NRIANCE OVER JNDER)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	54,364	\$	235,975	\$ 181,611
Total Revenues		54,364		235,975	 181,611
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Fire Economic development and assistance Total Expenditures		61,453 35,168 96,621		236,066 37,768 273,834	 (174,613) (2,600) (177,213)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(42,257)		(37,859)	4,398
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		19,651		19,651	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	(22,606)	\$	(18,208)	\$ 4,398

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS BROWNFIELDS ASSESSMENT GRANT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	B	UDGET	A	CTUAL	0	RIANCE VER IDER)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	162,953	\$	162,722	\$	(231)
Total Revenues		162,953		162,722		(231)
EXPENDITURES Current: Planning and urban development Total Expenditures		162,953 162,953		162,722 162,722		231 231
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		50		50		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	50	\$	50	\$	-

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS MONROE HOME OWNERSHIP PROGRAM Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	BUDGET		BUDGET ACTUAL				VARIANCE OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	4,000	\$	6,500	\$	2,500			
Total Revenues		4,000		6,500		2,500			
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		4,000		6,500		2,500			
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		12,000		12,000					
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	16,000	\$	18,500	\$	2,500			

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CORONAVIRUS SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 8-26

	BUDGET ACTUAL				(RIANCE OVER INDER)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	91,717	\$	153,157	\$	61,440
Total Revenues		91,717		153,157		61,440
EXPENDITURES Current: Planning and urban development Capital outlay Total Expenditures		91,701 - 91,701		145,918 6,899 152,817		(54,217) (6,899) (61,116)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		16		340		324
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	16	\$	340	\$	324

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DOWNTOWN ECONOMIC DEV DISTRICT TIF Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 8-27

	BUDGET ACTUAL					RIANCE OVER NDER)
REVENUES						
Local sources: Taxes:						
Sales	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	-
Total Revenues		500,000	_	500,000		-
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government Financial administration				6,500		(6,500)
Total Expenditures		-		6,500		(6,500)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		500,000		493,500		(6,500)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING						-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	500,000	\$	493,500	\$	(6,500)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS MPAC Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 8-28

	BUI	DGET	AC	TUAL	VARIA OV (UND	ER
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	997	\$	997	\$	-
Total Revenues		997		997		-
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		997		997		-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	997	\$	997	\$	-

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COMBINING NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

<u>I-20 Economic Development District</u> - The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources necessary for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs associated with all bonds issued on behalf of the I-20 Economic Development District. Financing of this debt is through incremental sales tax funds returned by the State of Louisiana.

<u>Tower Drive Economic Development District</u> - The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources necessary for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs associated with all bonds issued on behalf of the Tower Drive Economic Development District. Financing of this debt is through incremental sales tax funds returned by the State of Louisiana.

<u>Sales Tax Bond</u> - The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources necessary for, and the payment of various bond issues and DEQ loans. The financing of this debt is through a one percent (1%) sales tax.

Monroe, Louisiana

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

		I-20	то	WER DRIVE			Exhibit 9
	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT			CONOMIC /ELOPMENT DISTRICT	s	ALES TAX BOND	 TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Interfund receivables	\$	8,062,985 946,261 -	\$	1,555,887 250,323 -	\$	5,549,655 - 5,607	\$ 15,168,527 1,196,584 5,607
TOTAL ASSETS		9,009,246		1,806,210		5,555,262	 16,370,718
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:							
Interfund payables		-		216		2,590	2,806
TOTAL LIABILITIES				216		2,590	 2,806
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for debt service		9,009,246		1,805,994		5,552,672	 16,367,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	9,009,246	\$	1,806,210	\$	5,555,262	\$ 16,370,718

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	I-20 CONOMIC VELOPMENT	TOWER DRIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		S	SALES TAX	I	Exhibit 10
	 DISTRICT		DISTRICT		BOND		TOTAL
REVENUES							
Local sources:							
Taxes				•			
Sales	\$ 4,164,770	\$	1,145,629	\$	-	\$	5,310,399
Use of money and property	 909		150		901		1,960
Total revenues	 4,165,679		1,145,779		901		5,312,359
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government							
Financial administration	5,440		274		5,787		11,501
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	2,230,000		720,000		4,276,729		7,226,729
Interest and bank charges	718,826		228,404		728,547		1,675,777
Bond issuance costs	 -		-		170,036		170,036
Total expenditures	 2,954,266		948,678		5,181,099		9,084,043
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	 1,211,413		197,101		(5,180,198)		(3,771,684)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		4,906,775		4,906,775
Refunding bonds issued	-		-		10,405,000		10,405,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		(10,233,991)		(10,233,991)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-		-		5,077,784		5,077,784
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,211,413		197,101		(102,414)		1,306,100
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 7,797,833		1,608,893		5,655,086		15,061,812
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 9,009,246	\$	1,805,994	\$	5,552,672	\$	16,367,912

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COMBINING NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

<u>**Tower Drive</u>** - The fund is used to account for the infrastructure improvement projects within the defined Tower Drive District that are funded from the issuance of incremental sales tax bonds.</u>

<u>Street Construction</u> - The fund is used to account for the reconstruction and repair of the streets in the City.

<u>US 165 Business Connector</u> - The fund is used to account for expenses associated with the construction of a connector road from US Hwy 165 to the Louisiana Purchase Gardens & Zoo entrance. The funding source is the State of Louisiana, Facility, Planning and Control.

Kansas Lane Connector - The fund is used to account for expenses associated with the construction of a connector road running from Kansas Lane to US Hwy 165 North. The project will be financed primarily by federal funds, with the balance coming from both state and local funds.

<u>Community Center Repairs</u> - The fund accounts for the expenses associated with repairs and upgrades to the restrooms/dressing rooms at the City's community centers and Civic Center, thereby enabling these facilities to be utilized as official GOHSEP disaster relief shelters. The project is funded by GOHSEP and the city match is repairs to the community center roofs.

<u>Capital Equipment Purchases</u> - The fund accounts for the expenses associated with the purchase of various capital equipment.

<u>Hwy 165 S. Infrastructure</u> - The fund is used to account for the infrastructure for development along Hwy 165 South funded by the City.

<u>Marina</u> – The fund accounts for the cost of developing and constructing a Marina in the City along the Ouachita River.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2022

	TOWER DRIVE	TREET	BL	JS 165 JSINESS NNECTOR	KANSAS LANE CONNECTOR		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Interfund receivables	\$ 5,756,841 - 222,942	\$ - - 49,165	\$	- - 13,651	\$	- 616,926	
TOTAL ASSETS	 5,979,783	 49,165		13,651		616,926	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts and retainage payable Interfund payables	-	- 49,165		- 13,651		17,232 529,909	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 	 49,165		13,651		547,141	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Spendable Restricted for capital improvements Assigned for capital improvements Unassigned (deficit)	 5,979,783 - -	 - - -		- - -		- - 69,785	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 5,979,783	 				69,785	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 5,979,783	\$ 49,165	\$	13,651	\$	616,926	

Exhibit 11

CE	imunity Inter Ipairs	E	CAPITAL QUIPMENT JRCHASES	IWY 165 S ASTRUCTURE	 MARINA	 TOTAL
\$	433	\$	6,255,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,013,203
	-		-	-	-	616,926
	-		87,608	 25,166	-	 398,532
	433		6,343,537	 25,166	 	 13,028,661
	-		1,015	-	-	18,247
	433		-	 25,166	43,195	 661,519
	433		1,015	25,166	43,195	679,766
			· · · · ·			
	-		-	-	-	5,979,783
	-		6,342,522	-	-	6,342,522
	-		-	 -	(43,195)	 26,590
	_		6,342,522	_	(43,195)	12,348,895
	-		0,042,022		 (40,190)	 12,040,030
\$	433	\$	6,343,537	\$ 25,166	\$ -	\$ 13,028,661

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

		TOWER DRIVE		STREET CONSTRUCTION		S 165 SINESS NECTOR	KANSAS LANE CONNECTOR		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,104	
Use of money and property	-	634		-		-		-	
Total revenues		634				-		36,104	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government Financial administration		5,000		_		_		_	
Culture and recreation		- 0,000		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		200,067	
Total expenditures		5,000						200,067	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(4,366)		-		-		(163,963)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		1,000,000	
Transfers out		-		(48,474)		(9,941)		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				(48,474)		(9,941)		1,000,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,366)		(48,474)		(9,941)		836,037	
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - BEGINNING		5,984,149		48,474		9,941		(766,252)	
FUND BALANCES (Deficits) - ENDING	\$	5,979,783	\$		\$		\$	69,785	

Exhibit 12

CE	MMUNITY ENTER EPAIRS	CAPITAL QUIPMENT URCHASES	WY 165 S ASTRUCTURE	MARINA	TOTAL
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	36,104
	-	 8	 -	 -	 642
	-	8	 		 36,746
	-	-	-	-	5,000
	-	126,377	-	-	126,377
1	-	 38,124	 -	 43,195	 281,386
	<u> </u>	 164,501	 	43,195	 412,763
	-	(164,493)	_	(43,195)	(376,017)
1		 (101,100)	 	 (10,100)	 (0:0,0::)
	-	2,400,000	-	-	3,400,000
1	(433)	 -	 (25,166)	 -	 (84,014)
	(433)	2,400,000	 (25,166)		 3,315,986
	(433)	2,235,507	(25,166)	(43,195)	2,939,969
	433	 4,107,015	 25,166	 	 9,408,926
\$		\$ 6,342,522	\$ 	\$ (43,195)	\$ 12,348,895

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COMBINING NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

<u>Monroe Transit System</u> - The fund is used to account for the operations of the Monroe Transit System, such as administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

<u>Monroe Civic Center</u> - The fund is used to account for the operations of the Monroe Civic Center, such as administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

Louisiana Purchase Gardens and Zoo - The fund is used to account for the operations of the Louisiana Purchase Gardens & Zoo, such as administration, operations and maintenance of the zoo grounds and related facilities.

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS Combining Statement of Fund Net Position (Deficit) April 30, 2022

Exhibit 13

Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets Land and construction in progress 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 4,200 - - Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 - - Total Current Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	ſAL	т	LOUISIANA PURCHASE GARDENS AND ZOO	IONROE CIVIC CENTER	NROE NSIT STEM		ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 800 \$ 9,000 \$ 2,500 \$ Receivables, net Interfund receivables - - 58,119 - - 58,119 Inventories 169,388 - - - - - - - 58,119 Inventories 169,388 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ASSE</td>										ASSE
Receivables, net 749,765 30,814 29,966 Intertund receivables - - 58,119 Inventories 169,388 - - Prepaid expenses and other assets 207,450 226,650 4,857 Total Current Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Capital Assets 2 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Land and construction in progress 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3.662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3.817,172 1,538,676 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2500 - - - - Deferred outflows related to pensions 152,587 107,773 60,396 - - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - - - - - -										
Interfund receivables - 58,119 Inventories 169,388 - - Prepaid expenses and other assets 207,450 226,650 4,857 Total Current Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Land and construction in progress 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,507 107,773 60,396 171,528 LIABILITIES 12,587 107,773 60,396 10 10 Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - 200 - 20,592 100,20 58,752 100,20 58,752 100,20 58,752 10,20 58,752 10,20 58,752 <t< td=""><td>12,300</td><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>,</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>nd cash equivalents</td><td>Cash</td></t<>	12,300			\$,	\$		\$	nd cash equivalents	Cash
Inventories 169,388 - - Prepaid expenses and other assets 207,450 226,650 4,857 Total Current Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets 2,127,450 226,650 4,857 Capital Assets 2,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Land and construction in progress 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,567 107,773 60,396 1 Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Uneamed revenue - 800 - - - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - - - - - -	810,545		29,966		30,814		749,765		ables, net	Rece
Prepaid expenses and other assets 207,450 226,650 4,857 Total Current Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Capital Assets 1	58,119		58,119		-		-		nd receivables	Inter
Total Current Assets 1,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets 1 11,127,403 266,464 95,442 1 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 30,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Querned revenue - 800 - - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - - Total Current Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 - - Noncurr	169,388		-		-		169,388		ries	Inver
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets Land and construction in progress 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 116,111ES Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - - 60,396 - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - - 60,396 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	438,957		 4,857		226,650		207,450		expenses and other assets	Prep
Capital Assets 154,489 993,540 131,708 1 Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 330,731 159,406 171,528 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 330,731 159,406 171,528 Current Liabilities: 330,731 159,406 171,528 Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 250,013 224,593 119,148 Compensated absences 1,29,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,556,117 <td< td=""><td>1,489,309</td><td></td><td> 95,442</td><td></td><td>266,464</td><td></td><td>1,127,403</td><td></td><td>Current Assets</td><td>То</td></td<>	1,489,309		 95,442		266,464		1,127,403		Current Assets	То
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation 3,662,683 545,138 186,805 4 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 330,731 159,406 171,528 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES 300,731 159,406 171,528 Current Liabilities: 2,500 - - Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 - Total Current Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 - Noncurrent Liabilities: 1,926,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489										
Total Noncurrent Assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5 TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 330,731 159,406 171,528 Deferred outflows related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES 330,731 159,406 171,528 Current Liabilities: 4counts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - - 60,396 Customer deposits, net 2,500 - - - 60,396 Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 -	1,279,737		131,708		993,540		154,489		and construction in progress	Lar
TOTAL ASSETS 4,944,575 1,805,142 413,955 7 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES 300,731 159,406 171,528 101,773 60,396 LUABILITIES Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 - Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 - Current protion of long term debt - 800 - - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 - - Total Current Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 - Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 - Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 - - Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 - - - - - - - -	4,394,626		 186,805		545,138		3,662,683		ciable assets, net of depreciation	Dep
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Uncarned revenue - 800 - - 60,396 Customer deposits, net 2,500 -	5,674,363		 318,513		1,538,678		3,817,172		Noncurrent Assets	То
Deferred outflows related to pensions 330,731 159,406 171,528 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - - 800 - Customer deposits, net 2,500 -	7,163,672		 413,955		1,805,142		4,944,575		AL ASSETS	тс
Current Liabilities: Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - Customer deposits, net 2,500 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	661,665		 171,528		159,406		330,731			
Accounts and retainage payables 152,587 107,773 60,396 Unearned revenue - 800 - Customer deposits, net 2,500 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1									ES	LIABIL
Unearned revenue - 800 - Customer deposits, net 2,500 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 200 50,729 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1										
Customer deposits, net 2,500 - - Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 252,013 224,593 119,148 Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	320,756		60,396				152,587		its and retainage payables	Acco
Current portion of long term debt 96,926 116,020 58,752 Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: 2000 28,727 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	800		-		800		-			
Total Current Liabilities 252,013 224,593 119,148 Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	2,500		-		-					
Noncurrent Liabilities: 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	271,698		 58,752		116,020		96,926		t portion of long term debt	Curre
Compensated absences 129,769 (28,727) 50,729 Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	595,754		 119,148		224,593		252,013		Current Liabilities	То
Net pension liability 1,526,348 735,668 791,612 3 Total Noncurrent Liabilities 1,656,117 706,941 842,341 3 TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,908,130 931,534 961,489 3 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 530,414 255,648 275,089 1									nt Liabilities:	Noncu
Total Noncurrent Liabilities1,656,117706,941842,3413TOTAL LIABILITIES1,908,130931,534961,4893DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions530,414255,648275,0891	151,771		50,729		(28,727)		129,769		nsated absences	Com
TOTAL LIABILITIES1,908,130931,534961,4893DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions530,414255,648275,0891	3,053,628		 791,612		735,668		1,526,348		nsion liability	Net p
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	3,205,399		 842,341		706,941		1,656,117		Noncurrent Liabilities	То
Deferred inflows related to pensions 530,414 255,648 275,089 1	3,801,153		 961,489		931,534		1,908,130		AL LIABILITIES	тс
Deferred inflows related to pensions 530,414 255,648 275,089 1									ED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFF
NET POSITION	1,061,151		 275,089		255,648		530,414			
									SITION	NET P
Net investment in capital assets 3,817,172 1,538,678 318,513 5	5,674,363		318.513		1.538.678		3.817.172			
	2,711,330)								•	
	2,963,033			\$		\$		\$		

