CITY OF DERIDDER, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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A Professional Corporation

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA Charles M. Reed, Jr., CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Ronald Roberts, Mayor and Members of the City Council DeRidder, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated February 1, 2013 on my consideration of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) funding schedule on pages 37 through 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the

The Honorable Ronald Roberts, Mayor and Members of the City Council

basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The City of DeRidder, Louisiana, has not presented management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's financial statements as a whole. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of per diem paid to board members is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of per diem paid to board members is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

formal. Windham, CPA

DeRidder, Louisiana February 1, 2013

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

	Primary Government						
	G	overnmental	B	usiness-type		21	
		Activities	1	Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,504,472	\$	3,115,548	\$	7,620,020	
Receivables:							
Franchise taxes		125,878		H		125,878	
Alcohol taxes		6,656				6,656	
Sales taxes		576,614		-		576,614	
Accounts		2,935		326,246		329,181	
Federal grants		28,132		-72.11		28,132	
State grants		262		=		262	
Local grants		27,670				27,670	
Prepaid insurance		101,304		26,133		127,437	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		68,615		68,615	
Capital assets, not being depreciated		1,644,246		234,851		1,879,097	
Capital assets, being depreciated - net		7,227,578		14,322,264		21,549,842	
Total assets	\$	14,245,747	\$	18,093,657	\$	32,339,404	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	S	187,643	\$	127,863	\$	315,506	
Payroll taxes payable	Ψ	173,083	ŧ	39,505	Ψ	212,588	
Contracts payable		-		63,588		63,588	
Accrued interest payable		680		-		680	
Long term liabilities:		000				000	
Due within one year		235,656		31,859		267,515	
Due in more than one year		3,052,875		797,022		3,849,897	
Total liabilities	\$	3,649,937	\$	1,059,837	\$	4,709,774	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	8,766,824	\$	14,557,115	\$	23,323,939	
Restricted for:	φ	8,700,824	φ	14,337,113	Φ	25,525,959	
				5,027		5,027	
Contracts payable Sales tax		1,849,799		5,027		1,849,799	
Unrestricted		and the second second second second		-			
	0	(20,813)	¢	2,471,678	•	2,450,865	
Total net assets	\$	10,595,810	\$	17,033,820	\$	27,629,630	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	14,245,747	\$	18,093,657	\$	32,339,404	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

			Program Revenues							xpenses) Revenues			
Program Activities		Expenses		es, Fines and ges for Services		ing Grants and ntributions	tal Grants and ontributions		a overnmental Activities		inges in Net Asset susiness-type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:	<u>.</u>	Lapenses	Char	ges for Services		nuloutous	 minoutions	0	Acuvines	Activities			Total
General government													
and administration	\$	1,329,836	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(1,329,836)	\$		\$	(1,329,836)
Public safety		4,556,675		5,002		91,253	10,203		(4,450,217))) [[[]]		(4,450,217)
Public works		2,126,711		12,470		14,580	32,000		(2,067,661)		52		(2,067,661)
Culture & recreation		193,503				22,416	-		(171,087)				(171,087)
Transit		255,593		30,321		172,769			(52,503)		1.5		(52,503)
Interest on long term debt		324		R 2		50 	-		(324))) 5 1		(324)
Unallocated depreciation*	-	37,788		2		<u>12</u>	 2		(37,788)		1122		(37,788)
Total governmental activities	\$	8,500,430	\$	47,793	\$	301,018	\$ 42,203	\$	(8,109,416)	\$		\$	(8,109,416)
Business-type activities:													
Water and sewer	\$	2,942,933	\$	2,518,231	\$	-	\$ 50,000	\$	-	\$	(374,702)	\$	(374,702)
Total government	\$	11,443,363	\$	2,566,024	\$	301,018	\$ 92,203	\$	(8,109,416)	\$	(374,702)	\$	(8,484,118)
	Gener	al revenues:											
	Тах	tes:											
	I	Ad valorem taxes						\$	659,382	\$		\$	659,382
	S	Sales taxes							6,450,771				6,450,771
	I	nsurance premiur	n tax						40,971		1 		40,971
		Chain store tax							9,690		18		9,690
	I	Franchise tax							560,999		10.228		560,999
	A	Alcohol tax							24,462		8 -		24,462
	Occ	cupational license	s and pe	ermits					587,422		-		587,422
	Inv	estment earnings							9,281		7,070		16,351
	Gai	n (Loss) on sale o	f assets						21,123		2,693		23,816
	Ren	ntal income							26,400		14		26,400
	Inst	irance proceeds							18,826		8,504		27,330
	Tra	nsfers in							4,060,998		21,578		4,082,576
	Tra	nsfers out							(4,004,104)		(78,472)		(4,082,576)
* Unallocated depreciation excludes			Total	general revenues	and trans	fers		\$	8,466,221	\$	(38,627)	\$	8,427,594
direct depreciation expenses of the			Chang	e in net assets				\$	356,805	\$	(413,329)	\$	(56,524)
City's various programs	Net as	sets at beginning	of year						10,239,005		17,447,149		27,686,154
	Net as	sets at end of yea	r					\$	10,595,810	\$	17,033,820	\$	27,629,630

