City of Grambling Grambling, Louisiana

Basic Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2012

City of Grambling Table of Contents

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	<u>Page</u> 5-7
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	8
Management Discussion and Analysis	9-17

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
	Statement	
Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)		18
Statement of Net Position	Α	19
Statement of Activities	в	20-21
Fund Financial Statements (FFS)		22
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	С	23
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		
to the Statement of Net Position	D	24
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances	E	25
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the		
Statement of Activities	F	26
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:		
General Fund	G-1	27
Health & Sanitation	G-2	28
Proprietary Fund – Maintenance Enterprise Fund:		
Statement of Net Position	Н	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	Ι	30
Statement of Cash Flows	J	31
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements		
Index		32
Notes		33-48
		1963 N.S.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY	Schedule	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Selleuni	49
Proprietary Fund – Maintenance Enterprise Fund:		
Comparative Statement of Net Position	1	50
Proposed Budget 2013	2	51
Schedule of Compensation Paid Council Members	3	52
Schedule of Insurance Coverage	4	53
Schedule of Breakdown of Utility Customers	5	54
Schedule of Water & Sewer Rates	6	55
	0	22
OTHER REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS		
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Ma	itters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance		
With Government Auditing Standards		56-57
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		58-61
Selfessie of Lindings and Zaconolica Copio		50 01
OTHER INFORMATION		62
Summery Status of Drive Audit Eindings		62 64

Summary Status of Prior Audit Findings63-64Corrective Action Plan for Current-Year Findings and Questioned Costs65-68

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205

www.allengreencpa.com

2441 Tower Drive Monroe, LA 71201 Telephone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664 Tim Green, CPA Margie Williamson, CPA Amy Tynes, CPA Aimee Buchanan, CPA

Rachel Davis, CPA Jaime Esswein, CPA, CFE Shonda McCoy, CPA Jaunicia Mercer, CPA, CFE Roomi Shakir, CPA Cindy Thomason, CPA

> Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Edward Jones, and Members of the City Council City of Grambling Grambling, Louisiana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Grambling as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Division for CPA Firms, Employee Benefit Audit Quality Center, and the Government Audit Quality Center Equal Opportunity Employer

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Grambling as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison schedules for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter Regarding Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the City of Grambling will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the City has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a fund balance deficiency in the General Fund that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 15. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grambling's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 11, 2013 on our consideration of the City of Grambling's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

allen Dreen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana July 11, 2013 **City of Grambling**

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Grambling's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS In fiscal year 2012, the City implemented the following GASB Statements:

Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position." This Statement establishes standards for reporting of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement amends or supersedes the accounting and financial guidance for certain items previously required as assets or liabilities as well as establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for the financial statement of state and local governments.

Although these Statements had no current effect on the financial statements as a result of implementation, the Statements did change the presentation of the City's financials, which consisted of the net assets being classified as net position.

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

Governmental activities reported a decrease in net position of \$832,610 whereas business-type activities reported an increase of \$191,244. The decrease in the net position of governmental activities was primarily due to changes in the General Fund's fund balance.

Total governmental activities revenues decreased \$127,624 or 5%. Ad valorem taxes decreased \$37,635 or 7% while sales taxes increased \$259,522 or 35% due primarily to a one-time settlement of over \$100,000. Grants and other revenues decreased \$349,511 primarily due to the prior year including over \$200,000 received for a contract signed with a firm to hold rights to leasing space on the City's water tower. Other minor variances combine to form the total decrease. Total governmental activities expenses decreased \$167,913 or 6%.

The \$172,311 increase in business-type activities expenses was primarily due to increases in water and wastewater management fees of \$92,882, depreciation expense of \$50,873, and contracted services of \$83,381 offset by a decreases in water system repair of \$69,401. Other minor increases and decreases combined to form the total increase. The increase in water and wastewater management fees is due to the addition of water system management fees. The City previously only outsourced sewer system management. It was determined that professional management was more efficient. The increase in contracted services is due to the accrual of fees for a contract signed by the previous administration that came to light in 2012. The project was canceled and the City had not paid any fees. Fees of \$96,180 were accrued as a result of the settlement of a lawsuit in 2013.

Total spending for governmental activities was \$2,583,522. Most of the City's property and sales taxes were used to support the net cost (after deducting restricted grants and fees charged to users) of these two areas: general government of \$816,293 and public safety of \$1,184,158.

The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$279,875 during 2012 as compared to a decrease in 2011 of \$138,163. Revenues decreased by \$201,523 while expenditures decreased by \$80,326. Transfers in were \$410,464 and \$50,309 for 2011 and 2012, respectively. Transfers out were \$118,030 and \$112,050, respectively for 2011 and 2012. Sales of capital assets totaled \$333,660 during 2012 while there were no sales during 2011.

The decrease in General Fund revenue was caused by the following:

Lease Revenue	\$ (201,975.10)
Property tax sale reclaim	(20,446.91)
Building permits	23,080.21
Rent - ATT- Tower	(22,621.56)
	\$ (221,963.36)

Prior year transfers in included an entry to record a transfer due from Maintenance Fund in the amount of \$400,000. Sales of capital assets included the sale of a medical building previously leased to a medical practice.

The General Fund's fund balance is a deficit of \$634,983 due to several conditions. When the current administration took office on January 1, 2011, the deficit was \$216,945. There have been many instances since January 2011 whereby management has learned of prior obligations, such as for liability insurance and workmen's compensation insurance, that contributed to the current deficit in that these old bills had to be accrued. The old bills also took cash that was needed to pay current bills. Current management has made a concerted effort to make repairs and improvements to city facilities and systems. This effort has caused a temporary increase in expenditures that is expected to result in savings in the long run by properly maintaining facilities and systems and preventing unnecessary repairs. Also, the City has purchased property to include in the development of a hotel, restaurant, and other businesses in the City that are expected to generate significant property and sales tax revenues in the future as well as increasing licenses and permits and utility revenues.

In addition to the development plans, the City is analyzing expenditures to identify areas where costs can be reduced at least until revenues increase. Management is focusing on salaries and benefits as they are the largest expenditures of the City and because many costs are fixed costs that the City cannot reduce. During 2012, the City allocated expenditures to other funds where possible to ease the burden on the General Fund.

The Health and Sanitation Fund's fund balance increased \$173,180 as compared to an increase of \$142,407 in 2011. Health and Sanitation Fund's revenues were \$573,201 which is \$171,748 or 43% higher than 2011 revenues. The City received a one-time settlement of protested sales taxes of over \$200,000 during 2012.

Health and Sanitation Fund's 2012 expenditures increased by \$140,975 or 54% over 2011 expenditures. The increase in total expenditures was due to the purchase of a truck for \$75,100 and the allocation of expenditures to the fund. Salaries, worker's compensation insurance, and liability insurance increased by \$29,142, \$19,077, and \$12,131.

The Debt Service Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$50,030 in 2012 as compared to a net increase in 2011 of \$3,633. Funds to service the debt are transferred from the General Fund.

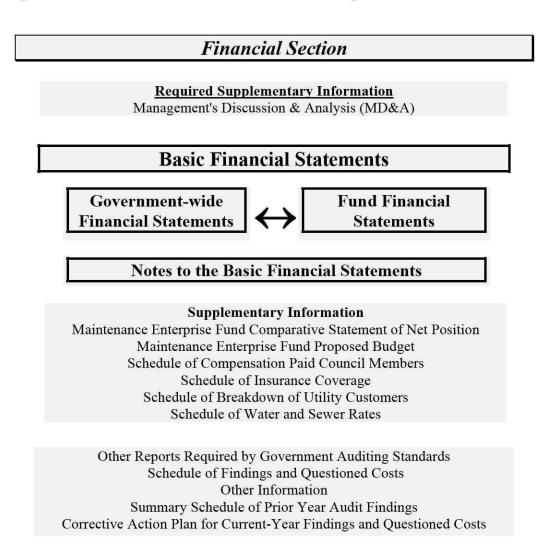
The Capital Project Fund had no change in fund balance. This fund accounted for a DEQ grant.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The City's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the City as a whole, and its funds. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For our governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the City's overall financial health. Fund financial

statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds - the General Fund, Health & Sanitation, Debt Service and Capital Project Fund.

The following chart reflects the information included in this annual report.



Our auditor has provided assurance in the independent auditors' report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplementary Information, the Supplementary Information and Other Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditors' report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts of this report.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information about the City as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position - the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the City's operating results. However, the City's goal is to provide services to our citizens, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of police and fire protection, the conditions of the City's roads, and the quality of water, sewer and sanitation systems to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, street and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and fees, fines and forfeitures, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities - The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer systems are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The City's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the City establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the capital project fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds - governmental and proprietary - use different accounting approaches:

Governmental funds - Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We

describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in the reconciliations (Statements D and F).

