# TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

Financial Report As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

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# TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

# Financial Report As Of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

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# TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

# Financial Report As Of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

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# LUFFEY, HUFFMAN, RAGSDALE & SOIGNIER

(A Professional Accounting Corporation) Certified Public Accountants

John L. Luffey, MBA, CPA (1963-2002) Francis I. Huffman, CPA Philip A. Ragsdale, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Lori Woodard, MBA, CPA

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Mayor Alex Davis and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton Newellton, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Newellton, Louisiana (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2012, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

## Mayor Alex Davis and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 10 and page 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as Other Supplemental Information, Schedules 2 through 6 in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Other Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Kuffey, Huffron, Roydole & Signise

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2012

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART A)

## Town of Newellton Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2012

As management of the Town of Newellton, we offer readers of the Town of Newellton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Newellton for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, identify changes in the Town's financial position, and identify material deviations and individual fund issues or concerns.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Town of Newellton exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,324,368 (net assets).
  - ✓ Of this amount \$4,530,502 represented a restriction equal to the net amount invested in land, building, and equipment, \$15,507 for downtown development, \$91,814 for debt service, and \$57,832 for depreciation and contingencies.
  - ✓ The remainder of \$628,713 of unrestricted net assets could be used by the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net assets decreased by \$135,426.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Newellton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$92,785, a decrease of \$6,116 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$75,387 is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- The Town of Newellton's total debt decreased by \$38,563 during the current fiscal year.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Newellton's basic financial statements. The Town of Newellton's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Newellton's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town of Newellton's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Newellton is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Newellton that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Newellton include general government, public safety and public works. The business-type activities of the Town of Newellton include water, sewer, and gas systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Newellton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Newellton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Newellton maintains 1 individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund.

The Town of Newellton adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided on page 45 for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 17 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The Town of Newellton maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 23 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Newellton's compliance with budgets for its major governmental fund.

**Government-wide Financial Analysis.** Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Newellton, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,324,368 at June 30, 2012. The combined net assets decreased by \$135,426 between fiscal years 2011 and 2012.

Capital assets consisting of land, buildings, machinery and equipment and the water system, sewer system and gas system account for the majority of the Town's net assets of \$4,853,660. Capital assets (\$8,422,972), net of depreciation (\$3,569,312) and related debt included in Net Assets (\$323,158) total \$4,530,502. The Town of Newellton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Newellton's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Condensed Financial Statements**

	12	Governme	nta	I Activities		<b>Business-</b> T	Гур	e Activties	201	T	`ot	al
	192	2012	NU 8	2011		2012	10 U	2011		2012	_	2011
Current and other assets	\$	104,129	\$	111,330	\$	817,456	\$	782,938	\$	921,585	\$	894,268
Capital assets		841,515	29 13	914,464	2 3	4,012,145	28 19	4,122,625	157)	4,853,660		5,037,089
Total assets	25	945,644	70 V	1,025,794	9 3 9 3	4,829,601	90 - 2 90 - 2	4,905,563	80) 194	5,775,245	-	5,931,357
Current and other liabilities		11,344		12,429		158,107		138,718		169,451		151,147
Long-term liabilities		1 1		10 11		281,426		320,417		281,426		320,417
Total liabilities		11,344	<b>e</b> s 19	12,429		439,533	••• •	459,135	•0	450,877		471,564
Net Assets:			15		•		•		••			
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt:		841,515		914,464		3,688,987		3,760,445		4,530,502		4,674,909
Restricted		15,507		15,482		149,646		142,262		165,153		157,744
Unrestricted		77,278		83,419		551,435		543,721		628,713		627,140
Total net assets	\$	934,300	\$	1,013,365	\$	4,390,068	\$	4,446,428	\$	5,324,368	\$	5,459,793

# Table 1Condensed Statement of Net AssetsAs of June 30, 2012 and 2011

Net assets of the Town's governmental activities decreased 7.8% to approximately \$934,000. Net assets of the Town's business-type activities decreased 1.3% to approximately \$4.4 million.

**Changes in net assets.** The Town's total revenue decreased by approximately \$11,000 to nearly \$1.04 million (see Table 2). Approximately 63% of the Town's revenue comes from charges for services, and 15.0% comes from other general revenues

The total cost of programs and services increased approximately \$11,000 or 0.9%. The Town's expenses cover all services performed by its office.

## **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities decreased approximately \$46,000 or 9.6% which is largely attributable to a decrease in capital grants and contributions of approximately \$37,000, a one time increase in sales tax revenue of approximately \$35,000 and a decrease in transfers in of \$48,000. Total expenses decreased by approximately \$17,000 or 3.2%.

Expenses are classified by functions/programs. Public works accounts for approximately 40% or \$204,000, while public safety and general government account for approximately 29% and 31% or \$148,000 and \$158,000, respectively, for the fiscal year 2012.

	Govern	ment	al Activities		<b>Business-T</b>	s-Type Activities		Т	'ota	1	
	2012	;	2011		2012		2011	 2012		2011	
Revenues											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 76,4	12 \$	76,508	\$	584,026	\$	675,553	\$ 660,438	\$	752,06	
Operating grants and											
contributions	38,8	80	49,880					38,880		49,880	
Capital Grants and											
contributions		-	26,275		48,725		21,427	48,725		47,70	
General Revenues:											
Property taxes	59,4	45	58,953		2 <del>14</del> 11		-	59,445		58,95	
Sales taxes	75,5	88	40,655		-		. <del>H</del>	75,588		40,65	
Other taxes	2,7	37	2,378		-		89 <del>44</del>	2,737		2,37	
Other general revenues	95,5	21	91,737		56,901		5,597	152,422		97,33	
Transfers	83,0	00	131,000		(83,000)		(131,000)				
Total revenues	431,5	83	477,386		606,652		571,577	 1,038,235		1,048,96	
Expenses:											
General government	158,0	47	171,612				÷	158,047		171,61	
Public safety	148,2		165,303		1			148,262		165,30	
Public works	204,3	39	190,809					204,339		190,80	
Interest on long-term debt		( <b>1</b>	2000 (1000 (1000)) 1000 (1000)		17,948		34,736	17,948		34,73	
Water, sewer, and											
gas expenses		-	-		645,065		600,168	645,065		600,16	
Total expenses	510,6	48	527,724		663,013		634,904	1,173,661		1,162,62	
				58 5							
Increase (decrease) in assets	\$ (79,0	65) \$	(50,338)	\$	(56,361)	\$	(63,327)	\$ (135,426)	\$	(113,66	

# Table 2Changes in Net AssetsFiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

The related program revenues for fiscal year 2012 directly related to these expenses totaled \$115,292, which resulted in net program expense of \$395,356. The remaining balance of expenses represents the cost to the taxpayers. The costs of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and federal grants are paid primarily from the following sources:

- Property tax revenue is the largest general revenue source for the Town of Newellton. It provides approximately \$59,000 of general fund revenue.
- Licenses and permits are a significant source of revenue to the Town, generating approximately \$59,000 of general fund revenue.
- Sales taxes provide approximately \$76,000 in general fund revenue. This \$76,000 included some one time settlements of approximately \$35,000

## **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities decreased the Town of Newellton's net assets by approximately \$56,000.