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

			Major Funds							
						Street	Other			Total
				Sales Tax	Co	Instruction J		ernmental	Governmental	
	÷	General		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,344,224	\$	1,407,332	\$	1,602,332	\$	5,491	\$	4,359,379
Receivables:										
Franchise taxes		125,878				3 -				125,878
Alcohol taxes		6,656		-		23		(/)		6,656
Sales taxes				576,614		1724		120		576,614
Accounts receivable		2,935				04.00		hered a		2,935
Intergovernmental:										
Federal grants		28,132		= 3		-		3 — 1		28,132
State grants		262		a l				-		262
Local grants		27,670		-		37		(-)		27,670
Prepaid insurance		85,167		16,137	23 14			-	101,304	
Total assets	\$	1,620,924	\$	2,000,083	\$	1,602,332	\$	5,491	\$	5,228,830
	2				3		-		2	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	63,274	\$	122,481	\$	1,888	\$	-	\$	187,643
Payroll taxes payable		145,280		27,803		07 <u></u>		2000		173,083
Total liabilities	\$	208,554	\$	150,284	\$	1,888	\$	Marco.	\$	360,726
	10						ж.		10	
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable										
Not in spendable form	\$	85,167	\$	16,137	\$	20 27 .	\$	1=	\$	101,304
Restricted		42,767		1,833,662		3 -				1,876,429
Committed		1 <u>11</u> 1				1,600,444		100		1,600,444
Assigned		1,033,093		-2		-		5,491		1,038,584
Unassigned		251,343		-)		-		- ,		251,343
Total fund balances	\$	1,412,370	\$	1,849,799	\$	1,600,444	\$	5,491	\$	4,868,104
ಾರ್ಯವರ್ಷ ಮನ್ನು ಮಾಡುವ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಸಂಕರ್ಷ ಮುಂದು ಸಮಾದ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಕೆಂದು ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮುಂದು ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮುಂದು ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮುಂದು ಕಾರ್ಯ ಮುಂದು ಕ	. <u></u>		:#22	- ೧೯೯೭ ಕೆ.	3	-,		- ,	<u>~</u>	1977 TO 1977 TO 1
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,620,924	\$	2,000,083	\$	1,602,332	\$	5,491	\$	5,228,830

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2012

Total fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 4,868,104
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheets.		8,389,287
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		145,093
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore interest payable is not reported as a liability in governmental funds balance sheet.		(680)
Capital assets reported in the proprietary fund but financed with general obligation debt have been transferred to governmental activities in the government wide statement of net assets in order to show those assets net of related debt in the net assets section of the government wide statement of net assets.		482,537
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, compensated absences and other post employment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ (235,656) (3,052,875)	 (3,288,531)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 10,595,810

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		Major Funds								
	General Fund		0	Sales Tax Co Fund		Street Construction J Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues										
Taxes:										
Ad valorem	\$	659,382	\$	9 5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	659,382
Sales tax		-		6,450,771		-		-		6,450,771
Insurance premium tax		40,971		3 5		-		9 5 7)		40,971
Chain store tax		9,690		9 57 6		-		-		9,690
Franchise tax		560,999		-		-		-		560,999
Alcohol tax		24,462		9 07 0		-		-		24,462
Intergovernmental:										
Federal grants		172,769		1 1		-		-		172,769
State grants		34,039		1 1		-		-		34,039
Local grants		99,417		9 07 0				()		99,417
Occupational licenses and permits		587,422		5 5		-		-		587,422
Fees and charges for services		47,793		14,580		-		-		62,373
Investment income		3,213		2,523		3,254		7		8,997
Rental income		26,400		5 5		-		-		26,400
Donations		22,416		-				(1)		22,416
Total revenues	\$	2,288,973	\$	6,467,874	\$	3,254	\$	7	\$	8,760,108

(Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

				Major	Funds	8				
			15			Street		Other		Total
					Co	Instruction J	Governmental Funds		G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	Sa	les Tax Fund		Fund			Funds	
Expenditures			12						-	
Current operating:										
General government	\$	737,226	\$	477,589	\$		\$		\$	1,214,815
Public safety		3,873,859				=		-		3,873,859
Public works				1,909,480						1,909,480
Culture & recreation		126,001				-		н		126,001
Transit		242,404		÷				н		242,404
Debt service:		87. 1								88 I.
Principal		50,000		H.		÷				50,000
Interest and charges		6,006		Ξ.		-		-		6,006
Capital outlay		619,510		67,342		515,687		1,500		1,204,039
Total expenditures	\$	5,655,006	\$	2,454,411	\$	515,687	\$	1,500	\$	8,626,604
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	\$	(3,366,033)	\$	4,013,463	\$	(512,433)	\$	(1,493)	\$	133,504
over experiances		(5,500,055)	_Ψ	4,015,405		(312,435)		(1,475)		155,504
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfer in	\$	3,446,148	\$	12,000	\$	600,000	\$	1,500	\$	4,059,648
Transfer out		(12,000)		(3,992,033)		(71)				(4,004,104)
Insurance proceeds		8,504		8,504						17,008
Sale of assets		53,566		1,826		-		H		55,392
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,496,218	\$	(3,969,703)	\$	599,929	\$	1,500	\$	127,944
Net change in fund balance	\$	130,185	\$	43,760	\$	87,496	\$	7	\$	261,448
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,282,185		1,806,039		1,512,948		5,484		4,606,656
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,412,370	\$	1,849,799	\$	1,600,444	\$	5,491	\$	4,868,104
			8		8		8		((Concluded)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	261,448
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			34,156
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (contributions, trades, etc.) is to increase net assets.			(35,619)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.			
General fund Sales tax fund Capital projects fund	619,510 67,342 517,187	1	,204,039
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.			(456,259)
Accrued interest on long term debt is not shown in the governmental funds.			324
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount of bond repayments.			50,000
Governmental funds do not report net change in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations. However this obligation does appear in the Statement of Activities since the payable is reported on the Statement of Net Assets			(694,254)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds.			
The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities			(7,030)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	356,805

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund September 30, 2012

Business-type				
Activities	Gov	rernmental		
Enterprise Fund	Α	ctivities		
Water and	Inter	Internal Service		
Sewer		Fund		
2	2. <u></u>			
\$ 3,115,548	\$	145,093		
326,246		12		
26,133		100		
\$ 3,467,927	\$	145,093		
	8.			
\$ 68,615	\$	-		
234,851		-		
14,804,801		-		
\$ 15,108,267	\$	1221		
\$ 18,576,194	\$	145,093		
\$ 127.863	\$	-		
	- 10	-		
	\$	-		
	3	1000		
\$ 63,588	\$			
\$ 154,965	\$	-		
		-		
		-		
\$ 797,022	\$	2		
¢ 1.050.927	\$			
	Activities Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer \$ 3,115,548 326,246 26,133 \$ 3,467,927 \$ 68,615 234,851 14,804,801 \$ 15,108,267 \$ 18,576,194 \$ 127,863 39,505 31,859 \$ 199,227 \$ 63,588 \$ 154,965 211,461 430,596	Activities Gov Enterprise Fund A Water and Inter Sewer Inter \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,115,548 \$ \$ 3,26,246 26,133 \$ 26,246 26,133 \$ 3,467,927 \$ \$ 68,615 \$ \$ 14,804,801 \$ \$ 15,108,267 \$ \$ 18,576,194 \$ \$ 18,576,194 \$ \$ 127,863 \$ \$ 127,863 \$ \$ 127,863 \$ \$ 127,863 \$ \$ 199,227 \$ \$ 63,588 \$ \$ 154,965 \$ \$ 154,965 \$ \$ 154,965 \$ \$ 154,965 \$ \$ 154,965 \$ \$ 797,022 \$		

