HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA

Component Unit Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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WILLIAM R. HULSEY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish Ruston, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish (the Center), a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish Ruston, Louisiana

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 3-5 and 24-28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes for additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the component unit financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated May 16, 2014 on my consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WILLIAM R. HULSEY (APAC)
Certified Public Accountant

May 16, 2014

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART A)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish (H.E.L.P.) Center's financial statements provides an overview of its activities for the year ended December 31, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the H.E.L.P. Center's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the H.E.L.P. Center as a whole.

Reporting the H.E.L.P. Center as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector entities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the H.E.L.P. Center's net position and changes in them. The H.E.L.P. Center's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) measure the H.E.L.P. Center's financial position. Increases or decreases in the H.E.L.P. Center's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or not.

The H.E.L.P. Center AS A WHOLE

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, net position changed as follows:

	2013	2012
Beginning net position	\$ 26,735	\$141,833
Increase (decrease) in net position	(70,650)	(115,098)
Ending net position	\$(43,915)	\$ 26,735

The H.E.L.P. Center's FUNDS

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues and expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

		Percent of		Percent of
Revenues	2013	Total	2012	Total
Grant receipts	\$799,781	92.72%	\$893,125	96.98%
Transportation fares	23,502	2.72%	27,307	2.97%
Miscellaneous	2,118	0.25%	482	0.05%
Contributed Capital	37,210	4.31%	-	-
Total Revenues	\$862,611	100.00%	\$920,914	100.00%

		Percent of		Percent of
Expenditures	2013	Total	2012	Total
Health and welfare	\$ 933,261	100.00%	\$ 1,036,012	100.00%

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The H.E.L.P. Center's total revenues in 2013 were greater than the final budgeted revenue by significant amounts but at the same time actual expenditures in 2013 were greater than the budgeted figures by similar amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

At December 31, 2013, the H.E.L.P. Center had \$501,849 invested in capital assets (\$145,830 net of accumulated depreciation) including machinery and equipment and vehicles.

	December 31,			December 31,
Assets	2012	Additions	Disposals	2013
Vehicles	\$412,470	\$ 37,210		\$449,680
Machinery & equipment	52,169			52,169
Total at historical cost	464,639			501,849
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Vehicles	(275,308)	(30,725)		(306,033)
Machinery & equipment	(48,871)	(1,115)		(49,986)
Capital assets, net	\$140,460	\$ 5,370		\$145,830

Debt

At year end, the H.E.L.P. Center had a total liability of \$12,788 for compensated absences.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the H.E.L.P. Center has complied with requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement requires that employers disclose the Annual Required Contribution and Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation as determined by actuarial computations.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The H.E.L.P. Center's revenues are derived mainly from a variety of grants and charges for fees. The H.E.L.P. Center is not aware of any significant increases or decreases in those revenues sources or associated expenditures but in light of the current economic volatility, the Center must continue to monitor its limited resources to fit the needs of the citizens of Lincoln Parish and be aware of other funding opportunities that may present themselves.

CONTACTING THE H.E.L.P. CENTER'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the H.E.L.P. Center's finances and to show the H.E.L.P. Center's accountability for the funds received by it. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Courtney Hall Parish Administrator 100 West Texas Avenue Post Office Box 979 Ruston, LA 71273 GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

