# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

June 30, 2018



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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Bossier City, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc., as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 11) and the budgetary comparison information (pages 42 through 45) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements. The Supplementary information required by GOEA (pages 46 through 47) and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head (page 48) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Financial Information required by GOEA and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Financial Information required by GOEA and the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2018, on our consideration of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana November 2, 2018 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Bossier City, Louisiana

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s (the Council or BCOA) financial performance provides an overview of the Council's financial activities for the year ending June 30, 2018. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements, which follow this section.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The Council had a net increase in overall net position of \$142,330 this year.
- Net capital assets of the Council increased by \$87,930.
- The Council's revenue increased by \$38,245.
- No deficit fund balance exists at year-end.
- The unassigned and nonspendable fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$570,259 at year end, which is a \$53,376 increase from the prior year.
- Administrative expenses increased this year by \$32,872.

### How to Use This Annual Report

The Council's annual financial report consists of five main parts:

- 1. Independent auditors' report
- 2. Management's discussion and analysis (this section)
- 3. The basic financial statements (government-wide and fund)
- 4. Supplementary information required by GASB 34
- 5. Supplementary financial information required by GOEA

Government-wide financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These financial statements provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a long-term view of the Council's finances. In contrast, the fund financial statements, which consist of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending for governmental funds. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

The auditors have provided assurance in their independent auditors' report, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditors have also provided assurance about Supplementary Financial Information required by GOEA that follows later in this reporting package. A user of this document should read the independent auditors' report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, which present different views about the Council, along with notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Management's analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 4. When reading the financial statements, an important point to consider is whether the Council's finances, as a whole, are better or worse off as a result of this year's activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, referred to collectively as the government-wide financial statements, report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps when considering this point. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. Also, under the accrual basis, all current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements report the Council's net position and changes in it. The Council has net position invested in capital assets of \$192,542, whereas \$561,350 of the net position are unrestricted, meaning that they can be used for any program at management's discretion. The Statement of Net Position is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year-end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net position changed as a result of the year's activities. In this statement, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will affect cash flows in future periods. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities, including an Administration function and a Health, Welfare and Social Services function. The Health, Welfare and Social Services function is comprised of six primary programs that include supportive services, nutritional services, utility assistance, disease prevention and health promotion, national family caregiver support and Medicaid outreach. Subprogram activities are also presented, in some cases, to help the reader analyze the Council's operations in more detail. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. A governmental activity is usually one where the Council uses money it receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to provide services at no charge to the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefiting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Council as a whole entity. In the fund financial statements, there is a column presentation for the General Fund, each major special revenue fund, and a column for the total of all remaining Special Revenue Funds, which are deemed to be "Nonmajor Funds." Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but is believed to be important for the Council's financial statement users. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service of capital projects. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, management can control funds for particular purposes or show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other revenues.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future for Council programs. The difference between net position of governmental activities and fund balances of the governmental funds is reconciled on a separate page that follows the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the changes in fund balance for the governmental funds and the change in net position for the governmental activities has been reconciled on a separate page that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. These two reconciliations will facilitate the comparison between governmental activities and funds.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements follow the fund financial statements and should be read before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for each major Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. There is no legal obligation to budget for the General Fund. The schedules compare the original and final budgets to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. Positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts are also presented.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However GASB 34 requires it to be presented as the first item in this reporting package and not with GASB's other RSI, which is included later in this reporting package.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present this information as schedules. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of the information submitted by the Council during the year to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

# AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's assets, liabilities, and net assets for the fiscal years 2018 and 2017:

					I	ncrease	
June 30,	2018			2017	(Decrease)		
Current and other assets							
Current assets	\$	581,052	\$	538,331	\$	42,721	
Beneficial interest in assets of foundation		17,221		16,705		516	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		192,542		104,612		87,930	
Total assets		790,815		659,648		131,167	
Liabilities		36,923		48,086		(11,163)	
Total liabilities		36,923		48,086		(11,163)	
Net Position							
Invested in capital assets		192,542		104,612		87,930	
Unrestricted		561,350		506,950		54,400	
Total net position	\$	753,892	\$	611,562	\$	142,330	

As of June 30, 2018, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$753,892 compared to the June 30, 2017, net position of \$611,562. This is an increase of \$142,330 or about 23%.

Unassigned net position is important because it provides the discretionary resources management will need so that it can quickly adapt to changes in the economy, emergencies, unexpected needs, and reductions in or termination of grant revenues by government agencies.

The net position that has been invested in capital assets is presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them. For 2018 and 2017, the Council had no debt.

	2018	% of Total	2017	% of Total
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 826,836	<b>65.2%</b> \$	806,946	65.6%
Capital grants and contributions	81,548	6.4%	93,361	7.6%
General revenues				
Charges for services	23,373	1.8%	32,576	2.6%
Unrestricted grants and contributions	286,683	22.6%	259,640	21.1%
Other general revenues	50,784	4.0%	38,456	3.1%
Total revenues	1,269,224	100.0%	1,230,979	100.0%

The table presented below illustrates a condensed presentation of the revenues and expenses that caused the increase in net position for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

Direct Program Expenses for the Health, Welfare and Social Services Function

Supportive services				
Transportation for the elderly	269,056	<b>23.9%</b>	239,626	22.1%
Other supportive services	148,045	13.1%	160,670	14.8%
Nutrition services				
Congregate meals	80,770	7.2%	79,617	7.3%
Home-delivered meals	271,882	24.1%	259,488	23.9%
Other social services programs and activities	105,607	9.4%	127,770	11.8%
Direct administrative expenses	251,534	22.3%	218,662	20.1%
Total expenses	1,126,894	100.0%	1,085,833	100.0%
Increase in net position	\$ 142,330	0	5 145,146	

As illustrated by the table above, the Council receives most of its revenues from operating grants and contributions that are specifically related to a program and must be used in the programs to which they relate. Unrestricted grants and contributions make up the second largest percentage of revenues and this revenue is available to management to use at its discretion.

The expenses in the table have been presented by primary programs, with some additional details about the subprograms. In presenting this information, only direct program expenses are shown. The administrative expenses include all administrative expenses of the Council before any allocation were made to the various programs. Percentages have been presented for the expenses associated with each program for ease of analysis and to illustrate where the Council has spent its money this year and last year. The expense allocations are a good indication of the demand for each type of service.

The Council had a \$142,330 increase in its overall net position for fiscal year 2018, whereas the increase in fund balances of the governmental funds was \$53,376. There is a reconciliation that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds that presents an analysis of why there are differences between that particular fund financial statement and the government-wide Statement of Activities for fiscal year 2018.

#### AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

When reviewing the government-wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. As you can see, the Council's largest activities are transportation and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Bossier Parish and right now, these services are in the greatest demand. However, there is a growing demand for other supportive services. As these demands increase, management will adjust its annual budget to reallocate available resources to meet the demands.

Another area of interest on the Statement of Activities relates to the total governmental activities column wherein the Council shows that most of the governmental activities have more expenses than revenues. None of the programs are expected to be truly self-supporting; and management has prepared budgets accordingly. However, on occasion, a program might "breakeven" or even make a slight "profit". Traditionally, general revenues are used to cover the excess of expenses over revenues in these activities. Without the unrestricted grants and contributions, the Council would have a difficult time providing services at current levels. Further, the general nature of these revenues allows management discretion as to how to apply them in paying for the Council's current services as well as reallocating them to meet future demands.

Another indication of how money is used efficiently can be analyzed by comparing the amount of administrative costs from year to year as well as calculating the percentage administrative expenses bear in relation to total expenses. For 2018, total administration expenses were \$251,534, or 22.3% of total expenses. For 2017, total administration expenses were \$218,662 or 20.1% of total expenses. Administration expenses include indirect type costs, meaning these are costs that not specifically identified with a particular program, but which benefit all programs.

### AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Fund Balances**

The Council presents a combined governmental fund balance of \$570,259 (as shown on the Fund Financial Statement's Balance Sheet) at the end of this year, which is an increase of \$53,376 from 2017.

### Revenues

The combined fund revenues increased by \$32,310 this compared to last year, as shown in the table below.

			Increase						
		2018		2017	(D	ecrease)	Percent		
Intergovernmental	<b>\$</b> 1	1,122,416	\$	1,085,982	\$	36,434	3%		
Other		140,873		144,997		(4,124)	-3%		
Total revenues	\$ 1	1,263,289	\$	1,230,979	\$	32,310	3%		

Most of the Council's activities were funded by federal, state, and local grants, which comprise the Council's intergovernmental revenues. The total of these types of grants was \$1,122,416 (2018) and \$1,085,982 (2017) and represent about 89% and 88% of the total revenues of the Council in 2018 and

2017, respectively. Most of these grants are restricted, which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may vary based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

## Expenditures

Total expenditures increased by \$48,701 this year, as shown in the table that follows.

		Increase					
	2018	2017	2017 (Decrease)				
Personnel	\$ 451,558	\$ 467,803	\$	(16,245)	-3%		
Fringe	57,213	61,905		(4,692)	-8%		
Travel	13,058	23,192		(10,134)	-44%		
Operating services	284,766	216,356		68,410	32%		
Operating supplies	66,665	67,204		(539)	-1%		
Direct costs – no indirect allocation	4,719	4,719		-	0%		
Other costs	215,962	216,132		(170)	0%		
Capital outlay	121,907	109,836		12,071	11%		
Total expenditures	\$ 1,215,848	\$ 1,167,147	\$	48,701	4%		

### AN ANALYSIS OF MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGETS

Budgets and budgetary amendments are approved by the Board of Directors and GOEA. The primary reasons for amending the budget are to account for unanticipated changes in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the Council's grants from Capital Area Agency and GOEA. Monthly budget reports are reviewed to ensure compliance with the budget, and where necessary, revisions to the budget are made. There were no budget amendments during 2018.

Schedules of the original budgets for the Special Revenue Funds can be found in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 Section of this report.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies. Because of this, the source of income for the Council is rather steady. However, some of the Council's grants and contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been awarded for fiscal year 2018 and there were no significant changes to the funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, the initial budget has been set to provide the same programs and similar levels of service next year. GOEA has also approved the Council's budget for next year.

#### ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Net capital assets increased by \$87,930 as shown below.

			l.	ncrease
Capital Assets, net of Depreciation	2018	2017	(D	ecrease)
Vehicles	\$ 182,110	\$ 98,854	\$	83,256
Furniture and equipment	10,432	5,758		4,674
	\$ 192,542	\$ 104,612	\$	87,930

The Council does not have any long-term debt.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Tamara Crane, Executive Director, 706 Bearkat Drive, Bossier City, LA 71111, (318) 741-8302. You can also reach us at contactus@bossiercoa.org.

**GOVERNMENT – WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)** 

# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2018
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 546,919
Grants and contracts receivable	22,223
Prepaid expenses	11,910
Total current assets	581,052
Noncurrent assets	
Beneficial interest in assets of foundation	17,221
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	192,542
Total noncurrent assets	209,763
Total assets	790,815
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	26,803
Payroll liabilities	1,211
Accrued compensated absences	8,909
Total current liabilities	36,923
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets	192,542
Unrestricted	561,350
Total net position	\$ 753,892

# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Statement of Activities

#### For the year ended June 30, 2018

				_		Pro	ogram Reven	ues		_	
		Direct	I	ndirect	Charges for	C	perating Grants and	Ca	pital Grants and	Rev	(Expense) venue and nge in Net
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	Expenses	E	xpenses	Services	Col	ntributions	Co	ontributions		Assets
Functions/Programs	-										
Governmental Activities	_										
Health, Welfare & Social Services											
Supportive services											
Transportation of the elderly & disabled	\$	269,056	\$	50,416	\$ 23,275	\$	176,717	\$	81,548	\$	(37,932)
Homemaker		39,954		9,307	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		20,790				(28,471)
Information and assistance		19,476		3,514	98		20,001		-		(2,891)
Outreach		7,166		1,388	1955		7,002				(1,552)
Material aid		6,063		1,150	12		5,533		-		(1,680)
Public education		18,490		2,976	1076		10,253				(11,213)
Telephoning		8,870		1,562	1		1,764				(8,668)
Personal care		2,770		692			1,252		-		(2,210)
Crime prevention		377		57	1100		222		1 <b>.</b>		(212)
Other services		40,160		5,597	72		37,341		( <b>1</b> 1)		(8,416)
Legal assistance		4,719		. <del></del> ::			4,610		8 <del>7</del> 8		(109)
Nutrition services											
Congregate meals		80,770		16,829	12		87,668		-		(9,931)
Home delivered meals		271,882		47,731	107		197,467				(122,146)
Senior center		45,185		7,615	1955		112,490		<u>92</u> 9		59,690
Disease prevention and health promotion		8,176		1,521	12		5,577				(4,120)
National family caregiver support		52,246		10,224	10 <del>4</del> 0		38,286		-		(24,184)
Other services (PCOA, MIPPA)		-		1	1		61,239		-		61,239
Administration		251,534		(160,579)			38,624		3 <b>4</b> 2		(52,331)
Total governmental activities	\$	1,126,894	\$	1770	\$ 23,373	\$	826,836	\$	81,548		(195,137)

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	286,683
Miscellaneous	50,784
Total general revenues and special items	337,467
Change in net position	142,330
Net position - beginning of year	611,562
Net position - end of the year	\$ 753,892

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

	General							Non	-Major	
June 30, 2018	Fund	Tit	le III B	Title	e III C-1	Title	e III C-2	Fu	unds	Total
Assets										
Cash	\$ 397,007	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 397,007
Certificate of Deposit	149,912		-		-		1 <b></b>		-	149,912
Grants and contracts receivable	22,223		-		-		2 <b>—</b> 2		-	22,223
Prepaid expenses	11,910		÷:		949) 1949				-	11,910
Beneficial interest in assets										
of foundation	17,221		9-0		-		-		-	17,221
Total assets	\$ 598,273	\$	жc.	\$	<b>34</b> 2	\$	3 <b>4</b> 7	\$	200	\$ 598,273
Liabilities										
										A
Accounts payable	\$ 26,803	\$	10.1	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 26,803
Payroll liabilities	1,211		<del>.</del>		<b>3</b> 4		( <del>11</del> 0)		1 <b>2</b> 1	1,211
Total liabilities	28,014		<del>.</del> .		<b>2</b> 1		( <b>1</b> 1)		5 <del>0</del> 3.	28,014
Found Delevane										
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	29,131		-1		-		0 <del>0</del> 0			29,131
	29,131 541,128				-		-		ः <del>।</del> स्र	
Nonspendable							*		-	29,131 541,128 570,259

# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018	
Total fund balances per balance sheet – Governmental funds	\$ 570,259
Compensated absences are not paid out of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	(8,909)
Net capital assets used in governmental activities which are not	
financial resources in the fund statements	192,542
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 753,892

# Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental FundS

	General	Title	Title	Title	Non-Major	
For the year ended June 30, 2018	Fund	III B	III C-1	III C-2	Funds	Total
Revenues						
Intergovernmental						
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$-	\$ 113,924	\$ 80,000	\$ 126,355	\$ 255,575	\$    575,854
Bossier Parish Police Jury	115,000	-	-	-	-	115,000
City of Bossier City	150,180	-	-	-	-	150,180
NSIP	-	-	-	45,005	-	45,005
LA Department of Transportation						
and Development	203,874	-	-	-	-	203,874
FEMA	-	-	-	-	10,000	10,000
Other Municipalities	22,503	-	-	-	-	22,503
Public support						
Unrestricted	27,322	174	-	2,547	-	30,043
Restricted	7,000	-	-	-	-	7,000
Fundraising, net of expenses	17,537	-	-	-	-	17,537
Client contributions	-	38,051	7,668	16,560	641	62,920
Program service fees						
Transportation	23,275	-	-	-	-	23,275
Information and Assistance	-	98	-	-	-	98
Total revenues	566,691	152,247	87,668	190,467	266,216	1,263,289
Expenditures Health, welfare & social services Personnel	-	259,125	30,025	71,513	90,895	451,558
Fringe	186	32,276	3,729	9,003	12,019	57,213
Travel	40	9,170	253	632	2,963	13,058
Operating services	9,212	141,875	10,651	62,191	60,837	284,766
Operating supplies	192	45,330	894	12,992	7,257	66,665
Direct costs - no indirect allocation	-	4,719	-	-	-	4,719
Other costs	-	-	52,755	163,207	-	215,962
Capital outlays	121,907	-	-	-	-	121,907
Total expenditures	131,537	492,495	98,307	319,538	173,971	1,215,848
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		(2.42.2.42)	(	(		
expenditures	435,154	(340,248)	(10,639)	(129,071)	92,245	47,441
Other financing sources (uses)						
Insurance recoveries	5,935	-	-	-	-	5,935
Transfers in	-	340,248	10,639	129,071	38,685	518,643
Transfers out	(387,713)	-	-	-	(130,930)	(518,643)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(381,778)	340,248	10,639	129,071	(92,245)	5,935
Net increase in fund balances	53,376	-	-	-	-	53,376
Fund balances						
Beginning of the year	516,883	-	-	-	-	516,883
End of the year	\$ 570,259	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 570,259

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.** Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2018	 
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 53,376
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which purchased assets (\$667).	87,930
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, only the decrease in the current portion of these expenditures are recorded based on the current amount expended.	1,024
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 142,330

### NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF THE COUNCIL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. (the Council) conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles. Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies used by the Council.

### Purpose of the Council on Aging

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions pertaining to the employment, financial status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Bossier Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in these fields of activity throughout Louisiana and the United States; to interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; to provide for a mutual exchange of ideas and information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA); other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to make recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

The primary services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Bossier Parish include congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, homemaker services, telephoning, wellness, family caregiver support, medic alert referral, transportation, recreation, legal services, material aid, senior centers and public education.

### **Reporting Entity**

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. In 1979, the Louisiana Legislature created the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (La. R.S. 46:931) with specific intention that GOEA administer and coordinate social services and programs for the elderly population of Louisiana through sixty-four parish voluntary councils on aging.

Before a council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from GOEA pursuant to Louisiana Revised Statute (La. R.S.) 46:1602. Each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the state laws that apply to quasi-public agencies, as well as the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. The Council incorporated under the provisions of Title 12, Chapter 2 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes on April 28, 1975.

A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials.

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Bossier Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity:* Omnibus, both of which amended GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the Council is not a component unit of another primary government, nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification Section 2100, the Council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 61, the term fiscally dependent means that the Council may, without approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. As previously mentioned, the GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that all councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by the GOEA. However, this approval process is part of the GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the Council and is more ministerial or compliance oriented than substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement No. 61.

# Basis of Presentation of the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Council have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statement and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999 as amended by GASB Statement 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34".

The content and certain titles of the GWFS were changed upon adoption by the Council in 2013 of GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. This statement provides reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and adds them, when applicable, as elements of the GWFS, because they are distinct from assets and liabilities. In addition, because these additional elements may affect the residual amount of all of the elements presented in the statement of financial position, GASB No. 63 renames that measure as net position rather than net assets. The Council had no deferred outflows or inflows of resources at June 30, 2018.

The Council's basic financial statements consist of "government-wide" financial statements on all activities

of the Council, which are designed to report the Council as a whole entity, and "fund" financial statements, which purpose are to report individual major governmental funds and combined nonmajor governmental funds.

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either "governmental" or "business" type. The Council's functions and programs have all been categorized as "governmental" activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary funds. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements do not include any of these activities or funds.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities for all activities of the Council. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the change in its net position resulting from the activities of the current fiscal year. Intergovernmental revenues primarily support governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position only one column of numbers has been presented for total governmental activities. The numbers are presented on a consolidated basis and represent only governmental type activities.

The Statement of Net Position has been prepared on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net position is reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues such as intergovernmental revenues, and public support, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as charges for services, operating and capital grants, and restricted contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

Direct expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program, whereas, the Council allocates its indirect expenses among various functions and programs in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. The Statement of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect expenses."

In the Statement of Activities, charges for services represent program revenues obtained by the Council when it renders services provided by a specific function or program to people of other entities.

Unrestricted contributions, unrestricted grants, interest income, and miscellaneous revenues that are not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues in this statement. Special items, if any, are significant transactions within the control of management that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence and are separately reported below general revenues. The Council did not have any material items this year.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements present financial information very similar to that which was included in the general-purpose financial statements issued by governmental entities before GASB Statement No. 34 required the format change.

The daily accounts and operations of the Council continue to be organized using funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type. In addition, management may also choose to report any other governmental fund is particularly important to financial statement users. The nonmajor funds are summarized by category or fund type into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified on a hierarchy that shows, from the highest to the lowest form of constraints on fund balance and accordingly, the extent to which the Council is bound to honor them: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council.

**The General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the Council and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The following is a brief description of the programs or funding sources that comprise the Council's General Fund:

### Local Programs and Funding

The Council receives revenues that are not required to be accounted for in a specific program or fund. Accordingly, these revenues have been recorded in the local program of the General Fund. These funds are mostly unrestricted, which means they may be used at management's discretion. Expenditures to acquire fixed assets, and expenditures for costs not allowed by another program due to budget limitations or the nature of the expenditures, are charged to the local program. Because of their

unrestricted nature, local funds are often transferred to other programs to eliminate deficits in cases where the expenditures of the other programs exceeded their revenues. In addition, capital outlay expenditures are usually made with local funds to minimize restrictions on the use and disposition of fixed assets.

#### **Transportation Program Services**

The Council provides transportation services to the residents of Bossier Parish who are at least 60 years old or residents with disabilities. The Council receives a grant from the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) for the transportation services. This grant is commonly referred to as Section 5310 and reimburses the Council 50% of the cost of providing transportation services. This grant (\$122,326) has been recorded as revenue within the Council's General Fund.

#### **Medicaid Services**

The Council provides services for which it is paid a fee by Medicaid. The services consist of providing medical transportation for Medicaid recipients by appointment. The Council also assists people who want to apply for Medicaid coverage with applications.

### FTA Funding for Vehicle Acquisition

The Council participates in a capital assistance program for elderly and disabled sponsored by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration (FTA). The purpose of this program is to provide the Council an avenue to acquire vans by only having to pay 20% of the van's total cost. The Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) coordinates the receipt and disbursement of the federal funds and the required matching funds of the Council. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Council received two vans under this program. The federal government's share (\$81,548) of the total cost of these two vans has been presented as the gross revenues within the Council's General Fund with an offsetting amount also presented as the capital outlay expenditures of this fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term *"proceeds of specific revenue sources"* establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. A significant percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services – Administration on Aging to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following are brief descriptions of the purpose of each special revenue fund and their classification as either a major or nonmajor governmental fund.

#### Major Governmental Funds

### Title III B Fund

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds used to provide various types of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for a qualifying unit of service for each Title III program.