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund September 30, 2012

	Business-ty	•			
	Activities	G	overnmental		
	Enterprise F	ınd	Activities		
	Water and	l Inte	ernal Service		
	Sewer		Fund		
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets	\$ 15,039,	652 \$			
Restricted for:					
Contracts payable	5,	027	-		
Unrestricted	2,471,	578	145,093		
Total net assets	\$ 17,516,	357 \$	145,093		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 18,576,	194 \$	145,093		
		((Concluded)		

Reconciliation of the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets to the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total net assets for proprietary fund	
statement of net assets	\$ 17,516,357
Capital assets reported in the proprietary fund but financed with general obligation debt have been transferred to governmental activities in the government wide statement of net assets in order to show those assets net of related debt in the net asset section of the government	
wide statement of net assets	 (482,537)
Net assets of business type activities	\$ 17,033,820

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Operating revenues	Ent	Activities Activities terprise Fund Water and Sewer	A Inter	rernmental ctivities nal Service Funds
Charges for services Total operating revenues	<u>\$</u> \$	2,518,231 2,518,231	<u>\$</u> \$	
Total operating revenues	\$	2,318,231	<u> </u>	
Operating expenses Personal services Supplies Contractual services Depreciation	\$	1,314,630 200,208 614,594 828,463	\$	-
Claims		-		10,482
Total operating expenses	\$	2,957,895	\$	10,482
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(439,664)	\$	(10,482)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest income	\$	7,070	\$	284
Sale of assets		2,693		-
Grant revenue		50,000		
Insurance proceeds		8,504		1,818
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	68,267	\$	2,102
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(371,397)	\$	(8,380)
Transfers in		21,578		1,350
Transfers out		(78,472)		
Change in net assets	\$	(428,291)	\$	(7,030)
Net assets at beginning year Net assets at end of year	\$	17,944,648 17,516,357	\$	152,123 145,093

City of DeRidder, Louisiana	Statement J
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets of Proprietary Funds to the Statement of Activities	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2012	
Net change in net assets - total proprietary funds	\$ (428,291)
Depreciation on capital assets reported in the proprietary fund but financed with general obligation debt has been transferred to governmental activities in the government wide statement of activities.	 14,962
Change in net assets of proprietary activities	\$ (413,329)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Bu Ent	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:	57 <u>-</u>		¥6	
Cash received from customers	\$	2,488,968	\$	-
Cash payments to suppliers for				
goods and services		(746,538)		(10,482)
Cash payments for employee				
services and employee related				
fringe benefits	5 <u>1</u>	(1,151,404)	¥	8
Net cash provided (used) by		501.007	~	(10, 100)
operating activities	\$	591,026	\$	(10,482)
Cash flows from noncapital				
financing activities:				
Transfers from other funds	\$	21,578	\$	1,350
Transfers out to other funds		(78,472)		
Insurance proceeds		8,504		1,818
Net cash provided (used) for	04		10).	
noncapital financing activities	\$	(48,390)	\$	3,168
Cash flows from capital and				
related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction				
of capital assets	\$	(283, 145)	\$	-
Disposal of capital assets		3,393		-
Grant revenue received	24	50,000	10-	-
Net cash used for capital				
and related financing activities	\$	(229,752)	\$	÷ 1
			(C	ontinued)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Bu A Ente	vernmental ctivities			
	Wate	er and Sewer	Internal Service Fund		
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on cash management activities:	\$	7,070	\$	284	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	319,954	\$	(7,030)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8 <u>-</u>	2,864,209	λi.	152,123	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,184,163	\$	145,093	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(439,664)	\$	(10,482)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation Increase in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable Decrease in salaries payable Increase in employee benefits payable Increase in customer deposits Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in prepaid insurance Increase in other postemployment benefits payable Total adjustments	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 828,463\\(36,214)\\69,502\\(43,563)\\11,507\\6,951\\30,853\\(1,238)\\164,429\\1,030,690\end{array}$	\$		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	<u></u>	591,026	\$ (Co	(10,482) oncluded)	

Notes to the Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended September 30, 2012

INTRODUCTION

The City of DeRidder was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act. The City operates under a Mayor-City Council form of government under a home rule charter.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of DeRidder conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:517 and to the guides set forth in the Louisiana Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.

The City is located within Beauregard Parish in the southwestern part of the State of Louisiana and is comprised of approximately 10,500 residents. The governing board is composed of seven elected council members that are compensated for regular and special board meetings. There are approximately one hundred-eleven employees who provide various services to the residents. The City maintains approximately 74 miles of roadways within the city limits.

The City maintains various funds that provide services and benefits to the residents. The general fund provides police and fire protection, and culture and recreational activities. The sales tax fund provides public works of highway and street maintenance and solid waste collection and disposal. The utility fund provides water and sewer services to approximately 4,100 residents. Other funds are established as needed for specific projects undertaken by the City.

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Reporting Entity*, established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the municipality is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the municipality may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt.

Blended Components Units

Component units that are legally separate from the municipality, but are so intertwined with the municipality that they are, in substance, the same as the municipalities are blended component units. For a component unit to be blended, the organization's board and the municipality must be substantially the same, or the organization must provide services entirely to the municipality and blended with the appropriate municipality funds:

The City of DeRidder had no blended component units as of September 30, 2012.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Component units that are legally separate from the municipality, but are financially accountable to the municipality, or whose relationship with the municipality are such that exclusion would cause the municipality's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are discretely presented.