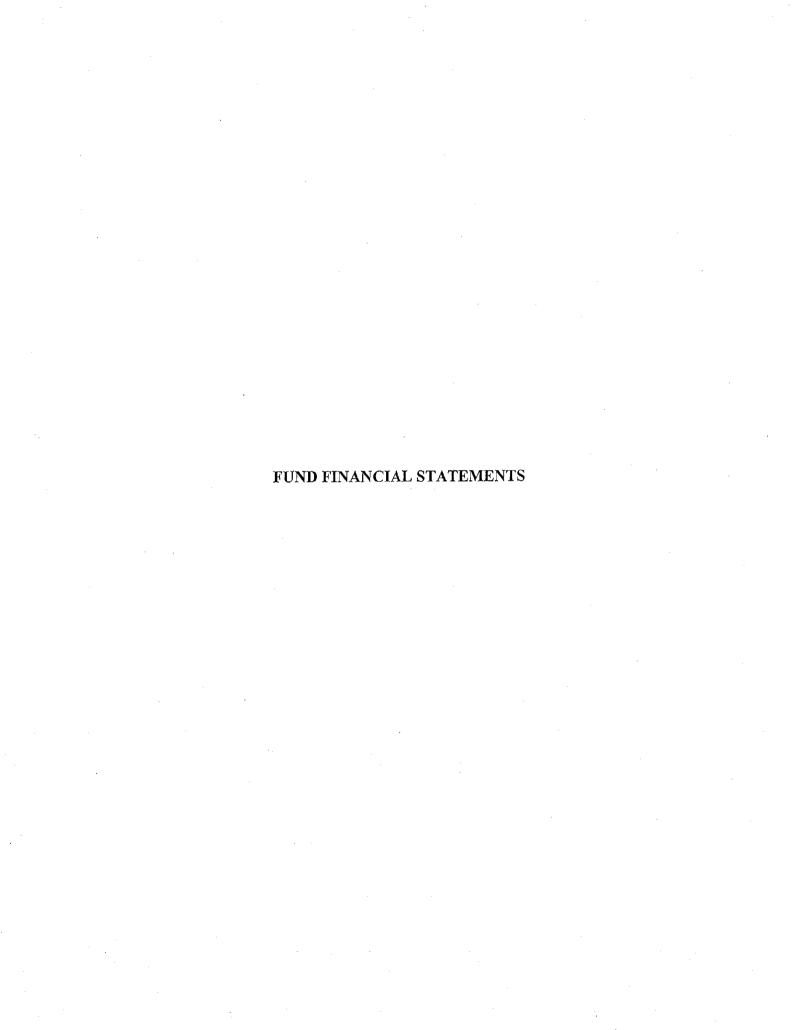
HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Assets	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 18,646
Accounts Receivable	47,256
Due From Other Governments - LPPJ	36,998
Depreciable Assets	145,830
Total Assets	248,730
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	5,527
Due To Other Governments - LPPJ	23,903
Non-Current Liabilities	
Compensated Absenses	12,788
Postretirement Benefit Plan Payable	250,427_
Total Liabilities	292,645
Net Position	•
Net Investment in Capital Assets	145,830
Unrestricted	(189,745)
Total Net Position	\$ (43,915)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

									Ne	t (Expense)
									Re	venue and
					Progra	am Revenue	:s		C	hanges in
					O	perating	Ca	pital		et Position
			Ch	arges for	G	rants and	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental
	E	Expenses		ervices	Cor	ntributions	Contr	ibutions	A	Activities
Function/Program Activities Government Activities:										
Health and Welfare	\$	933,261	\$	23,502	\$	799,781	\$		\$	(109,978)
			Gene	eral Reven	ues:					
				•	Contri	buted Capita	al			37,210
					Interes	st Earned				2,118
					Tot	tal General F	Revenues	S		39,328
					Chang	ges in Net Po	sition			(70,650)
					Net Po	osition - Beg	inning			26,735
					Net Po	osition - End	ling		\$	(43,915)



HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH

RUSTON, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund		Transportation		;	ommunity Service ock Grant	LIHEAP		
Assets:									
Cash	\$	6,970	\$	_	\$	-	\$	10,995	
Accounts Receivable		· •		36,853		9,620		546	
Due From Other Governments - LPPJ		9,316		118		7,501		20,063	
Due From Other Funds		7,679		20,402		23,095		450	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,965	\$	57,373	\$	40,216	\$	32,054	
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	275	\$	992	\$	1,785	\$	2,281	
Due To Other Governments - LPPJ	Þ	213	φ	22,104	Ψ	1,705	φ	422	
Due To Other Funds		4,143		8,912		38,145		1,276	
Total Liabilities		4,418		32,008		39,930		3,979	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		-		25,365		286		28,075	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		19,547						-	
Total Fund Balances		19,547		25,365		286		28,075	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	23,965	\$	57,373	\$	40,216	\$	32,054	

