## TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

Financial Report As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

### Financial Report As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

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#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON, LOUISIANA

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# Huffman & Soignier

Francis I. Huffman, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA, CGMA

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA, CGMA Esther Atteberry, CPA Lori Woodard, MBA, CPA, CGMA, CITP Katie Jacola, CPA Lesley Engolia, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton Newellton, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town of Newellton, Louisiana (the Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Financial Condition of the Town

For the three years ending June 30, 2016, the Town's General Fund has incurred an average operating loss of approximately \$167,000 in each year. Offsetting those losses are transfers from the Utility Fund that totaled, on average, approximately \$164,000 resulting in the General Fund having essentially no change in its fund balance.

For the three years ending June 30, 2016, the Town's Utility Fund has incurred an average operating loss of approximately \$81,000 in each year. Average nonoperating income of \$44,000 offsets those losses to an average \$37,000 loss in each year. However, approximately \$164,000, on average, in transfers to the General Fund have resulted in decreases in net assets of approximately \$200,000 in each year. It should be noted that the \$200,000 average losses include an average of approximately \$151,000 in depreciation expense, a non-cash item in each of those years.

Should the Town continue using the current rates for its charges for services, at some point in the future, the Town will not have sufficient liquidity to operate.

#### Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, the defined-benefit pension plans' schedule of employer's net proportionate share of net pension liabilities and the schedule of employer's contribution to pension, and notes; be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Town's 2015 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type

#### Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton

activities and each major fund in our report dated July 6, 2016. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information listed as Other Supplemental Information, Schedules 4 through 8 in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report August 3, 2017, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

Huffman & Sorgnier

August 3, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART A)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

As management of the Town of Newellton, we offer readers of the Town of Newellton's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Newellton for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, identify changes in the Town's financial position, and identify material deviations and individual fund issues or concerns.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Newellton exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,366,700 (net position). Page 13
  - ✓ Of this amount \$4,468,651 represented a restriction equal to the net amount invested in land and depreciable assets. Page 13
  - ✓ The remaining \$101,951 represents an unrestricted net deficit.
  - ✓ The Town's total net position decreased by \$278,126.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Newellton's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$72,290, a decrease of \$16,635 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$71,797 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Pages 16 and 18

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Newellton's basic financial statements. The Town of Newellton's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Newellton's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Newellton's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Newellton is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Newellton that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Newellton include general government, public safety and public works. The business-type activities of the Town of Newellton include water, sewer, and gas systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Newellton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Newellton can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Newellton maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund.

The Town of Newellton adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided on page 45 for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The Town of Newellton maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 23 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 24 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the Town of Newellton's compliance with budgets for its major governmental fund.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in net position. Increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. In the case of the Town of Newellton, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$4,366,700 at June 30, 2016. The combined net position decreased by \$278,126 between fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

Capital assets consisting of land, buildings, machinery and equipment and the water system, sewer system and gas system exceed the Town's unrestricted net position of (\$101,951). Capital assets (\$8,857,924), net of depreciation (\$4,389,273), total \$4,468,651. The Town of Newellton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The statement of net position and statement of activities reflect the School Board's governmental activities (e.g., its basic service), such as general government, public safety, and public works. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities. Our analysis below focuses on the summary of net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities and are as follows:

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

#### Table 1

#### Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activties	Tot	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets \$	110,294 \$	107,905 \$	296,777 \$	,	\$ 407,071 \$	
Capital assets	826,685	916,835	3,641,966	3,786,155	4,468,651	4,702,990
Total assets	936,979	1,024,740	3,938,743	4,098,590	4,875,722	5,123,330
Deferred outflows of resources	77,643	37,325	56,901	26,425	134,544	63,750
Current and other liabilities	38,004	18,981	60,650	31,814	98,654	50,795
Long-term liabilities	210,443	212,647	242,120	239,125	452,563	451,772
Total liabilities	248,447	231,628	302,770	270,939	551,217	502,567
Deferred inflows of resources	53,293	23,236	16,451	16,451	69,744	39,687
Net investment in						
capital assets	826,685	916,835	3,641,966	3,786,155	4,468,651	4,702,990
Unrestricted	(113,803)	(109,634)	11,852	51,470	(101,951)	(58,164)
Total net position \$	712,882 \$	807,201 \$	3,653,818 \$	3,837,625	\$ 4,366,700 \$	4,644,826
Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	248,447 53,293 826,685 (113,803)	231,628 23,236 916,835 (109,634)	302,770 16,451 3,641,966 11,852	270,939 16,451 3,786,155 51,470	551,217 69,744 4,468,651 (101,951)	502,567 39,687 4,702,990 (58,164

The net position of the Town's governmental activities decreased 11.7% to approximately \$713,000. Net position of the Town's business-type activities decreased 4.8% to approximately \$3,654,000.

Changes in net position. The Town's total revenue decreased from the prior year by approximately \$215,000 to approximately \$852,000 (see Table 2 below). Approximately 75% of the Town's revenue comes from charges for services, and 7% comes from other general revenues.

The total cost of programs and services decreased from the prior year by approximately \$188,000 or 14%.

#### Governmental Activities

Revenues and transfers for the Town's governmental activities decreased approximately \$108,000 or 20% with approximately half due to a \$56,000 decrease in transfers. Total expenses increased by approximately \$50,000 or 8%. Expenses are classified by functions/programs. Public works accounts for approximately 40% or \$215,000, while general government and public safety account for approximately 35% and 25% or \$185,000 and \$135,000, respectively, for the fiscal year 2016.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governme	nta	l Activities	Business-Type Ac			Activities	Total			
- -	2016		2015		2016		2015	_	2016		2015
Revenues		_				_					•
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services \$	74,680	\$	75,133	\$	565,193	\$	623,644	\$	639,873	\$	698,777
Operating grants and											
contributions	29,160		38,880				-		29,160		38,880
Capital Grants and											
contributions	-		15,746		15,076		24,447		15,076		40,193
General Revenues:											
Property taxes	57,913		59,396		-		-		57,913		59,396
Sales taxes	43,850		49,687		-		~		43,850		49,687
Other taxes	2,464		2,454		-				2,464		2,454
Other general revenues	85,620		104,137		(21,947)		73,346		63,673		177,483
Transfers	146,800		202,592		(146,800)	_	(202,592)	_	-	_	
Total revenues	440,487	_	548,025		411,522	_	518,845	_	852,009	_	1,066,870
Expenses											
General government	184,864		175,462		-		-		184,864		175,462
Public safety	135,268		146,508		-		-		135,268		146,508
Public works	214,674		262,350		-		•		214,674		262,350
Water, sewer, and gas expenses		_	-		595,329	_	733,394	_	595,329	_	733,394
Total expenses	534,806	-	584,320		595,329		733,394		1,130,135	_	1,317,714
Increase (decrease) in position \$_	(94,319)	\$_	(36,295)	\$	(183,807)	\$_	(214,549)	\$_	(278,126)	\$_	(250,844)
Net position - beginning,											
as originally stated	807,201		1,026,281		3,837,625		4,181,583		4,644,826		5,207,864
Restatement		_	(182,785)			_	(129,409)	_	-	_	(312,194)
Net position - beginning-restated	807,201	_	843,496		3,837,625	_	4,052,174	-	4,644,826	_	4,895,670
Net position - end of year \$_	712,882	\$_	807,201	\$	3,653,818	\$_	3,837,625	\$_	4,366,700	\$_	4,644,826
~		-		-		_		_		_	

The related program revenues for fiscal year 2016 directly related to those expenses totaled approximately \$104,000, which resulted in net program expense of approximately \$431,000. The remaining balance of expenses represents the cost to the taxpayers. The costs of governmental activities exceeding restricted state and federal grants are paid primarily from the following sources:

Charges for services is the single largest source of revenue in total and accounts for \$75,000. For Governmental Activities, charges for services includes garbage pickup.

Property tax revenue of \$58,000 and sales taxes of \$44,000 are the single largest general revenue sources for the Town of Newellton.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

#### **Business-type activities**

Charges for services is the single largest source of revenue and includes charges for water, sewer, and gas in the business-type activities.

Business-type activities decreased the Town of Newellton's net position by approximately \$184,000 for current year operations.

