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BOSSIER COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. BOSSIER CITY, LOUISIANA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Marsha O. Millican 810 Wilkinson Shreveport, Louisiana

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June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Bossier City, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc., management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. as of June 30, 2007, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 through 11 and the supplementary financial information required by GASB 34 on pages 41 through 44 and supplementary financial information required by GOEA on pages 45 and 46, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, I have also issued a report dated December 14, 2007 on my consideration of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Certified Public Accountant

marsha O. Millian

December 14, 2007



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71067

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. 's annual financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the Council's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL STATISTICS

- The Council showed a net increase in overall net assets of \$7,760.
- Net Capital Assets of the Council decreased by \$18,965.
- No deficit governmental fund balances exist at year end.
- The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the Council's General Fund was \$46,326 at year-end, which is an increase of \$18,135 from the prior year.

HOW TO USE THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 14. For governmental activities, in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds.

Area Agency on Aging3

United Way Agency

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent located immediately before report, auditor's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Management's The auditor is Financial Statements are fairly stated. providing varying degrees of assurance about Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 and Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA that follow later in this reporting package. A user of this should read the independent auditor's carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part of the financial section of the report.

Reporting the Council as a Whole Using Government-Wide Statements

Our analysis of the Council as a whole begins on page 7. An important question to ask about the Council's finances is, "Is the Council as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (referred to collectively as the Government-Wide Financial Statements) report information about the Council as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Government-Wide statements can be found on pages 12 to 13 and report the Council's net assets and changes in them. The Statement of Net Assets is designed to present the financial position of the Council as of year-end. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets and facilities, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Statement of Activities provides information that shows how the Council's net asset changed as a result of this year's activities. All of the Council's significant activities are reported in the Statement of Activities. These activities include an Administration function and a Health, Welfare, and Social Services function. The Health, Welfare, and Social Services function is comprised of various programs that include various supportive social services, nutritional services, utility assistance, disease prevention and health promotion. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities. A governmental activity is one where the Council uses money it receives from government grants and contracts, along with donations from the general public, to pay for the services it provides to the general public, or a segment of the general public, such as the elderly. In other words, the people benefitting from the services are not required to pay for what they receive. If the Council charged fees to cover all or most of the cost of providing a service, that activity would be classified as a business-type activity. The Council does not have any business-type activities.

Reporting the Council's Most Significant Funds using Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Council's Governmental funds begins on page 10. The Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Council as a whole. In the Fund Financial Statements you will see a General Fund and a variety of Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. By using separate funds to track revenues and expenditures, we can control and manage funds for particular purposes or we can show that the fund is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are considered governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at yearend that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund

information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. presented the difference between the net assets governmental activities and the fund balances of the governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds. In addition, the difference between the change in net assets for the governmental funds and the change in net assets for the governmental activities has been presented reconciliation on a separate page that follows the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 to 40. You should read the notes before making assumptions or drawing conclusions about the Council's financial condition.

Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each <u>major</u> Special Revenue Fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedules compare the original and final appropriated budgets' to actual budget results for the Council's fiscal year. We have also opted to present positive and negative variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Major funds are those funds whose revenues, expenditures, assets, or liabilities are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental funds. In addition, a major fund could be a fund that does not meet these criteria but which we believe is important to present for the Council's financial statement users.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is also required supplementary information (RSI) by GASB Statement 34. However, it is presented as the second item in this reporting package and not with the other RSI by GASB Statement 34.

Other Supplementary Financial Information Required by GOEA and OMB Circular A-133

The Council has also presented other required supplemental information in this report package.

The Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) has required the Council to present as schedules the information on pages 45 and 46. This information will be used by GOEA to verify the accuracy of information the Council submitted to it during the year and to help GOEA monitor certain compliance requirements set forth in the grants that it has with the Council.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL AS A WHOLE USING GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects condensed information on the Council's net assets for the year ended June 30,

	2007_	2006
Current and other assets Capital Assets, net of depreciation Total Assets	\$ 88,225 80,847 169,072	\$ 31,661 99,812 131,473
Accounts Payable Due to Funding Agency Payroll Taxes Payable Deferred Revenue Compensated Absences Notes Payable Total Liabilities	28,872 - 5,342 925 8,975 - 44,114	2,128 745 - 6,940 <u>4,462</u> 14,275
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	80,847 6,760 37,351 \$ 124,958	95,350 597 21,251 \$ 117,198

As of June 30, 2007, the Council "as a whole" had assets greater than its liabilities by \$124,998.

The net assets that have been invested in capital assets are presented net of any related outstanding debt incurred to acquire them.