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH

RUSTON, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go 	Total vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 73,470
				Amounts reported for governmental	
\$	681	\$	18,646	activities in the statement of net position are	
	237		47,256	different because:	
	-		36,998		
	1,300		52,926		
\$	2,218	\$	155,826	Capital assets used in governmental	
				activities are not financial resources and	
			•	therefore are not reported in the funds.	145,830
				Compensated absenses are not due and	
_		_		payable in the current period and therefore	(10 -00)
\$	194	\$	5,527	are not reported in the funds.	(12,788)
	1,377		23,903		
	450		52,926		
				Unfunded postretirement benefit plan	
	2,021		82,356	obligations are not financial expenditures	
				and therefore are not reported in the	(0.50, 40.5)
				funds.	(250,427)
	<u>-</u>		53,726		
	1,681		1,681		D (40 015)
•	(1,484)		18,063	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (43,915)
	197		73,470		
\$	2,218	\$	155,826		•

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Gene	eral Fund_	Tra	nsportation	;	ommunity Service ock Grant	I	LIHEAP
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Grant receipts	\$	-	\$	207,282	\$	117,834	\$	474,665
Transportation fares		-		23,502		-		-
Miscellaneous		-				250		-
Total revenues				230,784		118,084		474,665
Health and Welfare Expenditures								
Personnel and Fringe Benefits		-		206,742		95,452		52,176
Vehicle Maintenance and Insurance		-		26,036		-		-
Operating Services and Supplies		-		47,422		12,162		386
Travel		-		2,135		429		61
Energy and Emergency Assistance		-		-		-		428,310
Emergency Crisis and Rent Assistance		-		_		-		-
Other Support Costs		1,577		6,393		11,735		2,929
Purchase of Fixed Assets		-				-		2,283
Total Health and Welfare								
Expenditures		1,577		288,728		119,778		486,145
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		(1,577)	<u> </u>	(57,944)		(1,694)		(11,480)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,577)		(57,944)		(1,694)		(11,480)
Fund Balances, Beginning		21,124		83,309		1,980		39,555
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	19,547	\$	25,365	\$	286	\$	28,075

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF

LINCOLN PARISH

RUSTON, LOUISIANA

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL

FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds				
				Net Change in Fund Balances - Total		
				Governmental Funds	\$	(72,888)
\$	-	\$	799,781			
	-		23,502	Amounts reported for governmental		
	1,868		2,118	activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
	1,868		825,401			
				Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental		
	1,753		356,123	activities report depreciation expense to		
	-		26,036	allocate those expenditures over the life		
	•		59,970	of the assets:		
	-		2,625	Depreciation expense		(31,840)
	-		428,310	Contributed Capital		37,210
	-		-			5,370
	308		22,942	The change in compensated absenses		
	-		2,283	liability does not require the use of current		
				financial resources but is recorded as an		
	2,061		898,289	expense in the statement of activities.		195
				Postretirement benefit plan		
	(193)		(72,888)	expenditures	 ;	(3,327)
	(193)		(72,888)	Change in Net Position in Governmental Activities	_\$	(70,650)
	390		146,358			
\$	197	\$	73,470			

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish (the Center), a component unit and integral part of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, was organized to promote and develop economic opportunities for the people of Lincoln Parish. The Center is operated exclusively for charitable and educational purposes. The accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only the transactions of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish.

The Center complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989 have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent sections of this note.

Basis of Presentation

In June, 1999, the GASB unanimously approved statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the presentation of its funds financial information include, for the first time a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the H.E.L.P. Center's overall financial position and results of operations and financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all fund activities. These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements including the notes to the financial statements.

Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Lincoln Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Lincoln Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Because the police jury appoints a voting majority of its governing body, the Center was determined to be a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Center and do not present information on the police jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The governmental-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, the Center considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year end.

Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include federal grants, interest on investments, sales and income taxes, and lease payments receivable. Some revenue items that are considered measurable and available to finance operations during the year from an accounting perspective are not available for expenditure due to the Center's present appropriation system. These revenues have been accrued in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America since they have been earned and are expected to be collected within sixty days of the end of the period. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Center. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Modifications to the accrual basis of accounting include:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

- Employees' vested annual leave is recorded as an expenditure when utilized. The amount of accumulated annual leave unpaid at December 31, 2013 has been reported only in the government-wide financial statements.
- Interest on general long-term obligations is recognized when paid.
- Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the Center are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The Center uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds

General Fund – This fund accounts for all activities of the Center not specifically required to be accounted for in other funds. Included are transactions for services such as general government, health services, public safety, regulatory services and social services.

Transportation - This fund is derived from the following resources: Section 5311 of the Rural Public Transportation Act, Title XIX from the Louisiana State Medicaid Program for Transportation, Margaret Roan Industries, Office of Family Securities for Project Independence and Transportation Fares. Section 5311 funds, once reimbursed from the state, can be used for any expense of the Center. These funds represent a fifty percent reimbursement of the deficit cost of operation to provide Rural Public Transportation. Title XIX funds are used solely for transportation purposes.

Emergency Food and Shelter - A program to provide assistance on an emergency basis for persons being threatened by eviction or other hardship. Clients must present proof of income and proof of eviction or other difficulty i.e. late payment notice. They must also present proof of an emergency or crisis situation that prevents their paying the amount.

Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program - Energy Fund - These funds are dedicated for the use of Home Energy Assistance only. Ninety-five percent of all funds received are to be used to provide approximately 279 units of service (energy benefits) for eligible residents of Lincoln Parish. Funds may only be expended for line items approved by the funding resource. Assistance is limited to \$190 per family in a six month period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Community Service Block Grant Fund - This fund is provided through the Louisiana Department of Labor for the administrative cost of the Center. Levels of funding fluctuate from year to year depending upon CSBG appropriations by the United States Congress. This fund will provide for administrative cost such as salaries, fringe benefits, audit cost, travel, etc. This fund requires prior approval of expenditures by the funding source.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgeting Procedures

The Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish prepares annual budgets for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts in the accompanying financial statements include original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments. Appropriations which are not expended lapse at year end. The executive director of the H.E.L.P Center and the secretary-treasurer of the Police Jury are authorized to transfer budget amounts within a function by object classification; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any function must be approved by the executive director of the H.E.L.P Center or the Lincoln Parish Police Jury. The level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriations; however, for report purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets of the Center are stated at cost and are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets are charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 5 years.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue from 5 to 15 days of annual and sick leave each year depending on years of service with the H.E.L.P. Center. Annual leave must be used in the year it is earned. Sick leave up to a maximum of 15 days may be carried forward to the next year for major illnesses only. Upon separation, all unused sick leave lapses.

Due to the restrictions on use of accrued sick leave, a provision of \$12,788 has been made for the compensated absences and vacation in these financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. In the process of aggregating data for the statements of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified.

Funding Policies

The Center receives their monies through various methods of funding. Most of the funds are obtained on a grant basis. Under this method, funds are received on an allocation basis in advance of the actual expenditure. The Center also receives funds as a reimbursement of actual expenditures.

Cash

Cash includes demand deposits and money market accounts. Under state law, the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union or the laws of the United States. Further, the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish may invest in the time deposits or certificates of deposit of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes standards for five fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in government funds. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form — prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the police jurors – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the police jurors remove the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the Police Jury's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The police jurors and management have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted not committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Policy Jury's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned and unassigned – in order as needed.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. The custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned to it. The Center's policy to ensure there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its' own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Center that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Accordingly, the Center had no custodial credit risk related to its deposits at December 31, 2013. The Center had cash and cash equivalents in demand deposits, totaling \$18,646 at December 31, 2013.

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Cash and cash equivalents (bank balances other than these backed by the U.S. government) at December 31, 2013, are secured, as follows:

Bank Balances	<u>\$ 17,240</u>
FDIC Insurance	17,240
Pledged Securities (uncollateralized)	
Total	<u>\$ 17,240</u>

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

The uncollected balance of grants due to the individual agencies is shown as due from other governmental units.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	December 31, 2012			December 31, 2013
	Balance	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance
Depreciable Assets:				
Vehicles	412,470	37,210	-	449,680
Machinery & Equipment	52,169			52,169
Totals at Historical Cost	464,639			501,849
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Vehicles	(275,308)	(30,725)	-	(306,033)
Machinery & Equipment	<u>(48,871</u>)	<u>(1,115</u>)		(49,986)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(324,179)	<u>(31,840</u>)		<u>(356,019</u>)
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 140,460</u>	<u>\$ 5,370</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 145,830</u>

Depreciation was charged to the Health and Welfare function of the Center for \$31,840.

