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VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana

Annual Financial Statements
With Independent Auditor's Report
As of and for the Year Ended
December 31, 2006
With Supplemental Information Schedules

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 4/11/07

Forest, Louisiana

# Annual Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2006 With Supplemental Information Schedules

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Member Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana

I have audited the basic financial statements of the Village of Forest as of December 31, 2006, and for the year then ended, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Forest's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Forest as of December 31, 2006, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's discussion and analysis, and supplementary information on pages 6 through 10 and 30 through 31, respectively are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information and reviewing the source of selected information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Village of Forest. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Forest, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report, December 31, 2006

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated February 28, 2007, on the Village of Forest's compliance with laws and regulations, and my consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

West Monroe, Louisiana

February 28, 2007

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2006

As management of the Village of Forest, we offer readers of the Village of Forest's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Forest for the year ended December 31, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the Village's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide Financial Statements) provide information about the financial activities as a whole and illustrate a longer-term view of the Village's finances. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund (Fund Financial Statements) tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund Financial Statements also report the operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Financial Statements by providing information about the most significant funds. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Our auditor has provided assurance in her independent auditor's report that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. The auditor, regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Supplemental Information is providing varying degrees of assurance. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other parts in the Financial Section.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Forest's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Village of Forest's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village of Forest is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, earned, but unused, sick leave).

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Forest, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Forest can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Forest adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses its enterprise fund to account for its water utility operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the enterprise fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the Village.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Village of Forest's performance.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, assets of the Village of Forest exceeded liabilities by \$595,227. Approximately 68% of the Village of Forest's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are not available for future spending.

The balance in unrestricted net assets is affected by two factors: 1) resources expended, over time, by the Village of Forest to acquire capital assets from sources other than internally generated funds (i.e., debt), and 2) required depreciation on assets being included in the statement of net assets.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	2006	2005
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$188,947	\$69,297
Receivables	15,420	17,454
Total current assets	204,367	86,751
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	78,710	94,748
Capital assets - not depreciated	59,054	42,052
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	345,193	363,855
TOTAL ASSETS	\$687,324	\$587,406
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$4,670	\$1,931
Customer meter deposits	27,490	25,490
Payable from restricted assets - accrued interest	304	333
Total current liabilities	32,464	27,754
Long term liabilities:		
Due in one year	4,576	4,310
Due in more than one year	<u>55,057</u>	60,866
Total long term liabilities	59,633	65,176
TOTAL LIABILITIES	92,097	92,930
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	404,247	285,524
Contributed capital (net of accumulated depreciation		
on fixed assets acquired with federal grant)	131,880	137,375
Retained earnings:		
Reserved for debt service	32,186	53,858
Reserved for contingencies	4,856	4,885
Unreserved - undesignated	5,825	(53,168)
Total retained earnings	42,867	5,575
Unrestricted	16,233	66,002
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$595,227	\$494,476
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
	2006	2005
<b>D.:</b>	2000	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:		
Personal services	ee 025	\$E 470
	\$5,925	\$5,470
Operating services	8,960	9,451
Materials and supplies	141	310
Repairs and maintenance	2.047	335
Public safety	3,947	3,436
Interest expense	296	3 500
Depreciation expense	<u>2,590</u>	2,590

Total Governmental Activities	\$21,859	\$21,592
Business-type Activities:		
Water and sewer		
Salaries	41,668	41,838
Payroll taxes	3,191	3,165
Administrative	7,262	5,864
Sales tax	208	279
Utilities	19,871	18,682
Repairs and maintenance	4,674	18,736
Insurance	7,484	7,655
Materials and supplies	8,109	6,618
Testing expense	1,808	2,959
Telephone		1,998
Mowing	886	
Depreciation expense	16,071	21,135
Total Business-type Activities	111,232	128,929
Total Primary Government	133,091	150,521
Governmental Activities:		
Occupational licenses	4,558	6,792
Other revenue	11,311	4,659
Business-type - Water sales	199,709	153,262
Total program revenues	215,578	164,713
Net Program Expenses (Revenues)	82,487	14,192
General revenues (expenses)		
Tax, franchise	6,038	5,904
Interest earned	702	1,097
Interest expense	(3,275)	(4,502)
Intergovernmental - state grant	14,800	15,000
Adjustment for depreciation on capital assets		
acquired with federal grants	5,495	5,495
Total general revenues (expenses)	23,760	22,994
Special items		
Operating transfer in	5,000	
Operating transfer out	(5,000)	
Change in Net Assets	106,247	37,186
Net Assets - Beginning of year	<u>357,101</u>	319,915
Net Assets - End of year	\$463,348	\$357,101

