LINCOLN PARISH ASSESSOR RUSTON, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1-6-05

## LINCOLN PARISH ASSESSOR DECEMBER 31, 2004

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Pam C. Jones, C.L.A. Lincoln Parish Assessor Ruston, LA 71273

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Lincoln Parish Assessor, a component of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, as of and for the two years ended December 31, 2004, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Lincoln Parish Assessor's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Lincoln Parish Assessor as of December 31, 2004, and the results of its operations for the two years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 2, the Tax Assessor has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement NO. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended and interpreted, as of December 31, 2003.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 11 and 36 through 37, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that comprise the Lincoln Parish Tax Assessor's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Cochran, Clark & Robinson

Cochran Clark : Nobenso

Rayville, LA May 20, 2005

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Within this section of the Lincoln Parish Assessor, Ruston, Louisiana (the Parish Assessor) annual financial report, the Parish Assessor's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Parish Assessor for the calendar year ended December 31, 2004. The Parish Assessor's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

#### FINANCIAL RIGHLIGHTS

- The Parish Assessor's assets exceeded its liabilities (net assets) by \$1,092,365 for 2004 and by \$1,258,640 for 2003.
- · Total net assets are comprised of the following:

## December 31, 2004

- (1) Capital assets of \$74,209 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
- (2) Unrestricted net assets of \$1,018,156 represent the portion available to maintain the Parish Assessor's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.

## December 31, 2003

- (1) Capital assets of \$81,792 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
- (2) Unrestricted net assets of 1,176,848 represent the portion available to maintain the Parish Assessor's continuing obligations to citizens and credits.
- The Parish Assessor's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$1,018,156 for 2004 and \$1,176,848 for 2003. The total fund balance is unreserved in both years.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,018,156 or 150% of total General Fund expenditures. At the end of 2003, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,176,846 or 179% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Overall, the Parish Assessor continues to maintain a strong financial position, in spite of a somewhat depressed economy.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The first item in this report is the independent Auditors' report. This report tells the reader what the auditor audited and where the Parish Assessor has followed the accounting and financial reporting rules. For the years ended in 2003 and 2004, the auditor has given the Parish Assessor what is commonly called "a clean opinion". This means that the Parish Assessor is following the accounting rules and the following financial statements reflect the financial position and the financial activity for the two years ended December 31, 2004. The auditors' report is signed by the independent auditor. The auditors' report may be found on pages 1 and 2 of this financial report.

### OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the Parish Assessor's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The Parish Assessor also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements, such as required supplementary information and supplementary information.

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The Parish Assessor's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Parish Assessor's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Parish Assessor's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Parish Assessor as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the Parish Assessor would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the Parish Assessor's net assets changed during the current calendar year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the Parish Assessor receives or pays cash. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Parish Assessor's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the Parish Assessor's taxpayers.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 through 16 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Parish Assessor uses a single fund to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Parish Assessor's only fund, the general fund.

The Parish Assessor uses only one fund type:

The Government fund is reported in the fund financial statements and encompasses the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the Parish Assessor's governmental fund. These statements report short-term calendar accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

## Notes to the basic financial statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

## Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Parish Assessor's budget presentation. The general fund's budgetary comparison statement is included as "required supplementary information". Required supplementary information is information that the accounting rules strongly suggest be presented within the Assessor's financial report. This statement demonstrates compliance with the Parish Assessor's adopted and final budget. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 36 and 37 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PARISH ASSESSOR AS A WHOLE

The Parish Assessor's net assets are \$1,092,365 at the end of 2004 and \$1,258,640 at the end of 2003. The following table provides a summary of the Parish Assessor's net assets:

#### Summary of Net Assets

20	2004		2003	
Governmental	Percentage	Governmental	Percentage	
Activities	of Total	Activities	of Total	
1,118,211	94%	1,261,252	94%	
74,209	<u>6</u> %	81,792	6%	
<u>1,192,420</u>	<u>100</u> %	<u>1,343,044</u>	<u> 100</u> %	
÷				
2,630	3∜	1,952	2%	
97,425	<u>97</u> %	82,452	<u>98</u> %	
<u>100,055</u>	<u>100</u> %	<u>84,404</u>	<u>100</u> %	
t 74,209	7%	81,792	6%	
1,018,156	<u>93</u> %	1,176,848	948	
<u>1,092,365</u>	<u>100</u> %	<u>1,258,640</u>	<u>100</u> %	
	Governmental Activities  1,118,211 74,209  1,192,420  2,630 97,425  100,055	Governmental Percentage Activities of Total  1,118,211 94% 74,209 6%  1,192,420 100%  2,630 3% 97,425 97%  100,055 100%	Governmental Percentage Activities of Total Activities  1,118,211 94% 1,261,252 74,209 6% 81,792  1,192,420 100% 1,343,044  2,630 3% 1,952 97,425 97% 82,452  100,055 100% 84,404	

The Parish Assessor continues to maintain an extremely high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities is 474 to 1 for the year ended in 2004 and 646 to 1 for the year ended in 2003. These are strong ratios.

The Parish Assessor reported a positive balance in net assets for its governmental activities. Net assets decreased by \$166,275 or 15% in 2004; net assets decreased by \$70,272 or 5% in 2003. Note that approximately 6% of the governmental activities net assets are tied up in capital in both years. The Parish Assessor uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens.

The following data is presented on the accrual basis of accounting which means that all costs are presented, however, the purchase of capital assets is not included but depreciation on the capital assets in included.

The following table provides a summary of the Parish Assessor's changes in net assets:

Summary of Changes in Net Assets

	2004		20	003
Gov	ernmental	Percentage	Governmental	Percentage
<u>Ac</u>	<u>tivities</u>	of Total	<u>Activities</u>	of Total
Revenues:				
Program:				
Charges for Services	18,891	3%	64,646	11%
General:				
Taxes	433,549	84%	453,846	76%
State revenue sharing	45,784	8%	45,394	8*
Interest	15,368	4%	23,770	4%
Other	4,253	<u> </u>	4,306	<u>1</u> *
Total Revenues	517,845	100%	591,962	<u>100</u> %
Program Expenses:				
Operational:				
Salaries and benefits	476,620	70%	471,337	71%
Operating Services	142,577	21%	116,792	18%
Materials and Supplies	15,732	28	13,070	2₺
Travel and Other	39,853	6₩	48,801	7%
Depreciation	9,338	<u>1</u> %	12,234	2*
Total Expenses:	684,120	<u>100</u> %	662,234	<u>100</u> %
Change in Net Assets	(166,275)		( 70,272)	
Beginning Net Assets $\underline{1}$	,258,640		1,328,912	
Ending Net Assets	<u>,092,365</u>		1,258,640	

### GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

The Parish Assessor is heavily reliant on property taxes to support its operations. In the year ended in 2004, property taxes provided 84% of the Parish Assessor's total revenues. In the year ended in 2003, property taxes provided 76% of the Parish Assessor's total revenues. Revenues from the State of Louisiana for revenue sharing totaled approximately 8% of the Parish Assessor's resources in both years. Because of the Parish Assessor's healthy financial position, we have been able to earn \$15,368 in interest earnings in 2004 and \$23,770 in interest earnings in 2003 to support our activities, in spite of the low interest rates available in 2004 for investments. In 2004, program revenues were only 3% of total revenue. In 2003, program revenues are only 11% of total revenue. This means that the Parish Assessor's taxpayers and the Parish Assessor's other general revenues fund 97% of the Parish Assessor's activities in 2004 and 89% of the Parish Assessor's activities. As a result, the general economy and local businesses have a major impact on the Parish Assessor's revenue streams.

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#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Since assessor operations are staff oriented, a little less than three-quarters of the budget is used for employee salaries and benefits each year. Operating services make up 21% of total expenses in 2004 and 18% of total expenses in 2003. Supplies make up 2% of the total expenses in each year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PARISH ASSESSOR'S GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the Parish Assessor's operating fund and the source of day-to-day service delivery. As discussed, the General Fund is reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Remember the data presented in the fund financial statements is presented on the modified accrual basis. This means that capital assets purchased during the year are reported as expenditures and no depreciation on these capital assets is reported as an expenditure in the same year.