Revenues decreased approximately \$107,000 (21%) to \$412,000 and expenses of the Town's business-type activities decreased approximately \$138,000 (19%) to \$595,000.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Newellton uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Town of Newellton's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Newellton's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Newellton's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$72,290, a decrease of \$16,635 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 99.3% of this total amount (\$71,797) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of fund balance (\$493) is nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA-R.S 39:1301 et seq), the Town of Newellton must adopt a budget for the General Fund prior to June 30. The original budget for the Town was adopted on June 10, 2015. There were no budget amendments.

Original budget compared to final budget. The General Fund original budget forecasted a positive fund balance of \$100,680 at year-end. Total revenues were projected at \$697,150. Expenditures were budgeted at \$671,625. Transfers in were budgeted at \$150,000. There were no amendments to the budget during the year.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### (Unaudited)

**Final budget compared to actual results.** General fund revenue actual amounts were short of the final budget by 47.0% (\$547,150 budget versus \$290,189 actual). Transfers in were short of final budget by \$3,200 resulting in a negative \$260,161 budget variance for total resources. Conversely, there was a positive \$218,001 variance for expenditures where actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by 32.5% (\$671,625 budget versus \$453,624 expenditures).

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Newellton's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounts to \$4,468,651 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery, vehicles and equipment (See Table 3). There were no additions to capital assets in the current year. In addition, depreciation expense totaled \$233,503. Table 3 presents capital assets net of depreciation at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Table 3
Capital Assets
As of June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governme	nental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Land	3 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	19,650	\$	19,650	\$	20,650	\$	20,650
Buildings	539,645	:	539,644		-		-		539,645		539,644
Vehicles	338,750	1	338,750		-		-		338,750		338,750
Furniture and equipment	44,896		45,432		182,493		195,473		227,389		240,905
Signage	8,750		8,750		-		-		8,750		8,750
Water system	-		-		2,736,842		2,736,842		2,736,842		2,736,842
Sewer system	_		-		2,876,473		2,876,473		2,876,473		2,876,473
Gas system	-		-		1,336,606		1,336,605		1,336,606		1,336,605
Streets and drainage	772,819		772,819						772,819		772,819
Total	1,705,860	1,7	706,395		7,152,064		7,165,043	_	8,857,924		8,871,438
Less: accumulated depreciation	(879,175)	(	789,560)	_	(3,510,098)	_	(3,378,888)		(4,389,273)		(4,168,448)
Total Capital Assets	826,685	\$	916,835	\$ _	3,641,966	\$ =	3,786,155	\$	4,468,651	\$ _	4,702,990

**Long-Term Debt.** The Town paid off its remaining bonds during fiscal year 2015 and has no other long-term debt except for its net pension liability of \$364,669.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Factors considered in preparing the Town of Newellton's budget for the 2017 fiscal year revealed no major expected changes in the ad valorem tax base or sales tax collections as compared to prior year. Also, there were no major changes in expenditures budgeted.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Newellton's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town Clerk, P O Box 477, Newellton, LA 71357 or by calling 318-467-5050.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2016

		Governmental		Business-type			
		Activities		Activities			Total
ASSETS	-				-		
Cash	\$	90,249	\$	17,722	9	Þ	107,971
Investments		-		163,183			163,183
Receivables		3,338		64,803			68,141
Due from other governmental units		16,214		15,076			31,290
Prepaid expenses		493		623			1,116
Capital assets, net		826,685		3,641,966			4,468,651
Investment in jointly owned gas operations							
and maintenance fund	_	~		35,370	_		35,370
Total assets		936,979		3,938,743	•••		4,875,722
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows on pensions		77,643		56,901			134,544
Total deferred outflows of resources		77,643		56,901	_		134,544
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		30,397		58,060			88,457
Payroll liabilities		7,607		2,590			10,197
Long-term liabilities							
Due in more than one year							
Deposits held		No.		87,894			87,894
Net pension liability	_	210,443		154,226			364,669
Total liabilities	-	248,447	,	302,770	-		551,217
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows on pensions		53,293		39,056			92,349
Total deferred inflows of resources		53,293	- ·	39,056	-	***************************************	92,349
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		826,685		3,641,966			4,468,651
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(113,803)	ı	11,852			(101,951)
Total net position	\$	712,882		3,653,818	- \$	} <u> </u>	4,366,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Operating Capital Business-Type Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Functions/Programs Primary government Governmental activities 184,864 \$ (184,864) \$ (184,864) General government \$ \$ 135,268 (135, 268)Public safety (135,268)Public works 214,674 74,680 29,160 (110,834)(110,834) 74,680 29,160 (430,966)Total governmental activities 534,806 (430,966)Business-type activity 15,076 595,329 565,193 (15,060)Utility operations (15,060)595,329 565,193 15,076 (15,060)Total business-type activities (15,060)Total primary government 1,130,135 \$ 639,873 \$ 29,160 \$ 15,076 (430,966)(15,060)(446,026) General revenues Taxes 57,913 57,913 Ad valorem taxes 43,850 43,850 Sales taxes Other taxes 2,464 2,464 Video poker 11,026 11,026 55,789 55,789 Licenses and permits 13,059 13,059 Fines and forfeitures 143 750 893 Interest earnings 5,603 3,859 Other. 9,462 Loss from jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund (25,718)(25,718)Loss on disposal of capital assets (838)(838)Transfers in (out) 146,800 (146,800)Total general revenues 336,647 (168,747)167,900 (94,319) Change in net position (183,807)(278,126) 807,201 Net position at beginning of year 3,837,625 4,644,826 712,882 \$ NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR 3,653,818 \$ 4,366,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2016

	ľ	Major Fund
		General
		Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	90,249
Receivables		
Other receivables		3,338
Due from other governmental units		16,214
Prepaid expenses		493
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	110,294
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		
Liabilities And Fend Equiti		
Accounts payable	\$	30,397
Payroll liabilities	,	7,607
Total liabilities		38,004
Fund equity		
Fund balance		
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses		493
Unassigned		71,797
Total fund balance		72,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$	110,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	72,290
Amounts reported for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:  Governmental capital assets  Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,705,860 (879,175)	826,685
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.  Net pension liability		(210,443)
Deferred outflows for pensions are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the government-wide financial statements		77,643
Deferred inflows for pensions are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the government-wide financial statements		(53,293)
Net position of governmental funds	\$	712,882

#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON

# Newellton, Louisiana Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Major Fund
		General
		Fund
Revenues		
Taxes		
Ad valorem	\$	57,913
Sales		43,850
Charges for services		74,680
Commissions for services		17,295
Licenses and permits		38,494
Intergovernmental		
State		13,490
Local		29,160
Fines and forfeitures		13,059
Use of money and property		143
Other revenues		2,105
Total Revenues		290,189
Expenditures		
Current		
General government		181,509
Public safety-police		102,866
Public safety-fire		393
Public works		168,856
Total Expenditures		453,624
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(163,435)
Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		
Transfers in		146,800
Total Other Financing Sources / (Uses)		146,800
	<del></del>	170,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other Uses		(16,635)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		88,925
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	72,290

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON

Newellton, Louisiana

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	(16,635)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and		
reported as depreciation expense.	•	
Depreciation expense		(90,151)
The recognition of pension expense in the Statement of Activities is based on projected benefit payments discounted to actuarial		
present value and attibuted to periods of employee service. Pension		
expenditures in the fund financial statements are the amounts that were paid during the year.		12,467
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>~</u>	(94 319)
- Coange in Recognition of Orvertimental activities	N.	194 1191

#### TOWN OF NEWELLTON

Newellton, Louisiana

#### Business-type Activities - Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Major Fund
	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 17,722
Investments	163,183
Accounts receivable - net	64,803
Due from other governments	15,076
Prepaid expenses	623
Total current assets	261,407
Capital assets	
Non-depreciable	19,650
Depreciable	7,132,413
Total capital assets	7,152,063
Accumulated depreciation	(3,510,097)
Net capital assets	3,641,966
Other assets	
Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund	35,370
Total other assets	35,370
Total assets	3,938,743
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	56,901
Total deferred outflows of resources	56,901
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	50.060
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	58,060
Payroll liabilities	2,590
Total current liabilities	60,650
Noncurrent liabilities	
Customer deposits	87,894
Net pension liability	154,226
Total noncurrent liabilities	242,120
Total liabilities	302,770
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	39,056
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,056
NET POSITION	0.711.077
Net investment in capital assets	3,641,966
Unrestricted	11,852
Total net position	\$ 3,653,818

