FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Adam Holland, Mayor, and Members of the Town Council Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Oak Grove's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Town of Oak Grove Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2015

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4-8), budgetary comparison information (pages 43-47), Schedules of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (48 and 50), and Schedules of Employer's Contributions (49 and 51) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, Reimbursements, and Other Payments to or on Behalf of Agency Head and the Schedule of Compensation to Council are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Compensation, Benefits, Reimbursements, and Other Payments to or on Behalf of Agency Head and the Schedule of Compensation to Council are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Town of Oak Grove Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2015

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015, on our consideration of the Town of Oak Grove's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting are compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC

Bosch & Stathan

Jonesboro, Louisiana December 31, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana (the Town) provides an overview of the Town's activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole.

#### Reporting the Town as a Whole The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in net position. The Town's net position (i.e., the difference between assets and liabilities) is a measure of the Town's financial position. The increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

#### THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

At June 30, 2015, net position was as follows:

## Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	NET PC	DSITION		
	Governm	nental Activities	Business-typ	e Activities
		Restated		
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$ 2,587,456	\$ 2,526,942	\$ 679,474	\$ 748,406
Capital assets, net	2,023,048	2,148,155	3,196,742	3,317,525
Total assets	4,610,504	4,675,097	3,876,216	4,065,931
Deferred outflows - pension related	61,947			
Liabilities:				
Current	20,033	20,539	110,178	89,594
Long-term	1,125,363	1,295,866	5,492	5,492
Total liabilities	1,145,396	1,316,405	115,670	95,086
Deferred outflows - pension related	95,755			
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,639,048	1,646,155	3,196,742	3,317,525
Restricted	496,514	484,798	83,070	80,702
Unrestricted	1,295,738	1,227,739	480,734	572,618
Total net position	\$ 3,431,300	\$ 3,358,692	\$ 3,760,546	\$ 3,970,845

### Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased two percent during the year ended June 30, 2015. Unrestricted net position, the part that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, decreased four percent.

Net position of the business-type activities decreased from \$3,970,848 to \$3,760,546. This decrease can be explained by the variance in revenues for projects funded by grants.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, net position changed as follows:

СН	ANGE IN NET 1	POSITION		
	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
		Restated		
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 229,898	\$ 210,749	\$ 554,094	\$ 586,255
Operating grants and contributions	27,898	31,118	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	28,829	-	26,829	245,430
General revenues:				
Property taxes	193,799	195,026	-	-
Sales and use taxes	738,760	755,473	-	-
Other taxes, licenses and permits	75,035	71,495	-	-
Other	28,047	18,977	11,042	7,001
Total revenues	1,322,266	1,282,838	591,965	838,686
Expenses:				
General government	421,624	1,186,607	-	-
Public safety	425,072	398,656	-	-
Highways and streets	330,517	334,699	-	-
Health and welfare	8,842	8,562	-	-
Culture and recreation	21,876	24,689	-	-
Economic development	24,698	42,895	-	-
Interest expense	17,030	21,035	-	-
Water	-	-	483,178	345,122
Sewer	-	-	319,089	232,522
Total expenses	1,249,659	2,017,143	802,267	577,644
Transfers		(46,950)	-	46,950
Change in net position	72,607	(781,255)	(210,302)	307,992
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	3,358,693	4,139,948	3,970,848	3,662,853
Net position at end of year	\$ 3,431,300	\$ 3,358,693	\$ 3,760,546	\$ 3,970,845

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

As of June 30, 2015, none of the Town's funds have a deficit balance. The General Fund has a fund balance of \$243,725 which is a two percent decrease from prior year. Fund balance is equal to approximately five months of expenditures. During the year the Town transferred \$120,000 from the Sales Tax Fund to the General Fund.

The Sales Tax Fund balance increased \$54,416 or four percent and represents approximately four years of expenditures based on 2015 expenditures. Revenues decreased only slightly while expenditures decreased eight percent and transfers out decreased slightly.

Fund balance of the Street Fund increased \$37,789 or 63%. The Economic Development Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Cemetery Fund decreased \$5,291 (2%), \$9,560 (13%), and \$16,513 (5%), respectively. Street Fund revenues and expenditures changed only slightly but \$50,000 was transferred from the Sales Tax Fund. Economic Development Fund's expenditures decreased 50% due to repairs made to the Turban Building in the prior year. Cemetery Fund expenditures increased \$7,021 primarily due to mapping services.

#### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, in the General Fund, there was a \$26,907 increase in anticipated revenues. It was primarily due to increases in anticipated fines. Anticipated expenditures increased \$46,210. The increase was a combination of an increase of \$22,820 in public safety and decreases in general government and capital outlay.

During the year in the Sales Tax Fund, there was no change in anticipated revenues. Budgeted expenditures were increased \$40,282. The increase is due to increases in several different accounts primarily due to a change in the allocation of expenditures to funds.

There were only minor changes in budgeted amounts in the Street Fund and the Cemetery Fund.

The Economic Development Fund budgeted expenditures were increased from \$3,800 to \$31,800 due to anticipated repairs to the Turban building.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounts to \$5,219,790 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes the water and sewer systems, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, and land.

This year's additions of \$64,591 came from various small purchases.

#### Debt

At year end, the Town had a total of \$384,000 in general obligation bonds, Series 2009, outstanding. The bonds bear interest at 3.69% and are due to mature in 2017.

In addition, the Town had a total liability of \$28,828 for compensated absences payable.

Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town of Oak Grove is located in a depressed area of the state. The Town's revenues are derived mainly from a special sales and use tax, property tax assessments, and fees for services. The Town intends to use monies from the Local Government Assistance Program and Community Water Enrichment Fund grants to make necessary repairs and upgrades to the town's water plant.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk, Mrs. Mellissa Corley.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,441,304	\$ 614,715	\$ 3,056,019		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	146,152	55,609	201,761		
Inventories	-	9,150	9,150		
Capital assets not being depreciated	68,270	10,756	79,026		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,954,778	3,185,986	5,140,764		
TOTAL ASSETS	4,610,504	3,876,216	8,486,720		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Pension related	61,947		61,947		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	6,321	18,132	24,453		
Payroll and related liabilities	13,049	1,294	14,343		
Accrued liabilities	-	18,041	18,041		
Accrued interest payable	563	-	563		
Due to others	100	-	100		
Customer deposits payable	-	72,711	72,711		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	134,964	1,094	136,058		
Due in more than one year	272,769	4,398	277,167		
Net pension liability	717,630		717,630		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,145,396	115,670	1,261,066		
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Pension related	95,755		95,755		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,639,048	3,196,742	4,835,790		
Net position restricted for debt service	65,732	-	65,732		
Net position restricted for street maintenance	98,025	-	98,025		
Net position restricted for cemetery operation and maintenance	332,757	-	332,757		
Net position restricted for customer meter deposits	-	83,070	83,070		
Unrestricted net position	1,295,738	480,734	1,776,472		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,431,300	\$ 3,760,546	\$ 7,191,846		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EX	PENSES) REVEN	UES AND
			OPERATING	CAPITAL	CHA	ANGES IN NET AS	SETS
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND	GOVERNMENTAI	BUSINESS-TYPE	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	8 ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 421,624	\$ 144,019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (277,605)		\$ (277,605)
Public safety	425,072	76,656	27,898	28,829	(291,689)		(291,689)
Highways and streets	330,517	9,223	-	-	(321,294)		(321,294)
Health and welfare	8,842	-	-	-	(8,842)		(8,842)
Culture and recreation	21,876	-	-	-	(21,876)		(21,876)
Economic development	24,698	-	-	-	(24,698)		(24,698)
Interest expense	17,030	-	-	-	(17,030)		(17,030)
Total governmental activities	1,249,659	229,898	27,898	28,829	(963,034)		(963,034)
Business-type activities:							
Water operations	483,178	337,141	-	26,829		\$ (119,208)	(119,208)
Sewer operations	319,089	216,953		-		(102,136)	(102,136)
Total business-type activities	802,267	554,094	-	26,829		(221,344)	(221,344)
Total primary government	\$ 2,051,926	\$ 783,992	\$ 27,898	\$ 55,658	(963,034)	(221,344)	(1,184,378)
	General revenu	es:					
	Property taxe	s			193,799	-	193,799
	Sales and use	e taxes			738,760	-	738,760
	Franchise tax	tes			75,035	-	75,035
	Unrestricted	investment earnings			4,917	2,055	6,972
		n sale of capital asse	ts		-	4,500	4,500
	Other	1			23,130	4,487	27,617
	Total ge	neral revenues and t	ransfers		1,035,641	11,042	1,046,683
	Change in net				72,607	(210,302)	(137,695)
	~	beginning of year (re	estated)		3,358,693	3,970,848	7,329,541
	Net position at	· ·	<i>r</i>		\$ 3,431,300	\$ 3,760,546	\$ 7,191,846

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

·							conomic	Debt			Go	Total vernmental
ASSETS	Gene			les Tax		Street	velopment	Service		emetery		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 239	,292	\$ 1	,473,503	\$	99,143	\$ 229,644	\$ -	\$	333,428	\$	2,375,010
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-		-		-	-	66,295		-		66,295
Receivables, net		,149		127,003		-	 -	 -		-		146,152
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 258	,441	\$ 1	,600,506	\$	99,143	\$ 229,644	\$ 66,295	\$	333,428	\$	2,587,457
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUN	D BALAN	ICES										
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$ 3	,948	\$	872	\$	1,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$	384	\$	6,321
Payroll and related liabilities	10	,668		2,094		-	-	-		287		13,049
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-	-	563		-		563
Due to others		100		-		-	-	-		-		100
Total liabilities	14	,716		2,966		1,117	-	563		671		20,033
Deferred inflows:												
Unavailable revenues		-		64,689		-	 -	 -		-		64,689
Fund balances:												
Restricted fund balances		-	1	,532,851		98,026	-	65,732		332,757		2,029,366
Committed fund balances		-		-		-	229,644	-		-		229,644
Unassigned	243	,725		-		-	-	-		-		243,725
Total fund balances		,725	1	,532,851	-	98,026	 229,644	65,732	-	332,757	-	2,502,735
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,		-										
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 258	,441	\$ 1	,600,506	\$	99,143	\$ 229,644	\$ 66,295	\$	333,428	\$	2,587,457

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balances	\$ 2,502,735
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,023,048
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	64,688
Deferred outflows - pension related	61,947
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
General obligation bonds payable	(384,000)
Compensated absences	(23,733)
Net pension liability	(717,630)
Deferred inflows - pension related	 (95,755)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,431,300