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Exhibit 14

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

		MONROE TRANSIT SYSTEM		MONROE CIVIC CENTER		LOUISIANA PURCHASE GARDENS AND ZOO		TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES Rents and fees	\$	23,843	\$	431,704	\$	12,795	\$	468,342
Fares	φ	295,004	φ	431,704	φ	12,795	φ	408,342 295,004
Advertising		32,010		-		-		32,010
Admissions		52,010		5		343,396		343,401
Concessions and rides		-		182,612		189,770		372,382
Other operating revenue		139		5,515		10,775		16,429
		100		0,010		10,110		10,120
Total operating revenues		350,996		619,836		556,736		1,527,568
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		2,304,839		1,074,163		986,283		4,365,285
Materials, repairs and supplies		773,161		459,296		136,194		1,368,651
Utilities and communications		145,056		641,243		86,289		872,588
Insurance		427,094		237,928		17,654		682,676
Promoter's expenses		-		150,383		33,086		183,469
Other operating expenses		411,818		252,238		516,197		1,180,253
Depreciation and amortization		1,432,571		243,676		31,239		1,707,486
Total operating expenses		5,494,539		3,058,927		1,806,942		10,360,408
OPERATING INCOME (Loss)		(5,143,543)		(2,439,091)		(1,250,206)		(8,832,840)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Intergovernmental grants		4,380,090		_		_		4,380,090
Interest income		-,000,000		2,832		2,832		5,664
Property taxes		-		1,109,315		1,109,315		2,218,630
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		4,380,090		1,112,147		1,112,147		6,604,384
Total hohoperating revenues (expenses)		4,300,030		1,112,147		1,112,147		0,004,004
Income(Loss) before capital contributions								
and transfers		(763,453)		(1,326,944)		(138,059)		(2,228,456)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Capital contributions		-		-		131,708		131,708
Transfers in		1,992,261		1,326,053		43,784		3,362,098
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	1	1,992,261		1,326,053		175,492		3,493,806
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,228,808		(891)		37,433		1,265,350
NET POSITION (Deficit) - BEGINNING		1,607,954		778,257		(688,528)		1,697,683
NET POSITION (Deficit) - ENDING	\$	2,836,762	\$	777,366	\$	(651,095)	\$	2,963,033

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	TRA	MONROE TRANSIT SYSTEM		NROE VIC NTER	LOUISIANA PURCHASE GARDENS AND ZOO		-	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					-			
Receipts from customers	\$2	51,030	\$6	618,104	\$	555,631	\$	1,424,765
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		25,041)		78,234)		(813,934)		4,417,209)
Payments to employees for services and benefits	•	06,697)		344,722)		(584,537)		3,035,956)
Net cash provided (used) for operating activities		80,708)		04,852)		(842,840)		6,028,400)
CASH FLOWS (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating grants	4,3	80,090		-		-		4,380,090
Property taxes		-	1,1	109,315		1,109,315		2,218,630
Net increasse (decrease) in interfund receivables/payables	(8	98,554)		-		-		(898,554)
Transfers in	1,9	92,261	1,3	326,053		43,784		3,362,098
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital								
financing activities	5,4	73,797	2,4	35,368		1,153,099		9,062,264
CASH FLOWS (USES) FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets	(1,5	33,668)		_		-	(1,533,668)
Change in pension liabilities		46,935)	(5	504,975)		(462,309)	•	1,714,219)
Other changes in long-term debt		2,489)		71,469		(28,976)		30,004
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related	`							
financing activities	(2,2	93,092)	(4	33,506)		(491,285)	(3,217,883)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Earnings on investments		-		2,832		2,832		5,664
Net cash provided (used) for investing activities				2,832		2,832		5,664
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3)		(158)		(178,194)		(178,355)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		803		9,158		180,694		190,655
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	800	\$	9,000	\$	2,500	\$	12,300
Reconciliation to balance sheet								
Cash	\$	800	\$	9,000	\$	2,500	\$	12,300
	\$	800	\$	9,000	\$	2,500	\$	12,300

(Continued)

Exhibit 15

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

				Exhibit 15
	MONROE TRANSIT SYSTEM	MONROE CIVIC CENTER	LOUISIANA PURCHASE GARDENS AND ZOO	TOTAL
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (5,143,543)	\$ (2,439,091)	\$ (1,250,206)	\$ (8,832,840)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided (used) for operating activities:				
Depreciation	1,432,571	243,676	31,239	1,707,486
Pension expense related to change in				
net pension liability	657,744	346,229	356,223	1,360,196
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(99,966)	4	(1,105)	(101,067)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(57,317)	-	-	(57,317)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(70,786)	(76,996)	-	(147,782)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	60,191	39,850	(24,514)	75,527
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	-	(1,736)	-	(1,736)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	40,398	(116,788)	45,523	(30,867)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (3,180,708)	\$ (2,004,852)	\$ (842,840)	\$ (6,028,400)

(Concluded)

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COMBINING INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Internal Service Funds

Employees' Group Insurance - The fund is used to account for the provision of the City's self-insurance health benefits. This includes administration fees, collection of premiums and payment of expenses.

<u>Central Shop</u> - The fund is used to account for the provision of repair and maintenance services and motor fuels to the various City departments (except for Transit and Fire Department).

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Net Position April 30, 2022

Exhibit 16

	EMPLOYEES' GROUP CENTRAL INSURANCE SHOP		TOTAL		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 767,599	\$ -	\$ 767,599		
Interfund receivables	1,808,371	13	1,808,384		
Inventories		39,576	39,576		
Total current assets	2,575,970	39,589	2,615,559		
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets					
Land and construction in progress	-	45,000	45,000		
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	<u> </u>	1,447,651	1,447,651		
Total noncurrent assets	<u> </u>	1,492,651	1,492,651		
TOTAL ASSETS	2,575,970	1,532,240	4,108,210		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts and retainage payable	173,777	32,195	205,972		
Accrued liabilities	616,000	-	616,000		
Interfund payables	1,009,350		1,009,350		
Total current liabilities	1,799,127	32,195	1,831,322		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	-	1,492,651	1,492,651		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	776,843	7,394	784,237		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 776,843	\$ 1,500,045	\$ 2,276,888		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 17

	EMPLOYEES' GROUP INSURANCE	GROUP CENTRAL	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 10,412,295	\$ 1,223,840	\$ 11,636,135
Charges for services	φ 10,412,295	φ 1,223,040	φ 11,050,155
Total operating revenues	10,412,295	1,223,840	11,636,135
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Benefits paid to participants	8,992,213	-	8,992,213
Salaries, wages, and benefits	-	922,255	922,255
Materials, repairs, and supplies	-	87,267	87,267
Utilities and communications	-	51,455	51,455
Shop expenses	-	548,467	548,467
Other operating expenses	10	49,212	49,222
Depreciation and amortization		85,156	85,156
Total operating expenses	8,992,223	1,743,812	10,736,035
OPERATING INCOME (Loss)	1,420,072	(519,972)	900,100
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	106		106
Income (loss) before transfers	1,420,178	(519,972)	900,206
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS Transfers in	1,407,622	447,570	1,855,192
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,827,800	(72,402)	2,755,398
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit) - BEGINNING	(2,050,957)	1,572,447	(478,510)
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit) - ENDING	\$ 776,843	\$ 1,500,045	\$ 2,276,888

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 1	8
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INSURANCE SHOP TOTAL CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 8,860,537 \$ 1,223,827 \$ 10,084,364 Benefit payments to participants (10,137,139) - (10,137,139) Payments to suppliers for goods and services (10,137,139) - (10,137,139) Payments to employees for services and benefits - (922,255) (1022,256) (1022,257) (1022,256) (1022,257) (1023,25,156) (103,1			MPLOYEES' GROUP	С	ENTRAL	TOTAL		
Receipts from interfund services provided \$ 8,860,537 \$ 1,223,827 \$ 10,084,364 Benefit payments to participants (10,137,139) - (10,137,139) Payments to suppliers for goods and services (10,137,139) - (10,137,139) Payments to employees for services and benefits - (922,255) (922,255) Net cash (used) for operating activities 1,407,622 447,570 (1,724,182) CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW INVESTING ACTIVITIES 1 1 1 1 1 Earnings on investments 106 - 106 1 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 131,116 - 131,116 131,116 131,116 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING 636,483 - \$ 636,483 - \$ 636,483 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 8 \$			SURANCE		SHOP		TOTAL	
Benefit payments to participants (10,137,139) - (10,137,139) Payments to suppliers for goods and services (10) (749,142) (749,152) Payments to employees for services and benefits - (922,255) (922,255) Net cash (used) for operating activities (1,276,612) (447,570) (1,724,182) CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 Transfers in 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments 106 - 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 106 - 106 - 106 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 131,116 - 131,116 - 131,116 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation - 85,156 85,156 Changes in assets and		\$	8 860 537	\$	1 223 827	\$	10 084 364	
Payments to suppliers for goods and services (10) (749,142) (749,152) Payments to employees for services and benefits				Ψ		*		
Payments to employees for services and benefits Net cash (used) for operating activities (1,276,612) (922,255) (922,255) CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 106 - 106 Earnings on investments 106 - 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 131,116 - 131,116 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 131,116 - 131,116 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING § 767,599 \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 85,156 Operating income (loss) \$ 1,420,072 \$ (519,972) \$ 900,100 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 85,156 Due from other funds (1,551,778) (13) (1,551,771) (Increase) Decrease in inventories - 1,430 1,430 Increa			,		(749.142)			
Net cash (used) for operating activities (1,276,612) (447,570) (1,724,182) CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: I.407,622 447,570 1,855,192 Transfers in 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 1,407,622 447,570 1,855,192 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 106 - 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 106 - 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 131,116 - 131,116 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING 636,483 - 636,483 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 85,156 Operating income (loss) \$ 1,420,072 \$ (519,972) \$ 900,100 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 85,156 Due from other funds (1,551,758) (13) (1,551,771)			. ,				. ,	
Transfers in1,407,622447,5701,855,192Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities1,407,622447,5701,855,192CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIESEarnings on investments106-106Net cash provided for investing activities106-106Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents131,116-131,116CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING636,483-636,483CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$ 767,599\$ -\$ 767,599Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,156Depreciation-85,15685,156(1,551,771)Charges in assets and liabilities-1,4301,430Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)(Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)			(1,276,612)					
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CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments 106 - 106 Net cash provided for investing activities 106 - 106 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 131,116 - 131,116 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING 636,483 - 636,483 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING \$ 767,599 \$ 767,599 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 1,420,072 \$ (519,972) \$ 900,100 Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 85,156 Depreciation - 1,430 1,430 1,430 Increase (Decrease in inventories - 1,430 1,430 1,430 Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (1,926) (14,171) (24,097) (135,000) - (135,000) Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)								
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Earnings on investments106-106Net cash provided for investing activities106-106Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents131,116-131,116CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING636,483-636,483CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$767,599\$-\$Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities-1,4301,4301,4301,430Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)(1,171)(1,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)-(1,000,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Net cash provided for investing activities106-106Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents131,116-131,116CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING636,483-636,483CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$767,599\$-\$Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities-85,15685,1561,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in inventories-1,4301,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(135,000)-(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(115,00,000)-(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)			106		-		106	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING636,483-636,483CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$767,599\$-\$Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$Operating income (loss)\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,156Depreciation-85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)1,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)	•		106		-			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING636,483-636,483CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$767,599\$-\$Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$Operating income (loss)\$1,420,072\$(519,972)\$900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,156Depreciation-85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)1,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$ 767,599\$ - \$ 767,599Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation- 85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds (Increase) Decrease in inventories- 1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)- (1,000,000)	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		131,116		-		131,116	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING\$ 767,599\$ - \$ 767,599Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation- 85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds (Increase) Decrease in inventories- 1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)- (1,000,000)	CASH AND CASH FOLIIVALENTS - BEGINNING		636 483		_		636 483	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ 1,420,072 \$ (519,972) \$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation- 85,156 85,156Depreciation- 85,156 85,156Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds(1,551,778) (13) (1,551,771) (Increase) Decrease in inventories Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926) (14,171) (24,097) (135,000)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)- (1,000,000)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - DEGININING		000,400				000,400	
provided (used) by operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ 1,420,072\$ (519,972)\$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:-85,15685,156Depreciation-85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)(Increase) Decrease in inventories-1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	767,599	\$	-	\$	767,599	
provided (used) by operating activities:Operating income (loss)\$ 1,420,072 \$ (519,972) \$ 900,100Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation-85,156Depreciation-85,15685,156Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)(Increase) Decrease in inventories-1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)								
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: - 85,156 Depreciation - 85,156 85,156 Changes in assets and liabilities - 1430 1,430 Due from other funds (1,551,758) (13) 1,430 Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (9,926) (14,171) (24,097) Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (135,000) - (135,000) Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)	,							
provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation - 85,156 85,156 Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds (1,551,758) (13) (1,551,771) (Increase) Decrease in inventories - 1,430 1,430 Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (9,926) (14,171) (24,097) Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (135,000) - (135,000) Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)	Operating income (loss)	\$	1,420,072	\$	(519,972)	\$	900,100	
Changes in assets and liabilities(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)Due from other funds(1,551,758)(13)(1,551,771)(Increase) Decrease in inventories-1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)								
Due from other funds (1,551,758) (13) (1,551,771) (Increase) Decrease in inventories - 1,430 1,430 Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (9,926) (14,171) (24,097) Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (135,000) - (135,000) Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)			-		85,156		85,156	
(Increase) Decrease in inventories-1,4301,430Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable(9,926)(14,171)(24,097)Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities(135,000)-(135,000)Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable(1,000,000)-(1,000,000)	•		(1,551,758)		(13)		(1,551,771)	
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (9,926) (14,171) (24,097) Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities (135,000) - (135,000) Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)	(Increase) Decrease in inventories		-		. ,		• • • •	
Increase (Decrease) in interfund payable (1,000,000) - (1,000,000)	Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		(9,926)		(14,171)			
	Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities		(135,000)		-		(135,000)	
Net cash provided (used) for operating activities \$ (1,276,612) \$ (447,570) \$ (1,724,182)					-			
	Net cash provided (used) for operating activities	\$	(1,276,612)	\$	(447,570)	\$	(1,724,182)	

COMBINING PENSION TRUST FUNDS STATEMENTS

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Pension Trust Funds

Bus Drivers' Pension Fund - The fund accounts for the payments to the eligible retirees. In 1983 the employees of the Transit system agreed to join the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS). This fund makes payments only and has sufficient funds to meet its obligations to remaining retirees.

<u>Police Pension Fund</u> - The fund accounts for the payments to the eligible retirees. In 1983 the employees of the Monroe Police Department agreed to join the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MPERS). This fund makes payments only and has sufficient funds to meet its obligations to remaining retirees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2022

Exhibit 19

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS					
	BUS DRIVERS' PENSION FUND		POLICE			
			Р	PENSION		
				FUND		TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,941	\$	94,947	\$	101,888
Total assets		6,941		94,947		101,888
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Retirement benefits		6,941		94,947		101,888
Total net position	\$	6,941	\$	94,947	\$	101,888

CITY OF MONROE Monroe, Louisiana

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 20

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS BUS DRIVERS' POLICE PENSION PENSION					
		FUND	F	UND		TOTAL
ADDITIONS Contributions: Employer	\$	10,000	\$		_\$	10,000
Investment earnings: Interest		4		9		13
Less investment expense		9		783		792
Net investment earnings		(5)		(774)		(779)
Total additions		9,995		(774)		9,221
DEDUCTIONS Benefits paid		3,300		1,672		4,972
Total deductions		3,300		1,672		4,972
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		6,695		(2,446)		4,249
Net Position, beginning		246		97,393		97,639
Net Position, ending	\$	6,941	\$	94,947	\$	101,888

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COMBINING CUSTODIAL FUNDS STATEMENTS

DIVIDER

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DIVIDER

Custodial Funds

Police Department Evidence - The fund accounts for the assets seized by the Monroe Police Department.

Property Tax Collection - The fund accounts for the collection and distribution of property taxes for the City.