NOTE 5 - DUE FROM/TO OTHER FUNDS

The due from/to other funds at December 31, 2013, are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Due From Other <u>Funds</u>	Due To Other <u>Funds</u>		
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 7,679	\$ 4,143		
Transportation Fund	20,402	8,912		
Community Service Block Grant 2012	23,095	38,145		
LIHEAP Energy	450	1,276		
Non-Major Funds:				
FEMA	300	450		
CDBG Alternative Program	1,000			
Totals	<u>\$ 52,926</u>	<u>\$ 52,926</u>		

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Parochial Employees' Retirement System, a Public Employee Retirement System, is a cost sharing multiple-employer plan that is governed by the Louisiana Revised Statutes, Title II, Sections 1901 through 2015, specifically, and other general laws of the State of Louisiana.

Under the Parochial Retirement System, a member is eligible for normal retirement if he has at least 30 years of creditable service regardless of age, or 25 years of creditable service and is at least 55 years old, or 10 years of creditable service and is at least 60 years old. The monthly retirement benefit is equal to three percent of the member's coverage monthly compensation for any 36 months of consecutive service in which compensation was highest, multiplied by years of creditable service, not to exceed 100% of member's final compensation. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for the life of the retiree, and upon the retiree's death under certain conditions are payable to the retiree's surviving spouse and minor children.

The District's payroll is included in the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, primary government financial statements.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Parochial Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898.

NOTE 7 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description. The Center's medical benefits are provided through a self-insured plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement.

The employees are covered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 10 years of service; or, age 65 and 7 years of service.

For employees hired on and after January 1, 2007. Retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 30 years of service; age 62 and 10 years of service; or, age 67 and 7 years of service. Complete plan provisions are included in the official plan documents.

Dental insurance coverage is provided to retirees. The employer pays 90 to 95% of the cost of the dental insurance (depending on the plan) for the retiree and 50% for dependents. The actuaries have used the unblended rates provided and include the actuarial costs and liability in the valuation of the medical benefits. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used for dental insurance except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for dental insurance.

Life insurance coverage is available to retirees and the blended rate (active and retired) is \$0.65 per \$1,000 of insurance. The employer pays 100% of the cost of the retiree life insurance. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, the actuaries have used the 94GAR mortality table described above to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance. Retiree insurance coverage amounts are reduced to 50% of the original level before retirement.

Contribution Rates. Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Fund Policy. Until 2008, the Center recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical and life benefits (The Center's portion of the retiree medical, dental, and life benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2013 and 2012, the Center's portion of health care funding cost for retired employees totaled \$9,281, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Center implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). This amount was applied toward the Net OPEB Benefit Obligation as shown in the following table.

Annual Required Contribution. The Center's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The ARC is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). A level dollar, open amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The actuarially computed ARC is as follows:

	2013	2012		
Normal Cost 30-year UAL amortization amount	\$ 5,295 11,719	\$	5,295 11,719	
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 17,014	 \$	17,014	

NOTE 7 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset). The table below shows the Center's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation for fiscal years ending December 31:

	2013	2012		
Beginning Net OPEB Obligation Annual required contribution	\$ 247,100 17,014	\$ 250,427 17,014		
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation ARC Adjustment OPEB Cost Contribution Current year retiree premium	9,884 (14,290) 12,608 0 (9,281)	9,884 (14,290) 12,608 0 (9,281)		
Change in Net OPEB Obligation Ending Net OPEB Obligation	3,327 \$ 250,427	(3,327) \$ 247,100		

The following table shows the Center's annual post employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post employment benefits (PEB) liability (asset):