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### Business Type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Water sales	\$ 230,662
Gas sales	176,580
Sewerage fees	138,254
Plumbing fees	2,859
Penalties	16,838
Total operating revenues	565,193
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Bad debts	1,965
Computer consultants	2,454
Depreciation	143,352
Dues and subscriptions	1,818
Engineering	1,120
Equipment	5,052
Gas purchases	61,383
Insurance - general	17,702
Legal and audit	51,698
Miscellaneous expenses	1,572
Office supplies	9,600
Postage	3,793
Salaries and related benefits	134,347
Supplies-plant	14,518
Supplies and expenses-gas	14,465
Supplies and expenses-sewer	26,325
Supplies and expenses-water	58,288
Telephone	7,955
Travel and meetings	3,612
Utilities	34,310
Total operating expenses	595,329
Operating income (loss)	(30,136)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grants	15,076
Interest earnings	750
Loss on disposition of assets	(838)
Loss from jointly owned gas operation and maintenance fund	(25,718)
Other nonoperating revenues	3,859
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(6,871)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	(37,007)
OPERATING TRANSFERS	
Transfers out	(146,800)
Net transfers	(146,800)
Net income (loss)	(183,807)
Net Position beginning of year	3,837,625
Net Position end of year	\$ 3,653,818

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement. -21-

## Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Major Fund	
	_	Enterprise Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$	565,491	
Cash paid for employee services		(139,849)	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	_	(287,296)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		138,346	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Transfers to general fund from the utility fund	_	(146,800)	
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	-	(146,800)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments		(669)	
Receipt of other nonoperating proceeds		3,858	
Interest received on investments	_	750	
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	3,939	
Net decrease in cash		(4,515)	
Cash at beginning of year	_	22,237	
Cash at end of year	\$	17,722	

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### Statement I

# TOWN OF NEWELLTON Newellton, Louisiana

#### Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Major Fund	
	•	Enterprise Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(30,136)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		143,352
Bad debt expense		1,965
Change in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		(987)
Prepaid expenses		193
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		30,141
Payroll liabilities		(1,306)
Customer deposits		(680)
Net pension liability		3,675
Deferred charges on pensions		(30,476)
Deferred inflows on pensions	-	22,605
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	138,346
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	25.710
Loss from jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund	<b>)</b>	25,718
Decrease in the investment of the jointly owned gas operations	Φ.	(0.5.51.0)
and maintenance fund	\$	(25,718)
Non-operating grants	\$ .	15,076
Change in non-operating grants receivable	\$	(15,076)
Loss on disposition of assets	\$	(838)

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds and account groups of the Town of Newellton, Louisiana (the Town). The accompanying financial statements of the Town have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Town consists of an executive branch of government headed by a mayor and a legislative branch of government consisting of five aldermen. The Town's major operations include police, street and drain maintenance, garbage and trash collection and administrative services. The Town also operates an enterprise fund to provide gas, sewerage and water services.

As the governing authority for the municipality, the Town is the reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 61 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is accountability. These criteria include:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and the ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization and/or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature and significance of the relationship.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Public Housing Authority for the Town is not included as a component unit of the Town reporting entity. Although the governing board of the Public Housing Authority is substantially the same as that of the Town, the Town cannot impose its will on the Public Housing Authority nor does the Town have any fiscal responsibility for the Public Housing Authority.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices:

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the government-wide statements on all of the activities of the government and the fund financial statements (individual major fund and combined non-major fund). The statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities for all activities of the government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The government-wide presentation focuses primarily on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

Governmental Activities represent programs which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Business-Type Activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. This includes dedicated resources such as a restricted property tax.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Town uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

Emphasis of fund reporting is on the major fund level in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column in the basic financial statements.

Funds are classified into three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types". Governmental funds are used to account for a government's general activities, where the focus of attention is on the provision of services to the public as opposed to proprietary funds where the focus of attention is on recovering the cost of providing services to the public or other agencies through service charges or user fees. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held for others. The Town's current operations require the use of governmental fund and proprietary fund categories. The fund types used by the Town are described as follows:

Governmental activities presented as Governmental Funds in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - This fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Town except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Business-type activities presented as Enterprise Funds in the fund financial statements:

Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Enterprise funds are presented in the business-type activities

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

column in government-wide financial statements and the major funds section of the fund financial statements.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement 20, the Town has elected not to apply FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to proprietary activities unless they are adopted by the GASB.

#### Revenues:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). Measureable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October of each year and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes are due. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed to the extent of collections expected. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of Tensas Parish.

Sales taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of the intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Interest earnings on time deposits are recognized as revenue when the time deposits have matured and the interest is available. Substantially all other revenues are recognized when actually received by the Town.

Operating revenues consist of taxes, fees for service provided, commissions for services, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, fines and other miscellaneous revenues. All revenues not meeting the previously mentioned definitions are reported as non-operating revenues.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Expenditures and Expenses:

Expenditures in the governmental funds are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Operating expenditures and expenses consist of amounts paid for wages and related benefits, contractual services, supplies used, equipment and facility maintenance and operations, and other items directly or indirectly required for the provision of services. All expenses not meeting the previously mentioned definitions are reported as nonoperating expenses and expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Proprietary Funds:

The Enterprise Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Rates charged for services are as follows:

#### 1. Water rates charged:

- a. Residential customers are charged \$26.00 for the first 2,000 gallons of water and \$4.00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.
- b. Commercial customers are charged \$31.00 for the first 2,000 gallons used and then \$4.00 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.

#### 2. Sewer rates charged:

- a. Residential customers are billed \$14.20 for the first 2,000 gallons of water used. They are then billed \$3.34 for each 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof.
- b. Commercial customers are charged \$18.46 for the first 2,000 gallons of water purchased. They are then charged \$3.34 for each additional 1,000 gallons or fraction thereof of water used.
- 3. Gas rates charged to customers are \$13.00 per 1,000 cubic feet of gas used.

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements.

- 1. The proposed budget is submitted by the Town Clerk and the Mayor to the Board of Aldermen prior to July 1 of the ensuing year. Notice of the location and availability of the proposed budget for public inspection and the date of the public hearing to be conducted on the budget is then advertised in the official journal of the Town.
- 2. After the public hearing, the budget is adopted by passing an ordinance approving the budget at the selected June board meeting.
- Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 4. All legally adopted budgets of the Town are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. A budget is adopted for the General Fund; encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town adopted a budget for the General Fund on June 10, 2015. The budget was not amended during the year.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State law and the Town's investment policy allow the Town to invest in collateralized certificates of deposits, government backed securities, commercial paper, and state sponsored investment pool and mutual funds consisting solely of government backed securities. Deposits with original maturity dates exceeding 90 days are classified as investments. Investments are reported at fair value. The Town's investment policy is to only have certificates of deposit.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term cash loans between funds are considered temporary in nature. These amounts are reported as "due from/due to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, other improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the Town has elected not to report infrastructure assets retroactively. Beginning with the year ended June 30, 2005, the Town began capitalizing infrastructure as expenditures when incurred.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a particular fund is determined by the fund's measurement focus.

All purchased capital assets greater than \$1,000 are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated cost where no historical records are available. Donated fixed assets are valued at fair market value at date of gift. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged to expense. Interest is capitalized on funds used during construction of projects acquired with bond funds. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2016.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the enterprise fund is charged as an expense against its operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported in the proprietary fund balance sheet. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows (in years):

Water, Sewer and Gas Systems	50 - 99
Buildings	20 - 30
Equipment, Furniture and Vehicles	3 - 10
Signage	10
Infrastructure Streets and Drainage	15

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System, and additions to / deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town's deferred outflows and deferred inflows are resources related to pensions.

#### Compensated Absences

The Town has no provision for vesting of vacation or sick leave. Consequently, the financial statements of the Town reflect no liability for compensated absences.

#### Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net position is reported as restricted when constrains placed on net asset use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Imposed by law though constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Town does not have any such fund balances in the current fiscal year.

#### Fund Equity of Fund Financial Statements

GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within the fund balance categories as follows:

**Non-spendable:** Fund balance that is not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This category includes items that are not easily converted to cash such as prepaid expenses.

Restricted: Fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers such as federal or state regulations for future use or through enabling legislation and are, therefore, not

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

available for future appropriation or expenditure. The Town does not have any such fund balances in the current fiscal year.