Service	# of Units
Information and assistance	768
Outreach	771
Homemaker	2,788
Recreation	20,626
Transportation for people age 60 or older	15,518
Wellness	9,637
Legal assistance	78

Specific supportive services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

The main sources of revenues that form the basis of this fund are as follows:

- A grant from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B Grant for Supportive Services and Senior Centers (\$113,924).
- Client contributions from persons who actually received services under this program (\$38,051).

## Title III C-1 Fund

The Title III C-1 Fund accounts for funds used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the people age 60 or older in strategically located centers throughout Bossier Parish. During the year, the Council provided 17,439 meals and 2,483 units of nutrition education to people eligible to participate in this program.

There were two main sources of revenues received this year that form the basis of this fund:

- Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C-1 Nutrition Services grant funds (\$80,000).
- Client contributions from those persons who received congregate meals (\$7,668).

### Title III C-2 Fund

The Title III C-2 Fund accounts for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound people who are age 60 or older. During the year, the Council provided 46,382 home-delivered meals and 2,401 units of nutrition education to people eligible to participate in this program.

There were three main sources of revenues received this year that form the basis of this fund:

- A grant from GOEA for Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C-2 Nutrition Services (\$126,355).
- Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP) funds (\$45,005) provided by GOEA to supplement the home-delivered meals program. Any food that is purchased for use in this nutrition program using NSIP funds must be of United States origin or be commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture.
- Client contributions from those persons actually receiving home-delivered meal services (\$16,560).

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Title III AAA Fund

The Title III Area Agency Administration (AAA) Fund is used to account for a portion of the indirect costs of administrating the Council's programs. Each fiscal year GOEA provides the Council with funds to help pay for the costs of administering the Council's special programs for the aging. The amount of funding is not enough to pay for all the indirect costs. As a result, the Council will allocate its indirect costs to this fund first. Once the GOEA funds are completely used, any indirect costs, in excess of the funds provided by GOEA, are distributed to other funds and programs using a formula based on the percentage each program's direct costs bear to direct costs for all programs except payroll and fringe benefits which are allocated on time studies.

#### Medicare Improvement for Patients and Providers Act (MIPPA) Fund

The MIPPA Fund is used to account for funds relating to supporting outreach and assistance efforts directed toward Medicare beneficiaries with limited incomes who may be eligible for Medicare Part D, Low Income Subsidy (LIS) and Medicare Savings Plan (MSP) programs. The goal is to provide outreach to individuals in Bossier Parish, Louisiana with special emphasis on rural communities to increase public awareness and enrollment into the benefits available under LIS and MSP.

#### Title III D Fund

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion (wellness) activities. During the year, the Council provided 1,337 units of wellness service to eligible participants. The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA via CAAA for Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part D Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services.

### Title III E Fund

The Title III E Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide support services for family caregivers and grandparents of older individuals who are relative caregivers. During the year, the Council provided 1,434 units of respite care under this program. The main source of the revenue forming the basis for this fund is a grant the Council received from GOEA for the Title III, Part E National Family Caregivers Support Program.

#### Senior Center Fund

The Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The senior center for Bossier Parish is located in Bossier City with satellite sites in Benton and Plain Dealing. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred its grant revenue remaining after its operating expenses to other Title III Funds to subsidize those programs' cost of providing social services to elderly persons in Bossier Parish.

#### Supplemental Senior Center Fund

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the Parish councils to receive a supplemental grant. The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to the Title III Funds to supplement the supportive services provided by this fund. GOEA provided these funds to the Council.

#### **PCOA Funding**

PCOA funds are appropriated annually for the Council by the Louisiana Legislature and remitted to the Council via the GOEA. The Council's management may use these "Act 735" funds at its discretion to fund any of its programs provided the program is benefiting elderly people (those who are at least 60 years old). In fiscal year 2018, the Council received this grant money into its PCOA Fund and management transferred \$49,725 of the PCOA funds to the Title III C-2 Fund to help pay for that fund's program expenditures.

#### **FEMA Funding**

The FEMA Fund is used to account for the administration of the Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program (EFSP), the purpose of which is to supplement food and shelter assistance to individuals. Funds are provided by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to the United Way of America, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. A local board working with Bossier Parish's local United Way agency assists Bossier City in obtaining EFSP funds. During the fiscal year, EFSP funds were used to supplement the home delivered meals program.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements - Accrual Basis

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

#### Fund Financial Statements - Modified Accrual Basis

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A current financial resources measurement focus means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally include on the fund balance sheet. The operating statements of the funds present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction that can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Council considers revenues to be "available" if they are collected within sixty days of the current fiscal year end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified

accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for the following: (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due, and (2) claims, judgments, and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources. Depreciation and amortization are costs that are not recognized in the governmental funds.

### **Interfund Activity**

In the fund financial statements, interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans between funds are reported as interfund receivables (due from) and payables (due to) as appropriate. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation of resources between funds. In other words, they are not expected to be repaid. In the government-wide financial statements, all types of interfund transactions are eliminated when presenting the governmental activity information.

#### Cash

Cash includes currency on hand and demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions.

#### Receivables

The financial statements for the Council do not contain an allowance for uncollectible receivables because management believes all amounts will be collected. However, if management becomes aware of information that would change its assessment about the collectability of any receivable, management would write off the receivable as a bad debt at that time.

#### Investments

GASB Statement 72 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value in the balance sheet, except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost-based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. The Council did not own any investments of this type at year-end.

Investments, which include securities traded on a national or international exchange, are valued based on their last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. The Council did not own any investments of this type at year-end.

### Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures

In the Statement of Net Position, prepaid expenses include amounts paid in advance for goods and services. These are shown as either current or other assets on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, depending on when management expects to realize their benefits.

In the fund financial statements, management has elected not to include amounts paid for future goods or services as expenditures until those services are consumed. This method of accounting for prepaid expenditures helps assure management that costs incurred will be reported in accordance with the Council's cost reimbursement grants. These types of grants do not permit the Council to obtain reimbursement for qualified expenditures until the goods and services relating to them are consumed. As

a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been classified as nonspendable to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure. The Council had \$11,910 in prepaid expenses at year-end.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment used for property, vehicles, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statement or the fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

Capital assets are long-lived assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000 and have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets will also include major repairs to equipment and vehicles that significantly extend the asset's useful life. Routine repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

For capital assets recorded in the government-wide financial statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The Council follows a guideline issued by the State of Louisiana's Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting to establish the useful lives of the various types of capital assets that are depreciated and the method used to calculate annual depreciation. Using this guideline, the estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	20	Years
Nutrition equipment	10	Years
Office equipment – other than computers	6	years
Computer equipment	5	years
Computer software	3	years
Vehicles	5	years

When calculating depreciation, the State's guideline assumes that capital assets will not have any salvage value and that a full year's worth of depreciation will be taken in the year the capital assets are placed in service or disposed.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the Council's operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund that provided the resources to acquire the assets. Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the fund financial statements.

#### Non-Current (Long-Term) Liabilities

The accounting treatment of non-current liabilities depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, all non-

current liabilities that will be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities. In the fund financial statements, non-current liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities or presented elsewhere in these statements. The Council did not have any non-current liabilities at year-end.

#### Unpaid Compensated Absences

The Council's policy for vacation time permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. The amount accrued as the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Financial Statements report only compensated absence liabilities that are payable from expendable available financial resources to the extent that the liabilities mature. Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it or terminates employment with the Council. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial Statements. The difference in the methods of accruing compensated absences creates a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

#### **Advances From Funding Agency**

Advances from funding agency represent unexpended balances of grants awarded to the Council that are required to be returned to the funding agency at the end of the grant period. Grant funds due back to the funding agency are recorded as a liability when the amount due becomes known, normally when a final accounting is submitted to the funding agency. The Council did not have any advances from funding agencies at year-end.