		Percentage of	Net OPEB
	Annual OPEB	Annual Cost	Liability
Fiscal Year Ended	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)
December 31, 2013	\$12,608	73.61%	\$250,427
December 31, 2012	\$12,608	73.61%	\$247,100
December 31, 2011	\$12,608	73.61%	\$250,427

Funded Status and Funding Progress. In the fiscal years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Center made no contributions to its post employment benefits plan. The plan was not funded, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. Based on the January 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the most recent actuarial valuation, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) at the end of the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$202,657, which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the Center uses the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

4	2013			2012	
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	202,657	\$	202,657	
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets Unfunded Act. Accrued		0		0	
Liability (UAAL)	\$	202,657	\$	202,657	
Funded Ratio (Act. Val. Assets/AAL)		0%		0%	
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$	3,792,845	\$	3,298,395	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		5.34%		6.14%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Center and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the Center and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Center and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Actuarial Cost Method. The ARC is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality, and turnover.

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets. There are not any plan assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should funding take place, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Statement 45.

Turnover Rate. An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce a composite average annual turnover of approximately 5%.

NOTE 7 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

Post employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements. Based on past experience, it has been assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence three years after eligibility to enter D.R.O.P. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Employees are covered by Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 10 years of service; or, age 65 and 7 years of service. For employees hired on and after January 1, 2007 retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 30 years of service; age 62 and 10 years of service; or, age 67 and 7 years of service.

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate). GASB Statement 45 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Based on the assumption that the ARC will not be funded, a 4% annual investment return has been used in this valuation.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate. The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on projections performed by the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services as published in National Health Care Expenditures Projections: 2003 to 2013, Table 3: National Health Expenditures, Aggregate and per Capita Amounts, Percent Distribution and Average Annual Percent Change by Source of Funds: Selected Calendar Years 1990-2013, released in January, 2004 by the Health Care Financing Administration (www.cms.hhs.gov). "State and Local" rates for 2008 through 2013 from this report were used, with rates beyond 2013 graduated down to an ultimate annual rate of 5.0% for 2016 and later.

Mortality Rate. The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rate and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, was used. This is a published mortality table which was designed to be used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans.

Method of Determining Value of Benefits. The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. The employer pays 90 to 95% of the cost of the medical insurance (depending on the plan) for the retiree and 50% for dependents. Medical and dental coverage ceases at age 65 (Medicare eligibility) for all retirees who retired on and after January 1, 2008. The rates provided are "unblended" rates as required by GASB 45.

Inflation Rate. Included in both the Investment Return Assumption and the Healthcare Cost Trend rates above is an implicit inflation assumption of 2.50% annually.

Projected Salary Increases. This assumption is not applicable since neither the benefit structure nor the valuation methodology involves salary.

Post-retirement Benefit Increases. The plan benefit provisions in effect for retirees as of the valuation date have been used and it has been assumed for valuation purposes that there will not be any changes in the future.

NOTE 7 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

Below is a summary of OPEB cost and contributions for the last three fiscal calendar years.

	OPEB Costs and Contributions							
	F	Y 2013	FY 2012		FY	Y 2011		
OPEB Cost	\$	12,608	\$	12,608	\$	12,608		
Contribution		· -		-		_		
Retiree Premium		9,281		9,281		9,281		
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	3,327	\$	3,327	<u>\$</u>	3,327		
% of Contribution to Cost		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
% of Contribution Plus Premium								
to Cost		73.61%		73.61%		73.61%		

NOTE 8 - FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. The programs are audited in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984 and are subject to further examination by the grantor agency.

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments).

The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32 and 34, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the financial statements of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish.