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE TEAK ENDED JUNE 30, 24						Total		
	General		Sales Tax	Street	Economic Development	Debt Service	Cemetery	Governmental Funds
Revenues:	General		1 43	Street	Development	Service	Cemetery	F unus
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$ 101,671	\$	_	\$ 65,895	\$ -	\$-	\$ 26,233	\$ 193,799
Sales and use	-	Ψ	734,706	-	Ψ <u>-</u>	Ψ -	¢ 20,200 -	734,706
Franchise	75,035		-	-	-	-	_	75,035
Intergovernmental:	,0,020							,0,020
Federal funds	1,147		_	-	-	_	_	1,147
State funds:	-,							-,
Supplemental pay	35,653		-	-	-	-	-	35,653
Local government assistance prog	,		_	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
Other state funds	6,927		_	_,	11,000	-	-	17,927
Licenses and permits	142,346		-	-	-	-	-	142,346
Charges for services	3,973		-	-	-	-	5,250	9,223
Fines	76,656		_	-	-	_	-	76,656
Lease income	1,673		-	-	-	-	-	1,673
Interest earned	453		3,198	359	907	-	-	4,917
Other revenues	3,799		-	-	-	-	5	3,804
Total revenues	449,333		737,904	68,254	11,907	-	31,488	1,298,886
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	176,752		242,676	573	-	-	295	420,296
Public safety	386,224		24,855	-	-	-	-	411,079
Highways and streets	-		104,777	78,892	-	-	47,706	231,375
Health and welfare	300		8,542	-	-	-	-	8,842
Culture and recreation	-		7,168	-	-	-	-	7,168
Economic development	-		-	-	17,198	-	-	17,198
Debt service - principal	-		-	-	-	118,000	-	118,000
Debt service - interest	-		-	-	-	17,030	-	17,030
Capital outlay	9,932		-	1,000	-	-	-	10,932
Total expenditures	573,208		388,018	80,465	17,198	135,030	48,001	1,241,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	(123,875)		349,886	(12,211)	(5,291)	(135,030)	(16,513)	56,966
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	120,000		-	50,000	-	125,470	-	295,470
Transfers out			(295,470)					(295,470)
Total other financing sources and uses	120,000		(295,470)	50,000	-	125,470	_	
Net change in fund balances	(3,875)		54,416	37,789	(5,291)	(9,560)	(16,513)	56,966
Fund balances at beginning of year	247,600		1,478,435	60,237	234,935	75,292	349,270	2,445,769
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 243,725	\$	1,532,851	\$ 98,026	\$ 229,644	\$ 65,732	\$ 332,757	\$ 2,502,735

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 56,966
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
Capital outlays	10,933
Depreciation expense	(136,040)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Add back current year revenue deferred in the fund statements	64,689
Subtract prior year revenue recognized in the fund statements	(60,635)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	118,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences payable	12
Change in GASB 68 pension liability	18,682
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 72,607

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

AS OF JUNE 30, 2015				6	P	Total roprietary
ASSETS		Water		Sewer		Funds
Current assets:	<i></i>		<b>*</b>		~	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	356,148	\$	175,497	\$	531,645
Receivables, net		40,375		15,234		55,609
Inventories		9,150		-		9,150
Due from other funds		5,934		-		5,934
Total current assets		411,607		190,731		602,338
Noncurrent assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		83,070		-		83,070
Capital assets, net		1,750,696		1,446,046		3,196,742
Total noncurrent assets		1,833,766		1,446,046		3,279,812
TOTAL ASSETS		2,245,373		1,636,777		3,882,150
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		8,403		9,729		18,132
Due to other funds		-		5,934		5,934
Payroll and related liabilities		647		647		1,294
Accrued liabilities		16,374		1,667		18,041
Compensated absences payable - current		1,094		-		1,094
Customer deposits payable		72,711		-		72,711
Total current liabilities		99,229		17,977		117,206
Noncurrent liabilities:				· · · ·		, i
Compensated absences payable		4,398		_		4,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES		103,627		17,977		121,604
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,750,696		1,446,046		3,196,742
Restricted net position		83,070		-		83,070
Unrestricted net position		307,980		172,754		480,734
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,141,746	\$	1,618,800	\$	3,760,546

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015			Total Proprietary
	Water	Sewer	Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for sales and services:			
Water and sewer fees	\$ 337,141	\$ 216,953	\$ 554,094
Other revenues	4,487		4,487
Total operating revenues	341,628	3 216,953	558,581
Operating expenses:			
Administration	391,942	262,713	654,655
Depreciation expense	91,236	56,376	147,612
Total operating expenses	483,178	3 319,089	802,267
Operating income (loss)	(141,550	) (102,136)	(243,686)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Intergovernmental revenues	26,829	) _	26,829
Interest earned	1,841	214	2,055
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	4,500	) –	4,500
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	33,170	214	33,384
Change in net position	(108,380	) (101,922)	(210,302)
Net position at beginning of year	2,250,126	1,720,722	3,970,848
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,141,746		\$ 3,760,546

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 201

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	Water \$ 471,446	Sewer	Proprietary Funds
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$ 471,446		
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers			
	(222, (222)	\$ 222,886	\$ 694,332
	(322,633)	(226,885)	(549,518)
Payments to employees	(60,915)	(25,740)	(86,655)
Net cash provided by operating activities	87,898	(29,739)	58,159
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Subsidy from grants	26,829	-	26,829
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities	26,829	-	26,829
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchases of capital assets	(26,829)	-	(26,829)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	4,500	-	4,500
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(22,329)		(22,329)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received	1,840	218	2,058
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,840	218	2,058
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	94,238	(29,521)	64,717
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year			
(including amounts in restricted accounts)	344,980	205,018	549,998
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year			
(including amounts in restricted accounts)	\$ 439,218	\$ 175,497	\$ 614,715
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (141,550)	\$ (102,136)	\$ (243,686)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	91,236	56,376	147,612
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	127,716	5,933	133,649
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	7,705	9,729	17,434
Increase (decrease) in payroll related liabilities	359	359	718
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	-	(1,667)	(1,667)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	2,102	-	2,102
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	330	1,667	1,997
Total adjustments	229,448	72,397	301,845
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 87,898	\$ (29,739)	\$ 58,159

Total

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: None

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana, (the Town) was incorporated January 13, 1909, and on January 4, 1966, adopted the provisions of The Home Rule Charter as provided by State Law Reference L.R.S. 33:1381-1390. A copy of the ratified charter is recorded in Charter Book "B" at page 401 of the records of West Carroll Parish, Louisiana. As of 2010, the Town had a population of 1,727. The citizens elect the Mayor, who is the executive officer, and the five Council members. The Council elects the Mayor Pro-Tem.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Oak Grove have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The basic financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the various funds by the Town and the cash flows of the proprietary funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town reporting entity consists of the various departments and activities that are within the control and authority of the Mayor and the Town Council.

As required by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, a legally separate entity is considered a component unit of the Town if at least one of the following criteria is met:

- The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential financial benefit/burden to the Town.
- The entity is fiscally dependent on the Town.
- The nature and significant of the relationship between the Town and the entity is such that exclusion would cause the financial statements of the Town to be misleading or incomplete.