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's maintenance enterprise fund (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as business-type activities we report in the government-wide financial statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 Net Position December 31

	Governmental Activities				Business-typ	ities		Total					
	2	2012	201		2012			2011	2012		8	2011	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	· · · · · ·	762,857 <u>1,893,377</u> 2,656,234	2,69	3,884 1 <u>,282</u> 5,166	\$	(22,615) 2,149,982 2,127,367	\$	244,675 <u>1,596,128</u> 1,840,803	0	740,242 4,043,359 4,783,601		1,148,559 4,287,410 5,435,969	
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities	<u>, </u>	349,038 335,912 346,193 465,640 695,231 801,552		5,640	ä	302,688 1,275,559 1,578,247	3	223,330 <u>1,309,598</u> 1,532,928		651,726 <u>1,621,752</u> 2,273,478		559,242 <u>1,775,238</u> 2,334,480	
Net position													
Net investment in capital assets		1,590,609	2,26	5,811		881,914		293,093		2,472,523		2,558,904	
Restricted		1,056,236	93	3,087		-		125 177		1,056,236		933,087	
Unrestricted	1	(685,842)	(405	,284)	03	(332,794)	15	14,782	(1	,018,636)	2	(390,502)	
Total net position	\$	1,961,003	\$ 2,79	3,614	\$	549,120	\$	307,875	\$	2,510,123	\$	3,101,489	

Table 2Changes in Net PositionFor the Year Ended December 31

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Revenue:						u	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 366,929	\$ 360,651	\$ 823,392	\$ 700,637	\$ 1,190,321	\$ 1,061,288	
Operating grants and contributions	-	-3	119,785	100,000	119,785	100,000	
Capital grants and contributions	-	52,109	-	-	<u>14</u>	52,109	
General revenues:							
Ad valorem tax	495,179	532,814	68,585	77,401	563,764	610,215	
Sales tax revenue	997,673	738,151	-	8	997,673	738,151	
License and permits	215,203	151,344	-	₹	215,203	151,344	
Fines and forfeitures	36,874	27,903	-	<u> </u>	36,874	27,903	
Use of money & property	325	202,770	49	1,166	374	203,936	
Intergovernmental revenue	83,548	52,339	14,000	=	97,548	52,339	
Miscellaneous	140,756	346,030	(44,176)	2,635	96,580	348,665	
Total revenues	2,336,487	2,464,111	981,635	881,839	3,318,122	3,345,950	
Functions/Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
General Government	816,293	1,046,038		8	816,293	1,046,038	
Public Safety	1,389,299	1,334,021	-	-	1,389,299	1,334,021	
Health & Sanitation	316,528	223,354	-	=	316,528	223,354	
Parks & Recreation	9,951	23,486	-	2	9,951	23,486	
Highway & Streets	35,639	103,131		-	35,639	103,131	
Interest Expense	15,812	21,405			15,812	21,405	
Business-type activities:							
Utility enterprise		-	1,375,966	1,203,655	1,375,966	1,203,655	
Total Functions/Program expenses	2,583,522	2,751,435	1,375,966	1,203,655	3,959,488	3,955,090	
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	(247,035)	(287,324)	(394,331)	(321,816)	(641,366)	(609,140)	
Transfers	(585,575)	24,821	585,575	(24,821)	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(832,610)	(262,503)	191,244	(346,637)	(641,366)	(609,140)	
Net position – beginning	2,793,613	2,938,503	307,876	610,116	3,101,489	3,548,619	
Prior period adjustment		117,614	50,000	44,396	50,000	162,010	
Net position- ending	\$ 1,961,003	\$ 2,793,614	\$ 549,120	\$ 307,875	\$ 2,510,123	\$ 3,101,489	

Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$2,583,522. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes and other revenue was \$2,216,593 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$366,929.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's governmental activities as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

		Total Cost	of Services		Net Cost of Services						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	be Activities	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type Activities				
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011			
General Government	\$ 816,293	\$1,046,038	\$-	\$-	\$ (816,293)	\$ (1,046,038)	\$-	\$ -			
Public Safety	1,389,299	1,334,021		-	(1,184,158)	(1,150,343)	-	2 2			
Health & Sanitation	316,528	223,354	14	121	(154,740)	5,728	<u>8</u>	2			
Parks and Recreation	9,951	23,486	8 7 6	1 7 0	(9,951)	(23,486)	5				
Highway & Streets	35,639	103,131	1-1	-	(35,639)	(103,131)	-	-			
Interest Expense	15,812	21,405	2 <u>0</u> 0		(15,812)	(21,405)	-	-			
Business-type activities:											
Utility enterprise	2 (m)	140	1,375,966	1,203,655	2 — 3	-	(432,789)	(403,018)			
Total Functions/Program Expenses	\$2,583,522	\$2,751,435	\$1,375,966	\$1,203,655	\$ (2,216,593)	\$ (2,338,675)	\$ (432,789)	\$ (403,018)			

Table 3Governmental ActivitiesFor the Year Ended December 31

Business-type Activities

Revenues and expenses of the City's business-type activities (see Table 2) remained relatively stable for 2012 compared with 2011.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$421,253 which is a decrease of \$156,725 in fund balance from last year. See the financial highlights section for more details.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original total budgeted expenditures in the General Fund were \$1,847,380. Amendments increased total budgeted expenditures by \$549,201. These amendments were the result of an analysis of variances from estimates at the time the original budget was prepared. Significant individual accounts amended were:

- Salaries \$155,000
- Supplemental wages (\$20,000)
- Workers' Compensation insurance \$30,000
- Employee group insurance \$58,000
- Office supplies \$28,000
- Vehicle maintenance and repairs \$21,000
- Professional fees \$64,000
- Contracted services \$33,000
- Attorney fees \$39,000
- Capital outlay \$205,000
- Payroll tax expenses (\$31,000)

Audit adjustments including one for \$290,000 related to a capital asset transaction, increased the beginning fund deficit by over \$300,000 causing actual amounts available for appropriations to fall \$327,057 below budgeted amounts. Charges to appropriations exceeded budgeted amounts by \$76,245 or 3%.

The City has improved upon former budgeting and operating policies and procedures and continues to work on policies and procedures to improve the use of budgets as a tool. Expenditure control was particularly challenging during 2012 as the City worked on catching up overdue bills and on maintenance and repair of equipment that management believed was necessary to maintain an appropriate level of service to the citizens.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets At December 31, 2012 & 2011, the City had invested in the following capital assets:

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Land	\$ 217,902	\$ 42,902	\$ 49,182	\$ 16,526	\$ 267,084	\$ 59,428		
Construction in Progress	16,500	573,193	. .		16,500	573,193		
Buildings	1,869,005	2,680,759	239,004	30,000	2,108,009	2,710,759		
Vehicles	H		37,066	32,530	37,066	32,530		
Equipment	1,308,045	1,478,122	-	-1	1,308,045	1,478,122		
Sewage Plant	<u>11</u> 19	<u></u>	3,701,163	3,102,736	3,701,163	3,102,736		
Water System		-	1,901,587	1,749,680	1,901,587	1,749,680		
Water/Sewer Equipment	<u>11</u> 10	1207 	1,194,997	1,094,125	1,194,997	1,094,125		
Subtotal	3,411,452	4,774,976	7,122,999	6,025,597	10,534,451	10,800,573		
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation	1,518,075	2,083,694	4,973,017	4,429,469	6,491,092	6,513,163		
Total	\$ 1,893,377	\$ 2,691,282	\$ 2,149,982	\$ 1,596,128	\$ 4,043,359	\$ 4,287,410		

Construction in progress during the year was for the sewer pond renovation. See Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for further details of capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION At December 31,2012, the City's Maintenance Enterprise fund had \$1,210,935 in bonds payable outstanding and a capital lease in the amount of \$57,132 outstanding and the Governmental funds had debt consisting \$302,768 in certificate of indebtedness. For further details see Note 10 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS Our elected and appointed officials and citizens consider many factors when setting the City's budget and tax rates. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our ad valorem tax and sales tax collections. Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes make up more than 40% of 2012 revenues. The 2013 budget includes very little change in ad valorem tax and sales tax revenues. Major plans for 2013 include developing an area of the City to include a hotel and restaurants. Management will strive to improve the City's financial condition by restricting expenditures to needs and by searching for ways to raise revenue, such as with the hotel and restaurant development. Management expects future needs to be more and more manageable as routine obligations and repair and maintenance needs are brought up to date.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Ed Jones, Mayor, at the City of Grambling, P. O. Box 108, Grambling, Louisiana 71245, telephone number (318) 247-6120.

City of Grambling

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2012

Statement A

	GOVERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYP ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES				TOTAL		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	110,469	\$	84,271	\$	194,740	
Investments		6,508		0		6,508	
Receivables, net of allowance		324,445		135,848		460,293	
Internal balances		321,435		(321,435)		0	
Restricted assets		0		77,217		77,217	
Prepaid expenses		0		1,484		1,484	
Capital assets, net		1,893,377	P	2,149,982		4,043,359	
TOTAL ASSETS	1 0	2,656,234	÷	2,127,367		4,783,601	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		98,478		117,706		216,184	
Accrued and other liabilities		163,104		39,590		202,694	
Unearned revenue		80,022		0		80,022	
Interest payable		7,434		46,017		53,451	
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets		0		99,375		99,375	
Long term liabilities							
Due within one year		125,910		145,140		271,050	
Due in more than one year	<u>.</u>	220,283)	1,130,419		1,350,702	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>12</u>	695,231		1,578,247		2,273,478	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		1,590,609		881,914		2,472,523	
Restricted for Debt Retirement		1,130		0		1,130	
Restricted for Health & Sanitation		1,055,106		0		1,055,106	
Unrestricted		(685,842)		(332,794)		(1,018,636)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,961,003	\$	549,120	\$	2,510,123	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