Revenues increased approximately 6% to \$607,000 and expenses of the Town's business-type activities increased approximately 4% to \$663,000.

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Newellton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Town of Newellton's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Newellton's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Newellton's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$92,785, a decrease of \$6,116 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81% of this total amount (\$75,387) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA-R.S 39:1301 et seq), the Town of Newellton must adopt a budget for the General Fund prior to June 30. The original budget for the Town was adopted on May 18, 2011, and the final budget amendment was adopted on April 18, 2012.

**Revenues:** Overall revenues for the General Fund were projected to decrease during FY 2012 by approximately \$13,000 or 4.% from the previous year. The vast amount of the change was caused by the expected decrease in grant revenues which were projected to decrease by \$45,000 from FY11's budget. An \$11,500 increase was projected for sales tax which were \$32,500 in FY11 and budgeted at \$44,000 in the FY12 budget. Charges for services were projected to increase by \$9,000 from \$65,000 in FY11 to \$74,000 in FY12. Fines and forfeitures were projected to increase by \$16,000, from \$25,000 in FY11 to \$41,000 in FY12

All other revenues were projected to increase by approximately \$4,500. The final budget reflected budgeted revenues at \$453,000 as compared to the \$431,583 actual.

**Expenditures:** General fund expenditures were projected to decrease by \$53,700. A \$35,000 decrease was expected in capital outlay and \$10,000 in general government expenditures. Decreases of \$6,500 in Public Works and \$2,300 in Public Safety were also expected. The final budget reflected budgeted expenditures at \$469,500 as compared to the \$437,699 actual.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets**. The Town of Newellton's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$4,853,660 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery, vehicles and equipment (See Table 3). Additions to capital assets for the general fund in current year include \$6,026 for Christmas decorations obtained through a state grant and for fencing around the dog kennel. Also, \$35,000 of service equipment was added to the business-type activities during the current fiscal year. In addition, depreciation expense totaled \$224,455.

Table 3 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2012.

		84	13 Of build 5	0, 4	012 400 201						
	Governm	enta	al Activities		Business-T	yp	e Activities		T	ota	I
	2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Land	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	19,650	\$	19,650	\$	20,650	\$	20,650
Construction in Progress	-		•		-3		2 <del>1</del>		2 <b>.</b>		
Buildings	536,726		536,726		<b>*</b> 0				536,726		536,726
Vehicles	324,735		324,735		·*		-		324,735		324,735
Furniture and equipment	89,150		83,124		140,621		140,621		229,771		223,745
Water system					2,579,669		2,579,669		2,579,669		2,579,669
Sewer system	-		-		2,876,474		2,841,473		2,876,474		2,841,473
Gas system					1,337,454		1,337,455		1,337,454		1,337,455
Streets and drainage	517,493		517,493		.=4		13 <del>4</del>		517,493		517,493
Total	1,469,104	2 8	1,463,078	1	6,953,868		6,918,868	8 8	8,422,972	81 () <del>7</del>	8,381,946
Less: accumulated depreciation	(627,589	)	(548,614)		(2,941,723)		(2,796,243)	3 92	(3,569,312)		(3,344,857)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 841,515	_ \$	914,464	\$	4,012,145	\$	4,122,625	\$	4,853,660	\$	5,037,089

Table 3 Capital Assets As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

Long-Term Debt. The Town had revenue bonds outstanding of \$320,418 at the end of June 2012 as compared to \$358,981 at the end of June 2011. This debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources such as the Utility Fund revenues.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Factors considered in preparing the Town of Newellton's budget for the 2013 fiscal revealed no major expected changes in the ad varlorem tax base or sales tax collections as compared to prior years (except for not including the one time sales tax money that was received in FY12) when such activities caused significant changes between years.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Newellton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Clerk, P O Box 477, Newellton, Louisiana 71357 or by calling 318-467-5050.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Statement A

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana

# **Statement of Net Assets**

## June 30, 2012

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Assets	-		-		S 5 <del>.</del>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,515	\$	224,945	\$	301,460
Investments		-		298,610		298,610
Receivables		20,792		70,700		91,492
Due from other governmental units		4,931		<b>1</b>		4,931
Prepaid expenses		1,891		2,826		4,717
Restricted assets						
Cash		<del></del> £		149,645		149,645
Capital assets, net		841,515		4,012,145		4,853,660
Investment in jointly owned gas operations						
and maintenance fund		•••		70,730		70,730
Total Assets		945,644		4,829,601	с о <del>л</del>	5,775,245
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,843		38,103		42,946
Payroll liabilities		5,138		2,117		7,255
Internal balances		1,363		(1,363)		
Deposits held and customer prepayments		-		77,518		77,518
Accrued interest payable		-		2,740		2,740
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year		-		38,992		38,992
Due in more than one year			-	281,426		281,426
Total Liabilities		11,344		439,533		450,877
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		841,515		3,688,987		4,530,502
Restricted for		960				383 B
Downtown Development		15,507				15,507
Debt service				91,814		91,814
Depreciation and contingency		-		57,832		57,832
Unrestricted		77,278		551,435		628,713
Total Net Assets	\$_	934,300	\$		\$	5,324,368

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### **Statement of Activities**