<u>Bid Bond Custodial</u> - The fund accounts for the collection/return of deposits for bids or permits to contractors.

<u>Sales Tax Collection Agency</u> - The fund accounts for the collection and distribution of sales taxes assessed by the various taxing bodies within Ouachita Parish.

CITY OF MONROE Monroe, Louisiana

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2022

Exhibit 21

			C	USTODI	AL FL	JNDS			
	I	POLICE	PRO	PERTY		BID	SALES TAX		
	DEF	PARTMENT	٦	ΓΑΧ		BOND	COLLECTION		
	E\	IDENCE	COLL	ECTION	CU	STODIAL	AGENCY		TOTAL
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	261,917	\$	105	\$	4,271	\$ 23,773,290	\$	24,039,583
Receivables	·	-	• 		•	11,301	19,123,264	•	19,134,565
Total assets		261,917		105		15,572	42,896,554		43,174,148
							,,		,
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		-		-		2,482	-		2,482
Due to local governments				-			42,896,554		42,896,554
Total liabilities		-		-		2,482	42,896,554		42,899,036
NET POSITION									
Restricted for:									
Evidence return		261,917		-		-	-		261,917
Bid bond return		, _		-		13,090	-		13,090
Other governments				105			-		105
Total net position	\$	261,917	\$	105	\$	13,090	<u>\$ </u>	\$	275,112

CITY OF MONROE Monroe, Louisiana

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

			CUSTODI	AL FUN	DS			
	DEP	POLICE PARTMENT /IDENCE	OPERTY TAX LECTION	В	BID OND TODIAL	SALES TAX COLLECTION AGENCY		TOTAL
	<u> </u>	IDENCE	LECTION	005	IUDIAL	AGENCI		TUTAL
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Seized evidence	\$	78,542	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	78,542
Property tax		-	1,611		-	-		1,611
Vendor sales tax		-	 -		-	233,353,018	2	33,353,018
Total contributions		78,542	 1,611		-	233,353,018	2	33,433,171
Investment Earnings:								
Interest		-	-		104	2,092		2,196
Total investment earnings		-	-		104	2,092		2,196
Less investment expense		-	-		(96)	(26,764)		(26,860)
Net investment earnings		-	 		8	(24,672)		(24,664)
Total additions								
		78,542	 1,611		8	233,328,346	2	33,408,507
DEDUCTIONS								
Distribution to government agencies		-	 11,239		-	233,328,346	2	33,339,585
Total deductions		-	 11,239			233,328,346	2	33,339,585
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		78,542	(9,628)		8	-		68,922
Net position, beginning		183,375	 9,733		13,082			206,190
Net position, ending	\$	261,917	\$ 105	\$	13,090	\$-	\$	275,112

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OTHER MISCELLANEOUS SCHEDULES

DIVIDER

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DIVIDER

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2022	

EXHIBIT 23

				FOR THE YEAR I	ENDED APRIL 30,	2022			
	Issue Dates	Remaining Interest Rates	Original Amount	Balance April 30, 2021	Issued	Retired	Balance April 30, 2022	Amount Due Within A Year	Principal Maturity Schedule For Future Years
		-							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Tax Increment Bonds:									
Tower Drive Series 2019	2019	2.21%	\$ 11,000,000 \$	10,695,000 \$	- 5				\$720,000 - \$935,000 to September 1, 2033
I-20 Development Series 2012	2012	2.71%	20,530,000	7,585,000	-	(1,820,000)	5,765,000		\$1,820,000 - \$1,975,000 to March 1, 2025
I-20 Development Series 2019	2019	2.21%	23,500,000	23,430,000	-	(410,000)	23,020,000		\$410,000 - \$2,870,000 to September 1, 2033
Total Tax Increment Bonds			55,030,000	41,710,000	-	(2,950,000)	38,760,000	3,025,000	-
Color Tran Develop									
Sales Tax Bonds:	2011	3.19%	14 (00,000	11 295 000		(1.450.000)	0.835.000	1 505 000	¢1 505 000 ¢1 790 000 (, 1 1 1 2027
Series 2011A Refunding	2011 2012	3.00% - 4.00%	14,690,000 16,860,000	11,285,000 10,300,000	-	(1,450,000)	9,835,000	1,505,000	\$1,505,000 - \$1,780,000 to July 1, 2027
Series 2012 Refunding Series 2017 Refunding	2012	2.10%	12,535,800	8,296,000	-	(10,300,000) (2,516,000)	5,780,000	1 120 000	\$1,139,000 - \$2,516,000 to July 1, 2026
				8,290,000	10 405 000				\$1,616,900 - \$1,769,850 to July 1, 2027
Series 2021 Refunding	2021	1.076%	10,405,000 54,490,800	29,881,000	10,405,000	(244,720) (14,510,720)	10,160,280 25,775,280	4,357,040	\$1,010,900 - \$1,709,850 to July 1, 2027
			54,490,800	29,881,000	10,405,000	(14,510,720)	25,775,280	4,557,040	-
Bond Premium			-	122,894		(40,725)	82,169		-
Total Bonds Payable, net				71,713,894	10,405,000	(17,501,445)	64,617,449	7,382,040	
			=						-
Other:									
Claims and Judgments			-	6,946,528	1,338,513	(1,501,972)	6,783,069	1,501,972	
Capital Leases		2.03%-7.30%	-	6,478,936	-	(1,397,975)	5,080,961	1,357,719	\$506,702 - \$1,357,719 to May 15, 2027
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay			-	6,262,103	3,909,318	(3,626,308)	6,545,113	3,626,308	
Other post employment benefits			-	78,260,896	6,006,142	(10,050,801)	74,216,237	-	
Net Pension Liability				71,722,647	-	(32,759,255)	38,963,392	-	_
Total Other			-	169,671,110	11,253,973	(49,336,311)	131,588,772	6,485,999	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			109,520,800	241,385,004	21,658,973	(66,837,756)	196,206,221	13,868,039	
				,,		(00,000,000)			-
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Sales Tax Bonds - Water:									
Series 2006	2006	3.45%	3,000,000	1,450,000	-	(1,450,000)	-	-	
Series 2017 Refunding	2017	2.10%	1,179,840	780,800	-	(236,800)	544,000	107,200	\$107,200 - \$236,800 to July 1, 2026
Series 2021 Refunding	2021	1.076%	1,505,000	-	1,505,000	(35,280)	1,469,720		\$233,100 - \$255,150 to July 1, 2027
Total Sales Tax Bonds - Water			5,684,840	2,230,800	1,505,000	(1,722,080)	2,013,720	354,160	
									-
Water Revenue Bonds:									
Series 2018	2018	4.00% - 5.00%	35,295,000	34,045,000	-	(610,000)	33,435,000	640,000	\$640,000 - \$2,045,000 to November 1, 2048
Total Water Revenue Bonds			35,295,000	34,045,000	-	(610,000)	33,435,000	640,000	-
Sales Tax Bonds - Sewer:									
Series 2008 - DEQ #5	2008	0.95%	14,000,000	6,353,324	53,950	(700,000)	5,707,274		\$710,000 - \$765,00 to July 1, 2030
Series 2012A Refunding	2012	2.89%	32,000,000	16,560,000		(2,170,000)	14,390,000		\$2,230,000 - \$2,575,000 to June 1, 2027
Series 2013 - DEQ #6	2013	0.95%	11,700,000	5,325,998	1,245,369	(570,000)	6,001,367		\$779,322 - \$1,869,473 to July 1, 2029
Series 2017 Refunding	2017	2.10%	4,719,360	3,123,200	-	(947,200)	2,176,000		\$428,800 - \$947,200 to July 1, 2026
Total Sales Tax Bonds			62,419,360	31,362,522	1,299,319	(4,387,200)	28,274,641	4,148,122	-
Airport General Obligation Bonds: Series 2017 LCDA Taxable Revenue Refunding	2017	3.00% - 4.10%	15,625,000	13,880,000		(460,000)	13,420,000	500.000	\$500,000 - \$1,195,000 to February 1, 2039
Total Airport Revenue Bonds	2017	5.00% = 4.10%	15,625,000	13,880,000		(460,000)	13,420,000	500,000	
Total Aliport Revenue Bonds			13,823,000	15,880,000		(460,000)	13,420,000	300,000	-
Bond Discount				(96,338)		5,352	(90,986)		
Bond Premium				799,520		(199,880)	599,640		
Bond Freinfahr			-	177,520		(1)),000)	577,040		-
Total Bonds Payable, net				82,221,504	2,804,319	(7,373,808)	77,652,015	5,642,282	
			-						
Other:									
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay				1,219,071	786,310	(710,084)	1,295,297	710,084	
Net Pension Liability			-	15,434,140	-	(5,714,304)	9,719,836	-	_
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES			119,024,200	98,874,715	3,590,629	(13,798,196)	88,667,148	6,352,366	-
TOTAL ALL ACTIVITIES			\$ 228,545,000	\$ 340,259,719	\$ 25,249,602	\$ (80,635,952)	\$ 284,873,369	\$ 20,220,405	
				,,		. (,,		,,	-

Schedule of Compensation Paid Council Members For the Year Ended April 30, 2022 E

Exhibit 24

The schedule of compensation paid Council members is in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the City members is included in the legislative expenditures of the general fund. In accordance with Section 2-05 of the Home Rule Charter of the City of Monroe, the council, through Ordinance #10312, has set compensation of council members at \$1,000 per month. In addition to the compensation paid all council members, the chairperson of the council receives an additional \$500 per month to perform the duties of that office.

Council Member	District	<u>Amount</u>
Douglas Harvey	1	\$13,291
Gretchen Ezernack	2	11,999
Juanita Woods	3	11,999
Carday Marshall - Chairman	4	16,708
Kema Dawson	5	11,999

Schedule of Compensation Paid Council Members For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Exhibit 25

Mayor Friday Ell	lis
Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 96,852
Benefits - Insurance	5,379
Benefits - Retirement	26,550
Benefits - Life insurance	98
Car allowance	6,850
Dues	475
Travel	4,155
Registration fees	1,140
Conference travel	5,697
Fuel card	2,278
	\$ 149,474

Justice System Funding Schedule - Collecting/Disbursing Entity

As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

			Ex	hibit 26
Cash Basis Presentation	Perin 10 \$ start fees, 3rd party service fees)	Six Month od Ended 0/31/21	Second Six Month Period Ended 4/30/22	
Beginning Balance of Amounts Collected (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	155,578	\$	127,461
Add: Collections				
Bond Fees		5,710		43,587
Asset Forfeiture/Sale		14,203		64,339
Subtotal Collections		19,913		107,926
Less:				
Indigent Defender Board-Bond forfeiture fees		1,427		5,473
Monroe City Court-Bond forfeiture fees		1,427		5,473
Monroe City Marshal-Bond forfeiture fees		1,428		5,473
Less: Amounts Retained by Collecting Agency				
Bond Fees		1,428		5,473
Criminal Fines - Other		15,713		13,995
Pre-Trial Diversion Program Fees		26,200		17,520
Service/Collection Fees (e.g. credit card fees, report fees, 3rd party service fees)		407		346
Subtotal Disbursements/Retainage		48,030		53,753
Total: Ending Balance of Amounts Collected but not Disbursed/Retained (i.e. cash on hand)	\$	127,461	\$	181,634

Justice System Funding Schedule - Receiving Entity

As Required by Act 87 of the 2020 Regular Legislative Session

Exhibit 27

Cash Basis Presentation	Perio	Six Month od Ended //31/21	Mon	cond Six oth Period ed 4/30/22
Receipts From:				
Monroe City Court, Civil fees	\$	71,630	\$	99,849
Monroe City Court, Court fines		187,901		306,980
4th Judicial District Attorney's Office, Drug assest forfeiture		13,581		19,801
Subtotal Receipts	\$	273,112	\$	426,630

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STATISTICAL SECTION

DIVIDER

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CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Government's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Net Position by Component 1 198 Changes in Net Position 2 199-201 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 202 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 4 203-204 REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales tax. 5 205 Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source	INDEX	Table Number	Page Number
Changes in Net Position 2 199-201 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 202 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 4 203-204 REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales tax. 5 205 Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source 5 205 Assessed Value of Taxable Property 6 206 Principal Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments 7 207 Principal Property Taxpayers 8 208 Property Tax Rates and Collections 9 209 Sales Tax Revenues 10 210 Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates 10 211 211 221 222 </td <td colspan="3">INDEX Number FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATION - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's fine performance and well being has changed over time. 1 Net Position by Component 1 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City to generate its property and sales tax. 6 Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source 5 Assessed Value of Taxable Property 6 Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments 7 Principal Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments 9 Sales Tax Revenues 10 Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates 11 DEBET CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's currer of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type. 12 Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding. 13 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt. 14 Legal Debt Margin Informatinon. 15</td>	INDEX Number FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATION - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's fine performance and well being has changed over time. 1 Net Position by Component 1 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds 3 REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City to generate its property and sales tax. 6 Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source 5 Assessed Value of Taxable Property 6 Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments 7 Principal Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments 9 Sales Tax Revenues 10 Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates 11 DEBET CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's currer of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type. 12 Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding. 13 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt. 14 Legal Debt Margin Informatinon. 15		
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Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates. 11 211 DEBT CAPACITY INFORMATION - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. 12 212 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type. 12 212 Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding. 13 213 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt. 14 214 Legal Debt Margin Information. 15 215 Pledged Revenue Coverage -Water & Sewer. 16 216 DEMOGRAPIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. 17 217 Principal Employers. 18 218 OPERATING INFORMATION - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial activities it performs. 19 219 Operating Indicators by Function. 19 219 20 220	Property Tax Levies and Collections.	9	209
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Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding. 13 213 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt. 14 214 Legal Debt Margin Information. 15 215 Pledged Revenue Coverage -Water & Sewer. 16 216 DEMOGRAPIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. 17 217 Principal Employers. 18 218 OPERATING INFORMATION - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. 19 219 Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220		12	212
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt. 14 214 Legal Debt Margin Information. 15 215 Pledged Revenue Coverage -Water & Sewer. 16 216 DEMOGRAPIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. 17 217 Principal Employers. 18 218 OPERATING INFORMATION - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. 19 219 Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220			
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Pledged Revenue Coverage - Water & Sewer. 16 216 DEMOGRAPIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. 17 217 Demographic and Economic Statistics. 17 217 Principal Employers. 18 218 OPERATING INFORMATION - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. 19 219 Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220			
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OPERATING INFORMATION - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. City Government Employees by Function. 19 219 Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220			218
City Government Employees by Function.19219Operating Indicators by Function.20220		how the inform	nation in
Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220	the Chy's financial report reades to the services the Chy provides and the activities a performs.		
Operating Indicators by Function. 20 220	City Government Employees by Function.	19	219
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Operating Indicators by Function.	20	220
	Capital Asset Statistics by Function.	21	221

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended April 30, (accrual basis of accounting)(in millions)

					Fiscal Yea	ar				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 83.6	\$ 80.6 \$	76.9 \$	75.6 \$	75.1 \$	80.6 \$	80.8 \$	80.7 \$	90.1 \$	88.7
Restricted	53.2	54.4	51.0	49.6	49.3	40.7	45.9	44.6	65.0	68.0
Unrestricted	(115.9)	(127.5)	(132.0)	(124.7)	(83.5)	(80.6)	(82.0)	(14.6)	(105.2)	(107.4)
Total governmental										
activities net position	20.9	7.5	(4.1)	0.5	40.9	40.7	44.7	110.7	49.9	49.3
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	103.4	100.6	97.8	95.6	98.1	98.0	90.9	98.5	98.8	101.3
Restricted	9.6	8.3	7.3	7.3	7.1	8.3	7.7	2.6	-	-
Unrestricted	3.9	(2.1)	(2.8)	(3.4)	(4.3)	(5.2)	4.9	8.6	71.1	73.7
Total business-type										
activities net position	116.9	106.8	102.3	99.5	100.9	101.1	103.5	109.7	169.9	175.0
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	187.0	181.2	174.7	171.2	173.2	178.6	171.7	179.2	188.9	189.9
Restricted	62.8	62.7	58.3	56.9	56.4	49.0	53.6	47.2	65.0	68.0
Unrestricted	(112.0)	(129.6)	(134.8)	(128.1)	(87.8)	(85.8)	(77.1)	(6.0)	(34.1)	(33.7)
Total primary										
government activities net	\$ 137.8	\$ 114.3 \$	98.2 \$	100.0 \$	141.8 \$	141.8 \$	148.2 \$	220.4 \$	219.8 \$	224.3