			PROGRAM REVENUES								
					OPE	RATING	CAF	ITAL			
				ARGES FOR	GRA	NTS AND	GRANTS AND				
	E	EXPENSES		SERVICES	CONTR	RIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS											
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$	816,293	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0			
Public safety		1,389,299		205,141		0		0			
Health and sanitation		316,528		161,788		0		0			
Parks and recreation		9,951		0		0		0			
Highways and streets		35,639		0		0		0			
Interest expense		15,812		0		0		0			
Total Governmental Activities	2 . 1.	2,583,522	R.	366,929	s S	0		0			
Business-Type Activities:											
Utility Enterprise		1,375,966		823,392	r.	119,785		0			
Total Business-Type Activities		1,375,966	-	823,392	119,785			0			
Total	\$	3,959,488	\$	1,190,321	\$	119,785	\$	0			

General revenues: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes Sales tax revenue Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenue Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning, as originally stated

Prior period adjustment

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

		,	Statement B		
	PRIMARY GO				
<u>.</u>	(3)	VEN	UE AND CHANGES IN	NET	ASSETS
	Governmental		Business-Type		
. .	Activities	-	Activities		TOTAL
\$	(816,293)	\$	0	\$	(816,293)
	(1,184,158)				(1,184,158)
	(154,740)				(154,740)
	(9,951)				(9,951)
	(35,639)				(35,639)
	(15,812)				(15,812)
de	(2,216,593)	R	0		(2,216,593)
			(432,789)		(432,789)
		-	(432,789)		(432,789)
10	(2,216,593)		(432,789)	9 <u>-</u>	(2,649,382)
		rë	3	<u>.</u>	9 1
	495,179		68,585		563,764
	997,673		0		997,673
	215,203		0		215,203
	36,874		0		36,874
	325		49		374
	83,548		14,000		97,548
	140,756		(44,176)		96,580
	(585,575)		585,575		0
) 	1,383,983	<u>v</u>	624,033		2,008,016
	(832,610)		191,244		(641,366)
	(,)				<u></u>
	2,793,613		307,876		3,101,489
	2		50.000		50.000
<u> </u>	0		50,000		50,000
	2,793,613		357,876		3,151,489
3	2,700,010	<u>.</u>			0,101,400
\$	1,961,003	\$	549,120	\$	2,510,123

Statement B

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet December 31, 2012

Statement C

	GENERAL		HEALTH & SANITATION		DEBT SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECT			TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	104,002	\$	5,337	\$	1,130	\$	0	\$	110,469
Investments		2,616		3,892		0		0		6,508
Receivables, net		271,435		47,760		0		5,250		324,445
Interfund receivables	2	208,211		1,016,089		0		0	6	1,224,300
TOTAL ASSETS		586,264		1,073,078	<u></u>	1,130		5,250	<u> </u>	1,665,722
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		77,301		15,927		0		5,250		98,478
Accrued and other liabilities		161,059		2,045		0		0		163,104
Deferred revenue		80,022		0		0		0		80,022
Interfund payables		902,865		0		0		0	8	902,865
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u></u>	1,221,247		17,972		0		5,250	2	1,244,469
FUND BALANCES:										
Restricted		0		1,055,106		1,130		0		1,056,236
Unassigned		(634,983)		0		0		0		(634,983)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(634,983)		1,055,106		1,130		0		421,253
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND										
BALANCES	\$	586,264	\$	1,073,078	\$	1,130	\$	5,250	\$	1,665,722

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

		Sta	tement D
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	421,253
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment and infrastructure) p or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole. The cost of tho assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the v programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because of expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.	Net Position se capital arious		
Costs of capital assets Depreciation expense to date	\$ 3,411,452 (1,518,075)	đ	
			1,893,377
Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long term - are reported in the Statement of Net Position.			
Balances at December 31, 2012 are:			
Compensated absences	(43,425)		
Bond payable	(302,768)		
Interest payable	(7,434)	6 <u></u>	(353,627)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	1,961,003

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

For the real Ended December 31, 2012								St	atement E	
			HEALTH & DEBT			DEBT CAPITAL				
	GENERAL		SANITATION		SERVICE		PROJECT			TOTAL
REVENUES										
Local sources:										
Taxes	\$	1,085,713	\$	407,139	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,492,852
Licenses and permits		215,203		0		0		0		215,203
Intergovernmental revenues		44,128		4,020		0		35,400		83,548
Fines and forfeitures		242,015		0		0		0		242,015
Use of money and property		130		192		3		0		325
Miscellaneous revenues		221,793		161,850	-	0		0	ĺ	383,643
Total revenues	×	1,808,982	<u></u>	573,201		3		35,400	().	2,417,586
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		740,967		12,555		16		18,900		772,438
Public Safety		1,369,255		0		0		0		1,369,255
Health and sanitation		0		271,772		0		0		271,772
Parks and recreation		9,951		0		0		0		9,951
Highways and streets		15,595		0		0		0		15,595
Capital outlay		225,008		84,314		0		16,500		325,822
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		0		30,079		92,624		0		122,703
Interest and bank charges		0		1,301		17,084		0	<i></i>	18,385
Total expenditures		2,360,776		400,021	1	09,724		35,400	Q	2,905,921
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES		(554 704)		470 400	141	0 704)		0		(400.005)
OVER EXPENDITURES	10 -	(551,794)	<u>9.</u>	173,180	(10	09,721)		0	i.	(488,335)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		50,309		0	1	10,000		0		160,309
Transfers out		(112,050)		0	(!	50,309)		0		(162,359)
Sales of capital assets	s	333,660	j	0		0		0	li.	333,660
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)		271,919		0		59,691		0		331,610
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(279,875)		173,180	(!	50,030)		0		(156,725)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		(355,108)		881,926	ļ	51,160		0		577,978
					822		•		_	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	(634,983)	\$	1,055,106	\$	1,130	\$	0	\$	421,253

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31,2012

	Statement F
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (156,725)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period:	
Capital outlays\$ 336,283Depreciation(125,444)	210,839
Capital asset transfer was recorded as a credit to capital contribution in the governmental funds, but is treated as a transfer in the Statement of Net Position	
Construction in Progress(573,193)Net Value of Buildings, Furniture, & Equipment(20,792)	(593,985)
Sale of a building is treated as income in the governmental funds, but as a reduction of assets in the Statement of Net Position.	(414,759)
Repayment of bonds and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	122,703
Compensated absences are recognized in the Statement of Net Position as an increase to liabilities, but not in the Fund Financial Statements.	(3,256)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reporting in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities,	
however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	2,573
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (832,610)

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Statement G-1

	 RIGINAL BUDGET	E	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	FA	ARIANCE VORABLE AVORABLE)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, Beginning	\$ (327,000)	\$	(38,000)	\$	(355,108)	\$	(317,108)
Resources (inflows)							
Local sources:							
Taxes	920,800		1,085,900		1,085,713		(187)
Licenses and permits	155,000		226,000		215,203		(10,797)
Intergovernmental revenues	36,000		44,000		44,128		128
Fines and forfeitures	240,000		242,000		242,015		15
Miscellaneous revenues	366,000		221,000		221,793		793
Use of money and property	1,000		0		130		130
Transfers from other funds	0		50,000		50,309		309
Sales of capital assets	 150,000		334,000		333,660		(340)
Amounts available for appropriations	 1,541,800	17- 17-	2,164,900	-	1,837,843	6	(327,057)
Charges to appropriations (outflows)							
Current:							
General government	463,800		717,538		740,967		(23,429)
Public Safety	1,241,580		1,410,606		1,369,255		41,351
Parks and recreation	17,000		18,793		9,951		8,842
Highways and streets	16,000		15,785		15,595		190
Capital outlay	0		121,859		225,008		(103,149)
Transfers	 109,000		112,000		112,050		(50)
Total charges to appropriations	 1,847,380		2,396,581		2,472,826	3	(76,245)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ (305,580)	\$	(231,681)	\$	(634,983)	\$	(403,302)

HEALTH AND SANITATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Statement G-2

	ORIGINAL BUDGET					ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, Beginning	\$	1,159,246	\$	880,080	\$	881,926	\$	1,846
Resources (inflows)		.,,	Ť	,	×.	,		.,
Local sources:								
Taxes		198,000		407,000		407,139		139
Intergovernmental revenues		5,000		4,000		4,020		20
Use of money and property		0		0		192		192
Miscellaneous revenues		185,000		162,000		161,850	10	(150)
Amounts available for appropriations		1,547,246		1,453,080		1,455,127	-	2,047
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
Current:								
General government		7,000		13,000		12,555		445
Health and sanitation		130,000		272,000		271,772		228
Debt service:						analog oogen accelosa		
Principal retirement		0		30,000		30,079		(79)
Interest and bank charges		0		1,000		1,301		(301)
Capital outlay	12. 12	0		84,000		84,314	9 	(314)
Total charges to appropriations		137,000	u.	400,000		400,021		(21)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,410,246	\$	1,053,080	\$	1,055,106	\$	2,026

PROPRIETARY FUND - MAINTENANCE ENTERPRISE FUND Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

	Statement H
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 84,271
Receivables, net	135,848
Prepaid expenses	1,484
Restricted assets	
Cash	76,687
Investments	530
Total current assets	298,820
Capital assets, net	2,149,982
TOTAL ASSETS	2,448,802
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	117,706
Accrued and other liabilities	39,590
Interfund payable	321,435
Interest payable from restricted assets	46,017
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets	99,375
Current portion of long term debt	145,140
Total current liabilities	769,263
Long term liabilities:	
Compensated absences	604
Revenue bonds payable	1,129,815
Total long term liabilities	1,130,419
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,899,682
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	881,914
Unrestricted	(332,794)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 549,120