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Forest uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2006, the General Fund unreserved, undesignated fund balance of \$16,233 showed an increase of \$5,438 over December 31, 2005.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between revenues of the original budget and the final budget were due primarily to an increase in other financing sources. Differences between expenditures of the original budget and the final budget was primarily due to an increase in capital outlay.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village of Forest's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2006, amounts to \$69,618 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, furniture and equipment and construction in progress. There was an increase in construction in progress for the year ended December 31, 2006 of \$17,002.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, the Village of Forest had business type activity debt outstanding, in the form of revenue bonds, of \$59,633. During the year ended December 31, 2006, \$5,543 of debt was paid in accordance with the debt agreement.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Forest's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Forest, P.O. Box 338, Forest, LA 71242.

February 28, 2007

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Forest, Louisiana

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2006

	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$15,086	\$173,861	\$188,947
Accounts receivable	1,536	13,884	15,420
Total current assets	16,622	187,745	204,367
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents		78,710	78,710
Capital assets - not depreciated	59,054	,	59,054
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	10,564	334,629	345,193
TOTAL ASSETS	\$86,240	\$601,084	\$687,324
LIABILITIES		·	
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$389	\$4,281	\$4,670
Customer meter deposits		27,490	27,490
Payable from restricted assets -			
accrued interest		304	304
Total current liabilities	389	32,075	32,464
Long term liabilities:			
Due in one year		4,576	4,576
Due in more than one year	<del></del>	55,057	55,057
Total long term liabilities	NONE	59,633	59,633
TOTAL LIABILITIES	389	91,708	92,097
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	69,618	334,629	404,247
Contributed capital (net of accumulated			
depreciation on capital assets acquired			
with federal grant)		131,880	131,880
Retained earnings:			
Reserved for debt service		32,186	32,186
Reserved for contingencies		4,856	4,856
Unreserved - undesignated		5,825	5,825
Total retained earnings	1.7.000	42,867	42,867
Unrestricted	16,233	#500 a=5	16,233
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$85,851	\$509,376	\$595,227

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Primary Government:			
Governmental Activities:			
Personal services	\$5,925		\$5,925
Operating services	8,960		8,960
Materials and supplies	141		141
Public safety	3,947		3,947
Interest expense	296		296
Depreciation expense	2,590		2,590
Total Governmental Activities	21,859	NONE	21,859
Business-type Activities:			
Water and sewer			
Salaries		\$41,668	41,668
Payroll taxes		3,191	3,191
Administrative		7,262	7,262
Sales tax		208	208
Utilities		19,871	19,871
Repairs and maintenance		4,674	4,674
Insurance		7,484	7,484
Materials and supplies		8,109	8,109
Testing expense		1,808	1,808
Mowing		886	886
Depreciation expense		16,071	16,071_
Total Business-type Activities	NONE	111,232	111,232
Total Primary Government	21,859	111,232	133,091
Governmental Activities:			
Occupational licenses	4,558		4,558
Other revenue	11,311		11,311
Business-type Activity - Water sales		199,709	199,709
Total program revenues	15,869	199,709	215,578
Net Program Expenses (Revenues)	(5,990)	88,477	82,487
General revenues (expenses)			
Tax, franchise	6,038		6,038
Interest earned	2	700	702
Interest expense		(3,275)	(3,275)
Intergovernmental - state grant	14,800	\-	14,800
Adjustment for depreciation on capital	•		.,
assets acquired with federal grants		5,495	5,495
Total general revenues (expenses)	20,840	2,920	23,760
Special items			
Operating transfer in	5,000		5,000
Operating transfer out	,,,,,	(5,000)	(5,000)
Change in Net Assets	19,850	86,397	106,247
Net Assets - Beginning of year	66,001	291,100	357,101
Net Assets - End of year	\$85,851	\$377,497	\$463.348