Committed: Fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes determined by the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit the funds. Committed fund balance is the result of either a policy of the Town or motions passed by the Board of Aldermen committing the funds. The Town does not have any such fund balances in the current fiscal year.

Assigned: Fund balance that is constrained by the Board of Aldermen's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board. The Town does not have any assigned fund balances in the current fiscal year.

**Unassigned:** Fund balance that is the residual classification for the general fund. The Town has not established benchmarks for unassigned fund balance requirements.

The Board of Aldermen has not established a formal policy regarding the order of spending fund balances that are restricted, committed, or assigned. The Town's informal policy for the spending prioritization of fund balances is that restricted would receive top priority followed by committed. Assigned balances receive the least priority and would be authorized to be spent only if adequate funds were available. If expenditures incurred exceed the amount that have been committed or assigned to a specific purpose, amounts unassigned would be reduced to eliminate the deficit.

#### E. Electrical System Operating Agreement

On September 9, 1998, the Board of Aldermen of the Town authorized an operating agreement between the Town and Louisiana Power and Light (Entergy) for Entergy to operate the electric system within the corporate limits of the Town for a period of twenty-five years. The agreement provides that Entergy will pay to the Town two percent of total revenue collected from the sale of electric service to residential and commercial customers within the Town. Revenues under this agreement totaled \$15,747 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### F. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts for ad valorem taxes are generally not significant. As a result, the direct write-off method for recognizing bad debts is used. Under this method, the receivable is charged to expense when the account is deemed to be uncollectible. The Town uses the allowance method for recognizing bad debts for customers' utility receivables. An allowance of \$1,965has been set up for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Equity Investments

The Town has a 50% ownership in a jointly owned gas line (see Note 7) that is accounted for using the equity method. Under this method, investments are carried at cost and increased or decreased by the Town's share of earnings or losses.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2016, the Town has cash and investments totaling \$271,153 with \$107,971 in demand deposits and \$163,182 in certificates of deposit.

Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties.

*Interest rate risk* – The Town's policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk – The Town's policy does not address credit risk.

Custodial credit risk — The custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's policy to ensure there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its' own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage.

## Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

At year-end, the Town's carrying amount of deposits, including cash equivalents was \$271,153 and bank balances of \$301,966. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$51,966 by pledged securities. Accordingly, the Town had no custodial credit risk related to its deposits at June 30, 2016.

#### Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Receivables are primarily composed of amounts due from residential customers living in the Town. Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, are \$68,240 as of June 30, 2016 and are comprised of the following:

	General Fund	Utility Fund	Total
Accounts Receivable		•	
Franchise Fees	\$ 3,338	\$ _	\$ 3,338
Customer receivables	-	66,868	66,868
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,956)	(1,956)
Total	\$ 3,338	\$ 64,902	\$ 68,240

#### Note 4 - Due from Other Governments

At June 30, 2016, the Town has amounts due from other governments totaling \$26,921. Of this amount, the General Fund has a receivable of \$16,213 where \$11,846 is due from the State of Louisiana for beer taxes (\$3,571) and video poker proceeds (\$8,275). Another \$4,367 is due from the Concordia Parish School Board for sales taxes.

The Utility Fund has a receivable of \$15,075 that is also due from the State of Louisiana and is a reimbursement major repairs and minor equipment purchase through the Louisiana Government Assistance Program.

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 5 - Changes in Capital Assets

The following schedule presents changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016:

2010.							
		Balance					Balance
	_	6/30/2015	Additions	_	Deletions		6/30/2016
Governmental Activities							
Nondepreciable assets							
Land	\$_	1,000 \$		\$_	-	\$_	1,000
Total nondepreciable assets		1,000	-		<b></b>		1,000
Depreciable assets							
Building		53,219	~		-		53,219
Vehicles		338,750	-		-		338,750
Furniture and equipment		45,432	-		536		44,896
Fire station		486,426	₩.		-		486,426
Signage		8,750	-		-		8,750
Streets and drainage		772,819_	-		-		772,819
Total depreciable assets		1,705,396	-	_	536	_	1,704,860
Less accumulated depreciation		(789,560)	(90,151)		(536)		(879,175)
Net governmental activities				_		_	
capital assets	\$_	916,836 \$	(90,151)	\$=		\$_	826,685
Business-type activities							
Nondepreciable assets							
Land	\$_	19,650 \$	_	9_	-	\$_	19,650
		19,650	-		-		19,650
Depreciable assets							
Water system		2,736,842	-		-		2,736,842
Sewer system		2,876,473	-		-		2,876,473
Gas system		1,327,176	-		-		1,327,176
Gas pipeline		9,430	-		-		9,430
Service equipment		187,207	-		4,714		182,493
Office equipment		8,266_		_	8,266	_	
Total depreciable assets		7,145,394	-		12,980		7,132,414
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(3,378,888)	(143,352)		(12,142)		(3,510,098)
Net business-type capital assets	\$_	3,786,156 \$	(143,352)	\$ _	838	\$ _	3,641,966

## Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Detailed records of capital assets acquired prior to June 30, 1974, are not available. Estimation of the cost of these assets was made through examinations of bond and grant proceeds for construction and additions, and discussion with elected officials and long-time Town employees. All major proprietary fund asset additions have been made through bond and grant programs. Therefore, depreciation on these assets has been estimated at an amount consistent with that charged to operations in previous years.

Depreciation on assets placed in service subsequent to June 30, 1974, has been calculated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation of \$90,151 was charged to governmental activities as follows: General Government, \$3,518; Public Safety, \$32,009; and Public Works, \$52,873. Depreciation of \$143,352 as of June 30, 2016, was charged to expense in for utility operations.

#### Note 7 - Investment in Joint Gas Line

The Towns of Newellton and St. Joseph, Louisiana entered into a joint venture in 1954, called the Town of Newellton and the Town of St. Joseph, Louisiana Jointly Owned Gas Operations and Maintenance Fund (the Joint Gas Line) to provide natural gas to the two towns for resale to their citizens and approximately fifteen other customers in the service area.

The Boards of Aldermen and the Mayors of the two towns govern the Joint Gas Line but its accounting is handled by the Town of St Joseph. Each of the Towns own 50% of the net worth of the joint venture. This amount is typically shown as an asset called Investment in Joint Gas Line.

Summary financial information for the joint venture at June 30, 2016, and for the year then ended, is as follows:

Total assets	\$	85,782
Total liabilities		(15,042)
Total net position	\$ =	70,740
Total revenues	\$	13,378
Operating expenses		(64,990)
Nonoperating revenue		176
Net income (loss)		(51,436)
Net position, beginning of year	_	122,176
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$_	70,740

### Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Joint Gas Line issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by visiting the Louisiana Legislative Auditor's website at www.lla.la.gov.

Also, see Note 12 about Subsequent Events.

#### Note 8 - Interfund Transfers

During fiscal year 2016, the Utility Enterprise Fund transferred \$146,800 to the General Fund to cover where expenditures were exceeding revenues in the General Fund.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund that is required by statute or budget to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### Note 9 - Ad Valorem Taxes

For the year ended June 30, 2016, ad valorem taxes of 22.160 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$2,618,860 for general purposes.

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October of each year and are actually billed to the taxpayer in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes are due.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the assessor of Tensas Parish. At June 30, 2016, substantially all taxes have been collected.

#### Note 10 - Pension Plan-Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (the System)

#### Plan Description

The Town of Newellton contributes to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System) which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the municipality are members of Plan A.

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System.

Any member of Plan A can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with 25 years or more of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Under age 60 with five years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five years creditable service at death of member.
- 5. Any age with 20 years of creditable service, exclusive of military service with an actuarially reduced early benefit.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement shall consist of an amount equal to 3% of the employee's monthly average final compensation multiplied by his or her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town of Newellton's total payroll for all employees was \$315,500. Total covered payroll was \$165,595. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the Town of Newellton to active employees covered by the Plan.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810, or by visiting the System's website www.mersla.com.

#### Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the actual employer contribution rate was 19.75% for Plan A, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.50% of their annual covered salary. The contributions are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted by the Town of Newellton to the System monthly. The Town's contributions to the System under Plan A for the year ending June 30, 2016 were \$32,705.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Employer reported a liability of \$364,669 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town of Newellton's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the Town's proportion was 0.102087%, which was a decrease of 0.039431% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town of Newellton's recognized pension expense of \$43,712 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which was (\$42,149). Total pension expense for the Town of Newellton for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$1,563.