Under provisions of this Statement, the Town is considered a primary government since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. The Town has no component units.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial report consists of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information other than the MD&A. The MD&A provides an overview of the financial activities of the Town. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

The government-wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Major revenues such as ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are assessed, collected and susceptible to accrual. Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the government are reported in the financial statements. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town by reporting each in a separate column.

All capital (long-lived) assets, receivables, and long-term obligations are reported in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports revenues and expenses in a format that allows the reader to focus on the net cost of each function of the Town. Both the gross and net cost per function, which is otherwise being supported by general government revenues, is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function. In the Statement of Activities, gross expenses, including depreciation, are reduced by related program revenues, which are comprised of charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants. Direct and indirect expenses are reported as program expenses for individual functions and activities. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. The types of transactions included in program revenues are licenses and permits, fines, lease income, court costs, charges for mowing, and charges for gravesites. The operating grants column reflects capital-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The fund financial statements report the Town as a collection of major and nonmajor funds presented on separate schedules by fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

- The governmental fund statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, with one column for the general fund, one for each of the other major funds, and one column combining all the nonmajor governmental funds. The Town does not have any nonmajor governmental funds. The statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, generally considered sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest payments on general long-term liabilities which are recognized when due.
- The proprietary fund statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; and a statement of cash flows. Each statement has a column for each major enterprise fund. The Town does not have any nonmajor proprietary funds or internal service funds. The proprietary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in order to make a determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows.

Although the financial statements presented in each of these three schedules contain "total" columns, they merely combine rather than consolidate the funds. Hence, interfund transactions that generate receivables and payables or transfers from one fund to another are not eliminated.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities are at least ten percent of the total for their fund category or type (governmental or enterprise) and at least five percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The data on the face of the three sets of financial statements must be accompanied by certain disclosures to ensure accurate information is presented in the form of a single set of notes to the basic financial statements.

The major governmental funds of the Town are the General Fund, the Sales Tax Fund, the Street Fund, the Economic Development Fund, The Debt Service Fund, the Cemetery Fund, and the LCDBG Capital Projects Fund.

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund accounts for a twenty-year one percent sales tax levied in 1997 for the purpose of maintaining streets and drainage, purchasing police equipment, and other legal purposes consistent with the Town's purpose.

The Street Special Revenue Fund accounts for property taxes dedicated to street maintenance.

The Economic Development Fund accounts for funds committed by the Council for economic development within the Town.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for funds reserved for repayment of general obligation bonds.

The Cemetery Special Revenue Fund accounts for property taxes dedicated to the operation and maintenance of the cemetery.

The LCDBG Capital Projects Fund accounts for grants received from the Louisiana Community Development Block Grant program and expenditures related to those grants. There was no activity in this fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Town reports two major enterprise funds, the Water and Sewer Funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances

#### Cash and Investments

The Town Clerk pools those cash resources for which she is responsible and invests them accordingly. For purposes of the financial statements, including the Statement of Cash Flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Cash and investment earnings are recorded in the Fund that holds the investment.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is outstanding at the end the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to or from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All internal balances are eliminated in the total primary government column. Receivables include all amounts susceptible to accrual that have not been collected at June 30, but will be collected soon enough after the end of the year to pay liabilities of that year. They include all amounts earned, but not collected at June 30. Receivables (net of any uncollectible amounts) and payables are reported on separate lines.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October, are actually billed on October 1, and are mailed to the taxpayers in November. Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year they are billed. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed value determined by the assessor of West Carroll Parish. For the year ended June 30, 2015, taxes of 18.27 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$10,589,847, as follows:

General corporate purposes	9.42 mills
Street maintenance	6.33 mills
Cemetery	2.52 mills

The following are the principal taxpayers and related property tax revenue for the Town:

Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Re	Valorem Tax evenue for unicipality
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	\$ 922,800	9%	\$	16,860
Wal-Mart Louisiana, LLC	814,000	8%		14,872
Regions Bank	645,610	6%		11,795
Hibernia National Bank C/O Capital	 263,780	2%		4,819
Totals	\$ 2,646,190	25%	\$	48,346

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting of office supplies and water and sewer plant supplies held for consumption are valued using the average cost method. The consumption method is used for financial reporting. Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent primarily cash and investments held separately and restricted according to bond indenture agreements. Cash held for water customer meter deposits is also reported as restricted.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure is reported from 1997 and forward and includes streets. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in each fund and capitalized at the government-wide level; fixed assets of enterprise funds are reported in the respective funds. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. For reporting purposes, the Town defines capital assets as follows:

- Land is an inexhaustible asset with no capitalization threshold and an unlimited useful life; therefore, it is not depreciated.
- Buildings are permanent structures erected above ground, while improvements are major repairs, renovations, or additions that increase the future service potential of the asset. Leasehold improvements are improvements made by the lessee to leased property. The capitalization threshold for buildings and improvements is \$5,000. They are depreciated principally using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life typically of 40 years for structures and improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life depending on the term of the lease. Construction-in-progress is not depreciated.
- Movable property (furniture, equipment, and vehicles) consists of assets that are not fixed or stationary in nature with an initial, individual cost of at least \$1,000. The straight-line method of depreciation is used, which divides the historical cost by the estimated useful life of the asset, generally 5 to 10 years.
- Infrastructure assets are roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems. Infrastructure has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, and is depreciated using the straight-line method with an estimated useful life of 40 years.
- Purchased computer software has a capitalization threshold of \$1,000 and is depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 3 years.
- Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, Equity, or Net Fund Balances

#### Compensated absences

An employee must have been in the service of the Town for at least one year to be eligible for annual leave. Employees' vacations are determined by length of service with the Town according to the following: one–two years, one week; two–ten years, two weeks; and more than ten years, three weeks. Employees may not carry over or accumulate annual leave from one year to another. After one year, employees are entitled to three hardship days to be approved by the department head and the mayor. Unused annual leave is paid to an employee upon retirement, separation, or death at hourly rates being earned by that employee upon separation.