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended April 30, (accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government \$	17,842,828 \$	17,987,687 \$	20,582,702 \$	19,866,704 \$	18,295,015	\$ 17,346,881 \$	\$ 21,686,830	\$ 20,427,348 \$	27,545,756	\$ 23,254,941
Public safety	32,045,415	36,202,137	38,419,021	34,834,975	37,803,395	37,942,796	37,675,903	34,549,272	33,506,246	33,116,458
Public works	20,404,494	21,475,166	20,323,416	19,319,959	22,796,686	23,644,547	22,418,900	21,386,343	21,173,776	29,417,301
Culture and recreation	5,419,040	5,132,433	5,865,610	4,955,410	4,740,849	4,267,732	4,272,866	4,883,891	4,160,881	3,863,274
Planning and urban development	2,188,572	2,122,572	2,698,012	1,919,557	2,400,399	2,227,083	2,250,288	2,346,757	2,539,065	3,080,582
Economic development and assistance	141,648	155,460	241,058	123,518	128,128	65,000	158,143	987,483	108,413	1,493,583
Interest on long-term debt (2)	1,576,607	1,804,425	1,967,552	1,883,428	2,115,116	2,567,648	2,782,886	3,541,149	6,130,958	5,719,710
Judgments (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	109,568	252,807
Intergovernmental expenditures (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,100,665	9,026,505
Total governmental activities expenses	79,618,604	84,879,880	90,097,371	82,903,551	88,279,588	88,061,687	91,245,816	88,122,243	97,375,328	109,225,161
Business-type activities:										
Airport	7,206,122	6,431,778	7,127,316	7,002,853	7,553,682	7,475,291	6,648,648	6,237,895	4,789,469	4,641,770
Transit	5,494,539	4,812,785	4,704,905	4,588,249	5,081,582	5,991,290	5,804,506	5,988,833	5,570,764	5,305,452
Civic Center	3,058,927	2,412,127	3,606,764	3,484,792	3,783,823	4,159,138	3,432,748	3,748,825	3,432,539	3,699,250
Water	12,650,946	12,533,367	12,993,099	12,089,028	10,666,783	10,644,527	10,333,675	10,826,152	9,820,954	8,426,120
Sewer	11,624,413	11,488,016	11,604,313	11,547,495	12,162,425	11,621,383	11,725,840	11,210,852	9,505,236	9,224,629
Zoo	1,806,942	1,630,687	1,845,968	2,029,843	2,065,467	1,887,191	1,964,310	1,814,115	1,568,254	1,707,326
Total business-type activities expenses	41,841,889	39,308,760	41,882,365	40,742,260	41,313,762	41,778,820	39,909,727	39,826,672	34,687,216	33,004,547
Total primary government expenses	121,460,493	124,188,640	131,979,736	123,645,811	129,593,350	129,840,507	131,155,543	127,948,915	132,062,544	142,229,708
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	10,257,873	9,666,502	9,363,966	9,102,755	10,565,990	11,616,081	11,160,651	10,826,085	15,124,930	16,454,391
Public safety	262,548	357,051	229,365	266,135	72,009	77,598	77,829	98,001	164,708	198,582
Public works	64,771	45,557	84,663	56,299	74,899	43,223	93,535	45,151	5,060,101	3,358,096
Culture and recreation	649,141	539,439	504,942	568,617	525,534	761,592	750,885	510,082	586,558	473,005
Planning and urban development	463,019	405,049	558,478	523,633	369,927	299,411	332,427	319,184	362,493	347,975
Economic development and assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,246	88,861
Operating grants and contributions	4,486,039	7,611,105	6,582,887	3,479,420	4,685,583	3,638,487	4,044,195	3,526,935	4,286,304	4,883,249
Capital grants and contributions	184,347	2,364,679	2,837,508	3,132,303	5,220,961	1,953,277	1,206,800	1,213,893	1,214,329	5,972,916
Total governmental activities					<u> </u>					
program revenues \$	16,367,738 \$	20,989,382 \$	20,161,809 \$	17,129,162 \$	21,514,903	\$ 18,389,669 \$	\$ 17,666,322	\$ 16,539,331 \$	26,889,669	\$ 31,777,075
	· · · · ·		· · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·	<u>`</u>				

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended April 30, (accrual basis of accounting)

				(ucci uui	00315	or accounting)			1	C' 1 X/								
		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018		Fiscal Year 2017	_	2016		2015	-	2014	_	2013
Business-type activities:		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018		2017	_	2010		2015	_	2014	_	2013
Charges for services:																		
Airport	\$	3,225,433	\$ 2,466,257 \$	3,656,437	s	3,973,203	s	3,590,506	\$	3,452,378	s	3,009,819	s	3,835,552	¢	3,051,049	¢	2,633,553
Transit	φ	350,576	259,289	527,804	φ	540,227	φ	585,480	φ	647,927	φ	652,843	φ	667,460	φ	686,548	φ	643,697
Civic Center		554,211	143,360	1,137,956		1,086,776		1,446,497		1,283,063		1,395,947		1,674,128		1,772,882		1,925,906
Water		12,590,338	13,078,456	13,385,230		11,054,343		9,437,868		10,055,485		9,569,729		9,286,511		9,972,379		8,482,854
Sewer		6,829,252	6,792,348	6,791,711		6,814,858		6,895,015		6,919,003		6,873,266		6,688,952		7,092,568		4,606,989
Zoo		556,746	229,827	335,252		430,426		354,887		331,677		277,247		227,848		307,184		262,901
Operating grants and contributions		3,495,819	4,276,371	1,343,133		876,503		1,137,533		1,188,806		217,135		1,763,474		2,022,035		1,512,231
Capital grants and contributions		8,476,290	6,423,088	4,019,993		1,874,186		4,794,018		2,043,671		5,839,420		6,948,537		3,115,074		10,299,961
Total business-type activities		0,470,270	0,425,000	4,017,775		1,074,100		4,774,010		2,043,071	_	5,657,420	-	0,740,557		5,115,074		10,277,701
program revenues		36,078,665	33,668,996	31,197,516		26,650,522		28,241,804		25,922,010		27,835,406		31,092,462		28,019,719		30,368,092
program revenues		50,078,005	55,000,770	51,177,510		20,050,522		20,241,004		23,722,010	_	27,055,400	-	51,072,402		20,017,717		50,500,072
Total primary government program																		
revenues		52,446,403	54,658,378	51,359,325		43,779,684		49,756,707		44,311,679		45,501,728		47,631,793		54,909,388		62,145,167
revenues		52,440,405	54,050,570	51,557,525		45,777,004		47,750,707		44,511,077	_	45,501,720	-	47,051,775		54,707,500		02,145,107
Net expenses:																		
Governmental activities		(63,250,866)	(63,890,498)	(69,935,562)		(65,774,389)		(66,764,685)		(69,672,018)		(73,579,494)		(71,582,912)		(70,485,659)		(77,448,086)
Business-type activities		(5,763,224)	(5,639,764)	(10,684,849)		(14,091,738)		(13,071,958)		(15,856,810)		(12,074,321)		(8,734,210)		(6,667,497)		(2,636,455)
Total primary government net expenses		(69,014,090)	(69,530,262)	(80,620,411)		(79,866,127)		(79,836,643)		(85,528,828)	_	(85,653,815)	-	(80,317,122)	_	(77,153,156)	_	(80,084,541)
Total primary government net expenses		(09,014,090)	(09,550,202)	(80,020,411)		(79,800,127)		(79,850,045)		(85,528,828)	_	(85,055,815)		(80,517,122)	-	(77,155,150)	_	(80,084,541)
General revenues and other changes in net position:																		
Governmental activities:																		
Taxes:		0.051.000	0.000	0.050.150		0 415 500		0.004 474		0.011.057		0.754 (20)		0.450.460		0.055.150		0.500.000
Ad valorem		9,351,320	9,238,033	9,278,152		9,417,702		9,306,674		8,911,057		8,756,638		8,452,463		8,855,173		8,590,203
Sales		76,724,493	71,102,215	62,694,012		65,643,307		64,706,353		66,864,083		67,202,147		66,426,764		62,838,605		59,792,503
Other		2,240,604	2,002,589	1,982,663		2,005,561		872,303		868,295		869,714		928,384		977,910		1,003,304
Earnings on investments		56,126	111,430	1,033,104		782,433		242,471		146,541		88,332		129,222		277,976		278,110
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital		-	100.001	-		-		-		213,988		117,437		105,747		312,833		107,992
Miscellaneous		1,403,377	488,084	699,588		104,627		2,057,380		1,282,606		332,732		1,019,721		109,801		77,360
Other uses		-	-	-		-		-		(1,818)		-		-				-
Transfers		(13,075,543)	(7,472,321)	(10,381,210)		(9,607,579)		(10,151,549)		(10,939,540)		(14,442,471)		(9,081,122)		366,807		(2,339,279)
Insurance proceeds						-		-		-	_	-		-	_	-	_	20,485
Total governmental activities																		
general revenues	\$	76,700,377	\$ 75,470,030 \$	65,306,309	_ \$	68,346,051	\$	67,033,632	- \$_	67,345,212	\$_	62,924,529	\$_	67,981,179	\$_	73,739,105	\$_	67,530,678

							OE, LOUISIANA Net Position									
						-	ars Ended April 30,									
					(accrua	l basis	of accounting)									
			_						<u> </u>	iscal Year		_				
		2022	_	2021	2020		2019	2018		2017	2016	_	2015	2014		2013
Business-type activities																
Taxes:																
Ad valorem	\$	2,667,126	\$	2,629,543 \$	2,611,163		2,745,783 \$	2,662,801	\$	2,526,727 \$	2,477,683	\$	2,405,159 \$	1,998,902 \$	6	1,938,048
Earnings on investments		11,299		17,552	610,776		314,615	27,521		35,317	16,770		6,147	3,454		3,545
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital		-		-	-		-	-		(48,604)	(19,160)		-	(40,231)		(305,267)
Miscellaneous		75,050		101,248	(201,533		60,506			-	-		-	-		-
Transfers		13,075,543	_	7,472,321	10,381,210		9,607,579	10,151,549		10,939,540	14,442,471	_	9,081,122	(366,807)		2,339,279
Total business-type activities																
general revenues	\$	15,829,018	\$_	10,220,664 \$	13,401,616	\$	12,728,483 \$	12,841,871	\$_	13,452,980 \$	16,917,764	\$_	11,492,428 \$	1,595,318	\$	3,975,605
Total primary government general	0	02 520 205	¢	05 (00 (04 6	70 707 020	0	01.074.524	70 075 502	¢	00 700 100 6	70.042.202	6	70 472 (07 0	75 224 422	ъ.,	71 506 202
revenues	s	92,529,395	\$_	85,690,694 \$	78,707,925	_ \$_	81,074,534 \$	79,875,503	· ^{\$} _	80,798,192 \$	79,842,293	\$_	79,473,607 \$	75,334,423	۰ 	71,506,283
Changes in net position:																
Governmental activities		13,449,511		11,579,532	(4,629,253)	2,571,662	268,947		(2,326,806)	(10,654,965)		(3,601,733)	3,253,446		(9,917,408)
Business-type activities		10,065,794		4,580,900	2,716,767		(1,363,255)	(230,087)		(2,403,830)	4,843,443		2,758,218	(5,072,179)		1,339,150
Total primary government net	\$	23,515,305	s [–]	16,160,432 \$	(1,912,486		1,208,407 \$	38,860	- <u>s</u> –	(4,730,636) \$	(5,811,522)	s ⁻	(843,515) \$	(1,818,733)		(8,578,258)
	Ť		~ =	•••••••••••••••••	(.,, 12,100	∠ * _	-,, 107 0	50,000	: ~ =	(.,,	(2,211,022)	~ =	(0.0,010) 0	(-,)	- -	(0,0,0,000)

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Note:

(1) The City's financial reporting of Enterprise Funds, such as the Airport, Water and Sewer funds, in the Fund Financial Statements and the corresponding roll up into the Business-type activities has historically included all capital and other long-term assets, but did not include the related long term debt. The long term debt balances and activities, such as revenue and general obligation bonds, were not reported in the Enterprise Funds at the Fund Financial Statement level nor the Business-type Activities at the Government-wide Financial Statement level. The long-term debt transactions were instead being reported as part of the Governmental Activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement and in the Governmental Fund Types in the Fund Financial Statements. This practice changed for fiscal year ended April 30, 2015.

(2) Prior year categories of 'Debt Service Interest' and 'Capital Lease Interest' have been combined under one category.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items and other assets	\$ 614,052	\$ 558,239	\$ 279,653	\$ 273,052	\$ 317,807	\$ 210,875	\$ 265,384	\$ 238,759	\$ 423,153	\$ 283,645
Inventories	258,452	168,499	115,517	110,571	119,012	104,251	114,736	144,580	106,317	118,623
Spendable:										
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,359,151
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	18,545,805	17,969,543	13,793,948	13,725,110	13,517,367	13,468,749	13,730,601	14,731,745	13,840,047	12,473,120
Total general fund	19,418,309	18,696,281	14,189,118	14,108,733	13,954,186	13,783,875	14,110,721	15,115,084	14,369,517	14,234,539
All Other Coursemental Funds (1)										
All Other Governmental Funds (1): Reserved										
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items and other assets	181,625	236,685	305,589	368,023	432,719	512,734	574,942	647,447	694,293	785,025
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Spendable:										
Restricted	71,221,324	77,092,110	75,169,345	49,839,409	46,587,288	51,551,783	54,813,742	62,236,054	65,019,501	63,865,253
Committed	2,431,921	1,963,413	1,495,108	1,178,618	1,059,831	283,421	243,837	309,364	-	-
Assigned	7,668,347	5,274,075	3,058,634	2,951,255	1,438,315	627,515	807,466	1,423,321	4,004,460	8,578,104
Unassigned (deficit)	(30,271)	(862,610)	(967,905)	(880,136)	(1,308,799)	(1,602,183)	(179,703)	(98,313)	(460,406)	(384,367)
Total all other governmental funds	81,472,946	83,703,673	79,060,771	53,457,169	48,209,354	51,373,270	56,260,284	64,517,873	69,257,848	72,844,015
Grand Total of funds	\$ 100,891,255 \$	5 102,399,954	\$ 93,249,889	\$ 67,565,902	\$ 62,163,540	\$ 65,157,145	\$ 70,371,005	\$ 79,632,957	\$ 83,627,365	\$ 87,078,554
Grand Total of Tunds	\$ 100,091,200 q	102,579,954	<i>y y y y y y y y y y</i>	\$ 07,505,902	φ <u>02,105,540</u>	\$ 05,157,145	¢ 70,571,005	¢ //,032,937	¢ 05,027,505	¢ 07,078,334

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Unaudited - See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Table 3