The Town of Newellton recognized revenue in the amount of \$6,062 for support provided by non-employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the Town of Newellton reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$15,078
Changes in assumption	30,463	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	46,325	
Changes in employer's portion of beginning net pension liability	29,299	77,271
Differences between employer contributions and proportionate		
share of employer contributions	(4,249)	
Subsequent measurement contributions	32,705	
Total	\$134,544	\$92,349

## Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$3,163
2017	\$3,163
2018	\$3,164

#### Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.500%
Projected Salary Increases	5.0% (2.875% inflation, 2.125% merit)
Mortality Rates	RP-2000 Employee Table for active members (set
,	back 2 years for males and females)
	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy
	annuitants (set forward 2 years for males and 1 year
	for females)
	RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled
	annuitants (set back 5 years for males and 3 years for
	females)
Expected remaining service lives	3 years
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is
	based on benefits currently being paid by the System
	and includes previously granted cost of living
	increases. The present values do not include
	provisions for potential future increases not yet
	authorized by the Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.4% and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The resulting expected long-term rate of return was 8.3% for the year ended June 30, 2015. Best estimates

# Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected
		Real Rate of Return
Public equity	50%	2.95%
Public fixed income	15%	0.89%
Alternatives	35%	2.06%
Totals	100%	5.90%
Inflation		2.40%
Expected arithmetic nominal return		8.30%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the years ended June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from participating employers will be made at the actuarially determined rates, which are calculated in accordance with relevant statutes and approved by the Board of Trustees and the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The effects of certain other changes in the net pension liability are required to be included in pension expense over the current and future periods. The effects on the total pension liability of (1) changes of economic and demographic assumptions or of other inputs and (2) differences between expected and actual experience are required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees), determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. The effect on net pension liability of differences between the projected earnings on pension plan investments and actual experience with regard to those earnings is required to be included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a closed period of five years, beginning with the current period. The Expected Remaining Service Lives (ERSL) for 2016 is 3 years for Plan A.

## Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

Sensitivity of the Town of Newellton's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Newellton's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.5%) or one percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current	1.0% Increase
	(6.5%)	Discount Rate	(8.5%)
		(7.5%)	
Employer's	\$477,243	\$364,669	\$268,758
proportionate share of			
net pension liability			

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

The Town paid all of its required contributions by June 30, 2016 and therefore, does not have a payable at June 30, 2016.

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Audit Report at <a href="https://www.mersla.com">www.mersla.com</a>.

#### Note 11 - Risk Financing Activities

The Town is a participating member in the Louisiana Risk Management Agency's Group Self-Insurance Fund for Municipal Liability Risk Sharing and Group Self-Insurance Fund for Workmen's compensation and Employer Liability (the Agency). The Agency functions as a Public Entity Risk Pool formed to pool the risk of public liability exposure to its members. The Town insures its law enforcement officers' comprehensive liability and errors and omissions risk through its participation in the Agency pools. The coverage provided by the pools is subject to \$1,000 deductibles for certain coverage and provides coverage of up to \$500,000 for each type of insured risk. Premiums for coverage are retroactively rated based on experience and premiums are calculated based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the pool participants.

## Notes To Financial Statements As of and For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Town had coverage under this policy from July 1, 2015 until May 1, 2016, the end of the policy period. The Town was exposed to risk from May 1, 2016 until June 30, 2016. Also see Note 12 on Subsequent Events.

#### Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 3, 2017, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and determined the following pending subsequent events occurred that requires disclosure:

Subsequent to year-end, the Town obtained coverage for its vehicle portion of its policy beginning on October 21, 2016. Remaining coverage for commercial general liability, errors and omissions and law enforcement began on November 16, 2016.

The Mayors of both towns have met along with the fiscal administrator for the Town of St. Joseph. The Town of St. Joseph has agreed to turn over the books for handling to Newellton. There have been subsequent meetings with the gas supplier and representatives of both towns about the possibility of moving back to a one contract arrangement for both towns. Both matters are still being discussed and no final decision has been made.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (PART B)

# General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) (unaudited)

# Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				
		Original	,	Final	•	Actual		Positive
		Budget		Budget		Amounts		(Negative)
Budgetary fund balance at								
beginning of year	\$_	75,155	\$	75,155	\$_	88,925	\$_	13,770
Resources (inflows)								
Ad valorem taxes		60,000		60,000		57,913		(2,087)
Sales and other taxes		50,000		50,000		43,850		(6,150)
Charges for services		75,000		75,000		74,680		(320)
License and permits								
Franchise revenue		22,000		22,000		17,295		(4,705)
Occupational & other licenses		25,000		25,000		38,494		13,494
Intergovernmental revenue		275,000		275,000		42,650		(232,350)
Fines and forfeitures		35,000		35,000		13,059		(21,941)
Interest income		150		150		143		(7)
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000		2,105		(2,895)
Total revenues	•	547,150		547,150		290,189		(256,961)
Transfers in		150,000		150,000	. <u></u>	146,800		(3,200)
Total resources (inflows)		697,150		697,150		436,989		(260,161)
Amounts available for appropriations		772,305		772,305		525,914		(246,391)
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
Current:								
General government		165,600		165,600		181,509		(15,909)
Public safety								
Police department		135,000		135,000		102,866		32,134
Fire department		1,000		1,000		393		607
Public works		170,000		170,000		168,856		1,144
Capital outlay		200,025		200,025		_	_	200,025
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)		671,625		671,625		453,624		218,001
Budgetary fund balance								
at end of year	\$	100,680	\$	100,680_	\$	72,290	\$	(28,390)

# Town of Newellton Schedule of Employer's Proportinate Share of Net Pension Liability For the year ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

	 2016	 2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.102087%	0.141518%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 364,669	\$ 363,198
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 165,595	\$ 175,117
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	220.22%	207.40%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.18%	73.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year.

# Town of Newellton Schedule of Employer Contributions For the year ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

· · ·	2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	32,705	\$	34,586	
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	\$	32,705	\$	34,451	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	135	
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$	165,595	\$	175,117	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		19.75%		19.67%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

#### Change of Benefit Terms include:

The Board is authorized to provide changes in compensation.

#### Change of Assumptions

There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# Schedules of Net Position - Enterprise Fund June 30, 2016 and 2015