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenue	S		(Expense) Revenue Changes in Net Asset	\$
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government \$	158,047 \$	; -	\$ -	s - s		- \$	(158,047)
Public safety	148,262	198	-	-	(148,262)	-	(148,262)
Public works	204,339	76,412	38,880		(89,047)	5	(89,047)
Culture and recreation	3.00		-2	( <b>)</b>		-	340
Interest and fiscal charges					-		
on long-term debt	•	-		-			-
Total governmental activities	510,648	76,412	38,880	7 <u>-</u>	(395,356)	¥	(395,356)
Business-type activity:							
Utility fund	645,065	584,026	13,725	35,000	-	(12,314)	(12,314)
Interest and fiscal charges							
on long-term debt	17,948	-	-	5 <del>4</del>	•	(17,948)	(17,948)
Total business-type activities	663,013	584,026	13,725	35,000	-	(30,262)	(30,262)
Total primary government \$	1,173,661	660,438	\$52,605	\$35,000	(395,356)	(30,262)	(425,618)
General revenues:				2			
Taxes:							
Ad valorem taxes					59,445	8	59,445
Sales taxes					75,588	-	75,588
Other taxes					2,737	2	2,737
Video poker					9,848	-	9,848
Licenses and permits					59,451	×	59,451
Fines and forfeitures					25,346	-	25,346
Interest and investment earnings					190	2,581	2,771
Other					686	÷	686
Income from jointly owned gas operation	18						
and maintenance fund					-	54,320	54,320
Transfers in (out)					83,000	(83,000)	•
Total general revenues					316,291	(26,099)	290,192
Change in net assets					(79,065)	(56,361)	(135,426)
Net assets at beginning of year					1,013,365	4,446,429	5,459,794
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR				\$	<u>934,300</u> \$	4,390,068_\$_	5,324,368

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**7** 1

# Statement C

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

2	-	Major Fund General Fund
ASSETS		<u></u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,515
Receivables		
Sales taxes		5,877
Other receivables		14,915
Due from other governmental units		4,931
Prepaid Expenses		1,891
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	104,129
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Accounts payable Payroll Liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	4,843 5,138 <u>1,363</u> 11,344
Fund equity Fund balance: Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses Restricted for: Downtown Revitalization Unassigned Total fund balance		1,891 15,507 75,387 92,785
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	104,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### Statement D

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 92,785
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 1,469,104	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (627,589)	 841,515

Net assets of governmental funds

\$ 934,300

#### Statement E

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

à		Major Fund General Fund
Revenues		
Taxes	20	
Ad valorem	\$	59,445
Sales		75,588
Charges for services		76,412
Licenses and permits, and commission for services		59,451
Intergovernmental		
State		12,585
Local		38,880
Fines and forfeitures		25,346
Use of money and property		190
Other revenues		686
Total Revenues		348,583
Expenditures		
Current:		
General government		152,138
Public safety-police		119,515
Public safety-fire		689
Public works		159,331
Capital outlay		6,026
Total Expenditures		437,699
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(89,116)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		
Transfers in		83,000
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		83,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other Uses		(6,116)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		98,901
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$	92,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF NEWEL				
Newellton, Louisia				
Reconciliation of the Statemen Expenditures, and Changes in of Governmental Fu to the Statement of Ac For the Year Ended June				
		.4		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amount reported for governmental activities in the statemen are different because:	nt of activit	ties	\$	(6,116)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	e			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	6,026 (78,975)	W-++	(72,949)
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$	(79,065)

Statement F

#### Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Major Fund
ASSETS	Utility Fund
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 224,945
Investments	298,610
Accounts receivable - net	70,700
Due from other funds	1,363
Prepaid expenses	2,826
Total current assets	598,444
Restricted assets	
Cash	149,645
Total restricted assets	149,645
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	19,650
Depreciable	6,934,218
Total capital assets	6,953,868
Accumulated depreciation	(2,941,723)
Net capital assets	4,012,145
Other assets	
Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund	70,730
	A ( 000 0.00
Total assets	\$4,830,964
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 38,103
Payroll liabilities	2,117
Total current liabilities	40,220
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	
Accrued interest payable	2,740
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	38,992
Total restricted liabilities	41,732
Noncurrent liabilities	
Customer deposits and customer prepayments	77,518
Revenue bonds payable	281,426
Total noncurrent liabilities	358,944
Total liabilities	440,896
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,688,987
Restricted for	- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , -
Debt service	91,814
Depreciation and contingency	57,832
Unrestricted	551,435
Total net assets	4,390,068
Total liabilities and net assets	¢ 4 920 064
t otal natimities and net assets	\$4,830,964

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

-	Major Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	Utility Fund
Water sales \$	715 750
	245,358
Gas sales	178,466
Sewerage fees	141,627
Plumbing fees	3,676
Penalties	12,972
Other operating revenues	90
Miscellaneous revenues	1,837
Total operating revenues	584,026
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Bad debts	5,196
Computer consultants	2,915
Depreciation	145,480
Dues and subscriptions	1,307
Engineering	560
Equipment	18,539
Gas purchases	106,644
Insurance - general	15,124
Legal and audit	24,272
Miscellaneous expenses	2,423
Office supplies	5,805
Postage	3,318
Salaries and related benefits	166,314
Supplies-plant	17,096
Supplies and expenses-gas	6,173
Supplies and expenses-sewer	18,882
Supplies and expenses-water	61,313
Telephone	8,150
Travel and meetings	2,447
Utilities	33,107
Total operating expenses	645,065

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (Concluded) For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Major Fund
	Utility Fund
Operating Income	(61,039)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grants	48,725
Interest earnings	2,581
Income from jointly owned gas line	54,320
Interest expense	(17,948)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	87,678
Income (loss) before operating transfers	26,639
OPERATING TRANSFERS	
Transfers out	(83,000)
Net transfers	(83,000)
Net income (loss)	(56,361)
Net assets beginning of year	4,446,429
Net assets end of year	\$4,390,068

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# Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

For the real Ended June 50, 2012	
	Major Fund
	Utility Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 588,343
Cash paid for employee services	(166,619)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(312,757)
Net cash provided by operating activities	108,967
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Transfers to general fund from the utility fund	(83,000)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(83,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Grant received for repairs to capital assets	14,400
Grant received for acquisition of capital assets	35,000
Acquisition of capital assets	(35,000)
Principal paid on debt	(38,563)
Interest paid on debt	(17,948)
Net cash used for financing activities	(42,111)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchases of investments	(1,938)
Interest received on investments	2,581
Distribution received from Joint Line Investment	75,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	75,643
Net increase in cash	59,499
Cash, beginning of year	315,091
Cash, end of year	\$374,590
Shown on the accompanying statement of net assets as	
Cash	\$ 224,945
Restricted assets	
Cash	149,645
Total	\$374,590
	(Continued)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		lajor Fund tility Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	1.51552.0	
provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$	(61,039)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		145,480
Bad debt expense		5,196
Change in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		(3,088)
Prepaid expenses		3,152
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		15,318
Payroll liabilities		(459)
Due to other funds		1,033
Customer deposits		3,374
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	108,967
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital investing activities Increase in the investment of the jointly owned		
gas operations and maintenance fund	\$	54,320

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Town of Newellton, Louisiana (the Town). The accompanying financial statements of the Town have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Town consists of an executive branch of government headed by a mayor and a legislative branch of government consisting of five aldermen. The Town's major operations include police, street and drain maintenance, garbage and trash collection and administrative services. The Town also operates a Utilities Enterprise Fund to provide gas, sewerage and water services.