For the year ended June 30, total revenues exceeded total expenses as follows:

	2007	2006
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 608,015	\$ 591,338
General Revenues:		
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions	214,521	200,695
Other General Revenues	43,103	50,694
Total Revenues	865, 639	842,727
Direct Program Expenses of the Health,		
Welfare, and Social Services Function:		
Supportive Services:		
Other Services	13,445	18,203
Homemaker	112,863	71,470
Information and Assistance	41,041	6,468
Legal Assistance	5,043	4,369
Outreach	1,405	5,959
Transportation	202,226	153,151
Nutrition Services:		
Congregate Meals	64,512	87,894
Home Delivered Meals	241,241	205,770
Utility Assistance	597	250
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	14,457	4,764
National Family Caregiver Support	33,850	62,109
Direct Administration Expenses	127,199	163,671
Total Expenses	857,879	784,078
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	<u>\$ 7.760</u>	\$ 58,649

AN ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Most of the Council's activities are funded by federal, state, and local grants. These grants amount to approximately 88% of the revenues of the Council in 2007. Some of these grants are restricted which means that the money can only be used in certain programs. The amount of funds available from most of the grants remains rather constant from year to year, however, some grant amounts may change based upon the level of service provided by the Council under the terms of the particular grant award.

The Council also receives donations from its clients and the general public. These revenues help to lessen the financial burden on the Council and allow it to maintain and expand services. Public support revenues represented 7% of the total revenues of 2007.

When reviewing the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, there are relationships that are important to the understanding of the Council's operations. The Council's largest activities are related to supportive services and nutrition services. The Council's main focus is to meet the needs of the elderly citizens of Bossier Parish. There is a high demand for these services; therefore, resources are channeled to meeting the demand.

AN ANALYSIS OF THE COUNCIL'S FUNDS USING GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Balances

The Council showed a combined governmental fund balance of \$53,086 at the end of this year, which is an increase of \$24,298 versus last year.

Revenues

The combined fund revenues increased \$22,912 this year versus last year.

Expenditures

Total expenditures decreased by \$18,498 this year.

AN ANALYSIS OF MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE BUDGETS

Over the course of this past fiscal year the budget was not amended.

You can find schedules of the original budgets for the Major Revenue Funds in the Supplementary Financial Information Required by GASB Statement 34 section of this When you review the budget versus report on pages 42 to 44. schedule, you will note that the favorable unfavorable variances are not very large. This is a result of the budget amendment process, which allows us the opportunity to use hindsight to adjust the forecast that it made at the beginning of the year. With only two months left in the fiscal year at the time the budget is amended, the risk of a significant budget overrun is reduced because of our ability to more accurately predict what will occur over a shorter period of time versus a longer period of time.

The Council did not adopt a budget for the general fund.

AN ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the year, the Council had \$80,847 in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation.

The Council incurred short term borrowing during the year of \$30,170 for working capital purposes. The Council reduced the debt it owes on a vehicle and the line of credit by \$35,632 this year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The council receives most of its funding from federal and state agencies. Because of this, the source of income for the However, some of the Council's Council is rather steady. grants and contracts are contingent upon the level of service provided by the Council, and therefore, revenues may vary from year to year. In setting its budget for fiscal year 2008, it was important that we deliver at least the same level of service to our clients and the public as we did in 2007. All of the Council's grants and contracts from the usual federal and state agencies have been approved for FY 2008. There have been no significant changes to the funding levels or terms of the grants and contracts. Accordingly, we have set our initial budget to provide the same programs and levels of service next year. GOEA has also approved the Council's budget for next year. There are no plans to add any significant programs for next year.

CONTACTING THE COUNCIL'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide government agencies and the general public an overview of the Council's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money that it receives. If you have any questions about this report or wish to ask for more information, you should contact Mrs. Mary Anne Rankin, Executive Directors, at the Council's main office located at 706 Bearkat Drive, Bossier City, Louisiana, or by phone at 318-741-8302.

Government Wide Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	l -
Assets		
Cash	\$ 57,269	
Grants and contracts receivable	30,956	ı
Capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation	80,847	_
Total assets	\$ 169,072	! : ;;
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 28,872	ļ
Payroli taxes payable	5,342	;
Deferred revenue	925	j
Accrued compensated absences:		
Current portion	2,602	2
Non-current portion	6,373	<u>}</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 44, <u>1</u> 14	1_
Net assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	\$ 80,847	7
Restricted for:		
Utility assistance	117	7
FEMA	6,643	3
Unrestricted	37,351	<u></u>
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 124,958</u>	8_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year ended June 30, 2007

Net (Rev Ir (Decre	Governmental Activities		49	(34,768)	(1,191)	1	(88,644)	•		(6.287)	(17,913)	(480)	(1.292)	(3,495)	•	(249.864)	214,521 43,103 257,624 7,760 117,198 \$ 124,958
	Capital Grants and Contributions		•	1	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•			
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions		27,248	9,974	341	5,043	132,240	13,445		71,090	256,405	117	15.157	40.988	35,967	608,015	8
٤	å		S													.	orogran
	Charges for Services		,	1	•	1	Ì	•		•	•	ı	•	1	•	\$	cted to specific al items
	Indirect Expenses		\$10,179	3,701	127	•	18,658	•		12,865	33,077	•	1,992	10,633	-91,232		General Revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Miscellaneous Total general revenues and special items Increase (Decrease) in net assets Net assets - beginning of the year
	Direct Expenses		\$112,863	41.041	1,405	5,043	202.226	13,445		64,512	241,241	597	14,457	33,850	127,199	\$ 857,879	General Revenues: Grants and contributions Miscellaneous Total general revenues Increase (Decrease) in net to Net assets - beginning of th
		Functions/Programs Governmental Activities Health, Welfare & Social Services: Supporting Services:	Homemaker	Information and Assistance	Outreach	Legal Assistance	Transportation	Other Services	Nutrition Services:	Congregate Meals	Home Delivered Meals	Utility Assistance	Disease Prevention and Health Promotion	National Family Caregiver Support	Administration	Total Governmental activities	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BOSSIER COUNCIL ON AGING, INC. Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