#### **Deferred Revenues**

The Council reports deferred revenues on both the Statement of Net Position (government-wide) and the Balance Sheet (fund financial statements). Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Statement of Net Position and Fund Balance Sheet, whichever the case might be, and the revenue is recognized. The Council had no deferred revenue at year-end.

### Net Position in the Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Net Position amount is classified and displayed in three components:

 Invested in capital assets – This component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. At year-end, the Council did not have any borrowings that were related to capital assets.

- Restricted net position This component consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Council's policy to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

### Fund Equity – Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Council's management implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid expenditures, beneficial interests in assets of foundation, and deposits as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of
  resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,
  contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional
  provisions or enabling legislation. The Council did not have any restricted fund balances at year-end.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Council's board of directors, which is the Council's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Council did not have any committed resources as of yearend.
- Assigned This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent should be expressed by the Council's (1) board of directors, (2) its finance committee, or (3) an official, such as the executive director, to which the board of directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. The Council did not have any assigned resources as of year-end.
- Unassigned This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It also represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or

assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the Council will generally use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. However, the Council's management reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first and to defer the use of the other classified funds.

#### Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct costs of the administration function. The net cost of the administration function is allocated using a formula based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract restrictions.

#### **Beneficial Interest in Assets of Foundation**

Transfers of its funds to the Community Foundation of Shreveport-Bossier, specifying Bossier Council in Aging, Inc. as the beneficiary, are accounted for as an asset, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Elimination and Reclassifications**

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

#### **NOTE 2 - REVENUE RECOGNITION**

Revenues are recorded in the government-wide financial statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the fund financial statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting, intergovernmental grant revenues, program service fees, and interest income are usually both measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support and miscellaneous revenues are often difficult to measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account to deposit most of the monies it collects and to pay its bills. The purpose of this consolidated bank account is to reduce administrative costs and facilitate cash

management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

Cash is reported at its carrying value, which equals its fair value. At year-end, the combined carrying amount of the Council's cash on its books, including \$375 of petty cash, was \$397,007 and the related bank balances totaled \$408,356. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash relates primarily to deposits made and checks written on demand deposit accounts which did not clear the bank accounts by year-end. At year-end, the Council had approximately \$158,356 in uninsured deposits.

The Council has a certificate of deposit with a local bank in the amount of \$149,912 at year end. The certificate of deposit had an original six month term and is set to mature on October 11, 2018.

### NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation is as follows:

Capital Assets	Ba	lance July 1,					Ba	lance June 30,
		2017	А	dditions	D	ecreases		2018
Vehicles	\$	361,527	\$	112,862	\$	40,837	\$	433,552
Furniture and equipment	100	45,724	10	9,045	1	8,451	1010	46,318
Total capital assets		407,251		121,907		49,288		479,870
Less accumulated depreciation								
Vehicles		262,673		28,939		40,170		251,442
Furniture and equipment		39,966		4,371		8,451		35,886
Subtotal		302,639		33,310		48,621		287,328
Net assets	\$	104,612	\$	88,597	\$	667	\$	192,542

None of the above amounts include donated assets. All of the Council's vehicles are operational at yearend. The Council's management has reviewed capital assets and does not believe any capital assets are impaired as of year-end.

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$ 33,310
AAA	
Total	\$ 33,310

### NOTE 5 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members can request reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses in accordance with the Council's travel policy when traveling on behalf of the Council.

### NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN ASSETS OF FOUNDATION

The Council established an endowment fund in fiscal year 2013 by transferring \$15,000 to the Community Foundation of Shreveport/Bossier (Foundation). Under the terms of the agreement, variance power and legal ownership of the funds rest with the Foundation, with the Council as the beneficiary of the reciprocal transfer.

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

A summary of the activity on the endowment fund follows:

			Co	mmunity
	BCOA		Fo	undation
Balance at July 1, 2017	\$	-	\$	16,705
Interest and dividends		-		268
Net realized and unrealized gains		-		1,057
Grants/ scholarships		-		(647)
Administrative fees		-		(162)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	17,221

## **NOTE 7 - IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS**

The Council received a variety of in-kind contributions during the year, but does not record the fair value of them in its government-wide and fund financial statements, except for the donation of capital assets. In the case of a capital asset, accounting principles for governmental entities require the fair value of a donated capital asset be recorded in the Statement of Activities at the time of acquisition. However, these same principles do not permit the recording of the fair value of capital assets (or other in-kind contributions) in the fund financial statements because of the measurement focus of such statements.

## NOTE 8 - INCOME TAX STATUS

Under provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and the applicable income tax regulations of the State of Louisiana, the Council is exempt from income taxes, except from unrelated business income. There were no unrelated business activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. Accordingly, no tax expense was incurred for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Council believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements.

## NOTE 9 - LEASE AND RENTAL COMMITMENTS

The Council has an operating lease associated with a copier. The terms of the lease require the Council to pay \$336 per month over the term of this lease. The lease term runs from July 2016 to June 2021. The Council also leases GPS equipment under various operating leases requiring payments of \$563 per month over the lease terms. The lease expired April 2018. Rent expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was \$10,321. Minimum payments due under these leases are as follows: 2019 -\$4,026; 2020 - \$4,026; and 2021 - \$4,026.

## NOTE 10 - JUDGMENTS, CLAIMS, AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

The Council is party to routine claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such claims are covered by insurance and, in the opinion of management, the outcome of such actions will have no material impact on the financial condition or results of operations for the Council.

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES-GRANT PROGRAMS

The Council participates in a number of state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Council has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received and the collectability of any related receivable at year-end may be impaired. In management's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing state and federal grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies. Audits of prior years have not resulted in any significant disallowed costs or refunds. Any costs that would be disallowed would be recognized in the period agreed upon by the grantor agency and the Council.

## NOTE 12 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives the majority of its revenue from other governments in the form of intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental type revenues are appropriated each year by the federal, state, and local governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the Council will receive in fiscal year 2018 relating to its usual sources of intergovernmental revenues.

## **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

## NOTE 14 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Because the Council operates its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans. The Council had no interfund receivables or payable at year-end.

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers to and from the various funds are as follows for the fiscal year:

	Transfers	n T	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$ -	\$	387,713		
Title III B Fund	340,24	18	-		
Title III C-1 Fund	10,63	39	<del></del> 0		
Title III C-2 Fund	129,07	11	75.0		
Nonmajor Funds					
Title III AAA	9,68	33	<del></del>		
MIPPA			600		
Title III D	4,11	9	<b>1</b> 0		
Title III E	24,88	33	-		
Senior Center	-		59,691		
Supplemental Senior Center	-		10,914		
PCOA	-		49,725		
FEMA	-		10,000		
Total	\$ 518,64	<b>1</b> 3 \$	5 518,643		

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (b) to shift unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for by special revenue funds to eliminate program deficits. These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

## NOTE 16 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value measurement accounting literature provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels. Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that the Council has the ability to access. Level 2 inputs are based primarily on quoted prices for similar assets in active or inactive markets and/ or based on inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on assumptions market participants would utilize in pricing the assets.

The Council uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its beneficial interest in assets of foundation. The asset's fair value measurement level with the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. When available, valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The Council's beneficial interest in assets of foundation are pooled with other organizations' funds and managed by the Community Foundation of North Louisiana. Level 2 inputs are used to value the Council's beneficial interest in assets of foundation of \$17,221 at June 30, 2018.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Board of Directors Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Bossier City, Louisiana Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRIcpa.com

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2018.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs listed as item 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Bossier Council on Aging's Response to Finding

Bossier Council on Aging's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bossier Council on Aging's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

**CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC** Shreveport, Louisiana November 2, 2018

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our audit of the financial statements as of June 30, 2018, resulted in an unmodified opinion.