Current assets		 2016	_	2015
Cash         \$ 17,722         \$ 22,237           Investments         163,183         162,181           Accounts receivable - net         64,803         65,781           Due from other governments         15,076         - 1           Prepaid expenses         623         815           Total current tassets         261,407         251,347           Non-depreciable         19,650         19,650           Depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,903           Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accountlated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,541,966         3,786,155           Other assets         3,5370         61,088           Investment in jointly owned gas operations         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,538,743         4,098,599           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Current flabilities         2,590         3,896           Total tiabili	ASSETS			
Transments	Current assets			
Accounts receivable - net         64,803         65,781           Due from other governments         15,076         -           Frepaid expenses         623         815           Total current assets         261,407         251,347           Capital assets         -         19,650         19,650           Depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,903         7,165,043           Accountlated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accountlated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,660         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,894 <td>Cash</td> <td>\$ •</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>	Cash	\$ •	\$	
Due from other governments         15,076         -           Prepaid expenses         623         815           Total current assets         261,407         251,347           Capital assets           Non-depreciable         19,650         19,650           Depreciable         7,152,063         7,165,043           Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         58,060         27,918           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         3,866           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,866           Customer deposits and cust	Investments			
Prepaid expenses         623         815           Total current assets         261,407         251,347           Capital assets         19,650         19,650           Non-depreciable         1,9650         19,650           Depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,939           Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         3,510,097         3,378,888           Net capital assets         3,541,966         3,786,155           Other assets         Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2         2           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LABILITIES         2         2         2           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liabili				65,781
Total current assets         261,407         251,347           Capital assets         19,650         19,650           Non-depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,393           Total capital assets         7,152,053         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2         2           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES         2         2           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574		· · ·		
Capital assets         19,650         19,650           Non-depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,393           Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,965         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total lanocurrent liabilities         30,770         270,939           DEFERRED I	• •	 		
Non-depreciable         19,650         19,650           Depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,939           Total capital assets         7,155,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         302,770         270,939	Total current assets	 261,407		251,347
Depreciable         7,132,413         7,145,393           Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         39,38,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,891           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,891           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions				
Total capital assets         7,152,063         7,165,043           Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets         Unvestment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LLABILITIES         2         3,5370         3,64,255           Payroll liabilities         58,060         27,918         2,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liabilities         324,212         239,125           Total liabilities         324,212         239,125           Total liabilities         32,270         270,393           Deference inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows on pension	Non-depreciable			
Accumulated depreciation         (3,510,097)         (3,378,888)           Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets         Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         35,370         61,088           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         3,938,743         4,098,590           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES         Total counts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,886           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total indiposities         242,120         239,125           Total indiposities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Empered inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451	Depreciable	 	_	
Net capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Other assets         Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Defered charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total lonocurrent liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Total capital assets			
Other assets           Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES         3,238,60         27,918           Current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total inabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted	Accumulated depreciation		_	
Investment in jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund	Net capital assets	 3,641,966		3,786,155
and maintenance fund         35,370         61,088           Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net gension liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         3,786,155         1,470         1,470         1,470         1,470				
Total other assets         35,370         61,088           Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470				
Total assets         3,938,743         4,098,590           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liabilities         39,256         150,551           Total innocurrent liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470		 		********
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         2,590         3,896           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Total other assets	 35,370	_	61,088
Deferred charges on pensions         56,901         26,425           Total deferred outflows of resources         56,901         26,425           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Total assets	 3,938,743		4,098,590
Current liabilities         56,901         26,425           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
LIABILITIES           Current liabilities           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Deferred charges on pensions	 		
Current liabilities         Accounts payable and accrued expenses       58,060       27,918         Payroll liabilities       2,590       3,896         Total current liabilities       60,650       31,814         Noncurrent liabilities         Customer deposits and customer prepayments       87,894       88,574         Net pension liability       154,226       150,551         Total noncurrent liabilities       242,120       239,125         Total liabilities       302,770       270,939         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows on pensions       39,056       16,451         Total deferred inflows of resources       39,056       16,451         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       3,641,966       3,786,155         Unrestricted       11,852       51,470	Total deferred outflows of resources	 56,901		26,425
Accounts payable and accrued expenses         58,060         27,918           Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	LIABILITIES			
Payroll liabilities         2,590         3,896           Total current liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Current liabilities			
Noncurrent liabilities         60,650         31,814           Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	58,060		27,918
Noncurrent liabilities         87,894         88,574           Customer deposits and customer prepayments         87,894         88,574           Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Payroll liabilities	 2,590		3,896
Customer deposits and customer prepayments       87,894       88,574         Net pension liability       154,226       150,551         Total noncurrent liabilities       242,120       239,125         Total liabilities       302,770       270,939         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows on pensions       39,056       16,451         Total deferred inflows of resources       39,056       16,451         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       3,641,966       3,786,155         Unrestricted       11,852       51,470	Total current liabilities	 60,650	_	31,814
Net pension liability         154,226         150,551           Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Noncurrent liabilities			
Total noncurrent liabilities         242,120         239,125           Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Customer deposits and customer prepayments	87,894		88,574
Total liabilities         302,770         270,939           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	Net pension liability	 154,226		150,551
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         State of the position of the posit	Total noncurrent liabilities	 242,120		239,125
Deferred inflows on pensions         39,056         16,451           Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         State of the control	Total liabilities	302,770		270,939
Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total deferred inflows of resources         39,056         16,451           NET POSITION         3,641,966         3,786,155           Unrestricted         11,852         51,470		39,056		16,451
Net investment in capital assets       3,641,966       3,786,155         Unrestricted       11,852       51,470		 39,056	_	16,451
Net investment in capital assets       3,641,966       3,786,155         Unrestricted       11,852       51,470	NET POSITION			
Unrestricted 11,852 51,470		3,641,966		3,786,155
	•			
		\$ 	\$ _	

#### Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Enterprise Fund For The Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	_	2016		2015
Operating revenues:				
Water sales	\$	230,662	\$	234,761
Gas sales		176,580		231,347
Sewerage fees		138,254		138,538
Plumbing fees		2,859		2,813
Penalties	_	16,838		16,185
Total operating revenues	-	565,193		623,644
Bad debts		1,965		4,567
Computer consultants		2,454		3,393
Depreciation		143,352		151,724
Dues and subscriptions		1,818		1,029
Engineering		1,120		2,448
Equipment		5,052		15,330
Gas purchases		61,383		161,884
Insurance - general		17,702		18,950
Legal and audit		51,698		53,116
Miscellaneous expenses		1,572		4,345
Office supplies		9,600		8,396
Postage		3,793		3,591
Salaries and related benefits		134,347		164,573
Supplies-plant		14,518		10,424
Supplies and expenses-gas		14,465		15,801
Supplies and expenses-sewer		26,325		9,771
Supplies and expenses-water		58,288		46,864
Telephone		7,955		8,848
Travel and meetings		3,612		5,938
Utilities		34,310		42,402
Total operating expenses	_	595,329		733,394
Operating profit (loss)		(30,136)		(109,750)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Grants		15,076		24,447
Interest earnings		750		753
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets		(838)		463
Income (loss) from jointly owned gas operations				
and maintenance fund		(25,718)		61,088
Other nonoperating revenues	_	3,859		11,042
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(6,871)		97,793
Income before operating transfers		(37,007)		(11,957)
Operating transfers:				
Transfers out		(146,800)		(202,592)
Net transfers	_	(146,800)		(202,592)
Net income (loss)		(183,807)		(214,549)
Net position beginning of year, as originally stated		3,837,625		4,181,583
Restatement	_		_	(129,409)
Net position beginning of year, restated		3,837,625	-	4,052,174
Net position end of year	\$ _	3,653,818	\$ =	3,837,625

# Schedules of Cash Flows - Enterprise Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$	565,491 \$	612,463
Cash paid for employee services		(139,849)	(154,157)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(287,296)	(461,405)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		138,346	(3,099)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activates:			
Transfers to general fund		(146,800)	(202,592)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(146,800)	(202,592)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Grant received for repairs / acquisition of capital assets		-	49,225
Acquisition of capital assets		-	(26,048)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_	1,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	<del></del>		35,345
Cash flows from investing activities			
Sale (Purchase) of short-term investments		(669)	73,420
Receipt of other nonoperating proceeds		3,858	11,042
Interest received on investments		750	753
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,939	85,215
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(4,515)	(96,299)
Cash at beginning of year		22,237	118,536
Cash at end of year	\$	17,722 \$	22,237

(Continued)

# Schedules of Cash Flows - Enterprise Fund (Concluded) For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	 2015
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (30,136)	\$ (109,750)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	143,352	151,724
Bad debt expense	1,965	~
Change in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(987)	743
Prepaid expenses	193	4,145
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	30,141	(48,452)
Payroll liabilities	(1,306)	(752)
Due to other funds	-	(17,025)
Customer deposits	(680)	5,100
Net pension liability	3,675	21,142
Deferred charges on pensions	(30,476)	(26,425)
Deferred inflows on pensions	 22,605	 16,451
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 138,346	\$ (3,099)
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital investing activities		
Income from jointly owned gas operations and maintenance fund	\$ (25,718)	\$ 61,088
Change in the investment in the jointly owned gas operations		
and maintenance fund	\$ (25,718)	\$ 61,088
Non-operating grants	\$ 15,076	\$ 24,447
Change in non-operating grants receivable	\$ (15,076)	\$ (24,447)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	\$ (838)	\$ 463

# Compensation Paid Aldermen For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The schedule of compensation paid to Aldermen is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the Aldermen is included in general administration expenditures of the General Fund.

	Comp	ensation
Edwin Britt	\$	6,000
Ben Britton, Jr.		6,000
Lavon Garner		6,000
Billy Mitchell		6,000
Mattie Sampson		6,000
	<u>\$</u>	30,000

# Town of Newellton Schedule of Compensation, Benefits and Other Payments to Agency Head For the year ended June 30, 2016

Chief Executive Officer: Timothy Turner, Mayor

Purpose	Amount
Salary	\$ 14,400
Benefits-retirement contributions	2,844
Mileage reimbursements	631
Conference travel and registration fees	1,758
	\$ 19,633

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

# Huffman & Soignier

Francis I. Huffman, CPA David Ray Soignier, CPA, MBA, CGMA

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

John Herman, CPA Lynn Andries, CPA, CGMA Esther Atteberry, CPA Lori Woodard, MBA, CPA, CGMA, CITP Katie Jacola, CPA Lesley Engolia, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Aldermen Town of Newellton Newellton, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of Town of Newellton, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 3, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2016-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as Findings 2016-002, 2016-003, and 2016-004.