					μης	June 30, 2007	7					
	હૈ	General Fund	Title IIIB	IIB	Title IIIC-I	-	Title IIIC-2	ļ	Non-Ma	Non-Major Funds		Total
Assets												;
Cash	\$	50,509	~	1	₩	•	.	ı	•	6,760	∽	57,269
Grants and contracts receivable		25,000		•		•				2,956		30,956
Due from other funds		5,956		•		•		ı	1			5,956
Deposit on vans		1		•		•		٠		1		•
Total Assets	ب	81,465	<u>د</u>	'	5	'	4.0	•	5	12,716	.	94,181
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities;											1	;
Accounts payable	∨	28.872	∽	•	~	•			44	•	64	28,872
Payroll taxes payable		5,342		,		٠,				•		5,342
Deferred revenue		925		•		•		•		•		925
Due to other funds				1		1		۱۰		5,956		5,956
Total Liabilities		35,139		•		•		4		5,956		41,095
Fund Balances:												
Reserved for:												
Utility assistance		•		,		•				117		117
FEMA)		1		•				6,643		6,643
Unreserved/Undesignated:												
General Fund		46,326		1		•		•		•		46,326
Special Revenue Fund				'		.		1		1		
Total Fund Balances		46.326		1				•		6.760		53,086
Total Liabilities and Fund								1	ļ			
Balances	₩	81,465	1	-	\$, <u> </u>	5	,	~	12,716	S	94,181
	Amou	as renorted for	. dowernments	d activities	in the statemen	t of net æ	Amounts remoded for consemnmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	because:				
	- Con	npensated abse	nces are not p	aid for out	- Compensated absences are not paid for out of current financial resources	ıcial reso	irces					
	and the - Capital	and therefore are not reported in the funds Capital assets used in governmental activiti	not reported i I in governme	n the funds ntal activiti	es are not finar	icial resot	erefore are not reported in the funds assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	re are not ra	eported in	the funds	.	(8,975)
	Net As	Net Assets of Governmental Activities	mental Activi	Ē							∞	124,958

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Supportive		Non-Major C-2 Funds		Total	
A 175 (176 1) 1774	General	Services	<u> </u>	<u>C-2</u>	runus	Total	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental:							
Governor's Office of				A	£ 315.000	\$ 546,791	
Elderly Affairs	\$ 50.000	\$ 93,062	\$ 70,641	\$ 117.279	\$ 215,809	- •	
City of Bossier	130,000	•	•	-	•	130.000	
Bossier Parish							
Police Jury	65,000	•	•	•	-	65,000	
Federal Emergency							
Food and Shelter	•	-	-	-	19,732	19.732	
Public Support:							
Unrestricted	19,521	-	•	-	•	19,521	
Restricted - Utility							
Programs	-	•	•	•	117	117	
Client Contributions	-	18,070	449	22,856	•	41,375	
Miscellaneous	43,103					43,103	
Total Revenues	307,624	111,132	71,090	140,135	235,658	865,639	
EXPENDITURES							
Health, Welfare & Social							
Services							
Current:							
Salaries	3,733	171,225	26,370	70,333	109,405	381,066	
Fringe	562	21,167	5,511	10,610	21,247	59,097	
Travel	2,973	8,076	308	9,026	2,149	22,532	
Operating services	44,263	43,828	3,852	18,724	14,587	125,254	
Operating supplies	11,280	28,850	1,052	6,793	22,633	70,608	
Other costs	1,549	5,009	943	592	595	8,688	
Meals	-		33,054	120,595	_	153,649	
Utility assistance	_	_	-	-	597	597	
Capital outlay	19,850	-				19,850	
Total expenditures	84,210	278,155	71,090	236,673	- 171,213	841,341	
TOTAL STATE OF THE				200,212	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Excess (deficiency) of						-	
revenues over						_	
expenditures	223,414	(167,023)		(96,538)	64.445	24,298	
OTHER SOURCES (USES)						-	
Operating transfers in	-	167,023	-	96,538	21.535	285.096	
Operating transfers out	(205,279)				(79.817)	(285,096)	
Excess (deficiency)						•	
revenues and other							
other sources over							
expenditures and							
other uses	18,135		-	-	6.163	24,298	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICI	(T)					•	
Beginning of year (deficit)					597	70 700	
End of year	\$ 46,326	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		28,788	
The accompanying notes are				<u> </u>	\$ 6,760	\$ 53,086	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Increase (Decrease) in fund balances total governmental funds	\$	24,298
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount		
by which depreciation (\$38,815) exceeds capital outlay (\$19,850)		
in the current period.		(18,965)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do		
not require the use of current financial resources and		
therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds.		
Proceeds of borrowings		(30,170)
Payments on long-term borrowings		34,632
Compensated absences		(2,035)
increase (Decrease) of net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	7,760