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Balance Sheet, December 31, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE - GENERAL FUND	PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - WATER ENTERPRISE FUND
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$15,086	\$173,861
Accounts receivables	1,536	13,884
Total current assets	16,622	187,745
Restricted assets - cash and equivalents		78,710
Water system plant and equipment		
(Net of accumulated depreciation)		334,629
TOTAL ASSETS	\$16,622	\$601,084
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$389	\$4,281
Customer meter deposits	4,000	27,490
Payable from restricted assets -		,
accrued interest		304
Revenue bonds payable		59,633
Total liabilities	389	91,708
Fund Equity:	-	<del></del>
Contributed capital (net of accumulated depreciation on fixed assets acquired		
with federal grant)		131,880
Retained earnings:		20 10 6
Reserved for debt service		32,186
Reserved for contingencies		4,856
Unreserved - undesignated	NONE	340,454
Total retained earnings	NONE	377,496
Fund balance - unreserved-	17.222	
undesignated	16,233	
Total Fund Equity	16,233	509,376
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
AND FUND EQUITY	<u>\$16,622</u>	\$601,084

Forest, Louisiana

### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

		Governmental Fund Type General Fund	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Statement C)	_	\$16,233	
Cost of capital assets	\$101,045		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(31,427)	69,618	
Net Assets (Statement A)		\$85,851	

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	GENERAL FUND
REVENUES	
Tax, franchise	\$6,038
Occupational licenses	4,558
Intergovernmental - state grant	14,800
Use of money and property - interest earnings	2
Other revenue	11,311
Total revenues	<u> 36,709</u>
EXPENDITURES	
General government - current:	
Personal services	5,925
Operating services	8,960
Materials and supplies	141
Capital outlay	17,002
Public safety	3,947
Debt service	10,296
Total expenditures	<u>46,271</u>
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,562)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Proceeds from loan	10,000
Operating transfer in	5,000_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	15,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER	
FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES	5,438
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,795
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$16,233

#### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Fund Type - General Fund
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (Statement D)  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	\$5,438
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation for the period.	14,412
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Statement B)	<u>\$19,850</u>

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST FOREST, Louisiana PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE -WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

OPERATING REVENUES	
Water sales	\$199,709
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	41,668
Payroll taxes	3,191
Administrative	7,262
Sales tax	208
Utilities	19,871
Repairs and maintenance	4,674
Insurance	7,484
Materials and supplies	8,109
Testing Expense	1,808
Mowing	886
Depreciation	16,071
Total Operating Expenses	111,232
OPERATING INCOME	88,477
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (Expenses)	
Interest income	700
Interest expense	(3,275)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (expenses)	(2,575)
NET INCOME	85,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (Use)	
Operating transfer out	(5,000)
Adjustment for depreciation on capital assets acquired with federal grants	5,495
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)	495
TOTAL NET INCOME AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (Use)	86,397
RETAINED EARNINGS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	291,100
RETAINED EARNINGS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$377,497</u>

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST FOREST, Louisiana PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE -WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

## Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income	<u>\$83,477</u>
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	<del></del>
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	16,071
Decrease in accounts receivable	2,005
Increase in accounts payable	2,908
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(28)
Increase in meter deposits	2,000
Total adjustments	22,956
Net cash provided by operating activities	106,433
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Decrease in bonds payable	(5,543)
Interest expense	(3,275)
Total cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(8,818)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest earnings	<u>700</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	98,315
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	154,256
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$252,571

### Notes to the Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Forest was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act in 1966. The village operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The mayor and aldermen serve four-year terms which expire on December 31, 2008.

The accompanying financial statements of the Village of Forest have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis -for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

As the governing authority of the village, for reporting purposes, the Village of Forest is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the village), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Village of Forest for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and:
  - a. The ability of the village to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the village.
- 2. Organizations for which the village does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the village.

Forest, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based on the previous criteria, the village has determined that there are no component units that are part of the reporting entity.

## B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the village's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type.

The Statement of Net Assets (Statement A) and the Statement of Activities (Statement B) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the village.