PROPRIETARY FUND - MAINTENANCE ENTERPRISE FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Sta	tement I
	¢	270.066
Water sales Water connection charges	\$	270,966 37,418
Sewer fees		515,008
		010,000
Total operating revenues		823,392
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		379,013
Materials and supplies		24,404
Operating costs		417,617
Professional services		140,478
Depreciation		304,194
Other		49,751
Total operating expenses		1,315,457
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(492,065)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Miscellaneous		9,386
Interest income		49
Ad valorem tax revenues		68,585
Intergovernmental revenue		133,785
Sale of assets		(68,550)
Interest expense		(60,509)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		82,746
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(409,319)
Capital contributions		598,513
Transfers in		2,050
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		191,244
NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS ORIGINALLY STATED		307,876
Prior period adjustment		50,000
NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED		357,876
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	549,120

PROPRIETARY FUND - MAINTENANCE ENTERPRISE FUND Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012	64	atement J
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	51	atement J
Receipts from customers	\$	843,801
Receipts from others		320,774
Payments to employees		(297,756)
Payments to vendors		(642,196)
Net cash provided (used) for operating activities		224,623
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Ad valorem tax receipts		68,585
Grants		133,785
Transfers		2,050
Other miscellaneous receipts		9,386
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital financing activities	2. 2.	213,806
CASH FLOW (USES) FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Principal payments on capital leases and bonds		(122,114)
Interest paid on capital leases and bonds		(60,509)
Purchase of capital assets		(198,442)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		7,505
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities		(373,560)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Sale of investments		3,999
Earnings on investments		49
Net cash provided (used) for investing activities	4	4,048
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		68,917
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		92,041
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING		160,958
RECONCILIATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Cash and cash equivalents		84,271
Restricted cash		76,687
		160,958
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	i.	ž
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)		(492,065)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) for operating activities:		
Depreciation		304,194
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		11,434
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivable		34,005
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued and other liabilities		36,305 34,078
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		286,769
Increase (decrease) in international payables		928
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		8,975
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	224,623
Nerseek Transation		
Noncash Transaction:	•	E00 E40
Capital Contributions	\$	598,513
Capital Lease		87,416
THE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.		

INDEX

	Page
NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	
A. REPORTING ENTITY	
B. FUND ACCOUNTING	
Governmental Funds	
Proprietary Fund	
C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING	
Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)	
Fund Financial Statements (FFS)	
Proprietary Funds	
D. BUDGET PRACTICES	
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
F. INVESTMENTS	
G. CAPITAL ASSETS	
H. LONG-TERM DEBT	
I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES	
J. RESTRICTED ASSETS	
K. RISK MANAGEMENT	
L. RESTRICTED NET POSITION	
M. FUND BALANCES OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
N. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES	
O. USE OF ESTIMATES	
P. ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATIONS	
Q. SALES TAX.	
NOTE 2- BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION	
NOTE 3- DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS	
NOTE 4 - LEVIED TAXES	
NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES	
NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES (FFS LEVEL ONLY)	
NOTE 7 - ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES	
NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS	
NOTE 9 - PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN	
NOTE 10 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	
NOTE 11 - LITIGATION AND CLAIMS	
NOTE 12 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY	
NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	
NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS	
NOTE 15 - GOING CONCERN	
NOTE 16 - NEW GASB STANDARDS	
NOTE 17 - ON BEHALF SUPPLMENTAL PAY	
NOTE 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT	48

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accompanying financial statements of the City of Grambling have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. REPORTING ENTITY The City of Grambling was founded in 1959 under the provisions of the "Lawrason Act" (Louisiana Revised Statutes (R.S.) 33:321-481) of the constitution of the state of Louisiana. The City is located in the parish of Lincoln and has a population of approximately 4,693. The City is governed by the mayor and five-member council. The mayor and council members serve four-year terms which expire on December 31, 2014.

As the governing authority of the City, for reporting purposes, the City of Grambling is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the City), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the City of Grambling for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criterion includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - a. The ability of the municipality to impose its will on that organization and/or
 - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.
- 2. Organizations for which the City does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the City.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization were not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Grambling (the primary government). The City of Grambling has no component units.

B. FUND ACCOUNTING The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified into two categories; governmental and proprietary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention in on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on the recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees.

The City's current operations require the use of governmental and proprietary fund types described as follows:

Governmental Funds

General fund - is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Health & Sanitation fund - is used to account for the expenses in providing services for health care and garbage collection services.

Debt service fund - is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital project fund - is used to account for financial resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities not reported in the other governmental funds.

Proprietary Fund

Maintenance enterprise fund - accounts for the operations of the City's sewer and water systems. The operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities was prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program revenues Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities for governmental activities and is included in Utility Enterprise for business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the

modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due. Compensated absences and claims and judgments are reported in a governmental fund only if the claims are due and payable.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues Ad valorem taxes are recorded in the year the taxes are due and payable. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar-year basis and attach as an enforceable lien and become due and payable on the date the tax rolls are filed with the recorder of mortgages. Louisiana Revised Statute 47:1994 requires that the tax roll be filed on or before November 15 of each year. Ad valorem taxes become delinquent if not paid by December 31. The taxes are normally collected in December, January and February of the current year.

Franchise taxes and intergovernmental revenues are recorded when the City is entitled to the funds.

Interest income on time deposits is recorded when the interest has been earned and the amount is determinable.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when they are received by the City.

Based on the above criteria, ad valorem taxes, franchise taxes and intergovernmental revenues have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Other Financing Source (Use) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as other financing sources and are recognized when the underlying event occurs.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The City is currently in compliance with GASB Statement No. 62.

Operating revenues and expenses Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. BUDGET PRACTICES A preliminary budget for the ensuing year is prepared in November. The proposed budget is reviewed by the mayor and the City Council and made available to the public. During the December meeting of the City Council, the City holds a public hearing on the proposed budget in order to receive comments from citizens. Changes are made to the proposed budget based on the public hearing and the desires of the City

Council as a whole. The budgets are then adopted during the December meeting, and notice published in the official journal. During the year, the City Council receives monthly budget comparison statements which are used as a tool to control the operations of the City. Necessary budget amendments are presented to the Council when actual operations are differing materially from those anticipated in the original budget. The Council in regular session reviews the proposed amendments, makes necessary changes, and formally adopts the amendments. The adoption of amendments is included in the City's minutes published in the official journal. The budget is established and controlled by the mayor and council members at the fund level of expenditure. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. All changes in the budget must be approved by the mayor and the council members. The City does not use encumbrance accounting in its accounting system.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Under state law, the City may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the state of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States of America. The City may invest in certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana laws and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased.

F. INVESTMENTS Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the City's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

The investments are reflected at fair value except for the following which are required/permitted as per GASB Statement No. 31:

- 1. Investments in *nonparticipating* interest-earning contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported using a cost-based measure.
- 2. The City reports at amortized cost money market investments and *participating* interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less.

Definitions:

Interest-earning investment contracts include time deposits with financial institutions (such as certificates of deposit), repurchase agreements, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Money market investments are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments that include U. S. Treasury obligations.

The City participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc., (LAMP) which is an external investment pool that is not SEC- registered. Because the LAMP is an arrangement sponsored by a type of governmental entity, it is exempt by statute from regulation by the SEC.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in shortterm, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33:2955.

LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7-like investment pools:

- Credit risk: LAMP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- Concentration of credit risk: Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- Interest rate risk: LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. LAMP prepares its own interest rate risk disclosure using the weighted average maturity (WAM) method. The WAM of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 60 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. The WAM for LAMP's total investments is 51 as of December 31, 2012.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable to 2a7-like pools.

The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the net asset value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors. LAMP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

LAMP issues financial reports. These financial reports can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA 70130.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets are recorded at either historical cost or estimated historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (excluding salvage value). Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used for governmental fund-type based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Concrete block building	20 years
Equipment	8 years
Vehicles	5 years
Sewer system and lines	20 years
Water system and lines	20 years

The capital assets used in the proprietary fund-type operations are included on the statement of net position of the fund. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the proprietary fund type operations are charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated lives of 20 years for the plant, distribution system, and collection system, 5 to 8 years for furniture and equipment.

H. LONG-TERM DEBT Long-term obligations, such as bonded debt and bank loans are recognized as liabilities of a governmental fund only when due.

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES Full time employees are allowed five days of annual leave in the first two years of employment. After the first two years, employees are eligible for ten annual leave days which can accumulate to 20 days. Employees earn ten days of sick leave each year which is not paid upon retirement or termination. The City of Grambling's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- a. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- b. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

The cost of leave privileges, computed in accordance with GSAB Codification Section C60, is recognized as currentyear expenditure in the governmental funds when leave is actually taken or when employees are paid for accrued leave upon resignation or termination.

J. RESTRICTED ASSETS Certain grants received by the City contained restrictions on spending for specific purposes. In the Maintenance Enterprise Fund, cash and investments are restricted for debt service payments, maintenance on the sewer system, and customer deposits payable.

K. RISK MANAGEMENT The City is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the City maintains commercial insurance policies covering its automobiles, professional liability, general liability, and surety bond coverage. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended December 31, 2012.