The City of DeRidder had no discretely presented component units as of September 30, 2012.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the funds financial statements.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The municipality reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the municipality's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund

The Sales Tax Fund accounts for and reports sales tax revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

The Street Construction J Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are committed to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The municipality reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Proprietary Fund accounts for operations (a) where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The municipality reports the following nonmajor government funds:

Debt Service Fund The Debt Service Fund accumulates monies for payment of principal and interest of the 2006 Certificates of Indebtedness.

LCDBG Street Project Fund The LCDBG Street Project Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for capital outlay street overlays within the city limits.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for services provided to other departments and agencies of the municipality, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the governments enterprise operations. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Charges for services of providing water and sewer services to residents comprise the operating revenue of the City's enterprise fund. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The city has not established a policy for use of the unrestricted fund balance, therefore it considers committed fund balances to be used first, then assigned fund balances to be used next and finally the unassigned fund balance will be used.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the municipality's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

The municipality's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the municipality's investment policy allow the municipality to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, the state sponsored investment pool, and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities.

Investments for the municipality, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The state investment pool (LAMP) operates in accordance with state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

D. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

The City levies taxes on real and business personal property located within the boundaries of the City. Property taxes are levied by the City on property values assessed by the Beauregard Parish Tax Assessor and approved by the State of Louisiana Tax Commission.

The Beauregard Parish Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector bills and collects property taxes for the City. Collections are remitted to the City monthly. The City recognizes property tax revenues when levied.

Property Tax Calendar					
Assessment date	January 1, 2011				
Levy date	June 30, 2011				
Tax bills mailed	October 15, 2011				
Total taxes are due	December 31, 2011				
Penalties & interest due	January 31, 2012				
Lien date	January 31, 2012				
Tax sale	May 31, 2012				

For the year ended September 30, 2012, taxes of 10.26 mills were levied on property with an assessed valuation totaling \$62,466,634, and were dedicated as follows:

	Authorized <u>Millage</u>	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
Taxes due for:			Renewed
General corporate tax	7.66	7.66	Annually
Police/Fire capital improvements	2.60	2.60	9/30/2015

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes are collected and remitted by the local sheriff, if taxes are not paid, a sheriff's sale is held and the property is sold to satisfy the taxes due on the property. Due to this, the majority, if not all property taxes are collected, therefore no allowance account for uncollectibles has been established. Water and sewer charges have customer deposits that have been

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

collected in advance therefore the majority of all water and sewer billing is collected or taken out of the customer's deposit, any allowance account would be immaterial, therefore one has not been established.

The following are the principal taxpayers and related property tax revenue for the municipality:

				% of Total	Ad V	alorem Tax
	Type of		Assessed	Assessed	Re	venue for
Taxpayer	Business	Valuation		Valuation	Mu	nicipality
Meadwestvaco	Manufacturer	\$	7,308,297	11.70%	\$	74,983

Sales Taxes

The City of DeRidder receives a 1% sales and use tax that is dedicated to constructing, paving, resurfacing and improving streets, sidewalks and bridges; constructing and improving drains and subsurface drainage; and for the purpose of defraying the maintenance expenses thereof; constructing, acquiring and improving public parks and recreational facilities and purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishing thereof. In addition, it provides funds for the retirement of all public improvement bonds. This tax is for an indefinite period.

An additional 1% sales tax, for a twenty year period ending December 31, 2032, is dedicated and used for the following purposes:

41% for constructing, improving, repairing, operating and maintaining public buildings, public streets and sidewalks; drains and drainage facilities; garbage and solid waste collection and disposal facilities; paying the cost of other public services, including grass cutting; and paying the cost of improving or extending city utilities to encourage and induce the location of or additions to industrial enterprises having economic impact upon the city;

55% to pay the cost of providing public safety and fire and police protection services and improving, repairing, operating and maintaining sewers and sewerage collection and disposal works, including the acquisition of furnishings and equipment for any of said purposes;

4% to pay the cost of constructing, improving, repairing, operating and maintaining public parks and recreational facilities and purchasing and acquiring the necessary land, equipment and furnishing thereof. In addition, it provides funds for the retirement of all public improvement bonds.

The City of DeRidder also collects a ¼% sales and use tax with the proceeds to be dedicated and used solely for the purpose of supplementing the salaries and benefits of policemen and firemen and improving police and fire protection facilities, including the acquisition of equipment and vehicles for such purpose. This tax has no term limit.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

F. Restricted Assets

Certain resources in the enterprise fund have been set aside for the LCDBG Sewer Project of the City. These resources are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited.

A payment of \$100 per month is deposited into a State of Louisiana reimbursement account. The account was established to reimburse the state their cost associated with the widening of Highway 171 in prior years. This account is restricted and may be called by the state at their discretion.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The municipality maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. According to GASB 34 the City of DeRidder was not required to retroactively report infrastructure assets in its financial statements, therefore, these assets have not been reported in the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense included during the current fiscal year was \$0. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with the City's construction projects.

All capital assets, other than land and work in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Roads, bridges, and infrastructure	40-50 years
Land improvements	20-50 years
Buildings and building improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Equipment	3-15 years

H. Compensated Absences

The City of DeRidder's recognition and measurement criterion for compensated absences follows:

On July 1, 1996, the City enacted new legislation concerning sick leave pay and unpaid vacation. Full time employees earn vacation leave at varying rates depending upon length of service, which also may be accumulated up to a maximum of 160 days. Upon death, retirement, or separation of service from the City, an employee may receive their entire accumulated sick leave pay if he chooses to draw it out over regular pay periods. If the employee chooses to receive the pay in a lump sum he will receive 50% of the accumulated pay. In addition, upon retirement, unused sick leave is used in the retirement benefit computation as earned service.

On March 28, 1994, the sick leave policy was amended to reflect that each employee of the City would receive 4 hours of sick leave per pay period (13 days per year). As an exception, firemen working 53 hours per week will receive 10 hours of sick leave per month. Upon termination (voluntary or involuntary) an employee will receive full pay for accumulated sick leave not to exceed a 60-day limit (480 hours) with payment made by an installment plan based on the hourly rate at retirement.