In the Statement of Net Assets, governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term obligations. Net assets are reported in three parts; invested in capital assets, net of any related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The village first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

**Program Revenues** - Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are derived directly from parties outside the village's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the village's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses - The village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities (Statement B). Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions but

Forest, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense, which can be specifically identified by function, is included in the direct expenses of each function. Depreciation on buildings is assigned to the "general administration" function due to the fact that buildings serve multiple purposes. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

#### C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the village. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the providing of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The village's current operations require the use of only governmental and proprietary funds. The governmental and proprietary fund types used by the village are described as follows:

#### **Governmental Fund Type**

General Fund - The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the village and is used to account for the operations of the village's office. The various fees and charges due to the village's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

#### Proprietary Fund Type - Water Enterprise Fund

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the village's water system. The operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurement made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental funds and the proprietary type agency funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The village considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Franchise taxes and intergovernmental revenues are recorded when the village is entitled to the funds.

Forest, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Interest income on bank deposits is recorded when the interest has been earned and the amount is determinable.

Substantially all other revenues are recorded when they are received by the village.

Based on the above criteria, franchise taxes have been treated as susceptible to accrual.

#### **Expenditures**

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

#### Proprietary Fund Type - Water Enterprise Fund

The Water Enterprise Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under state law, the village may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At December 31, 2006, the village has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$267,657.

Demand deposits	\$178,934
Time deposits	88,723
Total	\$267,657

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits, or the resulting bank balances, must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times are secured as follows:

Bank Balances	<u>\$269,206</u>
Federal deposit insurance	\$188,723
Pledged securities (uncollateralized)	168,668
Total	\$357,391

Forest, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Because the pledged securities are held by a custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank rather than in the name of the village, they are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Codification C20.106; however, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the village that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The village maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but not in the fund financial statements. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public purposes by the village, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. All capital assets, other than land, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 40 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years

#### G. ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE

The Village of Forest has not adopted vacation and sick leave policies; therefore, there is no liability for compensated absences.

#### H. RISK MANAGEMENT

The village is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees. To handle such risk of loss, the fire district maintains a commercial insurance policy covering property, employee liability, and public officials liability. No claims were paid on any of the policies during the past three years which exceeded the policies' coverage amounts. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### 2. RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2006:

	General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	Total
Taxes: Franchise Accounts	\$1,536	\$13,884	\$1,536 13,884
Total	\$1,536	\$13,884	\$15,420

#### 3. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following presents changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2006:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated -	-			
Land	\$27,500			\$27,500
Construction in progress	14,552	\$17,002		31,554
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	6,553			6,553
Improvements other than buildings	711			711
Equipment	34,727_			34,727_
Total assets	84,043	17,002	NONE	101,045
Less accumulated depreciation	28,837	2,590		31,427
Net capital assets	\$55,206	\$14,412	NONE	\$69,618

A summary of proprietary fund type property, plant, and equipment at December 31, 2006, follows:

		Accumulated	Net Book
	Basis	Depreciation	Value
Water system	\$637,588	(\$315,580)	\$322,008
Equipment	28,692	(16,071)	12,621
Total	<u>\$666,280</u>	(\$331,651)	<u>\$334,629</u>

Forest, Louisiana
Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 4. PENSION PLAN

The employees of the village are members of the Social Security System. In addition to the employee contributions withheld at 7.65 per cent of gross salary, the village contributes an equal amount to the Social Security System. For the year ended December 31, 2006, employer contributions were \$3,200. Total salaries paid for 2006, were \$41,668. The village does not guarantee the benefits granted by the Social Security System.

#### 5. REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

At December 31, 2006, the village has one outstanding issue of long-term revenue bonds. In 1990 the village sold a revenue bond to the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration. The issue dated November 14, 1990 was for \$130,200. The issue bears interest at 6.125 per cent per annum. Principal and interest are to be repaid in annual payments of \$8,846 through November 14, 2030. All long-term debt is to be repaid solely from the income and revenues derived from the operation of the water system.

The following is a summary of revenue bonds payable transactions for the year ended December 31, 2006:

Revenue bonds payable at January 1, 2006	\$65,176
Additions	NONE
Reductions	(5,543)
Long-term debt at December 31, 2006	\$59,633

The annual requirements to amortize the revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2006, including interest of \$27,646, are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2007	\$8,846
2008	8,846
2009	8,846
2010	8,846
2011	8,846
2012 - 2016	43,049
Total	<u>\$87,279</u>

#### 6. CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

In 1990, the village received a grant totaling \$219,800 from the United States Department of Agriculture, Farmers Home Administration to finance the construction of its water system. The grant amount, shown as contributed capital on the balance sheet, is reduced each year by the amount of depreciation expense

Forest, Louisiana

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

recognized on fixed assets constructed or acquired with the grant funds. At December 31, 2006, accumulated depreciation on these assets is \$87,920.