Leave from work with pay may be charged as sick leave if the absence is due to sickness, bodily injury, quarantine, required physical or dental examinations or treatment, exposure to a contagious disease when continued work might jeopardize the health of others, and illness in the employee's immediate family. Employees are entitled to sick leave when they have worked full-time for the Town for six months. Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one day for each month worked. An employee cannot accumulate more than 30 days sick leave. All accumulated sick leave is forfeited upon termination of employment except upon retirement.

A municipal employee who is called for jury duty or as a witness for the federal or state governments or a subdivision thereof is entitled to leave with pay for such duty during the required absence. A municipal employee who is a member of Reserved Military or National Guard is entitled to leave with pay for up to 15 days per year.

The Town does not provide compensatory time as a means of compensation.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund type statement of net position. Individual funds have been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities such as compensated absences, claims and litigation payable, etc. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. In accordance with paragraph 16 of the Accounting Principles board Opinion No. 21, unamortized balances of premiums and discounts are netted against the outstanding balance of the related bonds payable.

#### **Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position**

Fund balances are reported under the following fund balance classifications:

Non-spendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position (Continued)

Restricted	Includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
Committed	Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the Town Council and does not lapse at year-end.
Assigned	Includes amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed.
Unassigned	Includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Negative fund balances in other governmental funds can also be classified as unassigned.

The Town has a general policy to first use restricted resources for expenditures incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available. When expenditures are incurred for which only unrestricted resources are available, the general policy of the Town is to use committed resources first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned. The use of restricted/committed resources may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

The difference between assets and liabilities is "net position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements. Net position is segregated into three categories on the government-wide statement of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. The Town first uses restricted net position for expenses incurred when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use. The use of restricted net position may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

Unrestricted net position – The balance of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fund Balance Classifications and Net Position (Continued)

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation of the government-wide statements to the governmental fund financial statements. This reconciliation is necessary to bring the financial statements from the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting to the economic measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. Major items included in the reconciliation are capital assets, inventories and prepaids, long-term debt, accrued interest, long-term liabilities, and deferred revenue, which are shown on the government-wide but not the governmental fund statements.

#### Budgets

The Town of Oak Grove (Mayor and Council) uses the following budget practices:

Prior to June 30, the Town Clerk submits to the Mayor and Council Members a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. The budget is submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line item budgets are included for administrative control. The level of control for the detailed budgets is at the department head/function level.

Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.

During the month of July, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund.

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis.

Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The Mayor and Council Members may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's policy to ensure that there is no exposure to this risk is to require each financial institution to pledge its own securities to cover any amount in excess of Federal Depository Insurance Coverage. The policy is not a formal written policy. Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten days of being notified by the Town that the fiscal agent bank has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

At June 30, 2015, the Town has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling \$3,056,019 as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Demand deposits	\$ 874,482
Time deposits	2,031,309
Other	863
Total	2,906,654
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted:	
Demand deposits	86,524
Time deposits	62,841
Total	149,365
Total	\$ 3,056,019

These deposits are stated at cost which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of June 30, 2015, \$1,010,875 of the Town's bank balances of \$3,125,902 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured by FDIC	\$ 2,115,027
Uninsured and uncollateralized	-
Collateralized by pledged securities not in the Town's name	1,010,875
Total balances exposed to custodial credit risk	1,010,875
Total bank balances	\$ 3,125,902

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2015:

		Sales			
	General	Tax	Water	Sewer	Total
Receivables:					
Taxes and licenses	\$ 15,000	\$ 127,003	\$ -	\$-	\$ 142,003
Accounts	-	-	45,548	15,234	60,782
Other	4,149			_	4,149
Gross receivables	19,149	127,003	45,548	15,234	206,934
Less allowance for					
uncollectibles			(5,173)		(5,173)
Net total receivables	\$ 19,149	\$ 127,003	\$ 40,375	\$ 15,234	\$ 201,761

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015, follows:

	•	inning lance	Inc	reases	Dec	reases	 Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	67,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 67,000
Recreational vehicle hookups at park		1,270		-		-	 1,270
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated		68,270		-		-	 68,270
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	2,	870,655		-		-	2,870,655
Buildings		399,237		-		-	399,237
Building improvements		201,993		-		-	201,993
Furniture and equipment		447,210		10,933		-	458,143
Vehicles		224,081		-		-	 224,081
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	4	143,176		10,933		-	 4,154,109
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	1,	024,793		78,752		-	1,103,545
Buildings		388,692		3,943		-	392,635
Building improvements		159,534		9,313		-	168,847
Furniture and equipment		307,671		29,521		-	337,192
Vehicles		182,601		14,511		-	197,112
Total accumulated depreciation	2,	063,291	1	36,040		-	2,199,331
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	2,	079,885	(1	25,107)		-	 1,954,778
Governmental activities,							
capital assets, net	\$ 2,	148,155	\$ (1	25,107)	\$	-	\$ 2,023,048