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

A. Purpose of the Council on Aging:

The purpose of the Council is to collect facts and statistics and make special studies of conditions employment, financial pertaining to the status, recreation, social adjustment, mental and physical health or other conditions affecting the welfare of the aging people in Bossier Parish; to keep abreast of the latest developments in-these fields of throughout Louisiana States: and the United interpret its findings to the citizens of the parish; provide for a mutual exchange of ideas information on the parish and state level; to conduct public meetings to make recommendations for needed improvements and additional resources; to promote the welfare of aging people when requested to do so; to coordinate and monitor services of other local agencies serving the aging people of the parish; and to assist and cooperate with the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA) other departments of state and local government serving the elderly; and to recommendations relevant to the planning and delivery of services to the elderly of the parish.

Specific services provided by the Council to the elderly residents of Bossier Parish include providing congregate and home delivered meals, nutritional education, personal care, information and assistance, outreach, material aid, utility assistance, homemakers, recreation, legal assistance, health promotion, and transportation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity:

In 1964, the State of Louisiana passed Act 456 authorizing the charter of a voluntary council on aging for the welfare of the aging people in each parish of Louisiana. However, before the council on aging can begin operations in a specific parish, its application for a charter must receive approval from the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs pursuant to LA R.S. 46:1602. The functions of each council on aging in Louisiana must comply with the objectives of state laws and are governed by the policies and regulations established by GOEA.

The Bossier Council on Aging is a legally separate, non-profit, quasi-public corporation. It received its charter and began operations on April 28, 1975.

A board of directors, consisting of 15 voluntary members, who serve three-year terms, governs the Council. The board of directors is comprised of, but not limited to, representatives of the Parish's elderly population, general public, private businesses, and elected public officials. Board members are elected annually in the following manner:

One third of the members are selected from the general public to represent all sections of the parish and are drawn from, but not limited to, civic organizations, governmental agencies, business, and religious groups.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity: ~ (Continued)

Membership in the Council is open at all times, without restriction, to all residents of Bossier Parish who have reached the age of majority and who express an interest in the Council and wish to contribute to or share in its programs. Membership fees are not charged.

Based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, the Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. is not a component unit of another primary government nor does it have any component units that are related to it. In addition, based on the criteria set forth in GASB Codification section 2100, the council has presented its financial statements as a primary government, because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and governments. As used in GASB Statement 14, the term fiscally independent means that the council may, without approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. As previously mentioned, GOEA establishes the policies and regulations that councils must follow. Included in its policies is a provision that the Council's budget be approved by GOEA. However, this approval process is part of GOEA's general oversight responsibility for the council and is ministerial or more compliance oriented substantive.

Accordingly, the Council is viewed as being fiscally independent for purposes of applying the reporting entity criteria of GASB Statement 14.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Presentation of Statements:

The Council's statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in United States of America as applicable the governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). follow also required Governments are to pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 do not conflict with or (when applicable) that contradict GASB pronouncements.

The council the option to apply FASB has pronouncements issued after that date to its businesstype activities and enterprise funds; however, the Council has chosen not to do so because it does not have any business-type activities or enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Council are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

 A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued)

C. Presentation of Statements (Continued)

- Governmental-Wide Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Council's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Council has complied with the general provisions of GASB Statement 34.

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both Government-Wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council Is major funds). Both the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Council's functions and programs have been classified as governmental activities. The Council does not have any business-type activities, fiduciary funds, or any component units that are fiduciary in nature. Accordingly, the Government-Wide financial statements - do not include any of these activities or funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental type activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Council's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, improvement of those capital construction, or Restricted net assets consist of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of or (2) law through constitutional other governments; provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets include all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt." The Council had no restricted assets at year end.

The Council's policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities except for nutrition services. providing nutrition services, revenues earned by the Council under its NSIP contract with GOEA can only be used to pay for the raw food component of each meal that is bought and served to a person eligible to receive a meal under one of the nutrition programs. The Council's management has discretion as to how and when to use the USDA revenues when paying for nutrition program costs. Quite often unrestricted resources are available for use that must be consumed or they will have to be returned to GOEA. In such cases it is better for management to elect to apply and consume the unrestricted resources before using the restricted resources. As a result, the Council will depart from its usual policy of using restricted resources first.

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Council's functions and significant programs. Many functions and programs are supported by general government revenues like intergovernmental revenues, and unrestricted net

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30; 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

investment income, particularly if the function or program has a net cost. The Statement of Activities begins by presenting gross direct and indirect expenses that include depreciation, and then reduces the expenses by related program revenues, such as operating and capital grants and contributions, to derive the net cost of each function or program. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or program to be used to directly offset its cost. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The Council did not receive any capital-specific grants this year.

The Council allocates its indirect costs among various functions and programs in accordance with Circular A-87. The Statement of Activities shows this allocation in a separate column labeled "indirect cost allocation." In addition, GOEA provides grant funds to help the Council pay for a portion of its indirect costs. As a result, only the indirect costs in excess of the GOEA funds are allocated to the Council's other functions and programs.