No sick leave credit hours accumulated under the old sick leave policy will be lost. Upon retirement or termination, remuneration will be made to those employees who have accrued sick leave under the old policy. This payment will be made in installments and capped at the hourly rate as of December 31, 1993.

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

- 1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

GASB Statement No.16 provides that a liability for sick leave should be accrued using one of the following termination approaches:

- 1. An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.
- 2. Alternatively, a governmental entity should estimate its accrued sick leave liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary funds types in the fund financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Fund Balances

- Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. As for the City of DeRidder, Louisiana the nonspendable fund balance consist of prepaid amounts of insurance premiums.
- Restricted Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes should be reported as *restricted fund balance*. Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:
 - a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
 - b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Committed	Committed fund balance classifications include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision making authority.
Assigned	Assigned fund balance classifications include amounts that have been constrained to being used for specific purposes by actions taken by the government itself. However, the authority for making an assignment is not required to be the government's highest level of decision making authority.
Unassigned	Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

K. Restricted Net Assets

For government-wide statement of net assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net assets use either:

- 1. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or other governments; or
- 2. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

L. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events within the control of the municipality, which are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGET INFORMATION The municipality uses the following budget practices:

- The Director of Finance submits to the Mayor and City Council a proposed operating budget no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. For the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2011 and ending September 30, 2012 the budget was submitted to the City Council on August 29, 2011 and the public hearing was called for. After the public hearing was held, the budget was adopted by ordinance of the City Council.
- 2. Budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 3. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

- 4. Amendments to the budget are approved by the City Council by a formal adoption of an ordinance. The original budget is amended as necessary and all amendments are reflected in the budget comparisons in the financial statements.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed in the Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through bond indenture provisions.

EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS The following individual funds had actual expenditures over budgeted appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2012:

	Original			Ur	nfavorable
Fund	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	V	Variance
General Fund	\$ 5,647,100	\$ 5,522,900	\$ 5,655,006	\$	132,106

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At September 30, 2012, the municipality has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$7,688,635 as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 108,093
Time deposits	165,109
Money market investment accounts	7,415,083
Petty cash	350
Total	\$ 7,688,635

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

At September 30, 2012, the municipality has \$7,771,318 in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are secured from risk by \$1,346,882 of federal deposit insurance and \$6,424,436 of pledged securities held by the custodial bank in the name of the fiscal agent bank (GASB Category 3).

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the municipality that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

4. **RECEIVABLES**

The receivables of \$1,094,393 at September 30, 2012, are as follows:

Class of receivable General Fu		Proprietary ss of receivable General Fund Fund		Spec	ial Revenue Fund	Total		
Taxes:								
Franchise	\$	125,878	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125,878
Alcohol		6,656		-		=:		6,656
Federal grants		28,132		-		80		28,132
State grants		262		-		=:		262
Local grants		27,670		-				27,670
Accounts		2,935		326,246		<u>=</u> :		329,181
Sales taxes		-				576,614		576,614
Total	\$	191,533	\$	326,246	\$	576,614	\$	1,094,393

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, for the primary government is as follows:

		eginning		-	T			Ending
	1	Balance		Increase	<u> </u>	Decrease		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated	•	742.020	¢		6		¢	742 020
Land	\$	742,930	\$	-	\$	-	\$	742,930
Work in progress		505,299	<u> </u>	807,646	140	411,629	-	901,316
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,248,229		807,646	1	411,629	-	1,644,246
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		3,591,892		54,294		<u>12</u> 1		3,646,186
Improvements other than buildings		3,515,208		445,852		1.72		3,961,060
Furniture and fixtures		1,092		-		-		1,092
Machinery and equipment		1,566,245		57,576		49,346		1,574,475
Guns		11,097		4,065		280		14,882
Vehicles		1,965,008		220,297		101,942		2,083,363
Utility fund asset		598,493		-				598,493
Total capital assets being depreciated	1	1,249,035		782,084	-	151,568	4 2	11,879,551
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		1,031,571		89,126		<u>12</u> 11		1,120,697
Improvements other than buildings		658,909		143,310		1.75		802,219
Furniture and fixtures		1,092		-				1,092
Machinery and equipment		1,145,767		75,352		48,608		1,172,511
Guns		2,033		1,489		203		3,319
Vehicles		1,397,241		138,728		99,790		1,436,179
Utility fund asset		100,994		14,962				115,956
Total accumulated depreciation		4,337,607		462,967	Transmission of the second sec	148,601	0	4,651,973
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	6,911,428	\$	319,117	\$	(2,967)	\$	7,227,578

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

		Beginning Balance]	Increases	De	ecreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:	e2-							
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	57,221	\$	-	\$	(s 4)	\$	57,221
Construction in progress		27,311		2,395,563	10	89,237		2,333,637
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	84,532		2,395,563	-	89,237		2,390,858
Capital assets being depreciated								-3
Utility plant and improvements		33,089,424		134,319		24,932		33,198,811
Furniture and equipment		58,569		(17 1)				58,569
Vehicles		236,357		30,394		28,271		238,480
Total capital assets being depreciated	»	33,384,350		164,713	3	53,203		33,495,860
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant and improvements		18,144,015		801,421		24,236		18,921,200
Furniture and equipment		58,041		-				58,041
Vehicles		210,546		12,080		28,271		194,355
Total accumulated depreciation		18,412,602		813,501		52,507	1. 1.	19,173,596
Total business-type assets being depreciated, net	\$	14,971,748	\$	(648,788)	\$	(696)	\$	14,322,264

Depreciation expense of \$462,967 for the year ended September 30, 2012, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Public works	\$ 145,008
Public safety	172,950
General administration	31,408
Recreation	67,502
Transit	8,311
Unallocated	37,788
Total	\$ 462,967

6. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The municipality has active construction projects as of September 30, 2012. The City had the following construction projects. The Transit Garage Project provides a garage to house the Louisiana transit vans. The Plannermill Drainage Project, Bilbo Street Drainage Project, and the Honeysuckle Drainage Project provides for improved drainage in these respective subdivisions. The Sidewalk Project provides new sidewalks to existing streets. The LCDBG Street Project provides for maintenance and overlay of streets within the City. The 8th Street Washington Avenue Turning Lane Project provides for a wider turning radius for larger trucks to be diverted from downtown areas. The North Street Bridge Project provides for upgrades to the North Street bridge. The Graybow Bridge Project replaces the existing bridge with a new bridge. The Veterans Water Park Project provides for a water spray fountain in the park. The Community Cemetery Project provides upgrades to the cemetery. The Hooks Road Sewer Project and the LCDBG Sewer Project provides for upgrades to the lift station. At year-end the commitments with contractors were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Projects	Spe	nt to Date	Remaining Commitment			
8th Street Washington Avenue Turning Lane	\$	13,823	\$	100,000		
Transit Garage		9,780		240,220		
LCDBG Street Project		56,410		750,000		
North Street Bridge Project		2,100		15,000		
Plannermill Drainage		228,878		141,148		
Sidewalk Project		74,385		119,695		
Honeysuckle Drainage		253,229		60,525		
Graybow Bridge Project		5,025		27,500		
Bilbo Street Drainage		6,754		278,571		
Veterans Water Park		250,747		31,661		
Community Cemetery Project		725		25,000		
Hooks Road Sewer Project		141,804		8,779		
LCDBG Sewer Project		52,249		330,000		
Hwy 27 Lift Station Project		117,081		92,003		

7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

]	Fransfer in	Transfer out				
\$	601,500	\$	71			
	3,446,148		12,000			
	21,578		78,472			
	12,000		3,992,033			
			977 - 50 XUTE			
	1,350		0.=			
\$	4,082,576	\$	4,082,576			
	\$	3,446,148 21,578 12,000 - 1,350	\$ 601,500 3,446,148 21,578 12,000 - 1,350			

Transfers out of the special revenue sales tax fund are made to other various funds as required by law. Other transfers are made between funds as needed for certain financing activities.

8. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES

The payables of \$623,541 at September 30, 2012, are as follows:

						Special			
			Pı	oprietary	I	Revenue	C	Capital	
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	10	Fund	Proj	ect Fund	 Total
Withholdings	\$	145,280	\$	39,505	\$	27,803	\$	-	\$ 212,588
Accounts		63,274		127,863		122,481		1,888	315,506
Other postemployment benefits		×		31,859		100		0440	31,859
Contracts		 (63,588		2 00 3		11 10 1	63,588
Total	\$	208,554	\$	262,815	\$	150,284	\$	1,888	\$ 623,541

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions for the year ended September 30, 2012.

	8			Proprieta	ry Fui	nd		
	Compensated Absences		Other Postemployment Benefits			ustomer Deposits		Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions Principal and other payments Compensated absences used	\$	180,608 83,363 - (52,510)	\$	298,023 187,313 (22,881)	\$	148,014 33,320 (26,369)	\$	626,645 303,996 (49,250) (52,510)
Long-term obligations at end of year	\$	211,461	\$	462,455	\$	154,965	\$	828,881
				Government	al Fu	nds		
		mpensated Absences	Pos	Other temployment Benefits	Во	onded Debt		Total
Long-term obligations at beginning of year Additions Principal and other payments	\$	585,762 336,570 -	\$	1,937,671 789,737 (95,483)	\$	155,000 - (50,000)	\$	2,678,433 1,126,307 (145,483)
Compensated absences used Long-term obligations at end of year	\$	(370,726)	\$	- 2,631,925	. <u> </u>		\$	(370,726) 3,288,531
	()	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	10.00		0.02		1000	

The following is a summary of the current (due in one year or less) and the long-term (due in more than one year) portions of long-term obligations as of September 30, 2012:

				Proprie	tary Fi	und	
				Other			
	Co	mpensated	Post	employment		Customer	
		Absences		Benefits		Deposits	Total
Current portion	\$	BÌ	\$	31,859	\$		5 31,859
Long-term portion		211,461		430,596		154,965	797,022
Total	\$	211,461	\$	462,455	\$	154,965	8 828,881
	N.	Other		Governme	ntal Fu	inds	
	Pos	Other temployment			Cor	npensated	
		Benefits	Bo	nded Debt		bsences	 Total
Current portion	\$	185,656	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$ 235,656
Long-term portion		2,446,269		55,000		551,606	3,052,875
	10						

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Bonded debt is comprised of the following issue at September 30, 2008:

Bonded Debt - Governmental Funds:

\$500,000 Series 2005 Water Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$45,000 to \$55,000 through August 2014; interest at the rate of 3.875%

At September 30, 2012, the City of DeRidder accumulated \$5,491 in the debt service fund for future debt requirements. The annual requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at September 30, 2012, for the City of DeRidder is as follows:

\$105,000

	Р	Principal	I	nterest	
Year Ending September 30,	Р	ayments	Pa	yments	Total
2013	\$	50,000	\$	4,069	\$ 54,069
2014		55,000		2,131	57,131
Total	\$	105,000	\$	6,200	\$ 111,200

In accordance with R.S. 39:562, the municipality is legally restricted from incurring long-term bonded debt in excess of 35% of the assessed value of taxable property. At September 30, 2012, the statutory limit is \$21,863,322, and outstanding bonded debt totals \$105,000.

10. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES

The Proprietary Fund – The proprietary fund had restricted net assets available as follows:

		Utility Fund
Restricted assets:	ei.	2
Construction funds	\$	37,922
State contract funds		30,693
Total	\$	68,615
Less:		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Contracts payable	\$	63,588
Restricted net assets	\$	5,027

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The governmental funds had fund balances as follows:

	Ger	eral Fund	S R	Major Special evenue Fund	Major Capital Project Street Construction J Fund	Othe	er Funds_		Total
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid insurance	\$	85,167	\$	16,137	1 <u>-</u>	- \$ -		\$ 101,304	
Restricted for: Sales taxes		-	1	,833,662	12		-]	,833,662
Transit services		42,767		-	10		2		42,767
Committed to: Street construction		-		12	1,600,444		-]	,600,444
Assigned to:									
Debt service		1 <u>114</u> 1		11-11	-		5,491		5,491
Perpetual care		566,305		(1 77)	-				566,305
Capital improvements		466,788		-	-				466,788
Unassigned:		251,343					÷		251,343
Total fund balances	\$ 1	,412,370	\$ 1	,849,799	1,600,444	\$	5,491	\$ 4	4,868,104

11. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Substantially all employees of the City of DeRidder, are members of the following statewide retirement systems: Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana and the Fire Fighters Retirement System of Louisiana. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

A. Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

Plan Description. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the municipality are members of Plan B.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan B, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service at or after age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life equal to 2% of their final-average monthly salary in excess of \$100 for each year of creditable service. Furthermore, employees with at least 10 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years, may take early retirement benefits commencing at or after age 60, with the basic benefit reduced 3% for each year retirement precedes age 62, unless he has at least 30 years of creditable service. In any case, monthly retirement benefits paid under Plan B cannot exceed 100% of final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810.