#### The Town's Response to Findings

The Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the Town, Federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and other entities granting funds to the Town and the Legislative Auditor for the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

(A Professional Accounting Corporation)

fman & Sorgnier

August 3, 2017

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

## 2016-001 Condition of Accounting Records

First Reported 2015

#### Criteria or Specific Requirement

Proper internal controls over financial reporting requires that accounting records contain up-to-date, accurate, and complete information to ensure that the financial data can be relied upon to monitor the financial condition of the entity. Financial records should be reviewed timely to supporting documentation to ensure that the transactions are properly recorded and classified in the accounting records.

#### Conditions Found

The Town's general ledger records are maintained on QuickBooks. A brief recap of changes to the Balance Sheet report line items is as follows:

Cash – The Town originally reported a balance of \$112,860 for its ten bank accounts before net negative adjustments of \$5,141 for a final reported balance of \$107,971. This decrease is a result of four checks that were shown as being voided but instead had cleared the bank. Additionally, during our audit of cash, we noted \$1,475 in travel expenses by the former Town Clerk that was not approved on the reimbursement request and another \$333 in travel expenses which did not have any backup.

Accounts Receivable for Services Provided – The Town originally reported a balance of \$82,090 for its water, gas, sewer and other miscellaneous amounts before negative adjustments of \$17,287 for a final reported balance of \$64,803. Most of this amount is composed of two items with \$7,635 had been recorded as payment for services but were utility deposits. Another \$7,913 is the result of not adjusting QuickBooks for corrections to the meter readings which were correctly reflected in the Town's utility billings software. Therefore, there is no reconciliation on a periodic basis of the customer deposits or the receivables shown on the utility billings software and QuickBooks.

**Due from Other Governments** – The Town originally reported a balance of \$22,986 before net positive adjustments of \$8,304 for a final reported balance of \$31,290. The Town recorded a \$9,720 receivable in error and did not record a \$18,024 in receivables for which the Town did collect after June 30, 2016.

Accounts Payable – The Town originally reported a balance of \$79,865 before adjustments of \$8,592 for a final reported balance of \$88,457 largely due to unrecorded invoices.

Customer deposits – The Town originally reported a balance of \$95,529 before adjustment of \$7,635 for a final reported balance of \$87,894. Similar to the

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

receivables for services provided, the Town did not reconcile its customer deposits subsidiary account to its QuickBooks balance.

#### Possible asserted effect (cause and effect)

Cause: The Town employed an employee that was in charge of the financial activity that did not possess the necessary skills needed to correctly monitor QuickBooks.

Effect: The Town was not able to produce reliable financial information to monitor the Town's financial condition nor make sound financial decisions during the year.

#### Recommendations to Prevent Future Occurrences

The Town employs a consulting CPA firm. However, there is no agreement with the consulting CPA firm as to what the activities are to be performed. During fiscal year 2016, the Town employed the consulting CPA firm to record its payroll quarterly reports, monitor its quarterly retirement reports, prepare its budget but did not request assistance on reviewing its QuickBooks records until after year-end. The Board of Aldermen should revisit the need for more accounting guidance to ensure that the Board of Aldermen and management have accurate financial information from which to make decisions.

We further recommend that the Town employ an individual that is capable of either learning how to use QuickBooks or already understands QuickBooks and related bookkeeping activities. This person should work closely with the consulting CPA firm in gaining a full understanding of the activities that need to occur on a monthly basis to produce accurate financial records and reporting.

We also recommend that end-of-month reconciled bank statements be provided to the Board of Aldermen for review at the next month's Board of Aldermen meeting. Since deposits should be made daily, the Board should review the bank reconciliation and question any deposit that is outstanding for more than one business day. Outstanding disbursements can take more time to clear but disbursements made to ongoing vendors that are outstanding for more than a month should also be questioned as to the validity of the original transaction.

Finally, we recommend customer accounts receivable and customer meter deposits should also be reconciled between the subsidiary ledger and the QuickBooks balances. Amounts due from other governments should be periodically reviewed for accuracy and adjusted when necessary. Invoices should be reflected in the period that the service was provided to ensure that an appropriate reality is reflected in the reporting period, again, so the Board of Aldermen and management

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

can respond appropriately. Finally, travel reimbursements should have adequate documentation and the documentation should be approved by the appropriate party.

#### Response

We discharged the employee from the Town on May 13, 2016. We directed our consulting CPA firm to review QuickBooks for FY16 in preparing for this audit and to assist in reviewing our records until we are comfortable with the training of the Utility Clerk who was promoted into the Town Clerk position. We will obtain proper documentation of travel and ensure that it is approved.

# 2016-002 Late Submission of Audit Report to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor First Reported 2013

#### Criteria or Specific Requirement

Louisiana Revised Stature 24:513A (5)(a)(i) requires that "...audits shall be completed within six months of the close of the entity's fiscal year." The Town's audit report should be submitted to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor by December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year.

#### **Condition Found**

The Town's audit report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 was not completed within the six month deadline as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A (a)(5)(i).

#### Possible asserted effect (cause and effect)

Cause: This year's submission was delayed due to the problems previously cited above related to the accounting records where the final set of QuickBooks records was available until January of 2016.

It should be noted that fiscal year 2013 submission of the Town's financial statements was delayed due to the late filing of the Joint Gas Line audit. The fiscal year 2015 Joint Gas Line audit was released on April 13, 2016 but was not the reason for the Town's lateness. Similarly, the 2016 Joint Gas Line audit was released on February 3, 2017 but was not the reason for the Town's lateness in this fiscal year.

Effect: Management did not comply with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A (a)(5)(i).

#### Recommendations to Prevent Future Occurrences

The Town should have its financial records available for audit by July 31 of each year.

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

#### Response

Our fiscal year 2017 records have been reviewed by an outside CPA firm and we were also under a new town clerk that has been instrumental in keeping our records in much better shape.

#### 2016-003 Violations of Louisiana Local Government Budget Act

First Reported 2015

#### Criteria or Specific Requirement

Upon completion of a proposed budget, a governmental entity shall publish in its official journal, the date, time and place of the public hearing. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1307B requires that "The notice shall be published at least ten days prior to the date of the first hearing."

Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1311A (2) states that the budget shall be amended when "total actual expenditures and other uses plus projected expenditures and other uses for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding the total budgeted expenditures and other uses by five percent or more."

Louisiana Revised Statute 33:406 states that the appropriation of funds (the budget) shall be adopted by ordinance.

#### **Condition Found**

The Town was in violation of the Local Budget Act due to:

its failure to publish the notice of the public hearing at least ten days prior to the date of the first hearing; and

its failure to amend its budget when actual revenues are expected to not meet budgeted revenues by 5%. The Town's actual revenues of \$290,189 did not meet budgeted revenues of \$547,150 for a negative variance of \$260,161. Most of this variance was caused by the Town budgeting intergovernmental revenue at \$275,000 but only had \$42,650 in actual revenues. Most of this variance is offset by a positive variance in expenditures where actual expenditures were budgeted at \$671,625 versus \$453,624 in actual expenditures, a \$218,001 positive variance. Most of this positive variance is due to capital outlay being budgeted at \$200,025 but had actual expenditures of \$0.

its failure to adopt the budget by ordiance.

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

#### Possible asserted effect (cause and effect)

Causes: The previous town clerk was unaware that the notice had to be published ten days prior to the first public hearing.

The new town clerk was unaware of the need to amend the original budget after the previous town clerk was relieved of her duties in May of 2016.

The previous town clerk was unaware that the budget had to be approved by ordinance.

Effects: Management did not comply with the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1307, 39:1131A (2) nor 33:406.

#### Recommendations to Prevent Future Occurrences

Management should provide the new town clerk with the information needed to comply with the requirements of the Louisiana Local Budget Act.

Management should ensure that the notification and the first public hearing are published as required.