The Government-Wide Statements focus upon the Council's ability to sustain operations and the change in its net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the Fund Financial Statements. The operations of each—fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Council uses governmental fund types. The focus of governmental funds' measurement (in the statements) is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than on net income. An additional emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental fund types. Α considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Council or if its total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

Governmental fund equity is called the fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved being further split into designated and undesignated. Reserved means that the fund balance is not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets that makes them only available to meet future obligations. Designated fund balances result when management tentatively sets aside or earmarks certain resources to expend in a designated manner. In contrast to reserved fund balances, designated amounts can be changed at the discretion of management.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements: Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Council:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

A large percentage of the Council's special revenue funds are Title III funds. These funds are provided by the United States Department of Health and Human Services - Administration on Aging to the Governor's office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the council.

The Council has established several special revenue funds. The following is a brief, description of each special revenue fund's purpose:

Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III B Fund is used to account for funds, which are used to provide various units of supportive social services to the elderly. GOEA has established the criteria for defining a qualifying

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

unit of service for each Title III program. Specific supportive social services, along with the number of units provided during the fiscal year, are as follows:

Units

•	Information and Assistance	429
•	Outreach	144
•	Homemaker	5,212
•	Recreation	7,132
•	Transportation for people	
	age 60 or older	13,276
•	Legal	96
•	Utility Assistance	13

The Title III C-1 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional, congregate meals to the elderly at meal site located in Bossier City. During the year the Council served 9,902 meals to people eligible to participate in this program.

The Title III C-2 Fund is used to account for funds that are used to provide nutritional meals to homebound older persons. Using Title III C-2 funds the Council served 53,754 meals during the year to people eligible to participate in this program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

The Title III C Area Agency Administration Fund is used to account for а portion of the. indirect costs administrating the Council's programs. Each fiscal year GOEA provides the Council with funds to help pay for the costs of administering the Council's special programs for the elderly. The amount of funding is not enough to pay for all the indirect costs. As a result, the Council will allocate its indirect costs to this fund first. Once the GOEA funds are completely used, any indirect costs, excess of the funds provided by GOEA, are distributed to other funds and programs using a formula based on the percentage each program's direct costs bear to direct costs for all programs.

The Title III D Fund is used to account for funds used for disease prevention and health promotion activities. During the year 6,815 units of wellness service were provided to eligible participants in this program.

Senior Center Fund is used to account for the administration of Senior Center program funds appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature to GOEA, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. The purpose of this program is to provide a community service center at which elderly people can receive supportive social services and participate in activities which foster their independence, enhance their dignity, and encourage their involvement in and with the community. The senior center for Bossier Parish is located in Bossier City. Senior Center funds can be used at management's discretion to support any of the Council's programs that benefit the elderly. Accordingly, during the fiscal year, the Senior Center Fund transferred all of its grant revenue to the Title III B Fund to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

subsidize that program's cost of providing supportive services to elderly persons who use the senior center.

The Nutritional Services Incentive Fund is used to account for the administration of the Food Distribution Program provided by the United State Department of Agriculture through the Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs, which in turn "passes through" the funds to the Council. GOEA distributes funds to each parish council on aging in Louisiana based on how many meals each council on aging served in the previous year in relation to the total meals served statewide by all councils. The primary purpose of the NSIP reimbursement is to provide money to the Council so that United States food and commodities may be purchased to supplement nutrition programs.

The Utility Assistance Fund is used to account for the administration of utility assistance programs that are sponsored by local utility companies. The companies collect contributions from service customers and remit the funds to the parish councils on the aging to provide assistance to the elderly for the payment of utility bills. The Council receives its Project Care donations directly from Entergy Corporation. LP&L Helping Hands donations are provided through the Louisiana Association of councils on Aging, Inc. (LACOA). During the year, the Council was able to provide 13 units of service with these funds.

The Audit Fund is used to account for funds received from Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs that restricted to use as a supplement to pay for the cost of having an annual audit of the Council's financial statements. The cost allocated to this fund is equal to the GOEA supplement. Excess audit costs have been distributed to other funds and programs using Council's indirect cost allocation formula.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

The Supplemental Senior Center Fund was established to account for funds that were appropriated by the Louisiana Legislature for the various councils on aging throughout Louisiana to supplement each council's primary grant for senior center operations and activities. The Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. was one of the parish councils to receive a supplemental grant of \$3,835. The money received by this fund during the year was transferred to the Title III B Supportive Services Fund to supplement the expenditures of that fund.

The Title III E Care-giver Fund provides systems of support services for family care-givers and for older individuals who are relative care givers. The Council provided 1,240 units of respite care to qualifying individuals under this program.

F. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual Basis - Government-Wide Statements (GWFS):

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Council as a whole. Both of these statements have been prepared using the economic measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2. Modified Accrual Basis - Fund Financial Statements (FFS):

financial and reporting The accounting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual accounting. Under the modified basis of accrual basis of accounting, revenues recorded when susceptible to accrual; when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" of means the amount determined and "available" transaction can means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The Council considers all revenues "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are that (1) unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, are recorded when due and (2) claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid with expendable available financial resources.

G. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or Loans between funds are reported interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers represent a permanent reallocation resources between funds. Transfers between funds are netted against one another as part of the reconciliation of the change in fund balances in the fund financial statements to the change in net assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Investments:

GASB Statement 31 requires the Council to report its investments at fair value, except for investments in non-participating interest-earning contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates. This type of investment is reported using a cost- based measure, provided that the fair market value of the contract is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. The Council had no investments at year end.

I. Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures:

Prepaid expenses include amounts paid for services in advance. These are shown as assets on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

In the Fund Financial Statements, the Council has elected not to include amounts paid for future services as expenditures until those services are consumed to comply with the cost reimbursement terms of grant agreements. As a result, the prepaid expenditures are shown as an asset on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements until they are consumed. In addition, a corresponding amount of the fund balance of the General Fund has been reserved to reflect the amount of fund balance not currently available for expenditure. There Council had no prepaid expenses at year end.

J. Capital Assets:

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets that have been purchased or acquired with an original cost of at least \$1,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Capital Assets: (Continued)

and that have an estimated useful life of greater than one year. When purchased or acquired, these assets are recorded as capital assets in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. In contrast, in the Fund Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the fund that provided the resources to acquire the asset. If the asset was purchased, it is recorded in the books at its cost. If the asset was donated, then it is recorded at its estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

For capital assets recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, depreciation is computed and recorded using the straight-line method for the asset's estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: Building improvements - 20 years, equipment and vehicles - 5 - 7 years, computers - 3 years. Depreciation is not computed or recorded on capital assets for purposes of the Fund Financial Statements.

K. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and petty cash. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts that equal their fair values.

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences:

The Council's policies for vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Accordingly, a liability for the unpaid vacation leave has been recorded in the Government-Wide Statements. Management has estimated the current and long-term portions of this liability based on historical trends. The amount accrued as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Unpaid Compensated Absences: (Continued)

the compensated absence liability was determined using the number of vested vacation hours for each employee multiplied by the employee's wage rate in effect at the end of the year.

In contrast, the governmental funds in the Fund Statements report only compensated Financial absence liabilities that are pavable expendable available financial resources to the extent that the liabilities mature (or come due for payment). Vacation leave does not come due for payment until an employee makes a request to use it employment with the terminates Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as fund liabilities as of year-end in the Fund Financial The differences in the methods Statements. accruing compensated absences creates a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

The Council's sick leave policy does not provide for the vesting of sick leave thereby requiring the employee to be paid for any unused leave upon termination of, employment. Accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as unpaid compensated absences in the Government-Wide Financial Statements relative to sick leave.

M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses:

The Council reports all direct expenses by function and programs of functions in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function or program. Indirect expenses are recorded as direct expenses of the Administration function. GOEA provides funds to partially subsidize the Council's Administration

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Allocation of Indirect Expenses: (Continued)

function. The unsubsidized net cost of the Administration function is allocated using a formula that is based primarily on the relationship the direct cost a program bears to the direct cost of all programs. There are some programs that cannot absorb any indirect cost allocation according to their grant or contract limitations.

N. Management's Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Elimination and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and, the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

P. Deferred Revenues:

The Council reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Assets and on the balance sheet of the Fund Financial Statements. Deferred revenues arise when the Council receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received before the occurrence of qualifying

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Deferred Revenues: (Continued)

expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Council has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Note 2 - Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recorded in the Government-Wide Statements when they are earned under the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded in the Fund Financial Statements using the modified accrual basis of accounting. in applying the susceptible to accrual concept using this basis of accounting. intergovernmental grant revenues, program service and interest income are usually measurable and available. However, the timing and amounts of the receipts of public support miscellaneous revenues are often difficult measure; therefore, they are recorded as revenue in the period received.

Note 3 - Cash

The Council maintains a consolidated bank account to deposit most of the monies it collects and to pay its bills. The consolidated bank account is available for use by all funds. The purpose of consolidated account is to reduce administration costs and facilitate management. The consolidated account also allows those funds with available cash resources to temporarily cover any negative cash balances in other funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 3 - <u>Cash (Continued)</u>

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Council's cash balances on the books, \$57,269 whereas the related bank cash balances totaled \$96,221. The difference in the book and bank balances for cash relates primarily to deposits made and checks written which did not clear the bank accounts by year-end. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 4 - Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Capital Assets	07-01-06	Increases	Decrease	06-30-07
Vehicles	\$ 231,557	\$ 19,850	\$ -	\$ 251,407
Equipment	3,862	-	-	3,862
Furniture and				
Fixtures	9,634	<u> </u>		9,634
Subtotal	245,053	19,850		264,903
Accumulated Dep	reciation:			
Vehicles	138,698	37,307	-	176,005
Equipment	96	96	_	192
Furniture and				
Fixtures	6,447	1,412		7,859
Subtotal	145,241	38,815		184,056
Net Assets	<u>\$ 99,812 \$</u>	(18,965) \$	s 80,847
Depreciation follows:	was charged	l to gove	ernmental	activities as

Administration	\$ -
C-1 Congregate Meals	225
C-2 Home Delivered Meals	3,625
Transportation	34,965
Total depreciation expense for	
governmental activities	<u>\$ 38,815</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 5 - Board of Directors' Compensation

The Board of Directors is a voluntary board; therefore, no compensation has been paid to any member. However, board members are reimbursed for any out-of-pocket costs they might incur on behalf of the council in accordance with the Council's applicable reimbursement policy.