As the governing authority for the municipality, the Town is the reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature and significance of the relationship.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Public Housing Authority for the Town is not included as a component unit of the Town reporting entity. Although the governing board of the Public Housing Authority is substantially the same as that of the Town, the Town cannot impose its will on the Public Housing Authority nor does the Town have any fiscal responsibility for the Public Housing Authority.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices:

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all of the activities of the government and the fund financial statements (individual major fund and combined non-major fund). The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities for all activities of the government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Governmental Activities represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

*Business-Type Activities* are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. This includes dedicated resources such as a restricted property tax.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Town uses funds, both major and non-major, to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Emphasis of fund reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column in the basic financial statements.

Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the provision of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The Town's current operations require the use of governmental fund and proprietary fund categories. The fund types used by the Town are described as follows:

Governmental activities presented as Governmental Funds in the fund financial statements:

*General Fund* - This fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Town except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Business-type activities presented as Enterprise Funds in the fund financial statements:

*Enterprise Fund* - This fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Enterprise funds are presented in the business-type activities

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

column in government-wide financial statements and the major funds section of the fund financial statements.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 20, the Town has elected not to apply FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to proprietary activities unless they are adopted by the GASB.

#### Revenues:

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October of each year and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes are due. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budget in the year billed to the extent of collections expected. The Town bill and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Tensas Parish.

Sales taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of the intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Interest earnings on time deposits are recognized as revenue when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. Substantially all other revenues are recognized when actually received by the Town.

#### Expenditures:

Expenditures in the governmental funds are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

## Proprietary Funds:

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Rates are charged for services are as follows:

- 1. Water rates charged:
  - a. Residential customers are charged \$26.00 for the first 2,000 gallons of water and \$4.00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.
  - b. Commercial customers are charged \$31.00 for the first 2,000 gallons used and then \$4.00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

- 2. Sewer rates charged:
  - a. Residential customers are billed \$14.20 for the first 2,000 gallons of water used. They are then billed \$3.34 for each 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.
  - b. Commercial customers are charged \$18.46 for the first 2,000 gallons of water purchased. They are then charged \$3.34 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof of water used.
- 3. Gas rates charged to customers are \$13.00 per 1,000 cubic feet of gas used.

#### C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements.

- 1. The proposed budget is submitted by the Town Clerk and the Mayor to the Board of Aldermen prior to July 1 of the ensuing year. Notice of the location and availability of the proposed budget for public inspection and the date of the public hearing to be conducted on the budget is then advertised in the official journal of the Town.
- 2. After the public hearing, the budget is adopted by passing an ordinance approving the budget at the selected June board meeting.
- 3. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 4. All legally adopted budgets of the Town are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. A budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund; encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the Town adopted a budget for the General Fund.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the Town's investment policy allow the Town to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

Deposits with original maturity dates exceeding 90 days are classified as investments. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term cash loans between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as "due from/due to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, other improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the Town has elected not to report infrastructure assets retroactively. Beginning with the year ended June 30, 2005, the Town began capitalizing infrastructure as expenditures were incurred.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a particular fund is determined by the fund's measurement focus.

All purchased capital assets greater than \$1,000 are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated cost where no historical records are available. Donated fixed assets are valued at fair market value at date of gift. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense. Interest is capitalized on funds used during construction of projects acquired with bond funds. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the enterprise fund is charged as an expense against its operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported in the proprietary fund balance sheet. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows (in years):

Water System	50 - 99
Sewerage System Gas Transmission and Distribution System	50 - 99
Buildings	20 - 30
Equipment	3 - 10
Infrastructure Streets and Drainage	15

## Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide statement of net assets and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from enterprise fund operations are accounted for in the enterprise fund.

#### **Bad Debts**

Uncollectible amounts for ad valorem taxes are generally not significant. As a result, the direct write-off method for recognizing bad debts is used. Under this method, the receivable is charged to expense when the account is deemed to be uncollectible. The Town uses the allowance method for recognizing bad debts for customers' utility receivables. An allowance of \$5,616 has been set up for the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Town has no provision for vesting of vacation and sick leave. Consequently, the financial statements of the Town reflect no liability for compensated absences.

#### **Reserves of Fund Equity**

Some portion of fund equity is reserved to indicate that a portion of fund equity is legally restricted to a specific future use and is not available for appropriation or expenditure.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Electrical System Operating Agreement**

On September 9, 1998, the Board of Aldermen of the Town authorized an operating agreement between the Town and Louisiana Power and Light (Entergy) for Entergy to operate the electric system within the corporate limits of the Town for a period of twenty-five years. The agreement provides that Entergy will pay to the Town two percent of total revenue collected from the sale of electric service to residential and commercial customers within the Town. Revenues under this agreement totaled \$16,515 for the year ended June 30, 2012.

#### Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between asset and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt proceeds used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement to those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use by external parties such as creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Details of restricted net assets at year-end are presented in Note 4.

#### Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned Fund Balances

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This statement changed the terminology of the various classifications of fund balance which are nonspendable, restricted, committed assigned and unassigned which are defined as follows:

The **nonspendable portion** of fund balance represents items that cannot be spent, such as for prepaid expenses.

Portions of fund equity reported in the Fund Financial Statements are **restricted** by local, state or Federal grant regulations for future use and are; therefore, not available for future appropriation or expenditure. The Town's only restricted amount relates to the Downtown Revitalization checking account which is 100% restricted for expenditures related to downtown revitalization.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

**Committed unassigned fund balances** indicate the Town's tentative plans for the use of financial resources in a future period. Fund balance commitments are made by Board approved resolutions. The Town does not have any such fund balances in the current fiscal year.