## Section I – Summary of Auditors' Report

Type of auditors' report issued on the basic financial statements: Unm					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
<ul> <li>Material weakness identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered material weaknesses</li> </ul>	Yes s? No				
Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?	No				
Federal awards	N/A				

## Section II – Financial Statement Findings

## **Current Year Findings**

## 2018-001 Material Adjustment

## Criteria or Specific Requirement:

The internal controls of an organization are to be designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

## Condition:

In the course of performing auditing procedures over revenue, receivables and capital assets, we discovered there was an overstatement of revenue, receivables and capital assets. We made a material audit adjustment to reduce revenue, reduce receivables and reduce capital assets.

## Cause:

The cause of the condition is failure by management to design and implement effective internal controls such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement will be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis by management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

## Effect:

The financial statements required a significant adjustment which was material to the financial statements.

## Recommendation:

We recommend the Council develop and implement procedures to ensure that material misstatements in the financial statements are identified and corrected in a timely manner.

## Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions:

We have reviewed the results of the finding noted and concur with the assessment of the issues identified. We are aware of the responsibility of recording capital assets and grant receivables and how they affect the financial statements. Please refer to the plan of correction.

## **Prior Year Findings**

## 2017-001 Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

## Year of Origination: June 30, 2017

**Condition:** The indirect allocations were not updated, the payroll allocations were not updated based on the fiscal year time study, and funds were not properly recorded. These items required material adjustments that were proposed by the client.

**Corrective action taken:** Management has implemented the proper procedures to ensure that allocations are properly recorded.

## 2017-002 Material Adjustment

## Year of Origination: June 30, 2017

**Condition:** There were overstated revenue and receivables and the prior year audit adjustments were not recorded. Material adjustments were made to record the prior year audit adjustments and reduce revenue and receivables.

**Corrective action taken:** Management has not implemented the proper procedures to ensure that all revenues and receivables are properly recorded at each period. See current year finding 2018-001.

## 2017-003 Cash Disbursements

**Condition:** There were disbursements that were not approved and an invoice was paid for the incorrect amount resulting in an overpayment to the vendor.

**Corrective action take:** Management developed and implemented procedures to ensure that cash disbursements have proper supporting documentation, are approved by management and comply with all applicable laws, regulations and grant requirements.

## 2017-004 Credit Card Purchases

**Condition:** A significant amount of purchases were being made with credit cards. Receipts were not maintained to support the credit card purchases and the business purpose for expenditures was not documented.

**Corrective action take:** Management developed and implemented procedures to ensure that cash disbursements have proper supporting documentation, are approved by management.

## 2017-005 Investment Account

**Condition:** Management opened a new investment account without approval from the Board of Directors.

**Corrective action taken:** Management developed and implemented procedures to require approval by the Board of Directors, with the requisite resolution authorized by action of the Board prior to new banking and investment accounts being opened.

## 2017-006 Late Filing

**Condition:** The Council did not have the June 30, 2017 audited financial statements submitted to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor in the required timeframe.

**Corrective action taken:** Management implemented proper internal controls to ensure the audit report is filed timely.

## 2017-007 Grant Reporting

**Condition:** The Council did not maintain the required documentation to support the reimbursement request submitted to the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development. The terms of the grant award requires the charges to the grant have proper supporting documentation. The one reimbursement request we examined did not have the proper supporting documentation and the reimbursement request was overstated.

**Corrective action taken:** Management developed policies and procedures to ensure that all grant expenditures are supported with proper documentation and reimbursement request are completed accurately to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

## 2017-008 Travel Expenses

**Condition:** Travel expenses were reimbursed for items that are not in compliance with the travel policy established by the Council. The expenditures included meals over the allowable rates, alcoholic beverage purchases and excessive tipping.

**Corrective action taken:** The Council developed and implemented procedures to comply with the travel policy and State guidelines for reimbursement of travel expenses.

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Corrective Action Plan

## Financial Statement Findings Reported in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards

## 2018-001 Material Adjustment

## Condition:

In the course of performing auditing procedures over revenue, receivables and capital assets, we discovered there was an overstatement of revenue, receivables and capital assets. We made a material audit adjustment to reduce revenue, reduce receivables and reduce capital assets.

## Plan of correction:

Management corrected capital asset to correctly recorded capital asset from DOTD 5310 capital grant of vehicle received from \$54,154.85 to \$39,560.95. Management corrected account receivable for DOTD 5310 operational grant for the non-reimbursable expenses that exceeded grant amount of \$7,219.50.

Persons responsible for plan of correction: Nancy Camus, Laura Huff and Tamara Crane

*Anticipated completion date:* July 1, 2018 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT 34

Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

The Council has no legal obligation to budget this fund.

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title III B Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2018	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Mounts		riance with Budget avorable
			G	AAP Basis	(Un	favorable)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	~	444074	~	440.004		(0.47)
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$	114,871	\$	113,924	\$	(947)
Unrestricted public support		-		174		174
Client contributions		3 <del>7</del> 7		38,051		38,051
Program service fees		-		98		98
Total revenues		114,871		152,247		37,376
Expenditures						
Personnel		286,833		259,125		27,708
Fringe		36,441		32,276		4,165
Travel		12,925		9,170		3,755
Operating services		102,151		141,875		(39,724)
Operating supplies		39,624		45,330		(5,706)
Other costs		3,000		-		3,000
Direct costs - no indirect allocation		24,719		4,719		20,000
Total expenditures		505,693		492,495		13,198
n serven er en		× 0 92 <b>*</b> × × ×				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(390,822)		(340,248)		50,574
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		390,822		340,248		(50,574)
Total other financing sources		390,822		340,248		(50,574)
n navna fors di navna v ™inista (2011). A				177 5 <b>6</b> 5		
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances		) <del>.</del>		₽"		<del></del>
Fund balances						
Beginning of year		7-		-		-
End of year	\$	.=:	\$	-2	\$	<b>1</b> 0

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title III C-1 Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2018	Budgeted Amounts		Actual mounts	(14) (1000000)	riance with Budget
		G/	AP Basis	10	avorable nfavorable)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental					
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 80,000	\$	80,000	\$	
Client contributions			7,668		7,668
Total revenues	80,000		87,668		7,668
Expenditures					
Personnel	31,358		30,025		1,333
Fringe	3,984		3,729		255
Travel	198		253		(55)
Operating services	4,159		10,651		(6,492)
Operating supplies	1,872		894		978
Other costs	64,132		52,755		11,377
Total expenditures	105,703		98,307		7,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(25,703)		(10,639)		15,064
Other financing sources					
Transfers in	25,703		10,639	(	15,064)
Total other financing sources	25,703		10,639	(	15,064)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	8 <b>.</b> -		-		-
Fund balances					
Beginning of year	-				<del></del>
End of year	\$ 5 <del>00</del>	\$	<del></del>	\$	<del></del> .