Note 6 - Income Tax Status

The Council, a non-profit corporation, is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and as an organization that is not a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code. It is also exempt from Louisiana income tax.

Note 7 - Economic Dependency

The Council receives the majority of its revenue through grants administered by the Louisiana Governor's office of Elderly Affairs (GOEA). The grant amounts are appropriated each year by the federal and state governments. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the Council receives could be reduced significantly and have an adverse impact on its operations. Management is not aware of any actions that will adversely affect the amount of funds the council, will receive in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 8 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Because the Council operates most of its programs under cost reimbursement type grants, it has to pay for costs using its General Fund money and then request reimbursement for the advanced costs under the grant programs. Such advances create short-term interfund loans in the Fund Financial Statements. A summary of these interfund loans at year end, is as follows:

	Due From Other Funds	Due to Other Funds			
General Fund NSIP	\$ 5,956	\$ - <u>5,956</u>			
Total	<u>\$ 5,956</u>	<u>\$ 5,956</u>			

These loans have been eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. No settlements were made during the current or prior three fiscal years that exceeded the Council's insurance coverage.

The Council's management has not purchased commercial insurance or made provision to cover or reduce the risk of loss, as a result of business interruption and certain acts of God, like floods or earthquakes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

Note 10 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers to and from are listed by fund for the fiscal year as follows:

	Funds Transferred From								
	Supple.								
		Other	Senior	Senior					
	PCOA	Local	Center	Center_	NSIP_	Total			
Transfer To:									
AAA	\$ -	\$ 8,682	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	8,682			
IIIB	25,000	102,406	36,517	3,100	-	167,023			
C-2	-	56,338	-	-	40,200	96,538			
AARP	-	1,445	-	-	-	1,445			
IIID	_	9,727	-	-	-	9,727			
IIIE		1,681				1,681			
Total	\$25,000	\$180,279	<u>\$ 36,517 \$</u>	3,100 §	40,200 \$	285,096			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

These transfers were eliminated as a part of the consolidation process in preparing the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

There were no significant related party transactions during the year.

Note 12 - Changes in Debt:

Compensated absences:

Beginning balance -	\$ 6,940
Increase	 2,035
Ending balance -	8,975
Less: current portion	 2,602
Long-term compensated	
absences	\$ 6,373

Notes Payable:

Vehicle note, due in monthly installments of \$332, interest at 6.75% interest at 7%, beginning of year 4,462

Less: Principal payments 4,462

Total notes payable <u>§ - </u>

Note 13 - In-Kind Contributions

The Council received various in-kind contributions during the year. No amounts have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements for in-kind contributions in as much as the in-kind contributions do not create a nonfinancial asset.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

The Council did not adopt a budget for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Supportive Services Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				•
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 93,062	\$ 93,062	\$ 93,062	\$ -
Public Support	18,000	9,039	18,070	9,031
Total Revenues	111,062	102,101	[11,132	9,031
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnet	169,314	154,235	171,225	(16,990)
Fringe	24,922	23,995	21,167	2,828
Travel	4,914	4,866	8,076	(3.210)
Operating Services	26,077	43,025	43,828	(803)
Operating Supplies	22,011	34,935	28,850	6.085
Other Costs	4,584	4,653	-	4,653
Capital Outlay	10,000	000,01	5,009	4,991
Total Expenditures	261,822	275,709	278,155	(2,446)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(150.760)	(173,608)	(167.023)	6,585
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	150.760	173.608	167,023	(6.585)
Transfers out	-		•	
Total other financing sources and uses	150,760	173,608	167,023	(6,585)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	-	•
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year				-
End of year	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-1 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>Budgeted</u>	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Criginal	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental				
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 70,641	\$ 70,641	\$ 70,641	5 -
Public Support	6,500	<u>3,856</u>	449	(3.407)
Total Revenues	77,141	74,497	71,090	(3,407)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	21,387	27,081	26,370	711
Fringe	3,148	4,213	5,511	(1.298)
Travel	420	396	308	88
Operating Services	1,853	1,651	3,852	(2.201)
Operating Supplies	3,123	3,678	1,052	2.626
Meal Costs	37,200	36,478	33,054	3.424
Other Costs	1,000	1,000	943	57
Total Expenditures	68,131	74,497	71,090	3,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	9,010			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	•	-	•	•
Transfers out	(9.010)			
Total other financing sources and uses	(9,010)	-	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	-	-	•	-
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year				
End of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u> .