The Board of Aldermen can **assign** the General Fund's unassigned fund balance as they determine needed for the payment of future commitments. The Board of Aldermen has not established a formal policy regarding the order of spending fund balances that are restricted, committed, or assigned. The Town's informal policy for the spending prioritization of fund balances is that restricted would receive top priority followed by committed. Assigned balances receive the least priority and would be authorized to be spent only if adequate funds were available. If expenditures incurred exceed the amount that have been committed or assigned to a specific purpose, amounts unassigned would be reduced to eliminate the deficit. The Town does not have any assigned fund balances in the current fiscal year.

The Town has not established benchmarks for unassigned fund balance requirements.

#### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. Equity Investments

The Town has a 50% ownership in a jointly owned gas line (see Note 6) that is accounted for using the equity method. Under this method, investments are carried at cost and increased or decreased by the Town's share of earnings or losses.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 2 - Cash and cash equivalents

Custodial credit risk – deposits. The custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's policy to ensure there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its' own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand. Accordingly, the Town had no custodial credit risk related to its deposits at June 30, 2012.

At June 30, 2012, the Town has cash totaling \$749,715, as follows:

Petty Cash	\$ 139
Demand Deposits	450,966
Certificate of Deposit	298,610
Total	\$ 749,715

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Cash (bank balances other than these backed by the U.S. government) at June 30, 2012, is secured, as follows:

Bank Balances	\$ _	688,440	
Federal deposit insurance	\$	250,000	
Pledged Securities		438,440	
Total	\$	688,440	
## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Receivables are primarily composed of amounts due from residential customers living in the Town. Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, are \$96,423 at of June 30, 2012 and are comprised of the following:

	12012	General Fund	 Proprietary Fund	2 - 2000	Total
Accounts receivable					
Sales taxes	\$	5,877	\$ -	\$	5,877
Franchise fees		14,148			14,148
Returned checks		767	1,883		2,650
Customer receivables		-	74,433		74,433
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-	(5,616)		(5,616)
Total	\$	20,792	\$ 70,700	\$	91,492

The Town has 441 residential and 52 commercial water customers and 433 residential and 47 commercial sewer customers. The Town also serves 298 residential and 62 commercial gas customers.

Significantly all of the \$74,433 in utility customer receivables are current and are classified as follows: Water, \$28,635; Gas, \$20,828; Sewer, \$16,529 and Other, \$8,441.

#### Note 4 - Restriction on Use of Funds

Under the terms of the bond indenture pertaining to Revenue Bonds dated April 6, 1976, all income and revenue (hereinafter referred to as revenue) earned from operation of the combined waterworks and gas system (the System) are pledged to secure payment of principal and interest of the Revenue Bond. Pursuant to the terms of the indenture, the revenue from the System is to be deposited into a separate "Water and Gas Revenue Fund" (the Revenue Fund) bank account. Disbursements from the Revenue Fund are prioritized as follows:

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

- 1. The payment of the reasonable and necessary expenses of administering, operating, repairing and insuring the System;
- 2. Making monthly contributions to a "Water and Gas Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund" (the Sinking Fund) in an amount equal to 1/12th of the total principal and interest becoming due in the ensuing year;
- 3. Making contributions to a "Water and Gas Reserve Fund" (the Reserve Fund) in an amount equal to 5% of the amount paid into the Sinking Fund until the balance reaches \$41,700; and,
- 4. Making contributions to a "Water and Gas Depreciation and Contingency Fund" to assure proper operation of the system by depositing monthly \$180 from the Revenue Fund. This fund shall also be used to pay the principal and interest on any bonds authorized under the indenture for which there is not sufficient money in the Sinking Fund or Reserve Fund. Any money so used shall be replaced as soon as possible from the earnings of the System.

Under the terms of the Revenue Promissory Note Agreement dated May 12, 1988, income and revenues from the operation of the sewerage system after payments required by the outstanding Sewerage Revenue Promissory Note dated February 1, 1968 (the "Prior Lien Bonds") are to be set aside as follows:

- 1. There shall be set aside into a "1988 Sewer Bond and Interest Sinking Fund" monthly amounts equal to one-twelfth (1/12th) of the total amount of principal and interest becoming due on the next payment date;
- 2. There shall be set aside into a "1988 Sewer Revenue Bond Reserve Fund" monthly amounts at least equal to 5% of the amount to be paid into the "1988 Sewer Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund". The payments are to continue until such time as there has been accumulated a sum equal to the highest combined principal and interest falling due in any year; and,
- 3. Funds will also be set aside at the rate of \$92 per month from the Sewerage Revenue Fund into a "1988 Sewerage Depreciation and Contingency Fund" to provide for depreciation, extensions, additions and replacements necessary to properly operate the sewerage system.

# Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Restricted Assets were composed of the following as of June 30, 2012:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
1976 Water and Gas Revenue Bonds			
Bond and Interest Redemption Fund	\$ 52,880		
Bond Reserve Fund	21,259		
Depreciation and Contingency Fund	45,580		
1988 Sewer Revenue Bonds			
Bond and Interest Redemption Fund	7,567		
Bond Reserve Fund	10,108		
Depreciation and Contingency Fund	12,251		
Total - Utility Fund	\$ 149,645		

# **Notes To Financial Statements** As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Changes in Capital Assets** Note 5 -

The following schedule presents changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2012.