The total ending general fund's fund balance is \$1,018,156, a decrease of \$148,692 in 2004. For the year ended in 2003, the total ending fund balance was \$1,176,848, a decrease of \$65,879 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily the result of the expenditures required to gather data and acquire and maintain the technology to perform the required reassessment of property values. In the future, the cost of this reassessment process will continue to exceed the normal tax revenues of the office.

Other key factors contributing to this change were revenues modestly in excess of projections and continued efforts to control operating costs. The total amount is unreserved indicating availability for continuing Parish Assessor service requirements.

In 2004, property taxes were \$433,549 and state revenue sharing was \$45,784. In 2003, property taxes were \$453,846 and state revenue sharing was \$45,394. The Assessor's office provided mapping services to the Communication District; this generated service revenue of almost \$50,000 for the Assessor's office.

The following table shows the % of change (+ increase or - decrease) in expenditures for the two years:

	2004	2003
Salaries and Benefits	+1%	+8%
Operating services	+22%	+23%
Materials and supplies	+20%	-14%
Capital outlay	-78%	-71%

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The General Fund's ending fund balance is considered very adequate, representing the equivalent of 150% of annual expenditures in 2004 and 179% of annual expenditures in 2003. Though some might consider this percentage high, it is necessary for the Parish Assessor to maintain a strong financial position in order to cover its cash flow needs and any unforeseen costs that might occur in the future. Note that the Parish Assessor is financing its operations on a "pay-as-you-go" system, which means currently there is no outstanding long-term debt (e.g., bonded debt) for capital purposes. In other words, all capital items are free and clear of debt.

#### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund budget was not amended in either year. In 2004, the Parish Assessor realized 99% of the revenue budget. In 2003, the Parish Assessor realized just over 110% of the revenue budget.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The Parish Assessor's investments in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of December 31, 2004 was \$74,209 and in 2003, the investment was \$81,792. Depreciation expense exceeded capital asset replacement by \$7,583 in the year ended 2004 and \$4,393 in the year ended 2003.

#### Capital Assets

	Governmental	Activities
	2004	2003
Depreciable assets:		
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	183,580	181,825
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>109,371</u>	100,033
Pook welve denvesiable agests	74 200	01 700
Book value-depreciable assets	<u>74,209</u>	<u>81,792</u>

The depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 82% depreciated at the end of 2004 and 75% depreciated at the end of 2003. The total percentage of depreciated capital assets is quite high, (i.e. approximately three-fourths of the value of these assets is used) which means that additional resources will be required to replace these capital assets in the future.

## Long-term debt

At year-end, the Parish Assessor had no long-term debt outstanding. The Parish Assessor may issue general obligation debt to meet its capital needs but has elected to fund these needs on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Financing capital on a current basis eliminates the deferral of capital costs to future periods.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE PARISH ASSESSOR

Since the primary revenue stream for the Parish Assessor is property taxes, this type of tax is not subject to changes in the economy, in the short-term. However, in the long-term property tax revenues suffer if the economy does not maintain growth. Obviously, the "911" tragedy in New York has had a nationwide negative impact on most places in our country, including the State of Louisiana.

## CONTACTING THE PARISH ASSESSOR'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Parish Assessor's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Parish Assessor's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about the contents of this report or would like to request additional information, please contact Ms. Pam Jones, at the Lincoln Parish Assessor's Office, Post Office Box 1218, Ruston, Louisiana, 71273.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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## Statement of Net Assets - Government Activities December 31, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
ASSETS		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits Accounts Receivable (net) Capital assets (net)	626,421 491,790 74,209	839,518 421,734 81,792
Total Assets	1,192,420	1,343,044
LIABILITIES  Accounts Payable Deferred Revenue  Total Liabilities	2,630 97,425 100,055	1,952 82,452 84,404
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted	74,209 1,018,156	81,792 1,176,848
Total Net Assets	1,092,365	1,258,640