#### 7. RESERVED RETAINED EARNINGS

The bond covenant with the Farmers Home Administration for the 1990 revenue bond discussed in note 4 above, requires the village to establish the following reserve accounts:

- A. A "Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund". The village must transfer into this fund, each month, one-twelfth of the principal and interest due on the next principal and interest payment date. This fund is used to pay bond principal and interest as they become due.
- B. A "Water Reserve Fund". The village must transfer into this fund, each month, an amount equal to 5 per cent of the amount to be paid into the Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund. Such amounts may be used only for the payment of matured bonds and interest when sufficient funds are not available in the Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund.
- C. A "Water Depreciation and Contingency Fund". The village must transfer into this fund, each month, an amount equal to 5 per cent of the amount to be paid into the Water Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Fund. The deposits in this fund may be used for unusual or extraordinary maintenance, repairs, replacements, and extensions and for the cost of improvements to the system. Money in this fund may also be used to pay principal and interest on bonds falling due at any time there is not sufficient funds in the other reserve funds.

At December 31, 2006 the village has \$37,043 in restricted accounts to meet reserve requirements. The following is a summary of transactions in the bond reserve accounts for the year ended December 31, 2006:

Reserve for revenue bonds payable at January 1, 2006	\$58,743	
Deposits	8,846	
Interest earnings	1,278	
Transfer out	(22,979)	
Debt service	(8,845)	
Reserve for bonds payable at December 31, 2006	\$37,043	

#### 8. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

The Village of Forest is not involved in any litigation at December 31, 2006, nor is it aware of any unasserted claims.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