2012.							
		Balance					Balance
		6/30/2011	Additions		Deletions		6/30/2012
Governmental Activities						ao 160	
Nondepreciable assets							
Land	\$	1,000 \$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000
Total nondepreciable assets		1,000	-		-		1,000
Depreciable assets							
Building		50,300			-		50,300
Vehicles		324,735	14		-		324,735
Furniture and equipment		83,124	6,026		-		89,150
Fire station		486,426	••••32				486,426
Streets and drainage		517,493	-				517,493
Total depreciable assets		1,462,078	6,026				1,468,104
Less accumulated depreciation		(548,614)	(78,975)				(627,589)
Net governmental activities	8			0		-	and a second
capital assets	\$_	914,464 \$	(72,949)	\$_	-	\$_	841,515
Business-type activities							
Nondepreciable assets							
Land	\$	19,650 \$	(1 <b>44</b> )	\$	-	\$	19,650
Depreciable assets							
Water system		2,579,669	( <b></b> ):		-		2,579,669
Sewer system		2,841,473			-		2,841,473
Gas system		1,328,027	1 <b></b> 8		-		1,328,027
Gas pipeline		9,428	<b>→</b> 57		-		9,428
Service equipment		132,355	35,000		<del>, 1</del>		167,355
Office equipment		8,266	-		-		8,266
Total depreciable assets		6,899,218	35,000				6,934,218
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,796,243)	(145,480)	-	-		(2,941,723)
Net business-type capital assets	\$_	4,122,625 \$	(110,480)	\$_		\$_	4,012,145

# Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

Detailed records of fixed assets acquired prior to June 30, 1974, are not available. Estimation of the cost of these assets was made through examinations of bond and grant proceeds for construction and additions, and discussion with elected officials and long-time Town employees. All major proprietary fund asset additions have been made through bond and grant programs. Therefore, depreciation on these assets has been estimated at an amount consistent with that charged to operations in previous years. Depreciation on assets placed in service subsequent to June 30, 1974, has been calculated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation of \$78,975 was charged to governmental activities as follows: General Government, \$5,909; Public Safety, \$28,058; Public Works, \$10,508; and Streets and Drainage, \$34,500. Depreciation of \$145,480 as of June 30, 2012, was charged to expense in the utility fund.

#### Note 6 - Investment in Jointly Owned Gas Line

The Towns of Newellton and St. Joseph, Louisiana entered into a joint venture, called the Town of Newellton and the Town of St. Joseph, Louisiana Jointly Owned Gas Operations and Maintenance Fund (the Joint Gas Line) to provide natural gas to the two towns for resale to their citizens and approximately fifteen other customers in the service area. The Boards of Aldermen and the Mayors of the two towns govern the Joint Gas Line. Each of the Towns own 50% of the net worth of the joint venture. This amount is shown as an asset called Investment in Jointly Owned Gas Line. (See Note 13) Summary financial information for the joint venture at June 30, 2012, and for the year then ended, is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 151,637
Total liabilities	(10,178)
Total fund equity	\$ 141,459
Total revenues	\$ 235,428
Total cost of sales	(145,057)
Gross profit	90,371
Operating expenses	(41,977)
Nonoperating revenue	279
Net income	48,673
Net assets, beginning of year	242,786
Distributions	(150,000)
Net assets, end of year	\$ 141,459

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

In the Town of Newellton's 2011 report, the Town's share of the net assets for the Joint Gas Line was reported as \$91,408 (one-half of \$182,816). However, after the Town released its fiscal year 2011 report, the net assets for the Joint Gas Line were changed to \$242,786. This \$59,970 change is a result of the Joint Gas Line failure to properly bill the Towns of Newellton and St Joseph throughout the fiscal year 2011. Specifically, the Joint Gas Line billed for 12 months but did not bill for February 2011 and due to the lack of properly reporting the month of services on the bills for several months, this February billing was believed to have been billed but was for March services. The Town's February 2011 billing of \$24,167 has not yet been billed but has been included in the June 30, 2012 payables.

## Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long term-debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2012:

Business-Type Activities - Revenue Bonds

Balance at beginning of year	\$ 358,981
Additions	-
Retirements	 (38,563)
Balance end of year	\$ 320,418

Bonds payable at June 30, 2012 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Business-Type Activities - Revenue Bonds:

\$550,000 Bonds dated April 6, 1976; due in annual installments of \$29,250 - \$33,000 through April 6, 2016; interest at 5%.	\$ 110,000
\$100,000 Bonds dated April 6, 1976; due in annual installments of \$5,250 - \$6,250, through April 6, 2016; interest at 5%.	20,000
\$315,000 Bonds dated March 23, 1988; due in annual installments of \$18,512 through May 12, 2028; interest at 5%.	190,418
Total Revenue Bonds - Utilities Enterprise Fund	\$ 320,418

# Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Bu	ties		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2013	\$ 38,992	\$ 16,021	\$	55,013
2014	39,441	14,071		53,512
2015	44,913	12,100		57,013
2016	45,409	9,854		55,263
2017	10,929	7,583		18,512
2018-2022	63,412	29,151		92,563
2023-2027	77,322	11,630		88,952
	\$ 320,418	\$ 100,410	\$	420,828

Principal and interest are due in total, to maturity, as follows:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the amount of interest charged to expense was \$17,949 for revenue bonds.

#### Note 8 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Individual fund interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	I	nterfund	Interfund
	Re	ceivables	Payables
General Fund	\$	<b></b>	\$ 1,363
Utility Enterprise Fund		1,363	7.
Total	\$	1,363	\$ 1,363

These balances resulted from the time lag between dates (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenses occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

## Note 9 - Interfund Transfers

Individual fund transfers in and out at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

		Operatir	ng Tra	insfers
		In		Out
General Fund	\$	83,000	\$	
Enterprise Fund	W		A.	83,000
Total	\$	83,000	\$	83,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund that is required by statute or budget to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the year ended June 30, 2012, the Town made transfers of \$83,000 from the Utility Fund to the General Fund to cover the cash short fall in the General Fund.

#### Note 10 - Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October of each year and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes are due.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the assessor of Tensas Parish.

The ad valorem tax millage for fiscal year 2012 was 20.23 mills.

#### Note 11 - Pension and Retirement Plans

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (MERS)

Substantially all Town employees, except policemen, are members of the MERS, a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The MERS is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All participants of the Town are covered by Plan A.

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

All full-time Town employees and elected Town officials are eligible to participate in the system. Under the plan provisions, a member who retires at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service is entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3.00% of the member's final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service.

*Funding Policy.* Contributions to the system include one-fourth of one per cent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of the parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of members on which contributions were made for the previous fiscal year.

State statute requires covered employees to contribute 9.25% of their salaries to the system; As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The current rate is 14.25%. The Town's contributions to the MERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$36,432, \$28,806, and \$29,852; respectively, equal to the statutorily required contributions for each year.

The MERS issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the retirement system. The report may be obtained by writing the Municipal Employees' Retirement System, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, LA 70806 or by calling (225) 925-4810.

#### Note 13 - Related Party Transactions

The Town jointly operates with the Town of St. Joseph, Louisiana that portion of the gas transmission line from the Lake St. John Field to the Town of Newellton. The Town purchases gas from the jointly owned transmission line to be resold to its citizens. For fiscal year 2012 the Town purchased \$82,477 of natural gas from the jointly owned gas line and owed it \$28,075 as of June 30, 2012.