LINCOLN PARISH ASSESSOR Ruston, Louisiana

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities	(665,229)	purposes 433,549 45,784 15,368 4,253 498,954 (166,275) 1,258,640
Program Revenues Charges for Services	18,891	General revenues:  Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes State revenue sharing Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - January 1, 2004
Expenses	684,120	General revenues:     Taxes:     Property taxes     State revenue     Interest and In     Miscellaneous     Total General     Change in Net     Net Assets - Janu
Activities	Governmental Activities: General Government	

See Auditors' Report. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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LINCOLN PARISH ASSESSOR Ruston, Louisiana

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities	(597,588)		purposes 453,846 45,394	23,770	527,316	(70,272)	1,328,912	1,258,640
Program Revenues Charges for Services	64,646	nues:	Property taxes, levied for general purposes State revenue sharing	Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Assets	Net Assets - January 1, 2003	Net Assets - December 31, 2003
Expenses	662,234	<pre>General revenues:</pre>	Property State rev	Interest and Miscellaneous	Total Ge	Change i	Net Assets -	Net Assets -

See Auditors' Report. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Activities Governmental Activities: General Government FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund December 31, 2004 and 2003

ASSETS	2004	2003
Cash and Interest bearing Deposits Accounts Receivable	626,421 491,790	839,518 421,734
Total Assets	1,118,211	1,261,252
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Deferred Revenue	2,630 97,425	1,952 82,452
Total Liabilities	100,055	84,404
Fund Equity: Fund balance - unreserved, undesignated Fund balance - reserved	1,018,156	1,176,848
Total Fund Equity	1,018,156	1,176,848
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	1,118,211	1,261,252

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Total fund balance for the Governmental Fund	1,018,156	1,176,848
Total net assets reported for Governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Equipment, furniture and fixtures, net of accumulated depreciation	74,209	81,792
Total Net Assets of Governmental Activities	1,092,365	1,258,640

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund

For the Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Revenues		
Intergovernmental Revenues -		
Ad Valorem Taxes	433,549	453,846
State Revenue Sharing	45,784	45,394
Other Revenue - preparing tax rolls, etc.	23,144	68,952
Interest	15,368	_23,770
Total Revenues	<u>517,845</u>	591,962
Expenditures		
Current -		
General Government:		
Intergovernmental	22,917	25,191
Personnel Services and Related Benefits	476,620	471,337
Operating Service	142,577	116,792
Materials and Supplies	15,732	13,070
Travel and Other Charges	16,937	23,610
Capital Outlay	1,754	7,841
Total Expenditures	676,537	657,841
Excess ( deficiency) of Revenues		
over expenditures	(158,692)	( 65,879)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,176,848	1,242,727
Fund Balance - End of Year	1,018,156	<u>1,176,848</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

For the Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

	2004	2003
Total net changes in fund balance per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	(158,692)	(65,879)
The change in net assets reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Add: Capital Outlay costs which are considered as expenditures on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances	1,755	7,841
Less: Depreciation expense for the year ended	( <u>9,338</u> )	(12,234)
Total Changes in Net Assets per Statement of Activities	( <u>166,275</u> )	( <u>70,272</u> )

## Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As provided by Article VII, Section 24 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the Assessor is elected by the voters of the parish and serves a term of four years. The Assessor assesses all real and movable property in the parish, subject to ad valorem taxation. The Assessor is authorized to appoint as many deputies as necessary for the efficient operation of this office and to provide assistance to the taxpayers of the parish. The deputies are authorized to perform all functions of the office, but the Assessor is officially and pecuniarly responsible for the actions of the deputies.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Assessor conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513, as well as any applicable requirements set forth by Audits of State and Local Governments, the industry audit guide issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and the Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Lincoln Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Lincoln Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Because the Police Jury maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which the Assessor's office is located, the Assessor was determined to be a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the Assessor and do not present information on the Police Jury, the general government services provided by the Police Jury, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation

## Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Assessor's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Assessor are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The Assessor maintains only one fund. It is categorized as a governmental fund. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, or revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and.
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The major fund of the Assessor is described below:

Governmental Fund -

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Assessor. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets ( or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (where current on noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net assets.

## Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, the government activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses,

#### Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities And Equity

## Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net assets, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Assessor.

#### Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Assessor maintains a threshold level of \$2,500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Deprecation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

5-10 years

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#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Compensated Absences

All employees receive from ten to fifteen days of noncumulative vacation leave each year, depending on length of service. Sick leave, which in noncumulative, is earned at the rate of five days each year and one day for every working year over three years, not to exceed fifteen days. There are no accumulated and vested benefits related to vacation and sick leave that require accrual or disclosure.

### Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the fund statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.

## F. Revenues, Expenditures, And Expenses

## Revenues

Ad valorem and the related state revenue sharing taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, attach as an enforceable lien, and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1993 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year.

See Auditors' Report.

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#### Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fees for preparing tax rolls are recorded in the year prepared. Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the time deposits have matured. Interest income on demand deposits is recorded monthly when the interest is earned and credited to the account.

Based on the above criteria, ad valorem taxes, state revenue sharing, and fees for preparing tax rolls have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

The Lincoln Parish Assessor reports deferred revenue on its balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

## Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by character and function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified by character.

## G. Budgetary Practices

The proposed budget for the General Fund, prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, is made available for public inspection at least fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is then legally adopted by the Assessor and amended during the year, as necessary. The budget is established and controlled by the Assessor at the object level of expenditure. Appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. All changes in the budget must be approved by the Assessor. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The budget was not amended for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2004 or 2003.

#### H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 2 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the year ended December 31, 2003, the Assessor has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 34 creates new basic financial statements for reporting on the Assessor's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type which has been the mode of presentation in previously issued financial statements. The Assessor also implemented GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, and Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 caused the opening fund balance at December 31, 2002 to be restated in terms of "net assets" as follows:

Total fund balance - Governmental Fund - at December 31, 2002

1,242,727

Add: Cost of capital assets at

December 31, 2002

Less: Accumulated depreciation at

December 31, 2002

(\_87,799)

173,984

86,185

Net assets at December 31, 2002

1,328,912

### NOTE 3 - PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1925, the assessor is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in lieu of pro rata deductions from ad valorem taxing authorities. The authorized millage should be an amount necessary to provide no less ad valorem taxes than that received by the assessor in the initial year. The maximum allowable rate is 2.51 mills; the Lincoln Parish Assessor levied 2.31 mills for 2004 and 2.51 mills for 2003 to provide funding for the office.

## Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 3 - PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (continued)

The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2004 assessed valuation:

		Percent
	2004	of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
	<u>Valuation</u>	Valuation
Centerpoint Mississippi River	8,706,160	3.50%
LaClede Gas Co.	8,245,650	3.32%
Weyerhaeuser Co.	6,718,480	2.70%
Squire Creek Country Club	473,080	0.19%
Squire Creek Country Club & Golf	905,130	0.36%
BellSouth	4,609,120	1.85%
Centerpoint Energy Gas	4,473,110	1.80%
Saint-Gobain Containers	3,675,470	1.48%
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	3,688,420	1.48%
Community Trust Bank	3,176,260	_1.28%
Total	44,670,880	<u>17.96</u> %

The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2003 assessed valuation:

		Percent
	2003	of Total
	Assessed	Assessed
	Valuation	Valuation
Centerpoint Mississippi River	8,820,110	5₺
Weyerhaeuser Co.	6,941,230	4%
LaClede Gas Co.	5,742,290	3₺
BellSouth	4,810,790	3 %
Centerpoint Energy Gas	4,323,550	3∜
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	3,346,790	2∜
Saint-Gobain Containers	2,701,000	2%
Community Trust Bank	2,693,110	2 %
Banc One Management Corp.	1,713,490	1%
Centerpoint Energy - Arkla	1,603,700	1%
Healthsouth Corp Trust	1,444,450	1%
Green Clinic Management Co.	1,420,000	1%
Federal Home Products	1,371,300	1%
Duke Energy Field Services	1,243,410	1%
Wal-Mart Stores East, Inc. #23	1,236,610	1%
Wal-Mart Real Est, Bus. Trust	1,197,460	1%
Industrial Insulation Group	1,121,250	1%
Iberia Bank	997,870	1%
Claiborne Electric Corp.	954,570	<u>_1</u> %
Total	53,682,980	<u>35</u> %
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See Auditors' Report.