REVENUES         \$5,000         \$6,218         \$6,038         (\$180)           Occupational licenses         7,000         4,408         4,558         150           Intergovernmental - state grant         15,000         14,800         14,800           Use of money and property - interest earnings         7,000         8,735         11,311         2,576           Total revenues         7,000         34,361         36,709         2,548           EXPENDITURES           General government - current:           Personal services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         13,450         11,924         8,960         2,964           Materials and supplies         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         2,347         3,947         (3,947)           Debt service         2         10,296         10,296           Public safety         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF R		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Decupational licenses   7,000   4,408   4,558   150   Intergovernmental - state grant   15,000   14,800   14,800   14,800   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	REVENUES				
Intergovernmental - state grant   15,000   14,800   14,800   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	Tax, franchise	\$5,000	\$6,218	\$6,038	(\$180)
Use of money and property - interest earnings Other revenues         7,000         8,735         11,311         2,576           Total revenues         34,000         34,161         36,709         2,548           EXPENDITURES           General government - current:         Personal services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         13,450         11,924         8,960         2,964           Materials and supplies         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         3,947         (3,947)           Capital outlay         15,200         27,300         17,002         10,298           Public safety         3,947         (3,947)         10,296         (10,296)           Debt service         10,296         (10,296)         (10,296)         (10,296)         (10,296)           Total expenditures         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES           OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000 <td>Occupational licenses</td> <td>7,000</td> <td>4,408</td> <td>4,558</td> <td>150</td>	Occupational licenses	7,000	4,408	4,558	150
Other revenues         7,000         8,735         11,311         2,576           Total revenues         34,000         34,161         36,709         2,548           EXPENDITURES           General government - current:         Personal services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         13,450         11,924         8,960         2,964           Materials and supplies         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         2,2700         27,300         17,002         10,298           Public safety         3,947         (3,947)         10,296         (10,296)           Total expenditures         31,350         46,442         46,271         171           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403 <td>Intergovernmental - state grant</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>14,800</td> <td>14,800</td> <td></td>	Intergovernmental - state grant	15,000	14,800	14,800	
Total revenues   34,000   34,161   36,709   2,548				<del>-</del>	
Common   C					2,576
Personal services   2,700   6,525   5,925   600     Operating services   13,450   11,924   8,960   2,964     Materials and supplies   693   141   552     Repairs and maintenance   Capital outlay   15,200   27,300   17,002   10,298     Public safety   3,947   (3,947)     Debt service   10,296   (10,296)     Total expenditures   31,350   46,442   46,271   171     EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES   2,650   (12,281)   (9,562)   2,719     OTHER FINANCING SOURCES     Proceeds from loan   10,000   10,000     Operating transfer in   10,000   5,000   (5,000)     TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES   NONE   20,000   15,000   (5,000)     EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES   2,650   7,719   5,438   (2,281)     FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR   1,603   6,403   10,795   4,392     TOTAL OTHER FINANCING OF YEAR   1,603   6,403   10,795   4,392     Operating transfer in   1,603   6,403   10,795     Operating transfer in   1,603   6,403   10,795	Total revenues	34,000	34,161	36,709	<u>2,548</u>
Personal services         2,700         6,525         5,925         600           Operating services         13,450         11,924         8,960         2,964           Materials and supplies         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         3,947         10,298           Capital outlay         15,200         27,300         17,002         10,298           Public safety         3,947         (3,947)         3,947         (3,947)           Debt service         10,296         (10,296)         (10,296)         (10,296)         10,296         (10,296)           Total expenditures         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	EXPENDITURES				
Operating services         13,450         11,924         8,960         2,964           Materials and supplies         693         141         552           Repairs and maintenance         3,200         17,002         10,298           Capital outlay         15,200         27,300         17,002         10,298           Public safety         3,947         (3,947)         (3,947)           Debt service         10,296         (10,296)         (10,296)           Total expenditures         31,350         46,442         46,271         171           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         0         10,000         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	General government - current:				
Materials and supplies       693       141       552         Repairs and maintenance       15,200       27,300       17,002       10,298         Public safety       3,947       (3,947)         Debt service       10,296       (10,296)         Total expenditures       31,350       46,442       46,271       171         EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES       2,650       (12,281)       (9,562)       2,719         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES       10,000	Personal services	2,700	6,525	5,925	600
Repairs and maintenance   Capital outlay   15,200   27,300   17,002   10,298	Operating services	13,450	11,924	8,960	2,964
Capital outlay         15,200         27,300         17,002         10,298           Public safety         3,947         (3,947)           Debt service         10,296         (10,296)           Total expenditures         31,350         46,442         46,271         171           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           Proceeds from loan         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392			693	141	552
Public safety         3,947         (3,947)           Debt service         10,296         (10,296)           Total expenditures         31,350         46,442         46,271         171           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           Proceeds from loan         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	•				
Debt service	±	15,200	27,300	17,002	10,298
Total expenditures         31,350         46,442         46,271         171           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from loan Operating transfer in         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	•			,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         10,000         10,000         10,000         10,000         (5,000)           Operating transfer in         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392				10,296	(10,296)
OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         (12,281)         (9,562)         2,719           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         10,000         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           Operating transfer in         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	Total expenditures	31,350	46,442	46,271	<u> 171</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES           Proceeds from loan         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           Operating transfer in         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
Proceeds from loan         10,000         10,000         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	OVER EXPENDITURES	2,650	(12,281)	(9,562)	2,719
Operating transfer in         10,000         5,000         (5,000)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES         NONE         20,000         15,000         (5,000)           EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	Proceeds from loan		10,000	10,000	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES       2,650       7,719       5,438       (2,281)         FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR       1,603       6,403       10,795       4,392	Operating transfer in		10,000	5,000	(5,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES         2,650         7,719         5,438         (2,281)           FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR         1,603         6,403         10,795         4,392	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	NONE	20,000	15,000	(5,000)
YEAR 1,603 6,403 10,795 4,392	OTHER FINANCING SOURCE OVER	2,650	7,719	5,438	(2,281)
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR         \$4,253         \$14,122         \$16,233         \$2,111		1,603	6,403	10,795	4,392
	FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$4,253	\$14,122	\$16,233	\$2,111

See accompanying note to budgetary comparison schedule.

#### NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

A preliminary budget for the ensuing year is prepared for the General Fund by the mayor prior to December 31 of each year and is made available for public inspection at least fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is established and controlled by the board of aldermen at the functional level of expenditure. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the village. Appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated for the following year to be expended. All changes in the budget must be approved by the board of aldermen.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule include the original adopted budget amounts and all subsequent amendments.