#### Note 14 - Risk Financing Activities

The Town is a participating member in the Louisiana Risk Management Agency's Group Self-Insurance Fund for Municipal Liability Risk Sharing and Group Self-Insurance Fund for Workmen's compensation and Employer Liability (the Agency). The Agency functions as a Public Entity Risk Pool formed to pool the risk of public liability exposure to its members. The Town insures its law enforcement officers' comprehensive liability

## Notes To Financial Statements As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2012

and errors and omissions risk through its participation in the Agency pools. The coverage provided by the pools is subject to \$1,000 deductibles for certain coverages and provides coverages up to \$500,000 for each type of insured risk. Premiums for coverage are retroactively rated based on experience and premiums are calculated based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the pool participants.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (PART B)

# General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis)

# Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance With Final Budget
,	 Original		Final	Actual	Over
	Budget		Budget	Amounts	(Under)
Budgetary fund balance at					
beginning of year	\$ 98,901	\$	98,901 \$	98,901 \$	
Resources (inflows)					
Ad valorem taxes	65,000		64,300	59,445	(4,855)
Sales and other taxes	42,500		44,000	75,588	31,588
Charges for services	65,000		74,000	76,412	2,412
License and permits:					
Franchise revenue	32,000		48,000	20,505	(27,495)
Occupational & other licenses	25,000		-	38,946	38,946
Intergovernmental revenue	91,880		51,145	51,465	320
Fines and forfeitures	25,000		41,000	25,346	(15,654)
Interest income	200		200	190	(10)
Miscellaneous	300		355	686	331
Total revenues	 346,880	1	323,000	348,583	25,583
Transfers in	50,000		130,000	83,000	(47,000)
	50,000	11 <del>1-1120</del>	130,000	83,000	(47,000)
Total revenues	396,880		453,000	431,583	(21,417)
Amounts available for appropriations	 495,781		551,901	530,484	(21,417)
Charges to appropriations (outflows) Current:					
General government	183,900		174,000	152,138	21,862
Public safety:	art e				
Police department	128,000		127,000	119,515	7,485
Fire department	1,800		500	689	(189)
Public works	163,500		151,000	159,331	(8,331)
Capital outlay	52,000		17,000	6,026	10,974
Total charges	 529,200	*****	469,500	437,699	31,801
Total charges to appropriations	 529,200		469,500	437,699	31,801
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 (132,320)		(16,500)	(6,116)	10,384
Budgetary fund balance					
at end of year	\$ (33,419)	\$	82,401 \$	92,785 \$	10,384

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

## Schedules of Net Assets - Utility Enterprise Fund June 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012		2011
ASSETS				
Current assets	¢	224.045	¢	172 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	224,945	\$	172,828
Investments		298,610		296,672
Accounts receivable - net		70,700		73,788
Due from other funds		1,363		2,396
Prepaid expenses		2,826		5,978
Total current assets		598,444		551,662
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		149,645		142,263
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable		19,650		19,650
Depreciable		6,934,218		6,899,218
Total capital assets		6,953,868		6,918,868
Accumulated depreciation		(2,941,723)		(2,796,243)
Net capital assets	12 Sector control	4,012,145		4,122,625
Other assets				
Investment in jointly owned gas operations				
and maintenance fund		70,730		91,409
Total assets	\$	4,830,964	\$	4,907,959
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	38,103	\$	22,785
Payroll liabilities		2,117		2,422
Total current liabilities		40,220		25,207
Liabilities payable from restricted assets				
Accrued interest payable		2,740		3,199
Current portion of revenue bonds payable		38,992		38,564
Total restricted liabilities	0 <del></del>	41,732		41,763
Noncurrent liabilities				
Customer deposits and customer prepayments		77,518		74,144
Revenue bonds payable		281,426		320,417
Total noncurrent liabilities		358,944		394,561
Total liabilities	/ <del></del>	440,896		461,531
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,688,987		3,760,445
Restricted:				
Debt service		91,814		87,831
Depreciation and contingency		57,832		54,431
Unrestricted		551,435		543,721
Total net assets		4,390,068		4,446,428
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	4,830,964	\$	4,907,959

#### Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Utility Enterprise Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012	2011
Operating revenues: Water sales	\$	245,358	\$ 257,377
Gas sales	Φ	178,466	250,361
Sewerage fees		141,627	148,748
Plumbing fees		3,676	3,951
Penalties		12,972	13,391
Other operating revenues		90	1,725
Miscellaneous revenues		1,837	
Total operating revenues		584,026	675,553
		55.3025	
Operating expenses: Bad debts	10	5,196	2 10
		2. 2. 3. 5 B.	2,193
Computer consultants		2,915	3,804
Depreciation		145,480	144,079
Dues and subscriptions		1,307	1,162
Engineering		560	-
Equipment		18,539	14,80
Gas purchases		106,644	104,182
Insurance - general		15,124	17,372
Legal and audit		24,272	23,29
Miscellaneous expenses		2,423	173
Office supplies		5,805	5,934
Postage		3,318	3,690
Salaries and related benefits		166,314	141,520
Supplies-plant		17,096	12,231
Supplies and expenses-gas		6,173	8,394
Supplies and expenses-sewer		18,882	21,299
Supplies and expenses-water		61,313	42,540
Telephone		8,150	7,563
Travel and meetings		2,447	2,732
Utilities	_	33,107	43,194
Total operating expenses		645,065	600,168
Operating profit (loss)		(61,039)	75,385
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Grants		48,725	21,423
Interest earnings		2,581	5,358
Income from jointly owned gas operations			
and maintenance fund		54,320	239
Interest expense		(17,948)	(34,73
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		87,678	(7,71)
Income before operating transfers		26,639	67,674
Operating transfers:			
Transfers out		(83,000)	(131,000
Net transfers		(83,000)	(131,000
Net income (loss)		(56,361)	(63,320
Net assets beginning of year	-	4,446,429	4,509,75
Net assets end of year	\$	4,390,068	\$4,446,429