Funding Policy. Under Plan B, members are required by state statute to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and the City of DeRidder is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 8% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of 1% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City of DeRidder are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City of DeRidder's contributions to the System under Plan B for the years ending September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$120,209, \$97,811, and \$93,313, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

Plan Description. All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-2250, or by calling (225) 929-7411.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the City of DeRidder is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 31% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City of DeRidder are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City of DeRidder's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$306,259, \$297,757, and \$159,520, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. Firefighters' Retirement System of Louisiana

Plan Description. Membership in the Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System is mandatory for all full-time firefighters employed by a municipality, parish, or fire protection district that did not enact an ordinance before January 1, 1980, exempting itself from participation in the System. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service or at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service. Upon retirement, members are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3 % of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 100 percent of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 (or at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service at termination) and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement System, P. O. Box 94095, Baton Rouge, LA, 70804; or by calling (225) 925-4060.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary and the City of DeRidder is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 24% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City of DeRidder are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The City of DeRidder's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2012, 2010, and 2009, were \$175,133, \$165,830, and \$120,705, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

12. Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

The City provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for the City's retired employees. Substantially, all of the City's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. Those benefits for retirees are provided through Humana, United Healthcare and Dearborn National whose monthly premiums are paid by the City. The City pays the premiums on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. For the year ended September 30, 2012, there were thirty-one retirees and the costs of their benefits totaled \$118,364.

The City's Annual Required Contributions ("ARC") is an amount actuarially-determined in accordance with GASB 45, which is being implemented prospectively for the year ended September 30, 2012. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, would cover normal cost each year and amortize the beginning Unfunded Actuarial Liability ("UAL") over a period of 30 years. A 30 year, closed amortization period has been used with a level-dollar amortization factor. The total ARC for the fiscal year 2012 is \$994,354 which consists of normal cost of \$458,251 and amortization of UAL of \$536,103.

The following table shows the calculation of the Annual Required Contribution and Net OPEB Obligation. The ARC will be dependent on the discount rate selected and the end of year Net OPEB obligation will need to reflect actual contributions.

	Fiscal Year Ending						
Discount Rate	Septr	eber 30, 2011	September 30, 2012				
Determination of Annual Required Contribution	•	150 051	0	150 051			
Normal Cost at fiscal year end	\$	458,251	\$	458,251			
Amortization of UAAL		536,103		536,103			
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	994,354	\$	994,354			
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation							
Annual Required Contribution	\$	994,354	\$	994,354			
Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation		56,384		90,548			
Adjustment to ARC		(84,594)		(135,850)			
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	966,144	\$	949,052			
Assumed Contributions made		(112,043)		(118, 364)			
Estimated Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	854,101	\$	830,688			
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	\$	1,409,591	\$	2,263,692			
Estimated Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$	2,263,692	\$	3,094,380			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Concluded)

The following table shows the estimated annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the prior 3 years assuming the plan is not prefunded (4% discount rate):

			Percentage of	
Fiscal Year End	Discount Rate	Annual OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
9/30/2010	4.00%	\$ 789,290	13.5%	\$ 1,409,591
9/30/2011	4.00%	966,144	11.6%	2,263,692
9/30/2012	4.00%	949,052	12.5%	3,094,380

Utilizing the pay-as-you-go method, the City contributed 12.5% of the annual OPEB cost during 2010.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations. In the September 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, the "Closed Group" method was used, employees and retirees as of the valuation date were used and employees to be hired in the future were not considered. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.7% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.2% after seventy years. The RP-2000 mortality table projected to 2012 using Scale AA was used in the actuarial calculation. An inservice-related turnover scale was used for MERS and FFRS participants and an age-related turnover scale was used for MPERS participants. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2012 was 26 years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Act	tual Amount	WARDSON,	get to GAAP erences over	Act	tual Amount
	 Original	Final		Budgetary Basis		(under)		GAAP Basis	
Revenues				57 					
Taxes:									
Ad valorem	\$ 647,000	\$	659,400	\$	659,382	\$	(18)	\$	659,382
Insurance premium tax	36,000		41,000		40,971		(29)		40,971
Chain store tax	11,000		9,700		9,690		(10)		9,690
Franchise tax	574,000		537,800		560,999		23,199		560,999
Alcohol tax	21,500		24,000		24,462		462		24,462
Intergovernmental:									
Federal grants	26,000		113,900		172,769		58,869		172,769
State grants	200,000		32,000		34,039		2,039		34,039
Local grants	82,900		123,500		99,417		(24,083)		99,417
Occupational licenses and permits	548,000		584,600		587,422		2,822		587,422
Fees and charges for services	16,000		33,700		47,793		14,093		47,793
Investment income	16,000		3,100		3,213		113		3,213
Rental income	26,400		26,400		26,400		-		26,400
Donations	 19,500		13,000	5	22,416	0	9,416	-	22,416
Total revenues	\$ 2,224,300	\$	2,202,100	\$	2,288,973	\$	86,873	\$	2,288,973