NOTE 10 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget/Actual Variances

All of the individual funds revenues and expenditures had favorable variances for the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 11 - LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

According to the Parish District Attorney, the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish had no pending or threatened litigation as of December 31, 2013.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 16, 2014, which is the day the financial statements were available to be issued, and it has been determined that no significant events have occurred for disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART B) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEUDLES

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance Wi Final Budge Favorable	
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Use of Money and Property								
Total Revenue				<u>. </u>				
Expenditures (Outflows):								
Other Support Costs		-		1,000		1,577		(577)
Total Expenditures		-		1,000		1,577		(577)
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		-		(1,000)		(1,577)		(577)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		21,124		21,124		21,124		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	21,124	\$	20,124	\$	19,547	\$	(577)

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - TRANSPORTATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	l Amc	ounts		Actual	Fin	ance With al Budget worable
	 Original	Final		Amounts		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues (Inflows):							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 348,285	\$	190,550	\$	207,282	\$	16,732
Fees & Charges for Services	25,680		21,879		23,502		1,623
Use of Money and Property	 				-		_
Total Revenues	 373,965		212,429		230,784		18,355
Expenditures (Outflows):							
Program Activities & Administration	373,965		287,385		288,728		(1,343)
Total Expenditures	373,965		287,385		288,728		(1,343)
Deficiency of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	-		(74,956)		(57,944)		17,012
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 83,309		83,309		83,309		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 83,309	\$	8,353	\$	25,365	\$	17,012

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANT (CSBG) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Fina	ance With al Budget vorable
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues (Inflows):	Φ.	170.000	Ф	116 500	Ф	110.004	· 6	2246
Intergovernmental Revenue		170,838	_\$_	115,738		118,084	\$	2,346
Total Revenues		170,838		115,738		118,084		2,346
Expenditures (Outflows):								
Program Activities & Administration		170,838		115,738		119,778		(4,040)
Total Expenditures		170,838		115,738		119,778		(4,040)
Deficiency of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		-		-		(1,694)		(1,694)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,980		1,980		1,980		-
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,980	\$	1,980	\$	286	\$	(1,694)

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LIHEAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

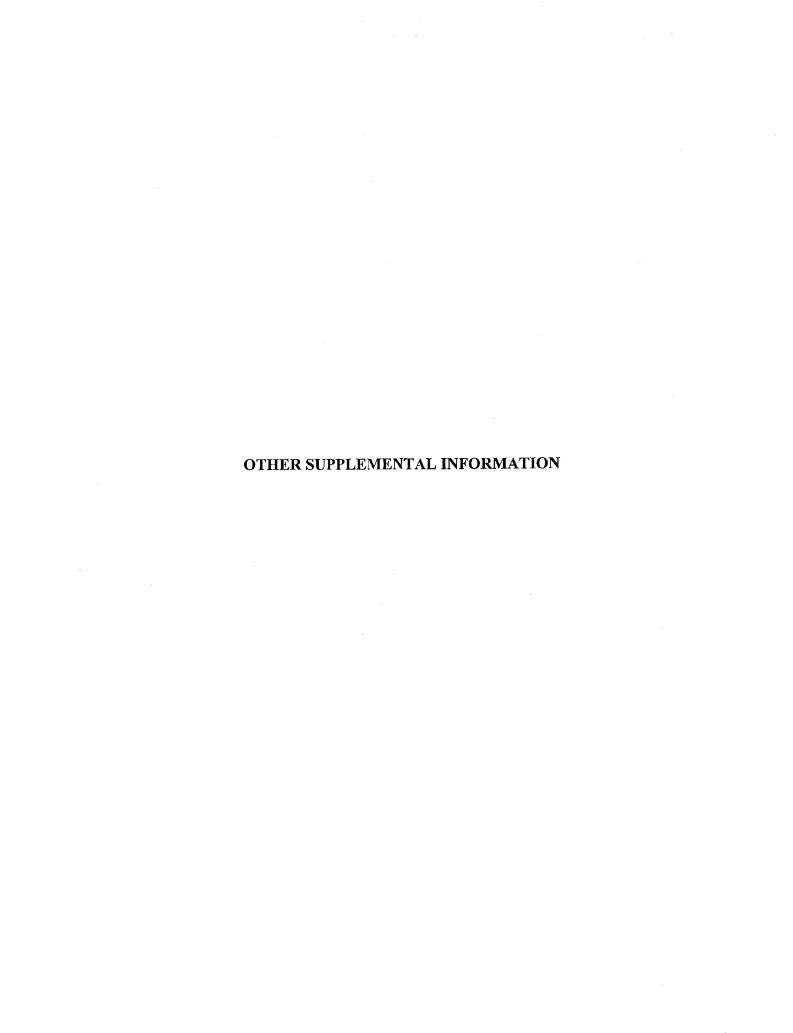
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues (Inflows): Intergovernmental Revenue Use of Money and Property	\$ 478,296 	\$ 474,847 	\$ 474,665 	\$ (182)	
Total Revenues	478,296	474,847	474,665	(182)	
Expenditures (Outflows): Program Activities & Administration Total Expenditures	478,296 478,296	488,623 488,623	486,145 486,145	2,478 2,478	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(13,776)	(11,480)	2,296	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	39,555	39,555_	39,555	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 39,555	\$ 25,779	\$ 28,075	\$ 2,296	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish prepares annual budgets for the general and special revenue funds. The budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts in the accompanying financial statements include original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments. Appropriations which are not expended lapse at year end. The executive director of the H.E.L.P Center and the secretary-treasurer of the Police Jury are authorized to transfer budget amounts within a function by object classification; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any function must be approved by the executive director of the H.E.L.P Center or the Lincoln Parish Police Jury. The level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriations; however, for report purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis.