# Schedules of Cash Flows - Utility Enterprise Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

÷	_	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$	588,343 \$	674,785
Cash paid for employee services		(166,619)	(144,333)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(312,757)	(301,878)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	108,967	228,574
Cash flows from noncapital financing activates:			
Transfers to general fund		(83,000)	(131,000)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(83,000)	(131,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Grant received for repairs of capital assets		14,400	-
Grant received for acquisition to capital assets		35,000	21,427
Acquisition of capital assets		(35,000)	(34,995)
Principal paid on debt		(38,563)	(466,024)
Interest paid on debt		(17,948)	(36,244)
Net cash used for financing activities		(42,111)	(515,836)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Sale (Purchase) of short-term investments		(1,938)	423,492
Interest received on investments		2,581	5,358
Distribution received from Joint Line		75,000	238
Net cash provided by investing activities		75,643	429,088
Net increase in cash		59,499	10,826
Cash, beginning of year	() attached and ()	315,091	304,265
Cash, end of year	\$	374,590 \$	315,091
Shown on the accompanying balance sheet as			
Cash	\$	224,945 \$	172,828
Restricted assets			
Cash	_	149,645	142,263
Total	\$	374,590 \$	315,091

(Continued)

# Schedules of Cash Flows - Utility Enterprise Fund (Concluded) For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2 <b>1111</b>	2012	2011
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	(61,039) \$	75,385
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		145,480	144,079
Bad debts		5,196	2,193
Change in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable		(3,088)	(2,317)
Prepaid expenses		3,152	(1,572)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		15,318	12,070
Payroll liabilities		(459)	-
Due to other funds		1,033	658
Customer deposits	-	3,374	(1,922)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	108,967 \$	228,574
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital investing and financing activities: Increase in the investment in the jointly owned gas operations			
and maintenance fund	\$	54,320 \$	239
Total noncash capital investing and financing activities	\$	54,320 \$	239

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# Schedule of Changes in Restricted Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

2		Bond and Interest	Bond		Depreciation and		<b>75</b> 4 1
\$550,000 1976 Water and Gas Revenue Bonds		Redemption	Reserve	• •	Contingency		Total
\$350,000 1976 Water and Gas Revenue Bonds \$100,000 1976 Water and Gas Revenue Bonds							
Balance - July 1, 2011	\$	51,730 \$	19,409	\$	43,313	¢	114,452
Add:	Ψ	51,750 \$	19,409	ψ	-10,010	φ	114,402
Transfers from operating		39,000	1,800		2,160		42,960
Interest earned		149	49		109		307
Total funds available		90,879	21,258		45,582	100000	157,719
Less:							
Principal and interest	_	(38,000)	<b>1</b> 2		<b>11</b>		(38,000)
Balance - June 30, 2012	\$_	52,879 \$	21,258	\$	45,582	\$	119,719
\$315,000 1988 Sewer Revenue Bonds							
Balance - July 1, 2011	\$	7,533	9,159	\$	11,118	\$	27,810
Add:							
Transfers from operating		18,513	926		1,104		20,543
Interest earned	-	36	23		28		87
Total funds available		26,082	10,108		12,250		48,440
Less:							
Principal and interest	-	(18,513)	-		-		(18,513)
Balance - June 30, 2012	\$	7,569 \$	10,108	\$	12,250	\$	29,927

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA COMPENSATION PAID ALDERMEN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The schedule of compensation paid to Aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the Aldermen is included in general administration expenditures of the General Fund.

	Compensation			
Edwin Britt	\$	6,000		
James Fuller		6,000		
Billy Mitchell		6,000		
Mattie Sampson		6,000		
Timothy Turner		6,000		
Total Compensation	\$	30,000		

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# LUFFEY, HUFFMAN, RAGSDALE & SOIGNIER

John L. Luffey, MBA, CPA (1963-2002) Francis I. Huffman, CPA Philip A. Ragsdale, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA

(A Professional Accounting Corporation) Certified Public Accountants

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA Esther Atteberry, CPA Lori Woodard, MBA, CPA

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# Mayor Alex Davis and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton Newellton, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Newellton (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Town of Newellton Newellton, Louisiana

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the Town, entities granting funds to the Town, and the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Kulley Hulfmon Regidely & Sugar A Professional Accounting Corporation)

December 31, 2012

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

The following is a summary of the status of the prior year audit findings included in the Luffey, Huffman, Ragsdale & Soignier (APAC) audit report dated January 5, 2012 in connection with the audit of the financial statements of the Town of Newellton as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011.

#### 11-01 Local Government Budget Act

#### Finding

On May 8, 2011, the Town Council approved the Town's amended 2011 budget and the original 2012 budget. However, the four columns presented (the Prior Year (2009/2010) Actual, the 9 month Actual through March 31, 2011, the 2010/2011 Amended Budget and the 2012 Proposed Budget) contains significant errors. Had the correct fund balance of \$85,581 been used, the Town budgeted a negative fund balance for June 30, 2011 which is not allowed per Revised Statute 39:1305. Additionally, as a result of using \$101,038 as the beginning fund balance, the Town violated Revised Statute 39:1311 where the difference was more than 5% and was being used to fund current year expenditures. Given the number of mathematical errors in the Budget Proposal, it is difficult for the Town to have a realistic understanding of the financial operation of the Town.

#### Status

The Town has made dramatic improvements in FY12 by addressing all of the issues cited in Finding 11-01 above.

#### 11-02 Timely Submission of Financial Statements

#### Finding

The audited financial statements were not submitted to Louisiana Legislative Auditor by December 31, 2011 (six months after fiscal year end) as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513. This year's submission was delayed due to having issues getting corrective action plans finalized.

#### Status

The Town has submitted fiscal year 2012's financial statements within the six month deadline.

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **ML-01** Employee Utility Billings

#### Finding

The Town did not have a formalized method of reporting activity of the activating and de-activating of customers (on the request of the customer) which records the date of the requested change of service by the Utility Department and the Town Hall employees. Additionally, the Town did not correctly handle an employee's gas service for a rent house that may or may not have been suspended at the employee's request. The same employee also holds a control sensitive position with the Town. Subsequent analysis revealed that the employee owed the Town \$160.80 for services that appear to have been available for four months.

#### Status

The Town has addressed both of these related issues by having a more formal communication between the utility office staff and the utility operations staff. Additionally, the employee did pay the \$160.80 that was owed to the Town.

#### ML-02 Personnel Files

#### Finding

The Town did not maintain sufficient documentation on some of the employees in the payroll folders.

#### Status

The Town has amended its procedures to ensure the collection of all documents before releasing a paycheck to an employee.