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#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 4 - CASH AND INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Under state law, the Assessor may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the Union, or the laws of the United States. The Assessor may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31 the Assessor has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) as follows:

	2004	2003
Demand Deposits	76,421	89,518
Time Deposits	550,000	750,000
	626,421	839,518

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. Deposit balances (bank balances) at December 31 are secured as follows:

	2004	2003
Bank Balances	<u>648,468</u>	864,242
Federal deposit insurance Pledged securities (Category 3)	298,468 350,000	314,242 550,000
Total	<u>648,468</u>	864,242

Pledged securities in Category 3 include uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Assessor's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) Louisiana Revised State 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Assessor that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

	Balance 1/01/04	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/04
Capital Assets: Equipment, furniture	<u>=/02/01</u>	11444 01011	<u> </u>	12/31/01
and fixtures	181,825	1,755	-	183,580
Less accumulated depreciation: Equipment, furniture				
and fixtures	100,033	9,338		109,371
Net Capital Assets	81,792			74,209

Depreciation expense of \$9,338 was charged to the general government function.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

2000 012 -5 10-10-2				
	Balance			Balance
	<u>1/01/03</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	<u>12/31/03</u>
Capital Assets:				
Equipment, furniture				
and fixtures	173,984	7,841	-	181,825
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Equipment, furniture				
and fixtures	87,799	12,234	_	100,033
			<del></del>	
Net Capital Assets	86,185			81,792
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Depreciation expense of \$12,234 was charged to the general government function.

### NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Lincoln Parish Assessor's office are members of the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement System (system), a multiple-employer (cost-sharing), public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The system provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by statute.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

## NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (continued)

The system issues an annual publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Assessor's Retirement System, Post Office Box 1786, Shreveport, Louisiana 71166-1866 or by calling (318)425-4446.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute a percentage of their annual covered salary and the Lincoln Parish Assessor is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. During the year ended December 31, 2003 the employee rate was 8% and the employer rate was 14%. During the year ended December 31, 2004, the employee rate remained at 8%. The employer rate was 14% for January 2004 through September 2004. The employer rate was 14.5% for October 2004 through December 2004. Contributions to the system include .0025% of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish, plus revenue sharing funds appropriated by the legislature. contribution requirements of plan members and the Lincoln Parish Assessor are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year.

The payroll covered by the plan and the Lincoln Parish Assessors required contribution to the system are as follows:

	2004	<u>2003</u>
Payroll Covered	337,284	336,596
Required Contribution	47,642	47,124

## NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Lincoln Parish Assessor offers its employees participation in the State of Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan adopted by the Louisiana Deferred Compensation Commission and established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is reported as an agency fund in the State of Louisiana's financial statements. The plan, available to all Assessor's employees, permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or proof of hardship.

See Auditors' Report.

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#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (continued)

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the state of Louisiana (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan) subject only to the claims of the general creditors of the State of Louisiana. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the State of Louisiana in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

#### NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Lincoln Parish Assessor provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. Substantially all of the assessor's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the assessor. These benefits for retirees are provided through an insurance company whose monthly premiums are paid by the assessor.