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title III C-2 Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2018	Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget Favorable
		<b>GAAP Basis</b>	(Unfavorable)
92			
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	A 496956	A 496.955	a (a)
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 126,356	\$ 126,355	\$ (1)
NSIP	43,222	45,005	1,783
Unrestricted public support	-	2,547	2,547
Client contributions	-	16,560	16,560
Total revenues	169,578	190,467	20,889
Expenditures			
Personnel	69,006	71,513	(2,507)
Fringe	8,767	9,003	(236)
Travel	560	632	(72)
Operating services	55,569	62,191	(6,622)
Operating supplies	9,424	12,992	(3,568)
Other costs	156,268	163,207	(6,939)
Total expenditures	299,594	319,538	(19,944)
201009 6 Ville 20 200 200 7	*		<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(130,016)	(129,071)	945
Other financing sources	120.010	120 071	(045)
Transfers in	130,016	129,071	(945)
Total other financing sources	130,016	129,071	(945)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	~
Fund balances			
Beginning of year	<b>H</b>	<b>2</b>	19 <del>1</del>
End of year	\$-	\$-	\$ -

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GOEA

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Schedule of Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2018	Title III AAA	MIPPA	Title III D	Title III E	Senior Center	Supplemental Senior Center	PCOA	FEMA	Total
Revenues	1001	Hull 73	The m b	THE III E	center	Bennor Benner	100/1	1 2170 1	Total
Intergovernmental									
GOEA	\$ 38,624	\$ 600	\$ 5,378	\$ 37,844	\$ 112,490	\$ 10,914	\$ 49,725	\$ -	\$ 255,575
FEMA	÷ 56,624	÷ 000	¢ 5,570	\$ 57,644	÷ 112,430	÷ 10,514	-	10,000	10,000
Public Support								10,000	10,000
Client contributions	-	-	199	442	-	¥	2	1	641
Total revenues	38,624	600	5,577	38,286	112,490	10,914	49,725	10,000	266,216
Expenditures									
Personnel	19,734	245	7,747	42,045	21,369	2	2	142	90,895
Fringe	1,843	-	928	6,460	2,788	-	-		12,019
Travel	747	2 <b>4</b> 5	20	2,078	118	2	2	12	2,963
Operating services	24,617	-	930	11.239	24,051	-	-	-	60,837
Operating supplies	1,366	141	71	1,347	4,473		2		7,257
Total expenditures	48,307	190	9,696	63,169	52,799	7	z		173,971
Evenes (deficience)) of revenues									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,683)	600	(4 110)	(24,883)	59,691	10,914	49,725	10,000	92,245
over expenditures	(9,085)	600	(4,119)	(24,005)	29,091	10,914	49,725	10,000	92,245
Other financing sources (uses)									
Operating transfers in	9,683	(7)	4,119	24,883	5 <del>8</del> 6	<del></del>	-	1752	38,685
Operating transfers out	-	(600)		09 (1 <del>4</del> 1)	(59,691)	(10,914)	(49,725)	(10,000)	(130,930)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,683	(600)	4,119	24,883	(59,691)	(10,914)	(49,725)	(10,000)	(92,245)
		- 14	194						NI (222) 24
Net increase in fund balances	-	-	-	-		1	8		8
Fund balances									
Beginning of year	120		-		-	<u>2</u>	8	-	8
End of year	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Comparison Schedule of Capital Assets and Changes in Capital Assets

For the year ended June 30, 2018		Balance 1e 30, 2017	A	dditions	Ľ	Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2018
Capital assets, at cost	2		2				78	
Vehicles	\$	361,527	\$	112,862	\$	40,837	\$	433,552
Furniture and equipment		45,724		9,045		8,451		46,318
Total	\$	407,251	\$	121,907	\$	49,288	\$	479,870
Investment in capital assets								
Property acquired with funds from -								
AAA	\$	2,567	\$	1 <del></del>	\$		\$	2,567
PCOA		19,850		1.		=		19,850
Local		384,834		121,907		49,288		457,453
Total	\$	407,251	\$	121,907	\$	49,288	\$	479,870

**OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.

Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments Made to Agency Head

Agency Head Name: <u>Tamara Crane, Executive Director</u>

Purpose	Α	mount
Salary	\$	61,903
Cell phone	\$	1,230
Dues	\$	235
Reimbursements	\$	105
Travel	\$	832
Conference travel	\$	515
Special meals	\$	81

## Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.

## AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT

For the fiscal period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018





Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 1000 East Preston Avenue Suite 200 Shreveport, LA 71105

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4278 Shreveport, LA 71134-0278

(318) 222-2222 (318) 226-7150 (fax) CRlcpa.com

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Directors Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. (the "BCOA") and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor ("LLA") on the control and compliance ("C/C") areas identified in the LLA's Statewide Agreed-Upon Procedures ("SAUPs") for the fiscal period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. The Council's management is responsible for those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and applicable standards of *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the specified users of this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and our associated findings are as follows:

## Written Policies and Procedures

- 1. Obtain and inspect the entity's written policies and procedures and observe that they address each of the following categories and subcategories (if applicable to public funds and the entity's operations):
  - a) **Budgeting**, including preparing, adopting, monitoring, and amending the budget

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b) **Purchasing**, including (1) how purchases are initiated; (2) how vendors are added to the vendor list; (3) the preparation and approval process of purchase requisitions and purchase orders; (4) controls to ensure compliance with the public bid law; and (5) documentation required to be maintained for all bids and price quotes.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) **Disbursements**, including processing, reviewing, and approving

#### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

d) Receipts/Collections, including receiving, recording, and preparing deposits. Also, policies and procedures should include management's actions to determine the completeness of all collections for each type of revenue or agency fund additions (e.g. periodic confirmation with outside parties, reconciliation to utility billing after cutoff procedures, reconciliation of traffic ticket number sequences, agency fund forfeiture monies confirmation).

e) **Payroll/Personnel**, including (1) payroll processing, and (2) reviewing and approving time and attendance records, including leave and overtime worked.

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

f) **Contracting**, including (1) types of services requiring written contracts, (2) standard terms and conditions, (3) legal review, (4) approval process, and (5) monitoring process

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. Policies and procedures do not address the standard terms and conditions nor the legal review for contracts. Policies and procedures appropriately address the types of services requiring contracts and the monitoring process. This is a repeat finding.

g) Credit Cards (and debit cards, fuel cards, P-Cards, if applicable), including (1) how cards are to be controlled, (2) allowable business uses, (3) documentation requirements, (4) required approvers of statements, and (5) monitoring card usage (e.g., determining the reasonableness of fuel card purchases)

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

h) **Travel and expense reimbursement**, including (1) allowable expenses, (2) dollar thresholds by category of expense, (3) documentation requirements, and (4) required approvers

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

i) *Ethics*, including (1) the prohibitions as defined in Louisiana Revised Statute 42:1111-1121, (2) actions to be taken if an ethics violation takes place, (3) system to monitor possible ethics violations, and (4) requirement that all employees, including elected officials, annually attest through signature verification that they have read the entity's ethics policy.

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. No formal written policies and procedures are in place. This is a repeat finding.

## Board or Finance Committee

- 2. Obtain and inspect the board/finance committee minutes for the fiscal period, as well as the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or equivalent document in effect during the fiscal period, and:
  - a) Observe that the board/finance committee met with a quorum at least monthly or on a frequency in accordance with the board's enabling legislation, charter, bylaws, or other equivalent document.

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. The Council's Board of Directors or Finance Committee are scheduled to meet at least every other month, according to their bylaws and that a quorum consists of at least eight members. We inspected the minutes for the year. There were meetings scheduled appropriately for every other month as per the bylaws. The July 2017 scheduled meeting did not have quorum present; however, all other months did have quorum for the meetings.

b) For those entities reporting on the governmental accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included monthly budget-to-actual comparisons on the general fund and major special revenue funds, as well as monthly financial statements (or budget-to-actual comparisons, if budgeted) for major proprietary funds. Alternately, for those entities reporting on the non-profit accounting model, observe that the minutes referenced or included financial activity relating to public funds if those public funds comprised more than 10% of the entity's collections during the fiscal period.

c) For governmental entities, obtain the prior year audit report and observe the unrestricted fund balance in the general fund. If the general fund had a negative ending unrestricted fund balance in the prior year audit report, observe that the minutes for at least one meeting during the fiscal period referenced or included a formal plan to eliminate the negative unrestricted fund balance in the general fund.