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities - Water:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,756	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,756
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	10,756			10,756
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	3,959,114	-	-	3,959,114
Building improvements	27,954	-	-	27,954
Furniture and equipment	111,155	-	-	111,155
Vehicles	91,844	26,829	(19,744)	98,929
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	4,190,067	26,829	(19,744)	4,197,152
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	2,177,455	81,596	-	2,259,051
Building improvements	14,592	2,021	-	16,613
Furniture and equipment	108,203	270	-	108,473
Vehicles	85,470	7,347	(19,744)	73,073
Total accumulated depreciation	2,385,720	91,234	(19,744)	2,457,210
Total capital assets			(20,000)	
being depreciated	1,804,347	(64,405)	_	1,739,942
Business-type activities - Water,	1,001,011	(0.1,100)		1,103,012
capital assets, net	\$ 1,815,103	\$ (64,405)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,750,698
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities - Sewer:	Dalaite	mereases	Decreases	Dalance
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	\$ 2,154,861	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,154,861
Buildings	\$ 2,154,801 1,815	φ -	φ -	\$ 2,134,801 1,815
Building improvements	3,472	-	-	3,472
Furniture and equipment	27,874	-	-	27,874
Total capital assets	27,074			27,074
being depreciated	2,188,022			2,188,022
I are accomplated James to the form				
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(59.270	54 245		710 716
Infrastructure	658,370	54,345	-	712,715
Buildings	1,452	121	-	1,573
Building improvements	496	496	-	992
Furniture and equipment	25,282	1,414		26,696
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	685,600	56,376		741,976
being depreciated	1,502,422	(56,376)		1,446,046
Business-type activities - Sewer, capital assets, net	\$ 1.502.422	\$ (56,376)	\$	\$ 1,446,046
supriar associs, not	\$ 1,502,422	φ (30,370)	<u> </u>	φ 1,440,040

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	
Business-type activities - total:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 10,756	ó\$-	\$-	\$ 10,756	
Construction in progress	-		-		
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	10,756	<u> </u>		10,756	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	6,113,975	5 -	-	6,113,975	
Buildings	1,815	5 -	-	1,815	
Building improvements	31,426	ō -	-	31,426	
Furniture and equipment	139,029	) _	-	139,029	
Vehicles	91,844	1 26,829	(19,744)	98,929	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	6,378,089	26,829	(19,744)	6,385,174	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	2,835,825	5 135,941	-	2,971,766	
Buildings	1,452	2 121	-	1,573	
Building improvements	15,088	3 2,517	-	17,605	
Furniture and equipment	133,485	5 1,684	-	135,169	
Vehicles	85,470	) 7,347	(19,744)	73,073	
Total accumulated depreciation	3,071,320	) 147,610	(19,744)	3,199,186	
Total capital assets			· _ · _ · _ · _ ·		
being depreciated	3,306,769	) (120,781)		3,185,988	
Business-type activities - total,					
capital assets, net	\$ 3,317,525	5 \$ (120,781)	\$ -	\$ 3,196,744	

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

#### **Governmental activities:**

General government	\$	3,077	
Public safety		13,993	
Highways and streets		96,762	
Culture and recreation		14,708	
Economic development		7,500	
Total	\$ 136,040		
Business-type activities:			
Water	\$	91,234	
a		E 4 0 0 4	
Sewer		56,376	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Transfers out				
		Sales			
		Tax			
ц.	General	\$ 120,000			
fers	Street	50,000			
ans	General Street Debt Service Total	125,470			
П	Total	\$ 295,470			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, and (3) move unrestricted general fund and sales tax fund revenues to finance various programs that the Town must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

#### NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The Town also issues bonds where the Town pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015, are comprised of the following issue:

#### **General Obligation Bonds:**

\$926,000 State of Louisiana Sales Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2009, dated December 1, 2009, payable in incrementally increasing annual installments commencing December 1, 2010, through December 1, 2017; interest payable each year on June 1 and December 1 at a rate of 3.69%. The Debt Service Fund services this debt.

\$ 384,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 502,000	\$ -	\$ (118,000)	\$ 384,000	\$ 123,000
Compensated absences	23,745	16,656	(16,668)	23,733	6,265
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 525,745	\$ 16,656	\$ (134,668)	\$ 407,733	\$ 129,265
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 5,492	\$ 3,133	\$ (3,531)	\$ 5,095	\$ 1,196

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds are as follows:

		Fovernmen	rnmental Activities		
	- (	General Obligation Principal		General Obligation Interest	
	O				
	P				
2016	\$	123,000	\$	11,900	
2017		128,000		7,269	
2018		133,000		2,454	
Totals	\$	384,000	\$	21,623	

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The Town is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Interest expense for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2015, totaled \$17,030.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

#### Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (the System)

#### Plan Description

The Town of Oak Grove contributes to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System) which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the municipality are members of Plan B.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System.

Any member of Plan B who was hired before January 1, 2013, can retire providing the member meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with 30 years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 60 with a minimum of ten or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Any age with ten years of creditable service eligible for disability benefits.
- 4. Survivor's benefits require five years creditable service at death of member.

Eligibility for retirement for Plan B members hired on or after January 1, 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Age 67 with seven or more years of creditable service.
- 2 Age 62 with ten or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with thirty or more years of creditable service.

Any age with twenty five years of creditable service, exclusive of military service and unused side leave. However, any member retiring under this subsection shall have their benefit actuarially reduced from the earliest age of which the member would be entitled to a vested deferred benefit under any provision of this section, if the member had continued in service to that age.

Generally, the monthly amount of the retirement shall consist of an amount equal to 2% of the employee's final compensation multiplied by his or her years of creditable service. However, under certain conditions as outlined in the statutes, the benefits are limited to specified amounts. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town's total payroll for all employees was \$563,960. Total covered payroll was \$284,084. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the Town to active employees covered by the Plan.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810, or by visiting the System's website *www.mersla.com*.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the actual employer contribution rate was 9.50% for Plan B, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

Under Plan B, members are required by state statute to contribute 5.00% of their annual covered salary. The contributions are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted by the Town to the System monthly. The Town's contributions to the System under Plan B for the year ending June 30, 2015 were \$26,988.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported a liability of \$226,767 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the Town's proportion was 0.448836%, which was a decrease of 0.010568% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$24,919 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, which was \$5,529.