The assessor recognizes the cost of providing these benefits as an expenditure when the monthly premiums are paid. The total amount of premiums paid for the three eligible retirees was \$10,583 for the year ended 2004 and \$10,709 for the year ended 2003. These premiums are financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

## NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Lincoln Parish Assessor entered into a cooperative endeavor agreement with the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, the City of Ruston, and the Lincoln Parish Communication District No. 1 to create the Lincoln Parish Geographic Information System (GIS). GIS is governed by a board of eight commissioners, including the Lincoln Parish Assessor and one representative appointed by the Assessor. The Lincoln Parish Assessor agreed to a one year commitment to provide funds up to \$25,000 plus internet costs for the next year. The Assessor paid \$25,191 in 2003 and \$22,917 in 2004, to GIS.

The Lincoln Parish Assessor's office is located in the court house of Lincoln Parish. The Police Jury provides the office space for the Assessor's office. Minor repairs, electricity, water, and sewer fees are all paid by the Police Jury.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### NOTE 10 - LEASE

The Lincoln Parish Assessor leases a vehicle under a three year cancelable operating lease agreement. The agreement requires the assessor to buy and maintain liability and physical damage insurance and to maintain and repair the vehicle to keep it in good working order and condition. At the end of the lease, the assessor may be required to pay an additional charge to lessor for excess wear and excess mileage. If the lease is terminated before the three year term has expired, a similar charge may be required.

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Assessor is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Assessor has obtained coverage from various commercial insurance companies to reduce the exposure to these risks.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance Budget (Gaap Basis) And Actual - Governmental Fund Type For The Year Ended December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental Revenues -			
Ad Valorem Taxes	437,500	433,549	• •
State Revenue Sharing	44,000	45,784	1,784
Other Revenue - preparing			
tax rolls, etc.	19,700	23,144	3,444
Interest	20,000	<u>15,368</u>	(4,632)
Total Revenues	521,200	517,845	(_3,355)
Expenditures			
Current -			
General Government:			
Intergovernmental	25,000	22,917	2,083
Personnel Services and			
Related Benefits	447,940	476,620	(28,680)
Operating Service	170,150	142,577	27,573
Materials and Supplies	15,550	15,732	( 182)
Travel and Other Charges	19,575	16,937	2,638
Capital Outlay	20,000	1,754	18,246
Total Expenditures	698,215	676,537	21,678
Excess ( deficiency) of Revenues			
over expenditures	( <u>177,015</u> )	(158,692)	18,323
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,176,848	
Fund Balance - End of Year		1,018,156	

See Auditors' Report. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance Budget (Gaap Basis) And Actual - Governmental Fund Type For The Year Ended December 31, 2003 (Unaudited)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental Revenues -			
Ad Valorem Taxes	406,000	453,846	47,846
State Revenue Sharing	44,000	45,394	1,394
Other Revenue - preparing			
tax rolls, etc.	64,600	68,952	4,352
Interest	25,000	23,770	(1,230)
			<u></u> -
Total Revenues	539,600	591,962	52,362
Expenditures			
Current -			
General Government:			
Intergovernmental	25,000	25,191	( 191)
Personnel Services and			
Related Benefits	468,400	471,337	( 2,937)
Operating Service	213,400	116,792	96,608
Materials and Supplies	15,800	13,070	2,730
Travel and Other Charges	20,525	23,610	
Capital Outlay	25,000	7,841	17,159
		<del></del> _	<del></del>
Total Expenditures	768,125	657,841	110,284
Excess ( deficiency) of Revenues			
over expenditures	( <u>228,525</u> )	( 65,879)	162,646
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,242,727	
Fund Balance - End of Year		1,176,848	

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL COCCUMBONSOUTH DET REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lincoln Parish Assessor Ruston, LA 71273

We have audited the financial statements of the Lincoln Parish Assessor, a component unit of the Lincoln Parish Police Jury, as of and for the two years ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Lincoln Parish Assessor's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lincoln Parish Assessor's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Lincoln Parish Assessor, management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cochran, Clark & Robinson

Cockran Clark : Sobenes

Rayville, LA

May 20, 2005

## LINCOLN PARISH ASSESSOR RUSTON, LOUISIANA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2004

## A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The Auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Lincoln Parish Assessor.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Lincoln Parish Assessor were disclosed during the audit.
- 3. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control.

## B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None