Management should also maintain accurate financial records at all times so that they understand the ongoing financial status of the Town and in doing so, will know when it falls negatively outside of the 5% allowance and at that time know of the need to revise its current budget.

Management should adopt future appropriations of funds (the budget) by ordinance.

#### Response

We will inform personnel of the ten day requirement to ensure compliance with R.S. 1307. As previously commented on, we have changed the Town's personnel involved in financial reporting so that we know what our financial status is. We will revise our budget when we negatively exceed 5% of our revenues and / or expenditures to ensure compliance with R.S. 1311A(2). We will adopt future budgets by ordinance.

# Schedule of Findings June 30, 2016

#### 2016-004 Insurance Coverage

#### Criteria or Specific Requirement

One of the Town's responsibilities is the safeguarding of its assets. One of the ways to safeguard its assets is through insurance coverage. Additionally, Louisiana Revised Statute 32:861 that auto insurance be carried on all vehicles.

#### **Condition Found**

The Town did not have insurance coverage from May 1, 2016 to October 21, 2016 for its auto policy and from May 1, 2016 to November 16, 2016 for its commercial general liability, errors and omissions, and law enforcement officer policies.

#### Possible asserted effect (cause and effect)

Cause: The Town was not aware of e-mails that had been sent to the previous town clerk as not being responded to.

Effects: The Town was subject to potential losses had there been an accident.

#### Recommendations to Prevent Future Occurrences

Management should be aware of the time frame for renewal for its policies which will now be October 21, 2017 for all policies.

#### Response

When we learned of our lack of insurance coverage, we parked all vehicles and all police department activities were ceased, except for emergency response. As for the failure to obtain coverage, we did not see the e-mails that had been sent by the agent. In the future, we will monitor this activity to ensure that we have secured insurance.

Newellton, Louisiana

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following is a summary of the status of the prior year audit findings included in the Huffman & Soignier (APAC) audit report dated July 6, 2016 in connection with the audit of the financial statements of the Town of Newellton as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### 2015-001 Condition of Accounting Records

Proper internal controls over financial reporting requires that accounting records contain up-to-date, accurate, and complete information to ensure that the financial data can be relied upon to monitor the financial condition of the entity. Financial records should be reviewed timely and agreed to supporting documentation to ensure that the transactions are properly recorded and classified in the accounting records.

The Town's general ledger records are maintained on QuickBooks. The initial set of QuickBooks records was delivered for audit in November 2015. Due to the numerous issues that were noted, the Town was requested to reevaluate its records. A new set of QuickBooks was provided in January 2016. However, despite this extra time, the records still had numerous adjustments needing to be made. The Town had an employee that was in charge of the financial activity that did not possess the necessary skills needed to correctly monitor QuickBooks. The Town was not able to produce reliable financial information to monitor the Town's financial condition nor make sound financial decisions during the year.

The Town uses a consulting CPA firm. However, there is no agreement with the consulting CPA firm as to what the activities are to be performed. During fiscal year 2015, the Town employed the consulting CPA firm to record its payroll quarterly reports, monitor its quarterly retirement reports, and prepare its budget but did not request assistance on reviewing its QuickBooks records. The Board of Aldermen should revisit the need for more accounting guidance to ensure that the Board of Aldermen and management have accurate financial information from which to make decisions.

We recommended that the Town hire an individual that is capable of either learning how to use QuickBooks or already understands QuickBooks and related bookkeeping activities. This person should work closely with the consulting CPA firm in gaining a full understanding of the activities that need to occur on a monthly basis to produce accurate financial records and reporting.

We also recommended that end-of-month reconciled bank statements be provided to the Board of Aldermen for review at the next month's Board of Aldermen meeting. Since deposits are supposed to be made daily, the Town should review the bank reconciliation and question any deposit that is outstanding for more than one business day. Outstanding disbursements can take more time to clear, but

Newellton, Louisiana

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

disbursements made to ongoing vendors that are outstanding for more than a month should also be questioned as to the validity of the original transaction.

Finally, we recommended that all certificates of deposit transactions should be recorded at the time the transaction occurs. Customer accounts receivable and customer meter deposits should also be reconciled between the subsidiary ledger and the QuickBooks balances. Receipts for other receivables should be recorded against that receivable to ensure that revenues and receivables are appropriately reflected. Receipts and disbursements should be recorded in the appropriate fund to ensure that each fund is accurately reporting its activities and so management can administer its fiduciary duties appropriately. Purchases of new equipment or major and significant improvements to current equipment should be recorded as a capital assets in the Utility Fund and as a capital expenditure in the General Fund. Invoices should be reflected in the period that the service was provided to ensure that an appropriate reality is reflected in the reporting period, again, so the Board of Aldermen and management can respond appropriately

#### Status

We still need to provide for more accurate reporting as indicated by Finding 2016-001.

#### 2015-002 Inappropriate Related Party Transactions

During our review of receivables, we noted that the Mayor and two members of his family were not current on their billings but were also not cutoff. This finding reported on data through June 30, 2016 since the audit was released on July 6, 2016.

Additionally, the Mayor used his authority to circumvent the cutoff policy of the Town where a customer account that is not paid by the 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month of services is charged a late fee.

It was also noted during our testwork that three of nine customers that merited being cutoff for nonpayment of charges for services were not cutoff, and no explanation could be given. All of these customers did pay their bill, the latest being within eight days following the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month.

Newellton, Louisiana

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Status

This finding reported both fiscal year 2015 activity as well as fiscal year 2016 activity. By having already reported on the 2016 activity, there is no need to repeat the finding for the same information.

Resolved.

# 2015-003 Late Submission of Audit Report to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor First Reported 2013

The Town's audit report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, was not completed within the six month deadline as required by Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513A (a)(5)(i).

#### Status

We are in violation of this requirement again for 2016, however, we anticipate being in compliance for the June 30, 2017 reporting.

## 2015-004 Violations of Louisiana Local Government Budget Act

The Town was in violation of the Local Budget Act due to:

its failure to publish the notice of the public hearing within ten days (June 7, 2015 publication versus a June 11, 2015 adoption date is only 4 days later); and

its failure to amend its budget when actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by 5%. During the budget adoption of the fiscal year 2016 budget, the ten month actual expenditures for fiscal year 2015 were reported at \$566,239 for a 15.8% budget variance as compared to the original and final budget expenditures of \$488,800. The Town's final actual expenditures are reflected at \$546,344 for an 8.96% budget variance.

#### Status

We still have had issues with respect to the Louisiana Local Government Budget Act in 2016 but will strive to improve in the future.

Newellton, Louisiana

# Summary Status of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### 2015-005 Possible Payroll Irregularity

The Board of Aldermen approves all hiring and terminations of employees as well as changes in compensation for employees. On June 26, 2014, the Board of Aldermen agreed to raise the compensation from \$19,200 to \$24,000 for the employee that was transferring from Utility Clerk to Town Clerk once her probationary status ended which would be determined by the Board of Aldermen. The previous Town Clerk had retired after twenty-five years of service, so it was understood that there would be a learning curve involved during this change.

Even though the raise was conditional and the probationary status was never removed, the Town Clerk's salary was adjusted to \$24,000 per year effective with the August 21, 2014, payroll. This increase resulted in extra compensation of \$4,246 for fiscal year 2015 (23 payrolls) and another \$4,246 for fiscal year 2016 (also 23 payrolls) being paid to the Town Clerk that she was not authorized to receive. She was terminated during the May 13, 2016, payroll for not improving to the level required for the Town clerk position. Given that the Mayor, all members of the Board of Aldermen and the Town Clerk, who records and prepares all minutes of Board of Aldermen meetings, were present at these meetings, there should not have been any issue left unclear about the timing of the raise.

#### Status

This matter was referred to the District Attorney's Office for review. Several witnesses have been interviewed but a decision has not been made as to whether formal prosecution is warranted.

# 2015-006 Credit Card Activity

During our audit, we requested the supporting documents for the \$7,668.89 in credit card transactions for fiscal year 2015 (\$3,658.25 for the General Fund and \$4,010.64 for the Enterprise Fund). We received some of the monthly statements that provided information for thirty-nine transactions, of which nineteen were charged to the General Fund totaling \$2,518.54 and twenty were charged to the Enterprise Fund totaling \$2,156.37. Statements supporting the remaining \$2,993.98 in charges were not found.

#### Status

We provided statements and receipts as requested for the June 30, 2016 audit.