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (2,874)
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	-	(16,094)
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,355	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurment date		(208)
Total	\$ 4,355	\$ (19,176)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The \$208 reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:						
2016	\$	(7,758)				
2017		(7,758)				
2018		(7,758)				
2019		(5,028)				
	\$	(28,302)				

#### Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%, net of investment expense
Projected salary increases	5.75% (3% inflation, 2.75% merit)
	RP-2000 Employee Table for active members RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table for healthy annuitants RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for disabled annuitants
Expected remaining service lives	4 years for Plan B
Cost of Living Adjustments	The present value of future retirement benefits is based on benefits currently being paid by the System and includes previously granted cost of living increases. The present values do not include provisions for potential future increases not yet authorized by the Board of Trustees.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity Securities	50%	2.75%
Bonds	15%	0.83%
Alternative investments	35%	1.92%
Total	100%	5.50%
Inflation Expected arithmetic pomi	inal return	2.80%
Expected arithmetic nomi	inal return	8.30%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
Employer's propertionate share of						
net pension liability	\$	308,243	\$	210,730	\$	127,458

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Audit Report at <u>www.mersla.com</u>.

#### Municipal Police Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

#### Plan Description

The Town contributes to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System) which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. Membership in the System is mandatory for all full-time police officers employed by a municipality of the State of Louisiana and engaged in law enforcement, empowered to make arrests, providing he or she does not have to pay social security and providing he or she meets the statutory criteria.

Any member of the Plan who was hired before January 1, 2013, can retire providing the member meets on of the following criteria:

- 1. Any age with 25 years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 50 with a minimum of twenty or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 55 with a minimum of twelve or more years of creditable service.
- 4. After 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age 55.

The monthly amount of benefits are  $3 \frac{1}{3}\%$  of their average final compensation (employee's average monthly earnings during the highest 36 consecutive or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

Eligibility for retirement for members hired on or after January 1, 2013 is as follows:

Hazardous Duty

- 1. Any age with 25 years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 55 with twelve or more years of creditable service.
- 3. After 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age
- 55.

Non Hazardous Duty

- 1. Any age with 30 years of creditable service.
- 2. Age 55 with 25 or more years of creditable service.
- 3. Age 60 with 10 or more years of creditable service.
- 4. After 20 years of creditable service at any age, with an actuarially reduced benefit from age
- 55.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The benefit rates are three percent and two and a half percent, respectively, of average final compensation (average monthly earnings during the highest 60 consecutive months or joined months if service was interrupted) per number of years of creditable service not to exceed 100% of final salary.

The system also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town's total payroll for all employees was \$563,960. Total covered payroll was \$184,102. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the Town to active employees covered by the Plan.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 929-7411, or by visiting the System's website *www.lampers.org*.

#### Contributions

According to state statute, contribution requirements for all employers are actuarially determined each year. For the year ended June 30, 2015, total contributions due for employers and employees were 41%, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer and employee contribution rates for all members hired prior to January 1, 2013 and Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 31% and 10%, respectively. The employer and employee contribution rates for all Non-Hazardous Duty members hired after January 1, 2013 were 33% and 8%, respectively. In accordance with state statute, the System receives ad valorem taxes and state revenue sharing funds. These additional sources of income are used as employer contributions and are considered support from non-employer contributing entities, but are not considered special funding situations.

Members are required by state statute to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary. The contributions are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted by the Town to the System monthly. The Town's contributions to the System for the year ending June 30, 2015 were \$57,992.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported a liability of \$490,864 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the Town's proportion was 0.055193%, which was a decrease of 0.009613% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$43,272 plus employer's amortization of change in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, \$64,199.

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(4,555)
Changes of assumptions		-		(70)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(62,512)
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		57,592		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		(9,442)
Total	\$	57,592	\$	(76,579)

The \$9,442 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:					
2016	\$	(40,787)			
2017		(40,787)			
2018		(40,787)			
2019		(19,534)			
	\$	(141,895)			

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Norm	Entry Age Normal Cost			
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of invo	estment expense			
Inflation rate	3%				
Projected salary increases	Years of service	Salary growth rate			
	1	10.00%			
	2	6.00%			
	3 - 19	4.30%			
	20 – 29	5.50%			
	30 and over	4.00%			
Expected remaining service liv	ves 4 years				

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and an adjustment for the effect of rebalancing/diversification. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	52%	5.43%
Fixed Income	20%	2.35%
Alternative	23%	4.51%
Other	5%	4.07%
Total	100%	16.36%
Inflation		3.25%
Expected arithmetic nom	inal return	19.61%

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.5%) or one percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.5%)		(7.5%)		(8.5%)
Employer's proportionate share of						
net pension liability	\$	498,551	\$	345,298	\$	216,579

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana Audit Report at <u>www.lampers.org</u>.

## NOTE 8 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

Certain employees in the Town's police department receive supplemental pay from the state of Louisiana. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 24, the Town has recorded revenues and expenditures for these payments in the General Fund. Revenues under this arrangement totaled \$41,409. The related expenditures of \$41,409 are included in public safety expenditures in the General Fund.

## **NOTE 9 – CONTINGENCIES**

The Town operates water and sewer treatment plants. These operations pose a high risk for environmental liabilities. The Town is required to have EPA permits for wastewater. The Town relies on the EPA for periodic testing and inspections to help identify environmental liabilities or contingencies. The Town contracts with a professional wastewater management company to ensure compliance with the EPA regulations.

There was no litigation pending at June 30, 2015.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties.

### NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 31, 2015, the date on which the financial statements were available to be released.