L. RESTRICTED NET POSITION For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All restricted net position reported on statement A are the result of enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

M. FUND BALANCES OF FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

Non-spendable: Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted</u>: Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the City's highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of either a policy of the City or motions were passed at a City meeting committing the funds. The motions passed are usually the result of budget revisions.

<u>Assigned</u>: Fund balance that is constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Council.

Unassigned: Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund.

The City reduces committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure has incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

N. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivable/payables on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are also classified as interfund receivables/payables.

O. USE OF ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. ELIMINATION AND RECLASSIFICATIONS In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Q. SALES TAX Sales taxes are collected by the Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission and by the Lincoln Parish Police Jury. The City's sales tax percentage is two percent. The revenue from the Lincoln Parish Sales and Use Tax Commission is for general operating expenses of the City. The Police Jury Tax Revenue is dedicated to Health and Sanitation.

NOTE 2 - BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION

	C1	Health &
Sources/inflows of resources:	General	Sanitation
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary		
comparison schedule-Statement G	\$ 1,837,843	\$ 1,455,127
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current-year		
revenue for financial reporting purposes.	355,108	(881,926)
Transfers in from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for		
financial reporting purposes	(50,309)	-
Sales of capital assetrs are inflows for budgetary resource but are not revenues for financial		
reporting purposes.	(333,660)	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	and the second s	
balances – governmental funds-Statement E	1,808,982	573,201
Charges to appropriations/outflows		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison		
schedule-Statement G	2,472,826	400,021
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for		
financial reporting purposes	(112,050)	.=
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds- Statement E	\$ 2,360,776	\$ _400,021
	2.	

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS At December 31, 2012, the City had the following investments:

Type of investment	Carrying Amount <u>Fair Value</u>
Investments not subject to categorization: External investment pool (LAMP)	<u>\$7,038</u>
Total investments	<u>\$7,038</u>

Total investments are \$7,038 in which \$6,508 is reported on Statement C and \$530 is included in restricted assets on Statement H.

Interest Rate Risk: The City's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk: The City's policy does not address credit rate risk.

Custodial Credit-Deposits: At year end, The City's carrying amount of deposits was \$271,427 (Statement C-Cash and cash equivalents of \$110,469, Statement H – cash and cash equivalents of \$84,271 and restricted assets cash of \$76,687 on Statement H). In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2012, the City's bank balance was \$400,932 which was covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTE 4 - LEVIED TAXES The City levies property taxes on real and business property located within the City's boundaries. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Lincoln Parish Tax

Assessor and approved by the state of Louisiana Tax Commission. The Lincoln Parish Tax Assessor prepares tax statements for the City.

The following is a summary of authorized and levied property taxes:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
Public streets	6.50	5.51	2019
Water system	5.00	4.24	2016
Police department	5.50	4.66	2019
Public improvement (35%) and			
Fire department (65%)	32.00	27.12	2019
General Alimony Constitutional	7.00	6.00	Statutory

Property Tax Calendar

Lien Date	12/31/12
Levy Date	10/31/12
Due Date	12/31/12
Collection Dates	November 1 through June 30

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2012:

Class of Receivable	General Fund	Health & Sanitation Fund	Capital Projects	Maintenance Fund	Total
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 195,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,481	\$ 216,328
Sales and use	38,691	29,155	N 2		67,846
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Grants	-	-	5,250	-	5,250
User fees	_	22,001	-	143,075	165,076
Franchise Fees	18,041			.	18,041
Bingo Fee	18,856				18,856
Gross Receivables	271,435	51,156	5,250	163,556	491,397
Less allowance for	15			12 31	
uncollectibles	-	3,396	<u></u>	27,708	31,104
	\$ 271,435	\$ 47,760	\$ 5,250	\$ 135,848	\$ 460,293

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES (FFS LEVEL ONLY)

Individual balances due from/to other funds at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	I	Amount	Payable Fund	2	Amount
General	\$	208,211	Maintenance	\$	208,211
Health & Sanitation		902,865	General Fund		902,865
Health & Sanitation	2	113,224	Maintenance	S.	113,224
Total	\$	1,224,300	Total	\$	1,224,300

The Health & Sanitation receivable from the General Fund is the result of a cash shortage in the General Fund. The other receivables are the result of bills being paid by one fund for another. The Health & Sanitation receivable is not expected to be repaid within a year.

Transfers during the year ended December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	nsfer From ner Funds	ransfer to her Funds
General Fund	\$ 50,309	\$ 112,050
Maintenance Fund	2,050	-
Debt Service Fund	110,000	50,309
Total	\$ 162,359	\$ 162,359

The transfer to debt service from the general fund was to make a debt service payment because the balance in the debt service fund had been transferred to the general fund.

NOTE 7 - ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES The payables at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Payable category	eneral Fund	alth & nitation	0-77/0477 000970 00100-00	ntenance terprise	Total
Wages payable	\$ 35,087	\$ 2,045	\$	5,749	\$ 42,881
Other payables	225	2 0		<u>1</u> 20	225
Accrued insurance	125,747	-		33,841	159,588
Total	\$ 161,059	\$ 2,045	\$	39,590	\$ 202,694

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS The following presents the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:	2	24 34	12 A		
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 42,902	\$ 175,000	\$ -	\$ 217,902	
Construction in progress	573,193	16,500	573,193	16,500	
Total nondepreciable assets	616,095	191,500	573,193	234,402	
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings and improvements	2,471,755	17,450	620,200	1,869,005	
Furniture and equipment	1,396,002	127,333	215,290	1,308,045	
Total depreciable assets	3,867,757	144,783	835,490	3,177,050	
Less: accumulated depreciation			Me		
Buildings and improvements	526,860	51,683	205,441	373,102	
Furniture and equipment	1,286,502	73,761	215,290	1,144,973	
Total accumulated depreciation	1,813,362	125,444	420,731	1,518,075	
Net depreciable capital assets	2,054,395	19,339	414,759	1,658,975	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,670,490	\$ 210,839	\$ 987,952	\$ 1,893,377	

Assets with a net value of \$20,792 were moved from the governmental activities to the business type activities as follows: Buildings with a cost of \$209,004 and accumulated depreciation of \$188,792 were transferred to the maintenance enterprise fund. Furniture and equipment with a cost of \$82,120 and accumulated depreciation of \$81,540 were transferred to the maintenance enterprise fund and therefore beginning balances were restated.

Depreciation expense for 2012 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	45,517
Public safety		20,044
Health and sanitation		39,839
Highways and streets	31-	20,044
Total	\$	125,444

A summary of plant and equipment changes in the maintenance enterprise fund for 2012 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 16,526	\$ 32,656	\$ -	\$ 49,182	
Depreciable Assets:			50 2		
Buildings and improvements	239,004	.	3 	239,004	
Sewage plant	3,102,735	691,079	92,652	3,701,162	
Water system	1,749,680	151,907	-	1,901,587	
Water/Sewer equipment	1,188,197	6,800	3(50)	1,194,997	
Vehicles	21,578	30,867	15,379	37,066	
Total depreciable assets:	6,301,194	880,653	108,031	7,073,816	
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	214,292	5,629	_	219,921	
Sewage plant	2,150,477	187,913	16,601	2,321,789	
Water system	1,146,610	94,570	-	1,241,180	
Water/Sewer equipment	1,169,908	11,121	-	1,181,029	
Vehicles	19,515	4,961	15,379	9,097	
Total accumulated depreciation	4,700,802	304,194	31,980	4,973,016	
Net depreciable capital assets	1,600,392	576,459	76,051	2,100,800	
Business-type activites capital assets, net	\$ 1,616,918	\$ 609,115	\$ 76,051	\$ 2,149,982	

Assets with a net book value of \$20,792 were moved from the governmental activities to the business type activities.

NOTE 9 - **PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN** The City established a Simple IRA plan to be effective October 4, 2002. All city employees are eligible to participate in the plan. The plan is a defined contribution plan administered by Morgan Keegan & Co., Inc. Under the plan, the City matches each employee's salary reduction for contributions to the plan up to 5% for that calendar year. The funds are immediately vested when paid into the plan. The plan is based on the IRS Code and must comply with all IRS Code requirements. The City of Grambling's contributions to the system for the year ending December 31, 2012 were \$11,198 and employees contributed \$11,198.

NOTE 10 - CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended December 31, 2012:

		Gove	overnmental Activities					Business-type Activities							
		npensated bsences	(]	Capital Leases		rtificate of lebtedness	Total	275	pensated sences	Cap	ital Leases		Bonds Payable	lik.	Total
Balance, beginning	\$	40,169	\$	30,079	\$	395,392	\$ 465,640	\$	6,563	\$		\$ 1	1,303,035	\$	1,309,598
Additions		34,325				-	34,325		7,816		87,146		-		94,962
Retirements		31,069		30,079		92,624	153,772		6,887		30,014		92,100		129,001
Balance, ending	2,	43,425	24	-		302,768	346,193		7,492		57,132	1	,210,935	92 92	1,275,559
Due within one year	\$	31,069	\$		\$	94,841	\$ 125,910	\$	6,887	\$	45,413	\$	92,840	\$	145,140

Compensated absences are paid from Governmental Funds (General Fund & Health & Sanitation) and the Maintenance Enterprise Fund.