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 9,351,320 \$	9,238,033 \$	9,278,152	\$ 9,417,702	\$ 9,306,674	\$ 8,911,057	\$ 8,756,638	\$ 8,452,463 \$	8,855,173	8,590,203
Sales and use taxes	76,724,493	71,102,215	62,694,012	65,643,307	64,734,104	66,864,083	67,209,288	66,407,623	62,834,492	61,030,048
Other taxes, penalties and interest	2,240,604	2,002,589	1,982,663	2,005,561	872,303	868,295	869,714	928,384	977,910	1,003,304
Licenses, permits and assessments	3,294,331	3,035,833	3,210,145	3,199,747	2,905,768	3,326,117	3,023,799	3,058,213	2,860,418	2,858,845
Intergovernmental revenues	4,687,065	9,783,116	9,550,881	7,167,472	9,162,303	5,591,764	5,309,295	5,245,652	5,444,201	11,215,859
Fees, charges and commissions for service	7,635,393	7,369,807	6,815,297	6,637,233	8,003,028	8,755,879	8,447,735	8,050,622	9,090,201	8,741,139
Fines of forfeitures	561,862	497,977	554,054	504,229	596,695	633,076	774,704	633,654	725,333	797,249
Use of money and property	146,305	162,522	1,123,561	878,559	342,182	229,037	198,999	184,433	274,139	278,110
Miscellaneous revenues	1,260,053	273,869	342,816	275,865	301,603	282,606	332,732	921,363	347,699	73,144
Total revenues	105,901,426	103,465,961	95,551,581	95,729,675	96,224,660	95,461,914	94,922,904	93,882,407	91,409,566	94,587,901
		105,105,701		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					,10,500	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government										
Legislative	554,804	530,484	569,790	462,492	568,093	552,684	525,655	433,557	359,096	335,388
Judicial	2,675,507	2,626,978	2,639,570	2,597,797	2,807,644	2,780,983	2,655,744	2,688,857	2,392,498	3,213,669
Executive	1,809,974	1,992,080	2,059,593	2,290,619	878,545	988,958	984,057	947,702	910,744	857,649
Financial administration	12,314,367	10,419,379	11,024,522	10,632,322	12,662,282	11,479,622	11,477,318	10,342,748	10,218,191	10,618,246
Other general government (1)	1,001,687	861,106	895,141	849,874	1,309,882	875,223	826,573	748,607	784,967	86,535
Public safety										
Police	17,067,268	16,240,230	16,571,252	16,061,477	17,414,018	17,120,036	17,796,230	15,760,367	16,490,133	16,503,208
Fire	17,840,945	17,571,164	16,868,193	16,374,874	16,824,028	16,710,482	17,275,398	17,044,652	16,144,429	15,895,058
Public works	10,751,761	11,753,272	9,769,434	9,616,268	12,377,042	13,578,228	12,486,273	11,269,963	11,115,830	11,484,536
Culture and recreation	5,120,276	4,885,858	5,048,698	4,632,818	4,265,942	3,943,573	3,956,308	3,780,283	3,649,118	3,318,696
Planning and urban development	2,290,853	2,091,600	2,566,425	1,878,602	2,336,632	2,091,053	2,142,708	2,280,592	2,525,234	2,991,757
Economic development and assistance	294,160	186,546	241,058	123,518	128,128	65,000	158,143	987,483	108,413	1,493,584
Capital outlay	15,301,490	12,482,868	9,857,567	6,156,719	11,223,063	9,791,367	9,023,989	4,333,026	13,595,608	20,183,831
Debt Service:										
Principal retirement	8,624,703	6,442,583	16,628,082	7,128,180	7,517,673	7,428,594	6,824,339	6,146,463	10,051,451	10,745,910
Interest and bank charges	1,793,797	2,019,001	1,947,481	1,938,849	2,410,624	2,790,516	2,928,858	3,220,415	6,302,057	5,585,853
Total expenditures	97,441,592	90,103,149	96,686,806	80,744,409	92,723,596	90,196,319	89,061,593	79,984,715	94,647,769	103,313,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									<i></i>	
expenditures	\$ 8,459,834 \$	13,362,812 \$	(1,135,225)	\$ 14,985,266	\$ 3,501,064	\$ 5,265,595	\$ 5,861,311	\$ 13,897,692 \$	(3,238,203)	6 (8,726,019)

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in	\$ 9,756,963 \$	10,142,510 \$	30,193,063	\$ 6,910,532	\$ 8,306,049	\$ 7,002,872 \$	8,828,494 \$	6,043,643 \$	16,668,506 \$	28,058,560		
Transfers out	(20,182,065)	(18,421,216)	(41,202,964)	(17,000,780)	(18,147,255)	(18,913,325)	(24,085,238)	(17,592,988)	(17,291,370)	(31,135,866)		
Sales of assets	(47,415)	30,025	(8,732)	(27,286)	101,453	179,037	133,480	105,747	334,746	105,058		
Bond proceeds	10,405,000	-	34,500,000	-	12,535,800	-	-	-	-	85,809,858		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,233,991)	-	-	-	(10,948,000)	-	-	-	-	(76,297,979)		
Capital lease proceeds	-	3,790,531	2,794,755	534,630	-	1,946,932	-	2,500,000	75,132	1,480,145		
Refund of sales tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,053,741)		
Insurance proceeds	332,975	245,403	543,089	-	1,657,282	1,000,000	-	98,358	-	24,585		
Other uses						(1,818)	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources(uses)	(9,968,533)	(4,212,747)	26,819,211	(9,582,904)	(6,494,671)	(8,786,302)	(15,123,264)	(8,845,240)	(212,986)	6,990,620		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,508,699) \$	9,150,065 \$	25,683,986	\$ 5,402,362	\$ (2,993,607)	\$ (3,520,707) \$	(9,261,953) \$	5,052,452 \$	(3,451,189) \$	(1,735,399)		
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.7%	10.9%	21.4%	12.2%	12.2%	12.7%	12.2%	12.4%	20.2%	19.6%		

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Note:

(1) Prior to fiscal year 2014, the expenditures for the City Court and City Marshal was reported under the Judicial dept.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	 Sales & Use Tax	_	Ad Valorem Tax	_	Other Taxes	 Total
2022	\$ 76,724,493	\$	9,351,320	\$	2,240,604	\$ 88,316,417
2021	71,102,215		9,238,033		2,002,589	82,342,837
2020	62,694,012		9,278,152		1,982,663	73,954,827
2019	65,643,307		9,417,702		2,005,561	77,066,570
2018	64,734,104		9,306,674		872,303	74,913,081
2017	66,864,083		8,911,057		868,295	76,643,435
2016	67,209,288		8,756,638		869,714	76,835,640
2015	66,407,623		8,452,463		928,384	75,788,470
2014	62,834,492		8,855,173		977,910	72,667,575
2013	61,030,048		8,590,203		1,003,304	70,623,555

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Real Property	Personal Property	Public Service/Rolling Stock	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate-Millages	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value
2022	\$ 282,044,579 \$	132,894,311	\$ 20,251,085	\$ 435,189,975	27.02	\$ 3,787,412,205	11.5%
2021	282,893,500	133,294,307	20,312,038	436,499,845	27.02	3,798,811,864	11.5%
2020	283,950,226	133,792,217	20,387,912	438,130,356	27.09	3,813,002,029	11.5%
2019	284,444,551	134,025,134	20,423,405	438,893,091	27.09	3,819,640,031	11.5%
2018	281,224,499	132,831,061	20,207,974	434,263,534	27.09	3,778,617,293	11.5%
2017	268,615,057	128,053,575	20,102,759	416,771,391	27.09	3,620,252,106	11.5%
2016	264,499,938	121,352,104	19,631,578	405,483,620	27.15	3,532,539,719	11.5%
2015	262,343,805	119,871,957	17,678,063	399,893,825	27.15	3,493,296,682	11.4%
2014	257,445,563	122,491,596	17,022,350	396,959,509	27.15	3,459,155,670	11.5%
2013	257,724,431	117,416,763	15,519,798	390,660,992	27.15	3,422,101,922	11.4%

Source: Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor, Grand Recapitulation of Assessment Rolls.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City of Monroe Rates							Overlapp	ing Rates		Tax Levies					
Fiscal Year 2022	General Operating 14.75	Civic Center 2.50	Zoo 2.50	Capital Improv. 3.26	Fire/ Police 3.00	Airport 1.01	Total City Millage 27.02	School 34.51	Parish 44.02	Total Direct/ Overlapping Rates 105.55	<u>City</u> \$ 11,758,833 \$	School 13,532,197 \$	Parish (1) 49,821,208	Total \$ 75,112,238		
2021	14.75	2.50	2.50	3.26	3.00	1.01	27.02	34.51	44.02	105.55	11,794,226	13,572,039	48,923,177	74,289,442		
2020	14.77	2.51	2.51	3.27	3.02	1.01	27.09	35.63	42.33	105.05	11,868,951	14,012,939	45,879,429	71,761,319		
2019	14.77	2.51	2.51	3.27	3.02	1.01	27.09	35.63	42.33	105.05	11,889,614	14,095,732	45,057,837	71,043,183		
2018	14.77	2.51	2.51	3.27	3.02	1.01	27.09	41.28	42.33	110.70	11,764,199	17,926,460	44,589,198	74,279,857		
2017	14.77	2.51	2.51	3.27	3.02	1.01	27.09	41.28	42.29	110.66	11,290,337	17,204,384	42,699,205	71,193,926		
2016	14.90	2.50	2.50	3.25	3.00	1.00	27.15	41.28	41.92	110.35	11,008,880	16,738,430	41,024,792	68,772,103		
2015	14.90	2.50	2.50	3.25	3.00	1.00	27.15	41.28	41.92	110.35	10,857,117	16,507,684	40,001,725	67,366,526		
2014	14.90	2.50	2.50	3.25	3.00	1.00	27.15	41.28	41.61	110.04	10,777,451	16,386,546	39,092,077	66,256,074		
2013	14.90	2.50	2.50	3.25	3.00	1.00	27.15	37.63	42.09	106.87	10,606,446	14,700,589	37,554,287	62,861,322		

Source: Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor, Grand Recapitulation of Assessment Rolls.

Note:

(1) The Tax Levies for the Parish column have been restated for all prior years to exclude the homestead tax.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Principal Property Taxpayers

Current Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

			2021			2012	
Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of total assessed value	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of total assessed value
Entergy	\$	14,195,703	1	3.26%	\$ 6,240,095	2	1.61%
Graphic Packaging Intl, LLC		7,797,408	2	1.79%	6,870,195	1	1.77%
Angus Chemical Company		3,488,719	3	0.80%			
Gulf South Pipeline		3,284,663	4	0.75%			
Kinder Morgan		2,746,673	5	0.63%			
Atmos Entergy		2,299,725	6	0.53%			0.00%
ETC Tiger Pipeline		2,132,909	7	0.49%			
Lumen Technologies		1,446,175	8	0.33%			
Wal-Mart Stores		1,261,165	9	0.29%			0.00%
AT&T Corporation		1,216,337	10	0.28%	2,112,582	5	0.54%
Boardwalk Pipeline Partners					5,402,375	3	1.39%
Entergy Transfer Partners					2,562,641	4	0.66%
Centerpoint Energy					2,073,176	6	0.53%
Iasis Glenwood Regional Medical					1,540,755	7	0.40%
NRG Sterlington Power, LLC					1,353,341	8	0.35%
El Paso Energy Corporation					1,344,558	9	0.35%
Dow Chemical Company					1,343,402	10	0.35%
Total amount for top ten principal taxpayers	_	39,869,475		9.16%	 30,843,118		7.96%
Total for remaining taxpayers	_	395,320,500		90.84%	 356,794,529		92.04%
Total amount for all taxpayers	\$	435,189,975		100.00%	\$ 387,637,647		100.00%

Source: Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor. Parish wide.

Unaudited - See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Table 8

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Lev	vy			
Total Tax Levy	Adjustments (1)	djusted Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy Collected	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Taxes Collected	Percentage of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
\$ 11,758,836	\$ 257,792 \$	12,016,628 \$	5 11,814,333	98.3%	\$ -	\$ 11,814,333	98.3%
11,794,226	217,138	12,011,364	11,857,150	98.7%	-	11,857,150	98.7%
11,868,951	288,936	12,157,887	11,886,759	97.8%	56,189	11,942,948	98.2%
11,889,614	274,060	12,163,674	11,997,697	98.6%	84,671	12,082,368	99.3%
11,764,199	252,434	12,016,633	11,823,759	98.4%	21,562	11,845,321	98.6%
11,290,337	103,210	11,393,547	11,327,548	99.4%	27,967	11,355,515	99.7%
11,008,880	161,819	11,170,699	11,047,851	98.9%	20,063	11,067,914	99.1%
10,857,117	82,111	10,939,228	10,795,776	98.7%	148,667	10,944,443	100.0%
10,777,451	139,527	10,916,978	10,905,260	99.9%	12,534	10,917,794	100.0%
10,606,446	138,431	10,744,877	10,629,123	98.9%	115,005	10,744,128	100.0%
	\$ 11,758,836 11,794,226 11,868,951 11,889,614 11,764,199 11,290,337 11,008,880 10,857,117 10,777,451	Total Tax LevyAdjustments (1)\$11,758,836\$257,792\$11,794,226217,13811,868,951288,93611,889,614274,06011,764,199252,43411,290,337103,21011,008,880161,81910,857,11782,11110,777,451139,527	\$ 11,758,836 \$ 257,792 \$ 12,016,628 \$ 11,794,226 \$ 11,794,226 217,138 12,011,364 \$ 11,868,951 288,936 12,157,887 \$ 11,889,614 274,060 12,163,674 \$ 11,764,199 252,434 12,016,633 \$ 11,290,337 103,210 11,393,547 \$ 11,008,880 161,819 11,170,699 \$ 10,857,117 82,111 10,939,228 \$ 10,777,451 139,527 10,916,978	Total Tax LevyAdjustments (1)Adjusted Tax LevyAmount\$ 11,758,836\$ 257,792\$ 12,016,628\$ 11,814,33311,794,226217,13812,011,36411,857,15011,868,951288,93612,157,88711,886,75911,889,614274,06012,163,67411,997,69711,764,199252,43412,016,63311,823,75911,290,337103,21011,393,54711,327,54811,008,880161,81911,170,69911,047,85110,857,11782,11110,939,22810,795,77610,777,451139,52710,916,97810,905,260	Total Tax LevyAdjustments (1)LevyAmountLevy Collected\$ 11,758,836\$ 257,792\$ 12,016,628\$ 11,814,33398.3%11,794,226217,13812,011,36411,857,15098.7%11,868,951288,93612,157,88711,886,75997.8%11,889,614274,06012,163,67411,997,69798.6%11,764,199252,43412,016,63311,823,75998.4%11,290,337103,21011,393,54711,327,54899.4%11,008,880161,81911,170,69911,047,85198.9%10,857,11782,11110,939,22810,795,77698.7%10,777,451139,52710,916,97810,905,26099.9%	Total Tax LevyAdjustments (1)Adjusted Tax LevyPercentage of Levy CollectedCollections in Subsequent Years\$ 11,758,836\$ 257,792\$ 12,016,628\$ 11,814,33398.3%\$ -11,794,226217,13812,011,36411,857,15098.7%-11,868,951288,93612,157,88711,886,75997.8%56,18911,889,614274,06012,163,67411,997,69798.6%84,67111,764,199252,43412,016,63311,823,75998.4%21,56211,290,337103,21011,393,54711,327,54899.4%27,96711,008,880161,81911,170,69911,047,85198.9%20,06310,857,11782,11110,939,22810,795,77698.7%148,66710,777,451139,52710,916,97810,905,26099.9%12,534	Total Tax Levy Adjustments (1) Adjusted Tax Levy Percentage of Levy Collected Collections in Subsequent Years Total Taxes Collected \$ 11,758,836 \$ 257,792 \$ 12,016,628 \$ 11,814,333 98.3% \$ - \$ 11,814,333 11,794,226 217,138 12,011,364 11,857,150 98.7% - \$ 11,814,333 11,868,951 288,936 12,157,887 11,886,759 97.8% 56,189 11,942,948 11,889,614 274,060 12,163,674 11,997,697 98.6% 84,671 12,082,368 11,764,199 252,434 12,016,633 11,823,759 98.4% 21,562 11,845,321 11,290,337 103,210 11,393,547 11,327,548 99.4% 27,967 11,355,515 11,008,880 161,819 11,170,699 11,047,851 98.9% 20,063 11,067,914 10,857,117 82,111 10,939,228 10,795,776 98.7% 148,667 10,944,443 10,777,451 139,527 10,916,978 10,905,260 99.9% 12,534

Collected within the Fiscal Year of Levy

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Note:

(1) Adjustments include Grass cutting charges, demolition charges, tax changes from assessor's office and payments in lieu of taxes.