## Schedule of Water Rates For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Classification		Rate
Residential	Monthly minimum for first 2,000 gallons Per 1,000 gallons for all over 2,000 gallons	\$15.00 3.50
Commercial	Monthly minimum for first 10,000 gallons Per 1,000 gallons for all over 10,000 gallons	33.00 3.50

#### Schedule of Insurance Coverage As of December 31, 2006

Type of Coverage Commercial General Liability	Name of Insurer Louisiana Municipal Risk Management Agency	Policy Number LML-124	Amount of Coverage  Aggregate - \$500,000  Each Occurrence - \$500,000  Medical Payments - \$1,000 per person - \$10,000 per accident  Fire Legal Liability - \$50,000 per	Expiration Date 5/1/07
Law Enforcement Officers Comprehensive Liability	Louisiana Municipal Risk Management Agency	LML-124	\$500,000	5/1/07
Public Officials Errors and Omissions Liability	Louisiana Municipal Risk Management Agency	LML-124	\$500,000	5/1/07
Worker's Compensation and Employers Liability	Louisiana Municipal Risk Management Agency	WC-0164	Statutory	1/1/07
Standard Fire	Farm Bureau	SF204639	\$292,000	1/22/07
Standard Fire	Farm Bureau	SF187734	\$217,200	4/30/07
Property Damage	State Farm	98-13-6529-5	\$27,200	5/30/07
Fidelity Bond	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	30406398	\$100,000	12/1/07

## VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND

#### Proposed Operating Budget For the Year Ending December 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

REVENUES	
Water	\$216,000
Other	6,7 <b>0</b> 0
Interest income	2,450
Total revenues	225,150
EXPENSES	
Insurance	10,000
Interest expense	10,000
Depreciation expense	25,000
Permits	600
Payroll taxes	4,500
Office	3,000
Repairs and maintenance	5,550
Salaries	44,000
Supplies	7,000
Administrative expense	22,000
Testing expense	4,000
Mowing	2,000
Postage	3,000
Sales Tax	<b>50</b> 0
Utilities and telephone	24,000
USDA	60,000
Total expenses	225,150
NET INCOME	<u>NONE</u>

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

# VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SCHEDULE As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

#### **COMPENSATION PAID ALDERMEN**

The schedule of compensation paid aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 33:405, aldermen receive up to \$30.00 for each regular meeting and \$15.00 for each special meeting they attend. Compensation of aldermen is included in personal services and related benefits expenditures of the General Fund.

#### Schedule 5

#### VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana

#### Schedule of Compensation Paid Aldermen For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

Dorothy Keen	\$312
Ed McKaskale	300
Mike Jones	188
Total	\$800

## REPORTS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS PART IV

## Independent Auditor's Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

The following independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting is presented in compliance with the requirements of *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Louisiana Governmental Audit Guide*, issued by the Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

#### MARY JO FINLEY, CPA, INC.

Member Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
116 Professional Drive - West Monroe, LA 71291
Phone (318) 329-8880 - Fax (318) 329-8883

## Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

VILLAGE OF FOREST Forest, Louisiana

I have audited the basic financial statements of the Village of Forest as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006 and have issued my report thereon dated February 28, 2007. I conducted my audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Forest's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. This finding is presented in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 06-1.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Village of Forest's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. I noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that I consider to be material weaknesses.

Forest, Louisiana
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance
And Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, etc.
December 31, 2006

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village of Forest, management, and Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Although the intended use of these reports may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

West Monroe, Louisiana

February 28, 2007

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the Village of Forest.
- 2. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Village of Forest was disclosed during the audit.
- 3. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control.

#### **B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT**

#### 06-1 Need to Amend Budgets

Finding: Budgets were not amended as required by state law. Louisiana Revised Statute (LRS) 39:1309 provides, in part, that all action necessary to adopt and otherwise finalize and implement the budget for a fiscal year shall be taken in open meeting and completed before the end of the prior fiscal year. The budgets were not amended as required.

**Recommendation:** The mayor should take whatever action is necessary to ensure that budgets are properly monitored and that amendments are prepared for review and approval as required by law.

#### Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2006

There were no audit findings reported in the audit for the year ended December 31, 2005.

P. O. Box 276 • Forest, Louisiana 71242 • Phone/Fax 318-428-9058

Legislative Auditor,

Stelbu J Hugher

As Mayor I will make sure that the amended budget is prepared and submitted to the council before year end as required by law.

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