Bonded debt payable at December 31, 2012 is comprised of the following individual issues:

\$850,000 - Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2005 – the principal is due in annual installments beginning June 30, 2005 and due each year through 2015, with an interest rate of 4.25%. The funds were used for a new fire station and recreation center renovations. Debt retirement payments are made from the Debt Service Fund.	\$ 302,768
\$1,250,000 - Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 – the remaining principal is due in annual installments through 2036 with an interest rate of 5.125%. The funds were used for the water system. Debt retirement payments are made from the Maintenance Enterprise Fund.	997,568
1,170,000 - 1993 Utilities Revenue Bond, Series 1993 – the remaining principal is due in annual installments through March, 2015, with an interest rate of 2.95%. The funds were used for the sewer system. Debt retirement payments are made from the Maintenance Enterprise	
Fund.	213,367
Total	\$ 1,513,703

As shown on Statement C, \$1,130 is available in the Debt Service Fund to service the bonded debt on the Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2005. The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded debt at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

D 1.	~	1948	C	4
Debt	Ne	rV1Ce	> tilt	nd.
Deut	00		- IUI	ICI.

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 94,841	\$ 14,867	\$ 109,708
2014	99,558	12,427	111,985
2015	108,369	12,745	121,114
Total	\$ 302,768	\$ 40,039	\$ 342,807

Of the restricted cash and investments on Statement H, \$77,287 is restricted for debt service on the bonded debt. The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded debt at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

Year	Р	rincipal]	Interest	Total		
2013	\$	92,840	\$	56,059	\$	148,899	
2014		99,062		53,061		152,123	
2015		93,715		50,208		143,923	
2016		26,703		47,826		74,529	
2017		28,131		46,398		74,529	
2018-2022		164,890		207,755		372,645	
2023-2027		213,943		158,701		372,644	
2028-2032		277,590		95,054		372,644	
2033-2036		214,061		18,303		232,364	
Total	\$	1,210,935	\$	733,365	\$	1,944,300	

Under the terms of the bond indenture on the outstanding Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, the following requirements are stated:

Sinking Fund-A monthly payment equal to 1/12 of the current year principal and interest installment must be made from the Water Revenue Account into the Sinking Fund Account. This requirement was not met as of December 31, 2012.

<u>Reserve Fund</u>-The Reserve Fund is required by the Authorizing Resolution to be funded to an amount equal to the scheduled maximum principal and interest requirements in any succeeding bond year. This amount is \$74,370 as of December 31, 2012. This requirement was not met as of December 31, 2012.

<u>Replacement Fund</u>-A replacement fund balance of \$75,000 is required to be maintained to care for extensions, additions, renewals and replacements necessary to properly operate the wastewater treatment plant. This requirement was not met as of December 31, 2012.

The City records items under capital leases as an asset and an obligation in the accompanying fund financial statements. Capital lease payments are made from the maintenance fund.

At December 31, 2012, the City had the following assets under capital lease:

					Acc	umulated	Net Book	
Asset	Contract Date	Least Term	Interest Rate	Cost	Dep	reciation	Value	
Aerators	4/1/2012	24 months	5%	\$ 89,496	\$	3,730	\$ 85,766	

The capital lease for the aerators totals \$87,146. In addition, the City paid initial costs of \$850 for startup/warranty certification and \$1,500 for freight, which was added to the lease amount resulting in a capitalized cost of \$89,496.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of December 31, 2012:

Fiscal year:	Maintenance			
2013	\$	48,043		
2014		12,011		
Total lease payments	35	60,054		
Less amounts representing interest		2,922		
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	57,132		

NOTE 11 - LITIGATION AND CLAIMS At December 31, 2012 there are several lawsuits outstanding. It is the opinion of legal counsel that the ultimate resolution of these lawsuits would not materially affect the financial statements, except for the one settled in March 2013 with an engineering firm. In 2006, a contract related to the Mt. Olive Community Sewer Project was executed. The City decided not to proceed due to the funding obligations. In September 2012, the engineering firm made a demand for payment. In March 2013, a settlement was reached with the firm to pay them \$96,180 over 24 months. An accrual was recorded in the Enterprise Fund as of December 31, 2012 to reflect the \$96,180 liability that the City incurred as a result of this settlement.

<u>Grant Disallowances</u> The City participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to compliance audits under the single audit approach. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. City Management believes that the amount of disallowances, if any, which may arise from future audits will not be material.

NOTE 12 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Fund	Budget		Actual	Variance		
General	\$ 2,396,581	\$	2,472,826	\$	(76,245)	
Health & Sanitation	400,000		400,021		(21)	

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS The City issued \$1,345,000 in Utility Revenue Refunding Bonds after year end. The bonds were issued to refund Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1993, and Utilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1995.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS There was one prior period adjustment for the enterprise fund made for the year. The maintenance fund beginning net position was increased \$50,000. Disbursements that should have been capitalized were expensed in the 2011 fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - GOING CONCERN The City has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a fund balance deficiency in the general fund that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The General Fund has a deficit fund balance at the end of the fiscal year of \$634,983. The City is reviewing salaries expense and staffing in all departments of the City and plans to reduce salaries by at least 10% across the board. They are also looking at all expenditure lines in the financials to evaluate ways to decrease expenditures for the remainder of the 2013 calendar year. Capital outlay for the 2013 fiscal year will be greatly reduced. The City is exploring the possibility of moving the fees for garbage collection to the general fund and their attorney will research the legality of this. In the long term, the City is also working to finalize an agreement with a major hotel chain to build a hotel in Grambling in the near future which will bring in significant new revenue. There is a new 34 housing unit being built in the city which could increase property and sales tax as well as sewer and water revenue. All of these activities are expected to increase the revenue base for the City.

Additionally, the City reviewed their water and sewer rates and made increases to these rates effective in November of 2012.

NOTE 16 - NEW GASB STANDARDS In fiscal year 2012, the City implemented the following GASB Statements:

Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position." This Statement establishes standards for reporting of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement amends or supersedes the accounting and financial guidance for certain items previously required as assets or liabilities as well as establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for the financial statement of state and local governments.

Although these Statements had no current effect on the financial statements as a result of implementation, the Statements did change the presentation of the City's financials, which consisted of the net assets being classified as net position.

NOTE 17 - ON-BEHALF SUPPLEMENTAL PAY Certain employees meeting statutory qualifications in the fire and police departments receive supplemental pay directly from the State of Louisiana. This supplemental pay in the amount of \$88,481 is recognized as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures.

NOTE 18 - RISK MANAGEMENT The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and automobile liability for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City currently has a \$5,000 deductible for its commercial property insurance coverage, \$500 for automobile insurance, \$500 for fidelity bond, and no deductible for the other policies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

City of Grambling

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED BY THE

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CITY OF GRAMBLING

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - MAINTENANCE ENTERPRISE FUND Comparative Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2012 and 2011

Schedule 1

	2012 MAINTENANCE FUND		2011 MAINTENANCE FUND	
ASSETS	3.4			1997 - 2004 - 41044 (
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,271	\$	9,782
Receivables, net of allowance of \$27,708 and \$26,460		135,848		147,282
Interfund receivable		0		34,005
Prepaid expenses		1,484		1,484
Capital assets, net		2,149,982		1,596,128
Restricted Assets:				
Cash		76,687		82,259
Investments		530		4,529
TOTAL ASSETS	0. 	2,448,802		1,875,469
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		117,706		81,401
Accrued and other liabilities		39,590		5,512
Deferred revenue		0		0
Interfund payable		321,435		34,666
Interest payable from restricted assets		46,017		46,017
Customer deposits payable from restricted assets		99,375		90,400
Current portion of bonds payable		145,140		94,740
Compensated absences		604		3,504
Revenue bonds payable	s <u>.</u>	1,129,815		1,211,354
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8	1,899,682		1,567,594
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		881,914		293,093
Restricted for Debt Retirement		0		0
Unrestricted		(332,794)		14,782
Total Net Position	\$	549,120	\$	307,875

CITY OF GRAMBLING

PROPRIETARY FUND - MAINTENANCE ENTERPRISE FUND Proposed Budget - 2013 For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Sc	hedule 2
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water sales	\$	420,000
Water connection charges		39,000
Sewer fees		600,000
Total operating revenues		1,059,000
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water department		784,460
Sewer department		472,540
Total operating expenses		1,257,000
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(198,000)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Ad valorem tax revenues		50,000
Other income		103,000
Interest expense		(2,500)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		150,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(47,500)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		549,120
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	501,620

City of Grambling Schedule of Compensation Paid Council Members For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Schedule 3

The schedule of per diem paid council members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of council members is included in legislative expenditures of the General Fund.