Unaudited - See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Table 9

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Sales Tax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year (1)	(General 2.5% (2)	_	Fire/Police 0.49%	Street Improvement 1.0%	_	Total
2022	\$	43,167,949	\$	9,080,782	\$ 18,532,350	\$	70,781,081
2021		40,408,902		8,434,212	17,212,680		66,055,794
2020		35,521,596		7,478,942	15,264,060		58,264,598
2019		37,172,188		7,859,966	16,040,850		61,073,004
2018		36,843,648		7,799,018	15,916,623		60,559,289
2017		38,178,591		7,973,432	16,272,286		62,424,309
2016		38,433,891		8,071,758	16,473,032		62,978,681
2015		38,103,284		7,919,504	16,162,855		62,185,643
2014		35,968,775		7,502,388	15,312,078		58,783,241
2013		34,932,439		7,168,956	14,630,826		56,732,221

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Note:

(1) Figures do not include the sale tax increment collected by the State within the Economic Development Districts.

(2) There is a 1% exemption of sales tax on the purchase of food and prescription drugs reducing the tax rate of those items to 1.5%.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

		(City of Monroe Rate	es	Overlappi	ng Rates			
Fiscal Year	Mu	nicipality 2.50%	Fire/Police	Street Improvement 1.00%	City School Board (1) 1.6505%	Parish School Board (1) 0.3495%	Total Local Rate 5.99%	State 4.45%	Total Local and State 10.44%
2021		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6505%	0.3495%	5.99%	4.45%	10.44%
2020		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6505%	0.3495%	5.99%	4.45%	10.44%
2019		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6505%	0.3495%	5.99%	4.45%	10.44%
2018	(3)	2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6495%	0.3505%	5.99%	4.45%	10.44%
2017		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6505%	0.3495%	5.99%	5.00%	10.99%
2016	(2)	2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6480%	0.3520%	5.99%	5.00%	10.99%
2015		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6495%	0.3505%	5.99%	4.00%	9.99%
2014		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6500%	0.3500%	5.99%	4.00%	9.99%
2013		2.50%	0.49%	1.00%	1.6495%	0.3505%	5.99%	4.00%	9.99%

Source: City of Monroe Taxation & Revenue Division

Note:

(1) The 0.5% Monroe/Ouachita Parish School Board Tax of 1968 is prorated between the two school boards annually on the basis of average daily membership for the proceeding school year. The ratio of Ouachita Parish School Board (OPSB) and Monroe City School Board (MCSB) for each fiscal year:

2019-2021: 69.9% OPSB, 30.1% MCSB 2018: 70.1% OPSB, 29.9% MCSB 2017: 69.9% OPSB, 30.1% MCSB 2016: 70.4% OPSB, 29.6% MCSB 2015: 70.1% OPSB, 29.9% MCSB 2014: 70.0% OPSB, 30.0% MCSB For 1

2014: 70.0% OPSB, 30.0% MCSB. For years prior to 2014, the ratio is averaged at 70.1% OPSB, 29.9% MCSB.

(2) State sales tax rate increased from 4.0% to 5.0% on April 1, 2016.

(3) State sales tax rate decreased from 5.0% to 4.45% on July 1, 2018.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	Tax Increment Bonds	Sales Tax Bonds	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Sales Tax Bonds	Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Certificate of Indebtedness	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Debt Per Capita (1)
2022	\$ 38,760,000	\$ 25,857,449 \$	5,080,961 \$	S \$	30,288,361 \$	34,034,640 \$	13,420,000	\$\$	147,441,411	6.3%	3,056
2021	41,710,000	30,003,894	6,478,929	-	33,593,322	34,844,520	13,880,000	-	160,510,665	8.0%	3,365
2020	43,860,000	33,242,892	3,887,952	-	39,055,432	35,662,954	14,310,000	-	170,019,230	8.5%	3,564
2019	21,600,000	36,150,763	2,630,279	-	42,338,633	36,579,943 (2)	14,700,000	-	153,999,618	7.5%	3,192
2018	24,845,000	38,754,307	3,440,229	-	46,042,738	-	15,425,000	-	128,507,274	6.4%	2,641
2017	28,000,000	39,602,324	4,727,592	829,915	47,377,699	-	15,830,000	-	136,367,530	7.1%	2,787
2016	31,065,000	42,064,251	4,124,070	1,644,595	49,646,899	-	16,375,000	-	144,919,815	7.6%	2,936
2015	34,055,000	44,490,204	3,656,606	3,746,998	52,806,739	-	16,885,000	-	155,640,547	8.4%	3,142
2014	37,147,740	45,346,215	2,798,901	3,229,366	55,301,975	-	17,360,000	-	161,184,197	9.1%	3,259
2013	40,034,675	46,443,986	3,135,985	4,000,000	59,307,478	-	17,800,000	330,000	171,052,124	9.8%	3,463

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

Note:

(1) See Table 17- Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

(2) Prior year changed to include bond premium.

Table 13

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Ge	neral Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)		Per Capita (1)
\$	13,420,000	0.35%	\$	278.19
	13,880,000	0.37%		290.97
	14,310,000	0.38%		299.99
	14,700,000	0.38%		304.72
	15,425,000	0.41%		316.98
	15,830,000	0.44%		323.47
	16,375,000	0.46%		331.74
	16,885,000	0.48%		340.91
	17,360,000	0.50%		351.03
	17,800,000	0.52%		360.34
		\$ 13,420,000 13,880,000 14,310,000 14,700,000 15,425,000 15,830,000 16,375,000 16,885,000 17,360,000	General Obligation Bonds Actual Taxable Value of Property \$ 13,420,000 0.35% 13,880,000 0.37% 14,310,000 0.38% 14,700,000 0.38% 15,425,000 0.41% 16,375,000 0.46% 16,885,000 0.48% 17,360,000 0.50%	General Obligation Bonds Actual Taxable Value of Property \$ 13,420,000 (1) \$ 13,420,000 0.35% 13,880,000 0.37% 14,310,000 0.38% 14,700,000 0.38% 15,425,000 0.41% 16,375,000 0.46% 16,885,000 0.48% 17,360,000 0.50%

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016). and Annual Financial Reports (2009-2016).

Note:

(1) See Table 17- Demographic and Economic Statistics for property value and population data.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt April 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Ouachita Parish School Board (3)	\$ 142,170,680	9.3% \$	13,185,908
Ouachita Parish Police Jury (4)	8,715,000	9.3%	808,290
Monroe City School Board (5)	65,308,680	100%	65,308,680
Subtotal overlapping debt	216,194,360		79,302,878
City of Monroe direct debt	80,990,844		80,990,844
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$	160,293,722

Source:

Financial statements of applicable jurisdictions. Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor.

Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Monroe. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) Debt outstanding obtained from the financial statements of the applicable jurisdictions.

(2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the government's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the government's total taxable assessed value.

(3) Ouachita Parish School Board debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021.

(4) Ouachita Parish Police Jury debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021.

(5) Monroe City School Board debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Assessed Value	Any One Purpose (1	Aggregate All Purposes) (1)	Debt Outstanding (2)	Legal Debt Margin	Legal Debt Margin to Aggregate Debt Limit
2022	\$ 435,189,975	\$ 43,518,99	8 \$ 152,316,491	\$ 13,420,000	\$ 138,896,491	91.19%
2021	436,499,845	43,649,98	5 152,774,946	13,880,000	138,894,946	90.91%
2020	438,130,356	43,813,03	6 153,345,625	14,310,000	139,035,625	90.67%
2019	438,893,091	43,889,30	9 153,612,582	14,700,000	138,912,582	90.43%
2018	434,263,534	43,426,35	3 151,992,237	15,425,000	136,567,237	89.85%
2017	416,771,391	41,677,13	9 145,869,987	15,830,000	130,039,987	89.15%
2016	405,483,620	40,548,36	2 141,919,267	16,375,000	125,544,267	88.46%
2015	399,893,825	39,989,38	3 139,962,839	16,885,000	123,077,839	87.94%
2014	396,959,509	39,695,95	1 138,935,828	17,360,000	121,575,828	87.51%
2013	390,660,992	39,066,09	9 136,731,347	17,800,000	118,931,347	86.98%

Sources:

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016). Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor.

Note:

(1) Total debt applicable to limits includes all general obligation bonds from assessed property taxes in their original principal amount outstanding. Louisiana Revised Statue Title 39 Section 562 allows a maximum of 10% of assessed valuation for bonded debt for any one purpose. However, the 10% can be exceeded if the aggregate issued for all purposes does not exceed 35% of the total assessed valuation.

(2) Indebtedness for all purposes combined for debt secured by ad valorem taxes.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Pledged Revenue Coverage -Water & Sewer Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Sales Tax Revenue Bonds													
		_			Water Fund				Sewer Fund				_			
 Fiscal Year	 Sales Tax Collections		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		Total Debt Service	Coverage
2022	\$ 18,532,350	\$	1,722,080	\$	1,344,507	\$	3,066,587	\$	4,387,200	\$	555,472	\$	4,942,672	\$	8,009,259	2.31
2021	17,212,680		563,960		74,563		638,523		4,999,840		703,216		5,703,056		6,341,579	2.71
2020	15,264,060		546,800		91,186		637,986		4,856,200		819,045		5,675,245		6,313,231	2.42
2019	16,040,850		502,280		106,634		608,914		4,492,120		853,966		5,346,086		5,955,000	2.69
2018	15,916,623		1,508,840		138,264		1,647,104		8,828,360		987,981		9,816,341		11,463,445	1.39
2017	16,272,286		464,280		164,772		629,052		4,603,120		1,126,150		5,729,270		6,358,322	2.56
2016	16,473,032		448,120		183,538		631,658		3,825,688		1,233,499		5,059,187		5,690,845	2.89
2015	16,162,855		434,640		184,993		619,633		3,668,560		1,294,599		4,963,159		5,582,792	2.90
2014	15,312,078		421,120		226,168		647,288		3,729,480		1,476,953		5,206,433		5,853,721	2.62
2013	14,630,826		221,960		180,847		402,807		3,187,840		1,249,841		4,437,681		4,840,488	3.02

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (2017-2022) and Annual Financial Reports (2013-2016).

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Per Capita Estimated Estimated **Actual Value of City School Actual Value of Population** Taxable Personal Taxable Enrollment Unemployment **Fiscal Year** (2) **Property (3)** Income (4) Property (5) Rate (1) 8,164 2022 48,241 \$ 3,787,412,205 \$ 2,329,027,239 \$ 78,510 3.30% 2021 47,702 3,798,811,864 2,010,766,626 79,636 8,154 5.80% 3,813,002,029 2,010,798,998 79,934 8,358 11.60% 2020 47,702 4.40% 3,819,640,031 2,045,321,918 79,178 8,265 2019 48,241 2018 48,663 3,778,617,293 2,011,777,083 77,649 8,399 4.60% 2017 48,938 3,620,252,106 1,915,237,568 73,976 8,386 5.70% 2016 3,532,539,719 1,895,561,122 71,565 8,526 6.54% 49,361 2015 3,493,296,682 1,851,394,020 70,530 8,488 7.00% 49,529 3,459,155,670 69,946 8,571 2014 7.26% 49,455 1,772,961,750 49,398 3,422,101,922 1,747,898,832 69,276 8,608 2013 7.75%

Sources:

(1) Louisiana Workforce Commission. Data for the Monroe MSA, April's report.

(2) U.S. Census Bureau.

(3) Ouachita Parish Tax Assessor.

(4) Bureau of Economic Analysis. CAINC1 Personal Income.

(5) Louisiana Department of Education. Student enrollment is as of February 1st and includes counts for preschool and Pre-K students.

Table 18

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fisca	al Ye	ar 2022	Fiscal Year 2013		
	Number of Employees		% of Total Employment (1)	Number of Employees	% of Total Employment (1)	
Ouachita Parish School District	2,829	1	3.76%	3,056	3.91%	
CenturyLink	2,000	2	2.66%	2,220	2.84%	
St. Francis Specialty Hospital, Inc.	1,800	3	2.39%	2,330	2.98%	
State of Louisiana Civil Service	1,363	4	1.81%	1,400	1.79%	
Graphic Packaging International, Inc.	1,106	5	1.47%	1,240	1.59%	
JPMorgan Chase	1,100	6	1.46%	2,600	3.32%	
City of Monroe	988	7	1.31%	1,118	1.43%	
Glenwood Regional Medical Center	951	8	1.26%	1,100	1.41%	
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	912	9	1.21%		0.00%	
Parish of Ouachita	750	10	1.00%	1,249	1.60%	

Source:
North Louisiana Economic Partnership
Ouachita Parish School Board
City of Monroe
Louisiana Workforce Commission
University of Louisiana Monroe, Center for Business and Economic Research

Note:

(1) Percentage of total employment calculated based on the total nonfarm employment (not seasonally adjusted) for the Monroe-MSA as of April of each year.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019 (1)	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government	83.75	85.00	83.57	86.00	89	101	101	101	97	84
Judicial	50.50	50.50	50.50	48.02	41	43	46	45	38	37
Public Safety:										
Police	177.13	177.13	179.13	174.38	168	186	195	190	185	172
Fire	185.00	186.00	199.00	201.00	203	194	208	194	184	180
Public Works	139.91	148.71	147.64	145.88	105	138	134	158	150	131
Engineering	29.84	31.21	31.63	28.25	22	25	23	24	25	21
Culture and recreation	154.56	163.89	157.17	145.81	129	111	117	112	102	88
Planning and urban development	20.63	21.75	21.48	25.00	19	23	24	24	24	20
Airport	23.00	23.00	28.00	21.00	17	18	17	14	11	7
Mass Transit	38.63	38.63	41.20	46.00	25	32	37	45	40	37
Water Distribution	85.53	84.53	76.25	74.00	52	52	54	57	56	56
Sewer System	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	24	27	30	29	29	22
Total	1,037.48	1,059.35	1,064.57	1,044.34	894	950	986	993	941	855

Source: City of Monroe Budget Office.

Note:

(1) The positions reported are full-time equivalent (FTE) budgeted positions. Prior to fiscal year 2019, the personnel counts included only regular full and part-time employees at fiscal year end.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2022	2021 (2)	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public safety:										
Police:										
Tickets issued	4,497	4,405	5,542	5,382	7,276	6,897	7,928	7,068	11,701	15,186
Physical arrests	3,039	1,849	4,272	5,012	4,643	5,530	6,577	6,192	6,619	6,665
Fire:										
Fire Calls Answered	2,015	1,956	2,094	2,872	1,197	3,890	3,840	3,705	3,009	2,776
EMS Calls Answered	8,478	6,957	5,831	4,319	3,937	3,112	2,939	3,018	3,230	3,636
Culture and recreation:										
Civic center events	320	49	286	332	220	126	390	322	313	306
Civic center use days	1,531	54	240	286	216	105	283	265	240	279
Water and sewerage:										
Total water treated (millions of gallons)	4,403	5,133	5,280	4,885	4,820	5,149	5,023	4,855	4,419	4,395
Total water delivered (millions of gallons)	4,226	4,968	5,071	4,627	4,593	4,848	4,748	4,569	4,151	4,140
Water main breaks	746	610	296	476	445	870	425	293	124	109
Water taps	87	77	61	26	102	73	134	145	48	48
Total sewage treated (millions of gallons)(1)	3,653	3,916	3,930	7,471	9,792	7,463	7,379	8,769	7,271	6,238
Sanitation:										
Solid waste average daily tons per day	92.26	159.16	149.19	136.17	123.03	137.27	159.23	186.44	149.75	153.43
Waste tires picked up	4,508	2,687	3,354	3,734	7,040	6,107	5,604	6,527	7,398	8,808
Transit:										
Bus riders	427,467	419,188	662,036	756,379	930,137	1,053,444	1,128,831	1,131,709	1,201,352	1,156,190
Airport:										
Passenger arrivals (in thousands)	84	49	101	107	98	103	108	114	114	101
Passenger departures (in thousands)	89	50	103	109	99	105	109	117	116	101
Scheduled flight departures	2,328	1,967	2,816	3,065	2,773	3,052	3,205	3,153	3,239	3,406
Freight/Mail (in thousands)	1,128	416	224	162	184	173	181	184	267	292
Scheduled carriers	5	6	6	5	6	3	3	4	4	5

Source: Various City Departments.