## NOTE 12 – STEWARDSHIP

For the year ended June 30, 2015, for the sum of expenditures and other uses, actual amounts exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

	Original	Final		Unfavorable
Fund	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
General	\$515,533	\$ 561,743	\$ 573,208	\$ 11,465
Street	78,300	87,520	80,465	(7,055)

## NOTE 13 – ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* and GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting for Financial Reporting for Pensions*. GASB 67 will not affect the Town. GASB 68 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pensions for governments whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are covered by the scope of Statement No. 67, as well as for non-employer governments that have a legal obligation to contribute to those plans. GASB 68 provisions were effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. Management has not implemented the statement in these financial statements.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# GENERAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE TEAK ENDED JUNE 50, 2015				<b>.</b>
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 178,975	\$ 178,235	\$ 176,706	\$ (1,529)
Intergovernmental revenues	36,000	38,147	43,727	5,580
Licenses and permits	133,600	133,600	142,346	8,746
Charges for services	2,930	2,930	3,973	1,043
Fines	43,000	74,000	76,656	2,656
Lease income	4,000	2,000	1,673	(327)
Interest earned	1,000	500	453	(47)
Other revenues	7,000	4,000	3,799	(201)
T otal revenues	406,505	433,412	449,333	15,921
Expenditures: Current: General government	128,041	149,052	176,752	(27,700)
Public safety	387,192	409,044	386,224	22,820
Health and welfare	300	300	300	-
Capital outlay	-	3,347	9,932	(6,585)
T otal expenditures	515,533	561,743	573,208	(11,465)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(109,028)	(128,331)	(123,875)	4,456
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	120,000	120,000	120,000	
Net change in fund balances	10,972	(8,331)	(3,875)	4,456
Fund balances at beginning of year	226,171	247,600	247,600	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 237,143	\$ 239,269	\$ 243,725	\$ 4,456
•/			,	

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – SALES TAX FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with		
	Driginal	1 1110	Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:						<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ 660,000	\$	660,000	\$ 734,706	\$	74,706	
Interest earned	 15,000		15,000	 3,198		(11,802)	
Total revenues	675,000		675,000	 737,904		62,904	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	266,136		253,725	242,676		11,049	
Public safety	24,855		24,855	24,855		-	
Highways and streets	114,372		106,150	104,777		1,373	
Health and welfare	12,000		12,000	8,542		3,458	
Culture and recreation	10,000		10,000	7,168		2,832	
T otal expenditures	 427,363	_	406,730	 388,018		18,712	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	 247,637		268,270	 349,886		81,616	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers out	 (303,385)		(306,900)	 (295,470)		11,430	
Net change in fund balances	(55,748)		(38,630)	54,416		93,046	
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,436,295		1,478,435	 1,478,435		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,380,547	\$	1,439,805	\$ 1,532,851	\$	93,046	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – STREET FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015				Variance	
	Budgeted Amounts			with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 66,655	\$ 66,655	\$ 65,895	\$ (760)	
Intergovernmental revenues	-	2,000	2,000	-	
Interest earned	500	500	359	(141)	
Total revenues	67,155	69,155	68,254	(901)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	573	(573)	
Highways and streets	78,300	85,520	78,892	6,628	
Capital outlay	-	2,000	1,000	1,000	
Total expenditures	78,300	87,520	80,465	7,055	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(11,145)	(18,365)	(12,211)	6,154	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in			50,000	50,000	
Net change in fund balances	(11,145)	(18,365)	37,789	56,154	
Fund balances at beginning of year	77,412	60,237	60,237	-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 66,267	\$ 41,872	\$ 98,026	\$ 56,154	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015		<b>A</b>		Variance
	Budgeted	Amounts		with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -	\$ 26,000	\$ 11,000	\$ (15,000)
Interest earned	2,000	2,000	907	(1,093)
Total revenues	2,000	28,000	11,907	(16,093)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Economic development	3,800	31,800	17,198	14,602
Net change in fund balances	(1,800)	(3,800)	(5,291)	(1,491)
Fund balances at beginning of year	269,047	234,935	234,935	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 267,247	\$ 231,135	\$ 229,644	\$ (1,491)

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – CEMETERY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015				Variance
	Budgeted	Amounts		with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 26,535	\$ 26,535	\$ 26,233	\$ (302)
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	5,000	5,000	5,250	250
Fines	-	-	-	-
Lease income	-	-	-	-
Interest earned	2,500	2,500	-	(2,500)
Other revenues	100	100	5	(95)
Total revenues	34,135	34,135	31,488	(2,647)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	300	300	295	(5)
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Highways and streets	43,035	47,507	47,706	199
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	_	_		_
Total expenditures	43,335	47,807	48,001	194
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(9,200)	(13,672)	(16,513)	(2,841)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	(9,200)	(13,672)	(16,513)	(2,841)
Fund balances at beginning of year	354,264	349,270	349,270	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 345,064	\$ 335,598	\$ 332,757	\$ (2,841)

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILIT' MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Employer's proportion of the net pension liability		2015		
		0.448836%		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	226,767		
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$	284,084		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its				
covered employee payroll		79.82%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.94%		

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	26,988	
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution		(26,988)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	
Employer's covered payroll	\$	284,084	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9.50%	

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		2015	
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability		0.055194%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	490,864	
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$	184,102	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its			
covered employee payroll		266.63%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.10%	

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	57,992	
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution		(57,992)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	
Employer's covered payroll	\$	184,102	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		31.50%	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE

# SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS, REIMBURSEMENTS AND OTHER PAYMENTS TO OR ON BEHALF OF AGENCY HEAD FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Adam T. Holland, Mayor:	
Salary	\$ 18,000
Benefits:	1,200
Medicare	261
Social Security	1,116
Reimbursements	
Other:	
Conventions	585
Lodging	1,875
Meals	520
Parking	27

# SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION TO TOWN COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Noel Haynes	\$ 1,200
Todd Nevels, Mayor Pro Tem	1,800
James E. Philley	1,200
Cherry P. Rye	1,200
Garland C. Walker	 1,200
Total	\$ 6,600

**OTHER REPORTS** 



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

#### To the Honorable Adam Holland, Mayor and Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Oak Grove Oak Grove, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Town of Oak Grove Oak Grove, Louisiana Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters June 30, 2015

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Oak Grove, Louisiana's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. Although the intended use of this report may be limited, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, it is issued by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

BOSCH & STATHAM, LLC

Bosch & Stathan

Jonesboro, Louisiana December 31, 2015

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Town of Oak Grove.
- 2. No material weaknesses are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements which is required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* were disclosed during the audit.

# B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

#### Current Year

No findings were reported.

#### Prior Year

#### 2014-1 Pledged Securities

Corrective action was taken.