Board Member	Term Expiration	Compensation Paid
Birdex Copeland	12/31/2014	\$ 8,400
Yanise Days	12/31/2014	8,400
Cathy Holmes	12/31/2014	10,150
Cullen Jackson	12/31/2014	6,000
Roy Jackson	12/31/2014	
Total		<u>\$50,100</u>

City of Grambling Schedule of Insurance Coverage As of December 31, 2012

Schedule 4

Type of Coverage	Name of Insurer	Policy Number	Amount of Coverage		ductible	Expiration Date		
Commercial	Underwriters at	APPUC101805	Building: \$2,198,000	\$	2,500	7/30/2012		
property	Lloyd of London		Personal Property: \$540,000	2,500		7/30/2012		
Automobile	Agency Management Corporation	5CA8938	Based on individual Vehicle		500	3/13/2012		
Fidelity Bond	Traveler's Casualty	103093269 104436852 103093272	\$15,000 5,000 10,000		NONE 500 NONE	2/11/2013		
Agents: Agency Management Corporation P. O. Box 15989Community Financial Insurance Center, LLC P. O. Drawer 2010								

Baton Rouge, LA 70895

u i

Monroe, LA 71207-2010

City of Grambling Schedule of Breakdown of Utility Customers For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Schedule 5

Commercial	64
Residential	<u>1,357</u>
Total Customers	<u>1,421</u>

City of Grambling Schedule of Water & Sewer Rates As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Schedule 6

Gallon	Water rates - Residential	Sewer rates - Residential
1,000	\$15.00	\$15.00
2,000	15.00	15.00
3,000	17.50	17.50
4,000	20.00	20.00
5,000	22.50	22.50
6,000	25.00	25.00
7,000	27.50	27.50
8,000	30.00	30.00
9,000	32.50	32.50
10,000	35.00	35.00

Gallon	Water rates - Commercial	Sewer rates - Commercial
1,000	\$24.00	\$24.00
2,000	24.00	24.00
3,000	26.00	26.00
4,000	28.00	28.00
5,000	30.00	30.00
6,000	32.00	32.00
7,000	34.00	34.00
8,000	36.00	36.00
9,000	38.00	38.00
10,000	40.00	40.00

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P. O. Box 6075 Monroe, LA 71211-6075

2441 Tower Drive Monroe, LA 71201 Telephone: (318) 388-4422 Fax: (318) 388-4664

Toll-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com Tim Green, CPA Margie Williamson, CPA Amy Tynes, CPA Aimee Buchanan, CPA

Rachel Davis, CPA Jaime Esswein, CPA, CFE Shonda McCoy, CPA Jaunicia Mercer, CPA, CFE Roomi Shakir, CPA Cindy Thomason, CPA

> Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Ed Jones, and Members of the City Council City of Grambling Grambling, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Grambling, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 11, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 12-F1 and 12-F4 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 12-F2, 12-F3, 12-F5 and 12-F6.

The City's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

allen Steen + Williamson, LLP

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana July 11, 2013

 Reference # and title:
 12-F1
 Control Procedures

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Transfers of capital assets from a governmental activity to a business type activity should not be recorded in the fund financial statements.

Daily Z tape reconciliation differences should be resolved promptly.

Purchase order procedures should be followed to ensure compliance with the budget.

Condition found: The City performed an extensive review of its depreciation schedule and in that process it was noted that some items were not in the correct classification (governmental vs. business type activity). Each asset was evaluated and moved to the proper classification accordingly. Capital assets were moved from governmental funds to the maintenance enterprise fund by recording a prior period adjustment in both the general fund and the maintenance fund. When a capital asset is moved from a governmental to a proprietary fund only the proprietary fund should report the movement at the fund level. An audit adjustment was made to reverse the prior period adjustment in the general fund.

Police fine collections were tested by pulling a sample of 53 to test for various attributes including comparing the daily audit log to the Z tape. In 4 cases there were differences ranging from \$13.05 to \$36.39.

A sample of 51 vendor checks and phone payments was selected to test for various attributes including use of a purchase order. In 8 instances, the purchase order was dated after the invoice.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

<u>Cause</u>: In the opinion of the City's outside accountants, the adjustment was a correction of errors made in previous periods and not transfers of assets in the normal course of business. Therefore, the adjustment was recorded as a prior period adjustment. The cause for the difference in the daily audit log and the Z tape is unknown. Approval for purchase orders is sometimes given verbally.

Effect: Fund equity was overstated for the general fund by the amount of the prior period adjustment. Controls over the receipts are weakened when reconciliation differences are not resolved. Controls over the purchase order process are weakened when procedures are not followed.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: Movements of capital assets from a governmental to a business type activity should not be recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. Daily audit log to Z tape reconciliation differences should be resolved so any problems in the process can be addressed. The purchase order procedures should be followed.

Reference # and title: 12-F2 Louisiana Budget Law

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the General Fund.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statutes LSA R.S. 39:1310 and 39:1311 require that the City have proposed expenditures less than or equal to the total of estimated funds available for the ensuing year composed of the beginning fund balance plus estimated revenues/receipts for the year (a deficit fund balance is not allowed.)

<u>Condition found</u>: Total fund balance for the General Fund was budgeted as a deficit in the original and final budgets.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

<u>Cause</u>: The general fund has a beginning deficit and a deficit for the year and adopting a balanced budget was not possible.

Effect: The City did not comply with the requirement to adopt a balanced budget.

<u>Recommendation to prevent future occurrences</u>: The City should develop a plan to reduce the deficit in the general fund.

 Reference # and title:
 12-F3
 Bond Debt Covenants

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: The DEQ Sewer System 1993 Bond had three debt covenants that the City was required to meet. They are:

- 1. Monthly deposits are to be made in the Sinking Fund account equal to 1/12 of the next year's required principal and interest payment.
- 2. A reserve fund was to be established and funded for the amount of the highest years combined required principal and interest payment. As of December 31, 2012 this amount is \$74,370. This fund was a reserve in case the necessary payments to the Sinking Fund did not get made in any year due to financial conditions of the City.
- 3. A replacement fund was to be established and funded until a balance of \$75,000 was obtained. This fund was to care for extensions, additions, improvements and replacements necessary to operate the sewer system.

Condition found: Monthly payments from water revenue to the sinking fund are not being made. As of December 31, 2012, the sinking fund was approximately \$73,000 under funded. The City does not have the required reserve fund nor the required replacement fund.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

<u>Cause</u>: Due to the financial difficulties that the City has experienced over the last few years, payments to the required funds were discontinued and the reserves that had been accumulated were used to fund operations of the City.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with the required 1993 Bond Debt Covenants. The City issued refunding bonds in 2013 that paid off the 1993 bonds thus eliminating the requirement in the future.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: The City should start making monthly payments to the sinking fund, the reserve fund and the replacement fund as per the bond requirements.

Reference # and title:12-F4Internal Controls Over Adjustments to Utility Bills

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Procedures for adjusting water bills include completion of an adjustment form which must be approved by the Mayor.

Condition found: A sample of 15 adjustments was selected to test that the form was completed, approved by the Mayor, and posted to the customer's account. There were two exceptions noted where the Mayor did not sign the form and for 13 of the adjustments the adjustment was entered in the system before the form was signed by the Mayor.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

<u>Cause</u>: The Mayor is giving verbal approval for the adjustments.

Effect: The approval process is weakened when the procedures are not followed.

<u>Recommendation to prevent future occurrences</u>: The City should establish procedures to ensure that all adjustments are properly approved by the Mayor before the adjustments are entered in the system or revise their policy to identify specific types of adjustments which must be approved by the Mayor.

Reference # and title: 12-F5 Water Meter Deposits

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: The City should maintain adequate restricted cash on hand to cover the water meter deposits liability that it has to its customers.

<u>Condition found</u>: At December 31, 2012, the City had a water meter deposits liability of \$96,050. However, it only had \$76,657 restricted cash on hand to cover this liability.

Possible asserted effect (cause and effect):

Cause: Some of the restricted cash in the LAMP account had been used for general operating expenses.

<u>Effect</u>: The City was short \$19,393 of the amount of restricted cash required to cover its customer meter deposits.

Recommendation to prevent future occurrences: The City should ensure that it always has the required amount of restricted cash on hand to cover its water meter deposits liability.

Reference # and title: 12-F6 Improper Use of Restricted Funds

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the general fund and Health and Sanitation Fund.

<u>**Criteria or specific requirement:**</u> The sales tax proposition passed by the voters in Lincoln Parish on November 5, 1974 relating to the collection of a $\frac{1}{2}$ of one percent sales tax was restricted first to the acquiring, operating and maintaining parish-wide solid waste disposal and necessary equipment in connection therewith, with the remainder of the said avails to be allocated and divided between the Police Jury and the incorporated municipalities in the parish. These municipalities were restricted to using their respective allocations of the said tax for the purpose of providing funds for acquiring, operating and maintaining solid waste collection facilities, including equipment, furnishings and other property in connection therewith.

Condition found: The City had transferred funds from the Health and Sanitation Fund to the General Fund which was used for general operating expenses of the City in violation of the sales tax restrictions.

<u>Cause</u>: The City does not have sufficient funds available in the General Fund to cover its operating expense.

Effect: The City violated the restrictions placed upon their sales tax allocation from the Police Jury.

<u>Recommendation to prevent future occurrences</u>: The City should not use the restricted funds of the Health and Sanitation Fund for general operating expenses of the City.

City of Grambling

Other Information

The information in the following section concerns management's actions or intentions concerning prior- and currentyear audit findings. This information has been prepared by the management of the City of Grambling. Management accepts full responsibility for the accuracy of the information. This information has not been audited by the auditors and accordingly, no opinion is expressed.

City of Grambling Summary Status of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Reference # and title: <u>11-F1</u> Capital Asset Management

Origination Date: This finding originated December 31, 2007.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statutes LSA-R.S.24:515 requires the City to maintain a comprehensive listing of capital assets.

<u>Condition</u>: The fee accountants maintain the capital assets listing and depreciation schedule based on information supplied to them by the City and their review of the financial records. The following exceptions were noted during testing:

- A. Two used vehicles purchased during the 2010 calendar year had still not been added to the depreciation schedule.
- B. The rehabilitation of a sewer lift station for \$50,000 had not been added to the depreciation schedule.
- C. There were no deletions of capital assets from the depreciation schedule, even though the Council approved the sale of two used vehicles in the minutes for 2011.