Note:

(1) For years prior to FY 2020, the figure presented are for influent and effluent combined. For FY 2020, the figure is for influent only.

(2) The global Coronavirus pandemic, which hit the US around January-2020, and the subsequent shutdowns, severely impacted transit ridership, air travel, and Civic Center events; and other City functions.

CITY OF MONROE, LOUISIANA Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public safety:										
Police:										
Stations (includes training facility)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Police units	146	135	141	159	189	109	98	95	91	89
Fire:										
Stations (includes training facility)	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
Fire trucks	19	19	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Highways and streets:										
Streets (miles)	411.92	411.92	411.81	411.81	411.81	411.81	411.81	411.81	411.81	411.81
Traffic signals	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Flashing beacons	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Sanitation:										
Garbage trucks	15	12	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Trash trucks	11	11	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Tow trucks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and recreation:										
Parks acreage	872.31	613.60	613.60	574.02	574.02	574.02	574.02	574.02	574.02	574.02
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis courts (2)	10	10	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Civic centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Water and sewerage:										
Water mains (miles)	454.44	438.96	433.96	433.96	433.96	433.96	433.96	433.96	433.96	433.96
Sanitary sewers (miles)	359.43	315.43	315.26	315.26	315.26	315.26	315.26	315.26	315.26	315.26
Transit:										
Public buses	17	16	17	20	17	21	23	21	21	20
Para-transit buses	4	5	4	5	5	3	3	3	3	3
Trolleys (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1

Source: Various City Departments.

Note:

(1) Trolley bus service discontinued in FY 2016.

(2) The FY 2021 count is fully functional and actively used tennis courts. Inactive courts to be repurposed.

City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

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City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

Single Audit Report And Other Information For The Year Ended April 30, 2022

City of Monroe Table of Contents

SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION	<u>Page</u>
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	3
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	6
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	8
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	9
PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM (PFC) REPORTS AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION	
Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Passenger Facility Charge Program, on Internal Control Over Compliance, and on the Schedule of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges	11
Schedule of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges Monroe Regional Airport	14
OTHER INFORMATION	
Status of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	15
Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings and Questioned Costs	17
Management Letter	18
Status of Prior Year Management Letter Item	20
STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES	
Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures	23

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SINGLE AUDIT

DIVIDER

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DIVIDER



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Council Members and Honorable Mayor Ellis City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022. Our report includes a reference to the other auditor who audited the financial statements of the City Court of Monroe and the Monroe City Marshal, which represents the aggregate discretely presented component units, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by the other auditor.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2022-001.

The City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses and Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Alten, Sneen & Williamson LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022

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Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Council Members and Honorable Mayor Ellis City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Monroe's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made be a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Aller, Ancen & Williamson, LEP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022

City of Monroe Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

City of Monroe, Louisiana Monroe, Louisiana

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Federal Grantor /	Assistance	Pass-Through	Grant	Passed	
Pass-Through Grantor /	Listing	Grant	Identification	Through to	Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Number	Subrecipient	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Direct:					
CDBG Entitlement Cluster:					
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	B-16-MC-22-0005		\$ 1,658
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	B-18-MC-22-0005		109,502
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	B-19-MC-22-0005		36,813
COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/CARES GRANT	14.218	N/A	B-20-MC-22-0005		403,045
COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/CARES GRANT COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant/CARES GRANT	14.218 14.218	N/A N/A	B-20-MW-22-0005		349,978 28,436
Total CDBG Entitlement Cluster:	14.218	IN/A	B-21-MC-22-0005		929,432
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	N/A	M-15-MC-22-0206		81,069
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	N/A	M-17-MC-22-0206		8,420
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	N/A	M-19-MC-22-0206		25,25
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	N/A	M-21-MC-22-0206		4,110
HOME Investment Partnership Grant - Program Income	14.239 14.239	N/A N/A	PI-11-MC-22-0206		14,120
HOME Investment Partnership Grant - Program Income	14.239	IN/A	PI-12-MC-22-0206		4,61
Home Investment Partnership Grant Subtotal					157,38
Pass-Through Programs:					
Louisiana Housing Corporation:					
Emergency Solutions Grant Program - 2016	14.231	ESGP FY21	N/A	\$ 123,250	120,935
Total Dept. Housing & Urban Development				123,250	1,187,954
J. S. Department of Justice					
Direct:					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 2020	16.607	N/A	2020-DJ-BX-0303		5,949
2020 Byrne Justice Assistance Grant (BJAG)					
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	N/A	2020-VD-BX-0261		16,49
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	N/A	2020-VD-BX-1816		153,157
Pass-Through Programs:					
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives	16.012	NA	N/A		3,140
MPD Safe Street Task Force/ ATF					
Pass-Through Programs:					
Louisiana Highway Safety Commission:					
Project Safe Neighborhoods	16.609	N/A	2019-GP-BX-0092		8,602
Project Safe Neighborhoods	16.609	N/A	2020-GP-BX-0084		24,750
Pass-Through Programs: Ouachita Parish Sheriff:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A	2018 DJ-BX-0290		51,365
Total Department of Justice	10.750	10/21	2010 D3 DA 0250		263,463
-					ŕ
U. S. Department of Transportation Direct:					
Airport Improvement Program:					
Grant 34 IFE Drainage Improvement	20.106	N/A	3-22-0033-034-2016		1.343.951
Grant 34 IFE Drainage Improvement Grant 38 Extend Runway 14/32 (Phase II/III Construction)	20.106	N/A N/A	3-22-0033-034-2010		2,874,53
Grant 39 IFE Drainage Improvement II	20.106	N/A N/A	3-22-0033-038-2019		952,50
Grant 42 Drainage Improvement Project- Erosion Control	20.100	N/A	3-22-0033-042-2021		682,454
COVID-19 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	20.106	N/A N/A	3-22-0033-043-2021		867,97
FAA Preliminary Design Reimbursable Agreement for Impacts to FAA	20.106	N/A N/A	AJW-FN-CSA-21-SW-004611		60,00
Total Airport Improvement Program Grant	20.100	IV/A	11j w-11v-C51t-21-5 w-004011		6,781,42
Federal Transit Cluster					
Federal Transit Cluster	20.507	N/A	LA 2017-008		13,01
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	LA 2017-008		2,832
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	LA 2019-024		576,76
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	LA 2019-024		595,67
COVID-19 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	20.507	N/A	LA 2020-019		984,39
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	LA 2020-021		196,832
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	N/A	LA 2021-029		1,870,380
					4,239,889

(continued)

City of Monroe Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Grant Identification Number	Passed Through to Subrecipient	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Pass-Through Programs:					
LA Highway Safety Commission Highway Safety Cluster:					
State and Community Highway Safety (Section 402)	20.600	N/A	2020-30-40 (Section 405b)		\$ 13,260
LA Dept of Transportation and Development					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Kansas Lane Extension	20.205	H.013937	H.013937		36,104
Total Department of Transportation					11,070,676
Environmental Protection Agency					
Direct:	((010	21/4	DE 015(5001.0		1/0 700
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	N/A	BF-01F65201-0		<u>162,722</u> 162,722
Total Environmental Protection Agency					102,722
U. S. Department of Homeland Security					
Pass-Through Programs:					
Louisiana Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness					
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Severe Storms, Tornadoes, &					
Flooding)-FEMA	97.036	N/A	FEMA-4263-PA-LA		148,243
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Severe Storms, Tornadoes, & Flooding)-FEMA	97.036	N/A	073-51410-00		537,963
Louisiana Department of Public Safety					,
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	N/A	EMW-2019-FG-09212		213,687
Louisiana Department of Treasury					
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Severe Storms, Tornadoes, &					
Flooding)-FEMA	97.036	N/A	1900740801		2,005
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security					901,898
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-Through Programs:					
Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office/West Monroe Police Department					
Office of National Drug Control Policy-High Intensity Drug Trafficking					
Area (HIDTA) - Drug Free Community Support Program	93.276	N/A	N/A		47,296
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Office of Drug Policy	National				47,296
Total Federal Expenditures				\$ 123,250	\$ 13,634,009
					(concluded)
					(concluded

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

City of Monroe Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - GENERAL The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, presents the activity of all federal award activity of the City of Monroe (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended April 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds and accrual basis for proprietary funds, which is described in Note 1 to the City's primary government financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, where in certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - LOANS RECEIVABLE OUTSTANDING The City has loans receivable outstanding under-Assistance Listing #14.218 CDBG Entitlement Grants of \$47,579 and under Assistance Listing #14.239 Home Investment Partnership Grants of \$91,613 at April 30, 2022.

NOTE 4 - FUNDS PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS Of the Federal expenditures presented on this schedule, the City provided \$123,250 to sub recipients from funding under ALN#14.231 Emergency Solutions Grant Program for the year ended April 30, 2022.

NOTE 5 - RELATIONSHIP OF THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS TO THE PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS The following reconciliation is provided

to help the reader of the City's financial statements and supplementary information relate such information to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended April 30, 2022:

Governmental Funds:		
Major funds:		
General Fund	\$	555,415
Capital Infrastructure		148,243
Nonmajor special revenue funds:		
Community Development Block Grant		929,432
Emergency Shelter		120,935
CDBG Home		137,587
Justice Assistance Program		51,365
Intergovernmental Donations		213,687
Brownfields Assessment Grant		162,722
Coronavirus Supplemental Funding		153,157
Nonmajor capital project funds:		
Kansas Lane Connector		36,104
Proprietary Funds:		
Major funds:		
Monroe Regional Airport		6,781,423
Water		4,061
Sewer		99,989
Major funds:		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:		
Monroe Transit System		4,239,889
Total	\$ 1	3,634,009

<u>NOTE 6 - DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE</u> The City did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

City of Monroe Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statement Audit

- i. The type of audit report issued was unmodified.
- ii. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.
- iii. There was one instance of noncompliance, as defined by the Government Auditing Standards, to the financial statement.

Audit of Federal Awards

- iv. There were no significant deficiencies required to be disclosed by the Uniform Guidance.
- v. The type of report the auditor issued on compliance for major programs was unmodified.
- vi. The audit disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report under the Uniform Guidance.
- vii. The major federal programs are:

Assistance Listing #20.106 Airport Improvement Program

Assistance Listing #20.507 Federal Transit Formula Grants

- viii. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in the Uniform Guidance, Section .520(b) was \$750,000.
- ix. The auditee does qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

City of Monroe Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

Part II – Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards generally accepted in the United States of America:

Reference # and Title: <u>2022-001</u> **Bond Continuing Disclosures**

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding relates to bond issuances requiring continuing disclosure requirements to be filed with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA).

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 39:1438 requires issuers of municipal securities to comply with continuing disclosure rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Municipal securities are defined as any securities issued by a public entity (the state of Louisiana, its agencies, departments, boards, commissions, parishes, municipalities, school boards, special districts, special authorities, and any other political subdivision or other entity created by the foregoing) that are subject to continuing disclosure under the SEC Rule.

<u>Condition found</u>: Bond Statements include continuing disclosure requirements that financial information be filed with Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) no later than eight months after the fiscal year end. This filing was not completed.

Context: All bonds issued with continuing disclosure requirements that are required to file with EMMA.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: Management was relying on the financial advisor to do the filings and did not verify filing.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with continuing disclosure requirements.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: Management should establish procedures to file the required information before December 31st of each year.

Origination date and prior year reference (if applicable): This finding originated in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022.

<u>View of responsible official</u>: See auditee prepared corrective action plan included later in this report as "Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings and Questioned Costs."

PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM (PFC) REPORTS AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

DIVIDER

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Partners:

Audit Managers:

In-Charges:

Tim Green, CPA Aimee Buchanan, CPA

Cindy Thomason, CPA Principal:

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075

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2441 Tower Drive Monroe, LA 71201 Telephone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664 Margie Williamson, CPA Jennie Henry, CPA, CFE Crystal Patterson, CPA

Amy Tynes, CPA, CFE

Sandra Harper, CPA

Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILTIY CHARGE PROGRAM, ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF CUMULATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES **OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Passenger Facility Charge Program

Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited the compliance of the City of Monroe (the "City") with the compliance requirements described in the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies, issued in 2000 by the Federal Aviation Administration (the "Guide"), for its passenger facility charge program for the year ended April 30, 2022.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Passenger Facility Charge Program for the year ended April 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance with requirements applicable to the passenger facility charge program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws and regulations of the Passenger Facility Charge Program (the "Program").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS), and *Government Auditing Standards*, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made be a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the laws and regulations of the Passenger Facility Charge Program (the "Program").

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of the Program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of the Program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control

over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on compliance and internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and internal control over compliances and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the report is not suitable for any other purpose, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Report on Schedule of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022 that includes a reference to the reports of another auditor, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges is presented for the purpose of additional analysis, as required by the Guide, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole.

Allen Arcon & Williamson Lil

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022

City of Monroe Schedule of Cumulative Revenues and Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges Monroe Regional Airport For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Program Totals	Ourseters 1	Outputter 2	Ourorton 2	Ouerten 4	EV 22	Program Totals Frd of
	Beginning of	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	FY-22	End of
	fiscal year	May-July	Aug-Oct	Nov-Jan	Feb-Apr	Total	fiscal year
Revenue							
Collections	\$ 7,144,964	\$ 95,881	\$ 92,908	\$ 104,609	\$ 81,365	\$ 374,763	\$ 7,519,727
Interest	62,603	23	27	26	23	99	62,702
Total Revenue	7,207,567	95,904	92,935	104,635	81,388	374,862	7,582,429
Disbursements_							
Application 03-01-C-00-MLU-001	504,334	-	-	-	-	-	504,334
Application 03-01-C-00-MLU-002	40,700	-	-	-	-	-	40,700
Application 03-0 l-C-00-MLU-003	401,025	-	-	-	-	-	401,025
Application 06-02-C-00-MLU-002	413,444	-	-	-	-	-	413,444
Application 08-03-C-00-MLU-001	4,909,238	-	-	261,344	-	261,344	5,170,582
Application 08-03-C-00-MLU-002	47,202	274	330	278	277	1,159	48,361
Total Disbursements	6,315,943	274	330	261,622	277	262,502	6,578,446
Net PFC Revenues and Expenditures	891,624	95,630	92,605	(156,987)	81,111	112,359	1,003,983
PFC Account Balance (cash basis)	\$ 891,624	\$ 987,254	\$ 1,079,859	\$ 922,872	\$ 1,003,983	\$1,003,983	\$ 1,003,983

OTHER INFORMATION

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Status of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as of April 30, 2022:

Reference # and Title:2021-001Internal Controls of Police Evidence

Entity-wide or program/department specific: This finding relates to the Police Department.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Good internal controls provide a system that maintains control over police evidence, segregation of duties and periodic inventory of evidence. Good internal controls require written policies and procedures to provide guidance.

<u>Condition found</u>: In reviewing Police Evidence bank account it was noted that only one deposit was made for entire fiscal year 2021. Police Department policy and procedures state that money that is taken into evidence which is not needed for scientific evidence will be deposited at the end of the workweek or when the amount exceeds one hundred dollars. During interview with Police Department staff it was noted that procedures for reconciliation of police evidence inventory were not followed during the year. There were no documented periodic inventory inspections completed during the year. Duties of employees are not segregated.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: The Police Department has establish additional procedures to maintain control of police evidence. Documented inventory inspections are being conducted and cash is being deposited in a timely manner according to the policies and procedures manual. Additional officers have been assigned to segregate duties performed in the evidence department.

This finding is considered to be cleared.

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Reference # and Title:2021-002Expenditures of Special Tax

<u>Entity-wide or program/department specific</u>: This finding relates to the Southside Economic Development District, a blended component unit of the City.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statute 39:704 requires that the proceeds of any special tax shall constitute a trust fund to be used exclusively for the objects and purposes for which the tax was levied. The records of the taxing authority shall clearly reflect the objects and purposes for which the tax was levied.

<u>Condition found</u>: In reviewing accounts for the Southside Economic Development District, it was noted that the only source of funding for the SEDD was tax proceeds from the hotel occupancy tax approved by voters on November 18, 2017.