## **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

### **Bank Reconciliations**

- 3. Obtain a listing of client bank accounts for the fiscal period from management and management's representation that the listing is complete. Ask management to identify the entity's main operating account. Select the entity's main operating account and randomly select four additional accounts (or all accounts if less than 5). Randomly select one month from the fiscal period, obtain and inspect the corresponding bank statement and reconciliation for selected each account, and observe that:
  - a) Bank reconciliations include evidence that they were prepared within 2 months of the related statement closing date (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged);

### **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

 Bank reconciliations include evidence that a member of management/board member who does not handle cash, post ledgers, or issue checks has reviewed each bank reconciliation (e.g., initialed and dated, electronically logged); and

**Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) Management has documentation reflecting that it has researched reconciling items that have been outstanding for more than 12 months from the statement closing date, if applicable.

## Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

#### Collections

4. Obtain a listing of <u>deposit sites</u> for the fiscal period where deposits for cash/checks/money orders (cash) are prepared and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five deposit sites (or all deposit sites if less than 5).

#### **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- 5. For each deposit site selected, obtain a listing of <u>collection locations</u> and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select one collection location for each deposit site (i.e. 5 collection locations for 5 deposit sites), obtain and inspect written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if no written policies or procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties) at each collection location, and observe that job duties are properly segregated at each collection location such that:
  - a) Employees that are responsible for cash collections do not share cash drawers/registers.

b) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for preparing/making bank deposits, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling collection documentation (e.g. pre-numbered receipts) to the deposit.

### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) Each employee responsible for collecting cash is not responsible for posting collection entries to the general ledger or subsidiary ledgers, unless another employee/official is responsible for reconciling ledger postings to each other and to the deposit.

# Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. The bookkeeper is responsible for collecting cash and posting collection entries to the general ledger.

d) The employee(s) responsible for reconciling cash collections to the general ledger and/or subsidiary ledgers, by revenue source and/or agency fund additions are not responsible for collecting cash, unless another employee verifies the reconciliation.

## Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

6. Inquire of management that all employees who have access to cash are covered by a bond or insurance policy for theft.

### **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- 7. Randomly select two deposit dates for each of the five bank accounts selected for procedure #3 under "Bank Reconciliations" above (select the next deposit date chronologically if no deposits were made on the dates randomly selected and randomly select a deposit if multiple deposits are made on the same day). Alternately, the practitioner may use a source document other than bank statements when selecting the deposit dates for testing, such as a cash collection log, daily revenue report, receipt book, etc. Obtain supporting documentation for each of the 10 deposits and:
  - a) Observe that receipts are sequentially pre-numbered.

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. Sequentially pre-numbered receipts are on hand at the Council's office; however, the drivers in the field do not use them for the lockboxes. Many of the funds in the boxes are donations and clients place the donations in the lockboxes without receipts.

b) Trace sequentially pre-numbered receipts, system reports, and other related collection documentation to the deposit slip.

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. Sequentially pre-numbered receipts were not provided for each amount included in the deposits.

c) Trace the deposit slip total to the actual deposit per the bank statement.

#### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

d) Observe that the deposit was made within one business day of receipt at the collection location (within one week if the depository is more than 10 miles from the collection location or the deposit is less than \$100).

## Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. We observed that one of the two deposits inspected was not deposited within one business day of receipt. This is a repeat finding.

e) Trace the actual deposit per the bank statement to the general ledger.

## Non-Payroll Disbursements (excluding card purchases/payments, travel reimbursements, and petty cash purchases)

8. Obtain a listing of locations that process payments for the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Randomly select five locations (or all locations if less than five).

## **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- 9. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain a listing of those employees involved with nonpayroll purchasing and payment functions. Obtain written policies and procedures relating to employee job duties (if the agency has no written policies and procedures, inquire of employees about their job duties), and observe that job duties are properly segregated such that:
  - a) At least two employees are involved in initiating a purchase request, approving a purchase, and placing an order/making the purchase.

### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b) At least two employees are involved in processing and approving payments to vendors.

### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

c) The employee responsible for processing payments is prohibited from adding/modifying vendor files, unless another employee is responsible for periodically reviewing changes to vendor files.

### **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

d) Either the employee/official responsible for signing checks mails the payment or gives the signed checks to an employee to mail who is not responsible for processing payments.

### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

- 10. For each location selected under #8 above, obtain the entity's non-payroll disbursement transaction population (excluding cards and travel reimbursements) and obtain management's representation that the population is complete. Randomly select 5 disbursements for each location, obtain supporting documentation for each transaction and:
  - a) Observe that the disbursement matched the related original invoice/billing statement.

## Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b) Observe that the disbursement documentation included evidence (e.g., initial/date, electronic logging) of segregation of duties tested under #9, as applicable.

## Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

## Credit Cards/Debit Cards/Fuel Cards/P-Cards

11. Obtain from management a listing of all active credit cards, bank debit cards, fuel cards, and P-cards (cards) for the fiscal period, including the card numbers and the names of the persons who maintained possession of the cards. Obtain management's representation that the listing is complete.

#### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

12. Using the listing prepared by management, randomly select five cards (or all cards if less than five) that were used during the fiscal period. Randomly select one monthly statement or combined statement for each card (for a debit card, randomly select one monthly bank statement), obtain supporting documentation, and:

a) Observe that there is evidence that the monthly statement or combined statement and supporting documentation (e.g., original receipts for credit/debit card purchases, exception reports for excessive fuel card usage) was reviewed and approved, in writing, by someone other than the authorized card holder. [Note: Requiring such approval may constrain the legal authority of certain public officials (e.g., mayor of a Lawrason Act municipality); these instances should not be reported.)]

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. We inspected each of the selected statements and supporting documentation for review and approval. We observed that the supporting documentation was reviewed and approved; however, four out of the five statements do not have evidence of review and approval. The fifth statement is the Executive Director's statement and it does not have approval by someone other than the authorized card holder. This is a repeat finding.

b) Observe that finance charges and late fees were not assessed on the selected statements.

## **Results:** No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

13. Using the monthly statements or combined statements selected under #12 above, <u>excluding fuel cards</u>, randomly select 10 transactions (or all transactions if less than 10) from each statement, and obtain supporting documentation for the transactions (i.e. each card should have 10 transactions subject to testing). For each transaction, observe that it is supported by (1) an original itemized receipt that identifies precisely what was purchased, (2) written documentation of the business/public purpose, and (3) documentation of the individuals participating in meals (for meal charges only).

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. We randomly selected 10 transactions (or all transaction if less than 10) from each of the selected statements. We inspected the support for appropriateness based on the procedure above. We observed three of the transactions inspected did not include documentation of the individuals participating in meals.

#### Ethics

- 14. Randomly select five employees/officials. Obtain ethics documentation from management, and:
  - a. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official completed one hour of ethics training during the fiscal period.

Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

b. Observe that the documentation demonstrates each employee/official attested through signature verification that he or she has read the entity's ethics policy during the fiscal period.

### Results: No exceptions were found as a result of applying the procedure.

Other	

15. Obtain a listing of misappropriations of public funds and assets during the fiscal period and management's representation that the listing is complete. Select all misappropriations on the listing, obtain supporting documentation, and observe that the entity reported the misappropriation(s) to the legislative auditor and the district attorney of the parish in which the entity is domiciled.

16. Observe that the entity has posted on its premises and website, the notice required by R.S. 24:523.1 concerning the reporting of misappropriation, fraud, waste, or abuse of public funds.

Results: There was an exception found as a result of applying the procedure. We inspected the premises and observed the required notice is posted. We inspected the BCOA website at www.bossiercoa.org and observed that the required notice is not posted. This is a repeat finding.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing performed on those C/C areas identified in the SAUPs, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on control or compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of commissioners and management of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the LLA as a public document.

Can, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Shreveport, Louisiana November 12, 2018