State law requires the Center to amend its budgets when revenues plus projected revenues within a fund are expected to fall short from budgeted revenues by five percent or more and when expenditures and other uses of a fund are expected to exceed budgeted amounts by five percent or more.



WILLIAM R. HULSEY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Ruston, Louisiana

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish (the Center), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated May 16, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Center's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Ruston, Louisiana

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended for the use of management of the Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

WILLIAM R. HULSEY (APAC)
Certified Public Accountant

May 16, 2014

WILLIAM R. HULSEY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Ruston, Louisiana

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish (the Center)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Center's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Center's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury Ruston, Louisiana

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Center is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Center's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine that auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended for the use of management of the Health and Welfare Committee Members of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury and the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana, and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

WILLIAM R. HULSEY (APAC)
Certified Public Accountant

May 16, 2014

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Program Name	Federal CFDA Number	Award Number	Expenditures	
United States Department of Health and Human		· · · · · ·			
Services:					
Passed through State: Department of Employment and Training	Community Service				
Department of Employment and Training	Block Grant	93.569	2013P0048	\$	53,410
	Community Service	93.309	20131 0046	ф	33,410
	Block Grant	93.569	2012P0048		64,424
	Dioux Grain	35.603	201210010		117,834
Department of Social Services	LIHEAP Energy	93.568	PY2013		474,665 *
	Medicaid - Title 19	93.778			36,272
	Temporary Assistance		G-0702		
	For Needy Families	93.558	TANF 2008		27,960
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					656,731
United States Department of Transportation:					
Passed through State:	Urban Mass				
Department of Transportation	Transportation				
	Administration -	20.509	LA-18-X028		143,050
	Section 5311 -				
	Capital Assistance	20.509			37,210
Total Department of Transportation					180,260
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	836,991

^{*} Denotes Major Federal Financial Assistance Program
See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. General

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the Center. The Center is defined in Note 1 to the Center's financial statements. All federal award programs received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

2. Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the Center's financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

The following summarize the audit results in accordance with OMB Circular A-133:

- 1. An unqualified opinion was issued on the component unit financial statements of the Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013.
- 2. The audit disclosed no significant deficiencies in internal control.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 4. The audit did not disclose any significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs.
- 5. An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Sections 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this schedule.
- 7. The following programs were considered major for the year ended December 31, 2013:

Low-Income Home Entergy Assistance Program (CFDA #93.568)

- 8. \$300,000 was the threshold used to distinguish Type A from Type B programs.
- 9. The Humanitarian Enterprises of Lincoln Parish did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no current year findings in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. There were no prior year findings in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There were no current year findings in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

HUMANITARIAN ENTERPRISES OF LINCOLN PARISH RUSTON, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Internal Control and Compliance Material to Federal Awards

There were not findings for this category.

Internal Control and Compliance Material to the Financial Statements

There were not findings for this category.

Management Letter Comments

There were not findings for this category.