<u>Corrective action taken</u>: We consulted with the fee accountants to devise a procedure for ensuring that the schedule is complete.

 Reference # and title:
 11-F2
 Bank Reconciliations

Origination Date: This finding originated December 31, 2011.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity-wide.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Proper internal controls require that all bank accounts be reconciled timely(within 30 days) and that outstanding checks over a year old be investigated and properly handled. As the fee accountants are performing the bank reconciliations, the City should receive the reconciliations when completed and a City employee approve the reconciliations.

<u>Condition</u>: Reconciliations for the first half of 2011 were not performed timely. The reconciliations were not approved by a City employee. The General Fund main bank account reconciliation has numerous outstanding checks dating back to 2009.

Corrective action taken: The City performed the reconciliations timely and the Mayor approved them.

Reference # and title: <u>11-F3</u> Bond Debt Covenants

Origination Date: This finding originated December 31, 2011.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the Maintenance Fund.

City of Grambling Summary Status of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: The DEQ Sewer System 1993 Bond had three debt covenants that the City was required to meet. They are:

- 1. Monthly deposits are to be made in the Sinking Fund account equal to 1/12 of the next year's required principal and interest payment.
- 2. A reserve fund was to be established and funded for the amount of the highest years combined required principal and interest payment. As of December 31, 2012 this amount is \$77,594. This fund was a reserve in case the necessary payments to the Sinking Fund did not get made in any year due to financial conditions of the City.
- 3. A replacement fund was to be established and funded until a balance of \$75,000 was obtained. This fund was to care for extensions, additions, improvements and replacements necessary to operate the sewer system.

<u>Condition</u>: Monthly payments from water revenue to the sinking fund are not being made. As of December 31, 2011, the sinking fund was approximately \$58,000 under funded. The City does not have the required reserve fund nor the required replacement fund.

Corrective action planned: See corrective action plan for 12-F3.

Reference # and title: <u>11-F4</u> Louisiana Budget Law

Origination Date: This finding originated December 31, 2005.

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the General Fund and Health and Sanitation Fund.

<u>Criteria or specific requirement</u>: Louisiana Revised Statutes LSA R.S. 39:1310 and 39:1311 require that the City amend its budget as necessary to ensure that total actual expenditures for the year do not exceed total budgeted expenditures by 5% or more.

<u>Condition</u>: Total actual expenditures for the General Fund and Health and Sanitation Fund exceeded the budgeted expenditures by more than 5%.

<u>Corrective action taken</u>: We made a concerted effort to ensure that the actual expenditures were in line with budgeted expenditures. The year ended December 31, 2011 was especially challenging due to the new administration's discovery of outstanding bills for many items including property and liability insurance. Additionally, much of the City's vehicles and equipment was in need of maintenance and repair. These conditions caused many unexpected expenditures. Additionally, in an effort to improve the General Fund's condition, we studied expenditures and allocated costs to other funds when possible. Some of these allocations were made after the final amended budget was adopted. Finally, the audit adjustments for various errors and differences of opinion changed expenditures.

We have made significant improvements to the budget and financial reporting process. We will endeavor to continue improving and will make amendments as we become aware of changes in estimates. This task should prove less challenging as we improve other areas of operations as mentioned above.

Reference # and title:12-F1Control Procedures

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is entity wide.

<u>Condition</u>: Transfers of capital assets from a governmental activity to a business type activity should not be recorded in the fund financial statements.

Daily Z tape reconciliation differences should be resolved promptly.

Purchase order procedures should be followed to ensure compliance with the budget.

The City performed extensive review of its depreciation schedule and in that process it was noted that some items were not in the correct classification (governmental vs. business type activity). Each asset was evaluated and moved to the proper classification accordingly. Capital assets were moved from governmental funds to the maintenance enterprise fund by recording a prior period adjustment in both the general fund and the maintenance fund. When a capital asset is moved from a governmental to a proprietary fund only the proprietary fund should report the movement at the fund level. An audit adjustment was made to reverse the prior period adjustment in the general fund.

Police fine collections were tested by pulling a sample of 53 to test for various attributes including comparing the daily audit log to the Z tape. In 4 cases there were differences ranging from \$13.05 to \$36.39.

A sample of 51 vendor checks and phone payments was selected to test for various attributes including use of a purchase order. In 8 instances, the purchase order was dated after the invoice.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: The Clerk of Court and the City Cashier will collaborate on a daily basis to ensure that the amount of daily audit log and the z-tape concur. Administration and the Purchasing Department have established a process to sign approved purchase orders before actual purchase is made.

Person responsible for the above corrective actions:

Mayor Ed Jones	Telephone: (318) 247-6120
City of Grambling	Fax: (318) 247-0940
P. O. Box 108	
Grambling, LA 71245	

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.

Reference # and title: 12-F2 Louisiana Budget Law

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the General Fund.

<u>Condition</u>: Louisiana Revised Statutes LSA R.S. 39:1310 and 39:1311 require that the City have proposed expenditures less than or equal to the total of estimated funds available for the ensuing year composed of the beginning fund balance plus estimated revenues/receipts for the year (a deficit fund balance is not allowed.)

Total fund balance for the General Fund was budgeted as a deficit in the original and final budgets.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: To reduce the deficit in the City's General Fund, the City Council has approved the introduction on an ordinance to decrease the employee payroll by implementing an across the board pay cut for all city employees

Person responsible for the above corrective actions:

Mayor Ed Jones	Telephone: (318) 247-6120
City of Grambling	Fax: (318) 247-0940
P. O. Box 108	
Grambling, LA 71245	

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.

Reference # and title: 12-F3 Bond Debt Covenants

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

Condition: The DEQ Sewer System 1993 Bond had three debt covenants that the City was required to meet. They are:

- 1. Monthly deposits are to be made in the Sinking Fund account equal to 1/12 of the next year's required principal and interest payment.
- 2. A reserve fund was to be established and funded for the amount of the highest years combined required principal and interest payment. As of December 31, 2012 this amount is \$74,370. This fund was a reserve in case the necessary payments to the Sinking Fund did not get made in any year due to financial conditions of the City.
- 3. A replacement fund was to be established and funded until a balance of \$75,000 was obtained. This fund was to care for extensions, additions, improvements and replacements necessary to operate the sewer system.

Monthly payments from water revenue to the sinking fund are not being made. As of December 31, 2012, the sinking fund was approximately \$73,000 under funded. The City does not have the required reserve fund nor the required replacement fund.

Corrective action planned: This finding has been corrected and will be deleted in the 2013 audit report.

<u>Person responsible for the above corrective actions:</u>	
Mayor Ed Jones	Telephone: (318) 247-6120
City of Grambling	Fax: (318) 247-0940
P. O. Box 108	
Grambling, LA 71245	

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.

Reference # and title:12-F4Internal Controls Over Adjustments to Utility Bills

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

<u>Condition</u>: Procedures for adjusting water bills include completion of an adjustment form which must be approved by the Mayor.

A sample of 15 adjustments was selected to test that the form was completed, approved by the Mayor, and posted to the customer's account. There were two exceptions noted where the Mayor did not sign the form and for 13 of the adjustments the adjustment was entered in the system before the form was signed by the Mayor.

Corrective action planned: The Mayor will ensure that all water bill adjustments are signed before entering the system.

Person responsible for the above corrective actions:		
Mayor Ed Jones	Telephone: (318) 247-6120	
City of Grambling	Fax: (318) 247-0940	
P. O. Box 108		
Grambling, LA 71245		

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.

Reference # and title:12-F5Water Meter Deposits

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the maintenance enterprise fund.

<u>Condition</u> The City should maintain adequate restricted cash on hand to cover the water meter deposits liability that it has to its customers.

At December 31, 2012, the City had a water meter deposits liability of \$96,050. However, it only had \$76,657 restricted cash on hand to cover this liability.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: The City will correct the discrepancy in the water meter account for a liability of \$19,393.00

Person responsible for the above corrective actions:	
Mayor Ed Jones	Telephone: (318) 247-6120
City of Grambling	Fax: (318) 247-0940
P. O. Box 108	
Grambling, LA 71245	

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.

 Reference # and title:
 12-F6
 Improper Use of Restricted Funds

Entity-Wide or program /department specific: This finding is specific to the general fund and Health and Sanitation Fund.

<u>Condition</u>: The sales tax proposition passed by the voters in Lincoln Parish on November 5, 1974 relating to the collection of a $\frac{1}{2}$ of one percent sales tax was restricted first to the acquiring, operating and maintaining parish-wide solid waste disposal and necessary equipment in connection therewith, with the remainder of the said avails to be allocated and divided between the Police Jury and the incorporated municipalities in the parish. These municipalities were restricted to using their respective allocations of the said tax for the purpose of providing funds for acquiring, operating and maintaining solid waste collection facilities, including equipment, furnishings and other property in connection therewith.

The City had transferred funds from the Health and Sanitation Fund to the General Fund which was used for general operating expenses of the City in violation of the sales tax restrictions.

<u>Corrective action planned</u>: By reducing the employee payroll in the General Fund Account and by reducing costs in other areas of the General Fund, the City will cease to use these restricted funds.

Person responsible for the above corrective actions:

Mayor Ed JonesTelephone: (318) 247-6120City of GramblingFax: (318) 247-0940P. O. Box 108Fax: (318) 247-0940Grambling, LA 71245Fax: (318) 247-0940

Anticipated completion date: December 31, 2013.