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

		D 1 1			. 1 .		get to GAAP		1 .
			Actual Amount Budgetary Basis		differences over (under)		Actual Amount GAAP Basis		
Expenditures		Oligiliai	 1 11141	Du	agetal y Dasis	÷	(under)		AAI Dasis
Current operating:									
General government	\$	720,500	\$ 751,100	\$	737,226	\$	13,874	\$	737,226
Public safety		3,977,300	3,823,400		3,873,859		(50,459)		3,873,859
Culture & recreation		147,800	128,700		126,001		2,699		126,001
Transit		1211	247,900		242,404		5,496		242,404
Debt service:									
Principal		50,000	50,000		50,000				50,000
Interest and charges		6,000	6,000		6,006		(6)		6,006
Capital outlay		745,500	515,800		619,510	ŝ	(103,710)	-	619,510
Total expenditures	\$	5,647,100	\$ 5,522,900	\$	5,655,006	\$	(132,106)	\$	5,655,006
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	\$	(3,422,800)	\$ (3,320,800)	\$	(3,366,033)	\$	(45,233)	\$	(3,366,033)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	\$	3,204,000	\$ 3,446,000	\$	3,446,148	\$	148	\$	3,446,148
Transfers out		(12,000)	(12,000)		(12,000)		21-1		(12,000)
Insurance proceeds		20	14,000		8,504		(5,496)		8,504
Gain on sale of assets		24,000	 53,500		53,566		66		53,566
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,216,000	\$ 3,501,500	\$	3,496,218	\$	(5,282)	\$	3,496,218
Net change in fund balance	\$	(206,800)	\$ 180,700	\$	130,185	\$	(50,515)	\$	130,185
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,385,279	1,282,185		1,282,185		=		1,282,185
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,178,479	\$ 1,462,885	\$	1,412,370	\$	(50,515)	\$	1,412,370
auti				8				(0	Concluded)

Sales Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Revenues	Budgeted Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amount Budgetary Basis		Budget to GAAP differences over (under)		Actual Amount GAAP Basis	
Taxes:										
Sales	\$	5,700,000	\$	6,428,000	\$	6,450,771	\$	22,771	\$	6,450,771
Fees and charges for services	Ŷ	14,600	¥	14,600	Ŷ	14,580	Ŷ	(20)	4	14,580
Investment income		16,500		2,500		2,523		23		2,523
Total revenues	\$	5,731,100	\$	6,445,100	\$	6,467,874	\$	22,774	\$	6,467,874
Expenditures										
General government	\$	458,500	\$	481,800	\$	477,589	\$	4,211	\$	477,589
Public works		1,946,800		1,911,500		1,909,480		2,020		1,909,480
Capital outlay		31,000		67,400		67,342		58		67,342
Total expenditures	\$	2,436,300	\$	2,460,700	\$	2,454,411	\$	6,289	\$	2,454,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	\$	3,294,800	\$	3,984,400	\$	4,013,463	\$	29,063	\$	4,013,463
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	12,000
Transfers out		(3,748,000)		(3,992,100)		(3,992,033)		67		(3,992,033)
Insurance proceeds				14,000		8,504		(5,496)		8,504
Gain on sale of assets	74	2,000		1,800		1,826	12	26		1,826
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,734,000)	\$	(3,964,300)	\$	(3,969,703)	\$	(5,403)	\$	(3,969,703)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(439,200)	\$	20,100	\$	43,760	\$	23,660	\$	43,760
Fund balances at beginning of year	22	2,146,652	10- 10-	1,806,039		1,806,039	12-	-	7	1,806,039
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,707,452	\$	1,826,139	\$	1,849,799	\$	23,660	\$	1,849,799

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Schedule of Funding Progress (4.0% discount rate)

					8- 11	Unfunded			
				Actuarial		Actuarial			
				Accrued		Accrued			
Actuarial	Actuarial Value			Liabilities		Liabilities			
Valuation Date	of Assets	Discount Rate	((AAL) (1)		(AAL) (1)		UAAL) (2)	Funded Ratio
October 1, 2009	1000	4.00%	\$	6,631,693	\$	6,631,693	0.0%		
October 1, 2010	-	4.00%		8,933,129		8,933,129	0.0%		
October 1, 2011		4.00%		8,933,129		8,933,129	0.0%		

(1) Actuarial Accrued Liability determined under the projected unit credit cost method.

(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability less Actuarial Value of Assets.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Fund

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund – Certificate of Indebtedness, Series 2006 - to accumulate monies for payment of the 2006, \$245,000, certificates of indebtedness at an interest rate of 3.95%.

LCDBG STREET PROJECT FUND

LCDBG Street Project Fund – To account for and report financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for capital outlay for overlay of streets within the city.

Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2012

	Debt Service Fund		3G Street ect Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets Cash in Bank	\$	5,491	\$ 	\$	5,491	
Fund Balances Assigned	\$	5,491	\$ 	\$	5,491	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

	Debt Ser	vice Fund		BG Street ect Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues Interest	\$		\$	-	\$	7	
Expenditures Capital outlay	\$	-	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_\$	7	\$	(1,500)	\$	(1,493)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	\$		\$	1,500	\$	1,500	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	7	\$	a	\$	7	
Fund Balances at beginning of year		5,484	<i>w</i>			5,484	
Fund Balances at end of year	\$	5,491	\$		\$	5,491	

Schedule of Compensation of Board Members For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2012

Vincent Labue	\$ 7,200
Hayward Steele	7,200
Faith Thomas	7,200
Gordon Jenkins	7,200
Robert Rice	7,200
Joseph Siciliano (President)	7,200
Elizabeth Granger	 7,200
	\$ 50,400

OTHER REPORTS

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Finding - Financial Statement Audit

There were no prior year audit findings as of September 30, 2011.

Schedule of Current Year Audit Findings and Management's Response For the Year Ended September 30, 2012

Finding - Financial Statement Audit

There were no current year audit findings as of September 30, 2012.

A Professional Corporation

1620 North Pine Street DeRidder, LA 70634 Tel: (337) 462-3211 Fax: (337) 462-0640 John A. Windham, CPA Charles M. Reed, Jr., CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable Ronald Roberts, Mayor and the Members of the City Council DeRidder, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated February 1, 2013. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of DeRidder, Louisiana's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Honorable Ronald Roberts, Mayor and Members of the City Council

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, the City Council, and the Louisiana Legislative Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties, although under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor as a public document.

formal. Windham, CPA

DeRidder, Louisiana February 1, 2013