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title III C-2 Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	<u>Budgeted</u>	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental		e	£ 118.350	
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$ 117,279	\$ 117,279	\$ 117,279	\$ - 11,751
Public Support	11,105	11,505	22,856	11,731
Total Revenues	128,384	128,384	140,135	11,751
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel	99,211	81,857	70,333	11,524
Fringe	14,603	12,735	10.610	2,125
Travel	12,054	12,015	9.026	2.989
Operating Services	18,443	24.536	18.724	5,812
Operating Supplies	8,972	11.145	6.793	4,352
Meal Costs	116,096	112,409	120.595	(8,186)
Other Costs	1,000	1,000	592	(1,372)
Total Expenditures	270,379	255,697	236,673	17,244
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(141,995)	(127,313)	(96,538)	28,995
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	141,995	127,313	96,538	(28.995)
Transfers out			,	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and uses	141.995	127,313	96.538	(28,995)
Net increase (decrease) in fund balances	•	-	•	•
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of year			-	-
End of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u> .	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>

Combining Statement of Program Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Area Agency Admin		Title IIID		Title IIIE			Senior Center
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental:							_	
Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs	\$	33,595	\$	5,430	\$	39,307	\$	79,805
Federal Emergency		•		-		•		•
Food & Shelter		-		-	-			-
Public Support:								
Restricted - Utility Programs		•		-		•		•
Client Contributions	<u> </u>							
Total revenues		33,595		5,430		39,307		79,805
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		29,897		7,672		28,948		33,909
Fringe		5,781		791		5,433		5,765
Travel		-		•		1,292		320
Operating services		3,840		5,718		3,842		1,028
Operating supplies		2,759		976		1,473		1,671
Other costs		-		-	•			595
Meals		-	•			-		•
Utility assistance		-		-		-		•
Capital outlay	_			-	_			-
Total expenditures		42,277		15,157		40,988	_	43,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(8,682)		(9,727)		(1,681)		36,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in		8,682		9,727		1,681		
Operating transfers out		-,-02				.,001		(36,517)
		8,682		9,727		1,681		(36,517)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other sources over expenditures and								
other uses		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year		_		_		_		_
		 						
End of year	_\$	•	\$		_\$	•	_\$	-

NSIP	FEMA		<u>FEMA</u>			Audit		ility stance	S	upple. enior Center		<u>AARP</u>		Totals
\$ 40,200	\$		\$	2,372	\$. <u>-</u>	\$	3,100	\$	12,000	s	215,809		
•		-		-		-		•		•		•		
	1	19,732		_		-	-			•		19,732		
•		-		-		117		-		-		117		
 <u> </u>														
 40,200	<u></u>	19,732		2,372		_117		3,100		12,000		235,658		
•				_		•				8, 979		109,405		
•		•		-		-		•		3,477		21,247		
•		•		-		•		•		537		2,149		
■.		•		•		•		•		159		14,587		
-		13,089		2,372		•		•		293		22,633		
-		-		-		-		-		•		595		
-		-		-		- 597		-		•		597		
 		13,089		2,372		597				13,445	<u></u>	171,213		
40,200		6,643		-		(480)		3,100		(1,445)		64,445		
-		_		_		•		_		1,445		21,535		
(40,200)		•		-		•		(3,100)		1,140		(79,817)		
 (40,200)		•		•		-		(3,100)		-		(58,282)		
•		6,643		•		(480)		-		-		6,163		
 -				-		597						597		
\$ 	\$	6,643	<u>s</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	117	\$	•		_		6,760		

Statement of General Fixed Assets and Changes in General Fixed Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Balance June 30, 2006		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2007	
General Fixed Assets, at cost:								
Vehicles	\$	231,557	\$	19,850		•	\$	251,407
Equipment		3,862		•		-		3,862
Furniture and Fixtures		9,634		-		-		9,634
Total	\$	245,053	\$	19,850	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	264,903
Investment in General Fixed Assets:								
Title IIIB	\$	27,471	\$	•	\$	-	\$	27,471
Title IIID		500		_		_		500
PCOA		-		19,850		_		19,850
Local		217,082	4 -	·····				217,082
Total	<u>\$</u>	245,053	\$	19,850	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>s</u>	264,903



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. Bossier City, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of Bossier Council on Aging, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued my report thereon dated December 14, 2007. I conducted my audit in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Bossier Council on Aging, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be a material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Council's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Council's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Council's internal control. I consider Finding #2007-1 described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Council's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, I believe that Finding #2007-1, lack of maintaining complete and accurate accounting records, is a material weakness..

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Councils financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and federal and state cognizant agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountant

Marcher O. Milliean

December 14, 2007

Schedule of Findings

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Finding # 2007-1:

<u>Condition:</u> The Council did not maintain complete and accurate accounting records during the year ended June 30, 2007. Subsidiary ledgers for accounts receivable and accounts payable were not maintained and reconciled to the general ledger. Bank reconciliations were not reconciled to the general ledger.

<u>Cause:</u> The software package utilized by the Council was not properly installed on the Council's computer equipment. The Council's bookkeeper was ill for much of the year under audit.

Recommendation: I recommend the Council adopt procedures to insure that all software purchased by the Council is properly installed on the Council's computer equipment. I recommend subsidiary ledgers for accounts receivable and accounts payable be maintained and reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis. I recommend bank reconciliations be reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis.

Management's Corrective Action Plan: We agree with the finding. We have purchased new software that has been properly installed on the Council's computer equipment. We hired a certified public accountant as our bookkeeper. Accounts receivable, accounts payable, and bank reconciliations are reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2006.