The hotel occupancy tax proposition states that the net proceeds of the Tax (after deducting the reasonable and necessary cost of collecting and administering the Tax) to be dedicated and used to fund construction of acquisition of, and upgrades to capital improvement projects within the District boundaries and any and all authorized purposes under the Act. The Louisiana Attorney General clarified that all expenditures from the hotel occupancy tax must be for construction and upgrades to capital improvements. Nevertheless, the District paid all its operating expenditures (\$80,416) for the year ending April 30, 2021 from this hotel occupancy tax proceeds (\$123,684), none of which was for construction and upgrades to capital improvements.

Additionally, minutes from the SEDD were recorded for only three meetings for the calendar year 2020.

Context: Expenditure accounts were reviewed for entire fiscal year.

Corrective Action Taken: Through a cooperative endeavor agreement with the State, the City was able to appropriate \$75,000 to SEDD to facilitate expenditures that are not associated with a project. SEDD is required to submit a form with each expenditure request demonstrating the purpose and approval of the expenditure as well as if it is associated with a project or being paid from their appropriated funds.

This finding is considered to be cleared.

Respectfully submitted,

Stang Rowell

Stacey Rowell, CPA Director of Administration



Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings and Questioned Costs

The following information contains the Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022:

Reference # and Title:2022-001Bond Continuing Disclosures

<u>Entity-wide or program/department specific</u>: This finding relates to bond issuances requiring continuing disclosure requirements to be filed with the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA).

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 39:1438 requires issuers of municipal securities to comply with continuing disclosure rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Municipal securities are defined as any securities issued by a public entity (the state of Louisiana, its agencies, departments, boards, commissions, parishes, municipalities, school boards, special districts, special authorities, and any other political subdivision or other entity created by the foregoing) that are subject to continuing disclosure under the SEC Rule.

<u>Condition found</u>: Bond Statements include continuing disclosure requirements that financial information be filed with Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) no later than eight months after the fiscal year end. This filing was not completed.

<u>Corrective action plan</u>: The City was under the mistaken impression that an outside consulting firm was making these submissions. The City will make all future submissions.

Person responsible for corrective action:

Melanie Watson(318) 329-3345Director of Accounting(318) 329-3345City of MonroeP.O. Box 123Monroe, LA 7121071210

Anticipated completion date: December 2022



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Management Letter

City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to plan our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we noted certain matters involving internal control that are presented for your consideration. This letter does not affect our report dated October 31, 2022, on the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. Our comments and recommendations, which have been discussed with appropriate members of management, is intended to improve the internal control or result in other operating efficiencies. We will be pleased to discuss these comments in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of this matter, or to assist you in implementing the recommendation. Our comments and management's responses are summarized as follows:

2022-M1 **Credit Card Testing**

Comment: In testing seven credit card statements and sixty-six credit card transactions, it was noted that one statement did not have supporting documentation. Sales tax was paid on three credit card transactions. One credit card transaction did not have an authorized signature but a printed authorization name. For two transactions, the department supervisor was the purchaser and signed as the authorizing personnel.

Recommendation: The City should continue to train City personnel on obtaining itemized receipt documentation for credit card purchases. Departments should be provided with appropriate sales tax exemption information in order for these departments to provide to the applicable vendors being utilized to avoid sales tax. City personnel should be trained on the appropriate authorizing signature needed by department.

Management's response: The City will continue to train City personnel on obtaining itemized receipt documentation and the charging of sales taxes. When sales taxes are charged, the City contacts employees regarding the charges and every attempt is made to have such charges refunded. Additional training will be done on completing the permission to purchase form and the appropriate authorized signatures.

City of Monroe Management Letter Items For Year End April 30, 2022

2022-M2 SEFA (Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards) Preparation

<u>Comment</u>: The City is required to have a comprehensive and accurate schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) to document federal grant expenditures by agency, program and amount. This schedule was revised several times before a final submission to the auditor.

Recommendation: The City should establish procedures to review the SEFA information for completeness and accuracy before submitting information to the auditor.

Management's Response: An enhanced attention to the SEFA will be conducted and a review of the completed SEFA will be done by multiple accounting personnel before the SEFA is submitted to the auditor in the future.

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Monroe, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and therefore, may not reveal all weaknesses in policies and procedures that may exist.

Immediately following this letter are the Status of Prior Management Letter Items. This information has not been audited by Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP, and no opinion is expressed. However, we did follow-up on the prior management letter items and performed procedures to assess the reasonableness of the Status of Prior Management Letter Items prepared by management and we would report, as a current-year management item when Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP concludes that the Status of Prior Management Letter Item materially misrepresents the Status of any prior management letter item.

Also included are management's responses to our current year management letter items. We have performed no audit work to verify the content of the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of this letter may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Office of the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Allen Arson & Williamson Lit

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022

City of Monroe Status of Prior Year Management Letter Items For the Year Ended April 30, 2022:

2021-M1 Millage Rates Need to be Updated for Allocation Purposes

Comment: The allocation of ad valorem taxes between funds for the year ended April 30, 2021 was incorrect due to the entry made to allocate the ad valorem taxes to each applicable fund was using the millage rates in effect for the calendar year 2019 rather than the calendar year 2020. This resulted in the General Fund erroneously receiving approximately \$12,500 more in revenues while several other funds of the City were collectively shortchanged by \$12,500.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should establish review procedures to ensure the allocation of ad valorem taxes is properly updated each year.

<u>Management's response</u>: The City has updated the distribution calculation and will review the allocation on a yearly basis when the millage rate ordinance is adopted by council.

2021-M2 Census Data for Other Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Comment</u>: The City is required to have a full actuarial valuation completed bi-annually regarding the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Good controls require information being provided to the actuary to be complete and accurate in order for the estimate of the OPEB liability to be calculated correctly. When testing the census data provided to the actuary, it was noted when testing 15 retired employees that three were deceased. New census data was submitted to actuary by the City after auditor testing. The inclusion of deceased retirees can cause the OPEB liability to be inaccurate.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should establish procedures to review census information for completeness and accuracy before submitting information to the actuary.

Management's Response: The City has entered the dates of deaths in the City's software and will continue to enter dates of death, as notified, so that the data pulled from the system in the future will be accurate. The City will also implement a review procedure prior to sending data to the actuary.

City of Monroe

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AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING STATEWIDE AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Council Members City of Monroe Monroe, Louisiana

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the control and compliance areas identified in the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's (LLA's) Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures (SAUPs) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. The City of Monroe's (the City) management is responsible for those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs.

The City has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of the engagement, which is to perform specified procedures on the control and compliance areas identified in LLA's SAUPs for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. Additionally, LLA has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate for its purposes. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe whether they address each of the following categories and subcategories if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations
 - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget.
 - b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the Public Bid Law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.
 - c) *Disbursements*, including processing, reviewing, and approving.

23

- d) *Receipts/Collections*, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g., periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).
- e) *Payroll/Personnel*, including (1) payroll processing, (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked, and (3) approval process for employee(s) rate of pay or approval and maintenance of pay rate schedules.
- f) *Contracting*, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process.
- g) *Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable)*, including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases).
- h) *Travel and Expense Reimbursement*, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers.
- *Ethics* including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 42:1111-1121,
 (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) a requirement that documentation is maintained to demonstrate that all employees and officials were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy.
- j) *Debt Service*, including (1) debt issuance approval, (2) continuing disclosure/EMMA reporting requirements, (3) debt reserve requirements, and (4) debt service requirements.
- k) Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity, including (1) identification of critical data and frequency of data backups, (2) storage of backups in a separate physical location isolated from the network, (3) periodic testing/verification that backups can be restored, (4) use of antivirus software on all systems, (5) timely application of all available system and software patches/updates, and (6) identification of personnel, processes, and tools needed to recover operations after a critical event.
- 1) *Sexual Harassment*, including R.S. 42:342-344 requirements for (1) agency responsibilities and prohibitions, (2) annual employee training, and (3) annual reporting.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
 - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly, or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.
 - b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe whether the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund, quarterly budget-to-actual, at a minimum, on proprietary funds, and semi-annual budget- to-actual, at a minimum, on all special revenue funds. *Alternately, for those entities reporting on the nonprofit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity*

relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unassigned fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unassigned fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unassigned fund balance in the general fund.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Bank Reconciliations

- 3. Obtain a listing of entity bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select 4 additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for each selected account, and observe that:
 - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated or electronically logged);
 - b) Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and
 - c) Management has documentation reflecting it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Collections (excluding electronic funds transfers)

- 4. Obtain a listing of deposit sites for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).
- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of collection locations and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e., 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
 - a) Employees responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.
 - b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g., pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

- c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.
- d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions, are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee/official verifies the reconciliation.
- 6. Obtain from management a copy of the bond or insurance policy for theft covering all employees who have access to cash. Observe the bond or insurance policy for theft was enforced during the fiscal period.
- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the 5 bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). *Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc.* Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
 - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.
 - b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.
 - c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.
 - d) Observe the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100 and the cash is stored securely in a locked safe or drawer).
 - e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

<u>Comment</u>: There was one exception noted where a deposit was not made within one business day of receipt.

<u>Management's Response</u>: The City will continue to communicate and train all employees responsible for deposits on the requirements of making timely deposits.

Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

- 8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 locations (or all locations if less than 5).
- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
 - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.
 - b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.
 - c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

[Note: Exceptions to controls that constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality) should not be reported.]

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction, and:
 - a) Observe whether the disbursement matched the related original itemized invoice and supporting documentation indicates deliverables included on the invoice were received by the entity.
 - b) Observe whether the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

- 11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.
- 12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select 5 cards (or all cards if less than 5) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:
 - a) Observe whether there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) were reviewed and approved, in writing (or electronically approved), by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.]
 - b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.
- 13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e., each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only). For missing receipts, the practitioner should describe the nature of the transaction and note whether management had a compensating control to address missing receipts, such as a "missing receipt statement" that is subject to increased scrutiny.

<u>Comment</u>: There were two exceptions noted where the supporting documentation was not reviewed or approved by someone other than the authorized card holder.

<u>Management's Response</u>: The City will continue to train employees on the proper documentation required for credit card purchases and the appropriate authorization approval.

Travel and Travel-Related Expense Reimbursements (excluding card transactions)

- 14. Obtain from management a listing of all travel and travel-related expense reimbursements during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing or general ledger is complete. Randomly select 5 reimbursements, obtain the related expense reimbursement forms/prepaid expense documentation of each selected reimbursement, as well as the supporting documentation. For each of the 5 reimbursements selected:
 - a) If reimbursed using a per diem, observe the approved reimbursement rate is no more than those rates established either by the State of Louisiana or the U.S. General Services Administration (<u>www.gsa.gov</u>). If reimbursed using actual costs, observe the reimbursement is supported by an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased.
 - b) Observe each reimbursement is supported by documentation of the business/public purpose (for meal charges, observe that the documentation includes the names of those individuals participating) and other documentation required by written policy (procedure #1h).
 - c) Observe each reimbursement was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the person receiving reimbursement.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Contracts

- 15. Obtain from management a listing of all agreements/contracts for professional services, materials and supplies, leases, and construction activities that were initiated or renewed during the fiscal period. *Alternately, the practitioner may use an equivalent selection source, such as an active vendor list.* Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 contracts (or all contracts if less than 5) from the listing, excluding the practitioner's contract, and:
 - a) Observe whether the contract was bid in accordance with the Louisiana Public Bid Law (e.g., solicited quotes or bids, advertised), if required by law.
 - b) Observe whether the contract was approved by the governing body/board, if required by policy or law (e.g., Lawrason Act, Home Rule Charter).
 - c) If the contract was amended (e.g., change order), observe the original contract terms provided for such an amendment and that amendments were made in compliance with the contract terms (e.g., if approval is required for any amendment, was approval documented).
 - d) Randomly select one payment from the fiscal period for each of the 5 contracts, obtain the supporting invoice, agree the invoice to the contract terms, and observe the invoice and related payment agreed to the terms and conditions of the contract.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Payroll and Personnel

- 16. Obtain a listing of employees and officials employed during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 employees or officials, obtain related paid salaries and personnel files, and agree paid salaries to authorized salaries/pay rates in the personnel files.
- 17. Randomly select one pay period during the fiscal period. For the 5 employees or officials selected under #16 above, obtain attendance records and leave documentation for the pay period, and:

- a) Observe all selected employees or officials documented their daily attendance and leave (e.g., vacation, sick, compensatory). (Note: Generally, officials are not eligible to earn leave and do not document their attendance and leave. However, if the official is earning leave according to a policy and/or contract, the official should document his/her daily attendance and leave.)
- b) Observe whether supervisors approved the attendance and leave of the selected employees or officials.
- c) Observe any leave accrued or taken during the pay period is reflected in the entity's cumulative leave records.
- d) Observe the rate paid to the employees or officials agree to the authorized salary/pay rate found within the personnel file.
- 18. Obtain a listing of those employees or officials that received termination payments during the fiscal period and management's representation that the list is complete. Randomly select two employees or officials, obtain related documentation of the hours and pay rates used in management's termination payment calculations and the entity's policy on termination payments. Agree the hours to the employee or officials' cumulative leave records, agree the pay rates to the employee or officials' authorized pay rates in the employee or officials' personnel files, and agree the termination payment to entity policy.
- 19. Obtain management's representation that employer and employee portions of third-party payroll related amounts (e.g., payroll taxes, retirement contributions, health insurance premiums, garnishments, workers' compensation premiums, etc.) have been paid, and any associated forms have been filed, by required deadlines.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Ethics

- 20. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
 - a. Observe whether the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.
 - b. Observe whether the entity maintains documentation which demonstrates each employee and official were notified of any changes to the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period, as applicable.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Debt Service

- 21. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes and other debt instruments issued during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all debt instruments on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe State Bond Commission approval was obtained for each debt instrument issued.
- 22. Obtain a listing of bonds/notes outstanding at the end of the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one bond/note, inspect debt covenants, obtain supporting documentation for the reserve balance and payments, and agree actual reserve

balances and payments to those required by debt covenants (including contingency funds, short-lived asset funds, or other funds required by the debt covenants).

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Fraud Notice

- 23. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.
- 24. Observe the entity has posted, on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

<u>Comment</u>: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

Information Technology Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity

- 25. Perform the following procedures,
 - a) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has backed up its critical data (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for backing up critical data) and observe that such backup occurred within the past week. If backups are stored on a physical medium (e.g., tapes, CDs), observe evidence that backups are encrypted before being transported.
 - b) Obtain and inspect the entity's most recent documentation that it has tested/verified that its backups can be restored (if no written documentation, inquire of personnel responsible for testing/verifying backup restoration) and observe evidence that the test/verification was successfully performed within the past 3 months.
 - c) Obtain a listing of the entity's computers currently in use and their related locations, and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select 5 computers and observe while management demonstrates that the selected computers have current and active antivirus software and that the operating system and accounting system software in use are currently supported by the vendor.

<u>Comment</u>: We performed the procedure and discussed the results with management.

Sexual Harassment

26. Using the 5 randomly selected employees/officials from procedure #16 under "Payroll and Personnel" above, obtain sexual harassment training documentation from management, and observe the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed at least one hour of sexual harassment training during the calendar year.

- 27. Observe the entity has posted its sexual harassment policy and complaint procedure on its website (or in a conspicuous location on the entity's premises if the entity does not have a website).
- 28. Obtain the entity's annual sexual harassment report for the current fiscal period, observe that the report was dated on or before February 1, and observe it includes the applicable requirements of R.S. 42:344:
 - Number and percentage of public servants in the agency who have completed the training requirements;
 - b) Number of sexual harassment complaints received by the agency;
 - c) Number of complaints which resulted in a finding that sexual harassment occurred;
 - Number of complaints in which the finding of sexual harassment resulted in discipline or corrective action; and
 - e) Amount of time it took to resolve each complaint.

Comment: There were no exceptions as a result of applying agreed upon procedures.

We were engaged by the City of Monroe (the City) to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those control and compliance areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Allen, Snean & Williamson LLP

Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP Monroe, Louisiana October 31, 2022